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By: Senators Roesser, Derr, Astle, and Dorman
Introduced and read first time: February 2, 1996

Assigned to: Finance

## A BILL ENTITLED

•	4 T T	1 000	
Ι.	AN	ACT.	concerning

## 2 Workers' Compensation - Drug-Free Workplace Program - Use of Drugs or Alcohol

- 3 FOR the purpose of establishing that, under certain circumstances, a certain employee or
- 4 dependent is not entitled to certain compensation or benefits under the workers'
- 5 compensation law if a substantial cause of an accidental personal injury,
- 6 compensable hernia, or occupational disease was the effect on the employee of
- 7 intoxication or a certain drug; and generally relating to the effects of the use of
- 8 drugs or alcohol on eligibility for compensation or benefits under the workers'
- 9 compensation law.
- 10 BY repealing and reenacting, with amendments,
- 11 Article Labor and Employment
- 12 Section 9-506
- 13 Annotated Code of Maryland
- 14 (1991 Volume and 1995 Supplement)

## 15 SECTION 1. BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF

16 MARYLAND, That the Laws of Maryland read as follows:

## 17 Article - Labor and Employment

18 9-506.

- 19 (a) A covered employee or a dependent of a covered employee is not entitled to
- 20 compensation or benefits under this title as a result of:
- 21 (1) an intentional, self-inflicted accidental personal injury, compensable
- 22 hernia, or occupational disease; or
- 23 (2) an attempt to injure or kill another.
- 24 (b) A covered employee or a dependent of a covered employee is not entitled to
- 25 compensation or benefits under this title as a result of an accidental personal injury,
- 26 compensable hernia, or occupational disease if:
- 27 (1) the accidental personal injury, compensable hernia, or occupational
- 28 disease was caused solely by the effect on the covered employee of:

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1 2	(i) a depressant, hallucinogenic, hypnotic, narcotic, or stimulant drug; or
3	(ii) another drug that makes the covered employee incapable of satisfactory job performance; and
5 6	(2) the drug was not administered or taken in accordance with the prescription of a physician.
9 10	(c) A covered employee or a dependent of a covered employee is not entitled to compensation or benefits under this title as a result of an accidental personal injury, compensable hernia, or occupational disease if the accidental personal injury, compensable hernia, or occupational disease was caused solely by the intoxication of the covered employee while on duty.
14 15	(D) EXCEPT FOR MEDICAL BENEFITS UNDER §§ 9-660 AND 9-661 OF THIS TITLE, A COVERED EMPLOYEE OR DEPENDENT OF A COVERED EMPLOYEE IS NOT ENTITLED TO COMPENSATION OR BENEFITS UNDER THIS TITLE AS A RESULT OF AN ACCIDENTAL PERSONAL INJURY, COMPENSABLE HERNIA, OR OCCUPATIONAL DISEASE IF:
17 18	(1) THE ACCIDENTAL PERSONAL INJURY, COMPENSABLE HERNIA, OR OCCUPATIONAL DISEASE WAS CAUSED SUBSTANTIALLY BY:
19 20	(I) THE INTOXICATION OF THE COVERED EMPLOYEE WHILE ON DUTY;
23	(II) THE EFFECT ON THE COVERED EMPLOYEE OF A DEPRESSANT, HALLUCINOGENIC, HYPNOTIC, NARCOTIC, OR STIMULANT DRUG THAT WAS NOT ADMINISTERED OR TAKEN IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE PRESCRIPTION OF A PHYSICIAN; OR
27	(III) THE EFFECT ON THE COVERED EMPLOYEE OF ANOTHER DRUG THAT WAS NOT ADMINISTERED OR TAKEN IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE PRESCRIPTION OF A PHYSICIAN AND THAT MAKES THE COVERED EMPLOYEE INCAPABLE OF SATISFACTORY JOB PERFORMANCE;
29 30	(2) THE COVERED EMPLOYEE'S EMPLOYMENT IS SUBJECT TO THE REQUIREMENTS OF A "DRUG-FREE WORKPLACE PROGRAM" THAT COMPLIES WITH:
	(I) THE GUIDELINES FOR A DRUG-FREE WORKPLACE ESTABLISHED BY THE MARYLAND CENTER FOR WORKPLACE SAFETY AND HEALTH; OR
34	(II) OTHER GUIDELINES APPROVED BY THE COMMISSION;
35 36	(3) THE DRUG-FREE WORKPLACE PROGRAM IS CERTIFIED ON AN ANNUAL BASIS:
37	(I) BY AN AUTHORITY APPROVED BY THE COMMISSION; AND

	(II) IN ACCORDANCE WITH GUIDELINES ESTABLISHED BY THE MARYLAND CENTER FOR WORKPLACE SAFETY AND HEALTH OR AN ENTITY APPROVED BY THE COMMISSION;
4 5	(4) THE INTOXICATION OR DRUG WAS DETECTED AND CONFIRMED BY A DRUG OR ALCOHOL TEST:
6 7	(I) IN ACCORDANCE WITH PROCEDURES SET FORTH IN A CERTIFIED DRUG-FREE WORKPLACE POLICY; AND
8 9	(II) BY A LABORATORY CERTIFIED BY THE DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND MENTAL HYGIENE TO PERFORM THE TESTS; AND
	(5) THE LEVEL OF INTOXICANT OR DRUG EQUALS OR EXCEEDS THE MINIMUM POSITIVE LEVELS ESTABLISHED BY THE UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION.
15 16	[(d)] (E) A covered employee or a dependent of a covered employee isnot entitled to compensation or benefits under this title as a result of anaccidental personal injury, compensable hernia, or occupational disease if the accidental personal injury, compensable hernia, or occupational disease was caused by the willful misconduct of the covered employee.
	[(e)] (F) In a proceeding on a claim for compensation, there is, absent substantial evidence to the contrary, a presumption that an accidental personal injury, compensable hernia, or occupational disease:
21 22	(1) was not caused by the intent of the covered employee to injure or kill the covered employee or another individual;
23	(2) was not caused solely by the effect on the covered employeeof:
24 25	(i) a depressant, hallucinogenic, hypnotic, narcotic, or stimulant drug; or
26 27	(ii) another drug that makes the covered employee incapable of satisfactory job performance; and
28 29	(3) was not caused solely by the intoxication of the covered employee while on duty.
30 31	SECTION 2. AND BE IT FURTHER ENACTED, That this Act shall take effect October 1, 1996.