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By: Senators Roesser, Derr, Astle, and Dorman Introduced and read first time: February 2, 1996 Assigned to: Finance

Committee Report: Favorable with amendments Senate action: Adopted Read second time: March 25, 1996

CHAPTER _____

1 AN ACT concerning

2 Workers' Compensation - Drug-Free Workplace Program - Use of Drugs or Alcohol

3 FOR the purpose of establishing that, under certain circumstances, a certain employee or

- 4 dependent is not entitled to certain compensation or benefits under the workers'
- 5 compensation law if a substantial the proximate cause of an accidental personal
- 6 injury, compensable hernia, or occupational disease was the effect on the employee
- 7 of intoxication or a certain drug; <u>defining a certain term; requiring the Workers'</u>
- 8 <u>Compensation Commission to report on certain information to certain committees;</u>
- 9 providing for the termination of this Act; and generally relating to the effects of the
- 10 use of drugs or alcohol on eligibility for compensation or benefits under the
- 11 workers' compensation law.

12 BY repealing and reenacting, with amendments,

- 13 Article Labor and Employment
- 14 Section 9-506
- 15 Annotated Code of Maryland
- 16 (1991 Volume and 1995 Supplement)

17 SECTION 1. BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF18 MARYLAND, That the Laws of Maryland read as follows:

19 Article - Labor and Employment

- 20 9-506.
- (a) A covered employee or a dependent of a covered employee is not entitled tocompensation or benefits under this title as a result of:
- 23 (1) an intentional, self-inflicted accidental personal injury, compensable24 hernia, or occupational disease; or

SENATE BILL 491

1	(2) an attempt to injure or kill another.
	(b) A covered employee or a dependent of a covered employee is not entitled to compensation or benefits under this title as a result of an accidental personal injury, compensable hernia, or occupational disease if:
5 6	(1) the accidental personal injury, compensable hernia, or occupational disease was caused solely by the effect on the covered employee of:
7 8	(i) a depressant, hallucinogenic, hypnotic, narcotic, or stimulant drug; or
9 10	(ii) another drug that makes the covered employee incapable of satisfactory job performance; and
11 12	(2) the drug was not administered or taken in accordance with the prescription of a physician.
15 16	(c) A covered employee or a dependent of a covered employee is not entitled to compensation or benefits under this title as a result of an accidental personal injury, compensable hernia, or occupational disease if the accidental personal injury, compensable hernia, or occupational disease was caused solely by the intoxication of the covered employee while on duty.
	(D) <u>(1) IN THIS SUBSECTION, "PROXIMATE CAUSE" MEANS THE CAUSE THAT</u> <u>IS FIRST IN IMPORTANCE AND BUT FOR WHICH AN INJURY, COMPENSABLE HERNIA,</u> <u>OR OCCUPATIONAL DISEASE WOULD NOT HAVE OCCURRED.</u>
23 24	(2) EXCEPT FOR MEDICAL BENEFITS UNDER §§ 9-660 AND 9-661 OF THIS TITLE, A COVERED EMPLOYEE OR DEPENDENT OF A COVERED EMPLOYEE IS NOT ENTITLED TO COMPENSATION OR BENEFITS UNDER THIS TITLE AS A RESULT OF AN ACCIDENTAL PERSONAL INJURY, COMPENSABLE HERNIA, OR OCCUPATIONAL DISEASE IF:
	(1) (<u>1)</u> <u>THE PROXIMATE CAUSE OF</u> THE ACCIDENTAL PERSONAL INJURY, COMPENSABLE HERNIA, OR OCCUPATIONAL DISEASE WAS CAUSED SUBSTANTIALLY BY:
29 30	(]) <u>1.</u> THE INTOXICATION OF THE COVERED EMPLOYEE WHILE ON DUTY;
33	(H) <u>2.</u> THE EFFECT ON THE COVERED EMPLOYEE OF A DEPRESSANT, HALLUCINOGENIC, HYPNOTIC, NARCOTIC, OR STIMULANT DRUG THAT WAS NOT ADMINISTERED OR TAKEN IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE PRESCRIPTION OF A PHYSICIAN; OR
37	(III) <u>3.</u> THE EFFECT ON THE COVERED EMPLOYEE OF ANOTHER DRUG THAT WAS NOT ADMINISTERED OR TAKEN IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE PRESCRIPTION OF A PHYSICIAN AND THAT MAKES THE COVERED EMPLOYEE INCAPABLE OF SATISFACTORY JOB PERFORMANCE;

39 (2) (II) THE COVERED EMPLOYEE'S EMPLOYMENT IS SUBJECT TO THE
40 REQUIREMENTS OF A "DRUG-FREE WORKPLACE PROGRAM" THAT COMPLIES WITH:

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SENATE BILL 491

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	(1) <u>1.</u> THE GUIDELINES FOR A DRUG-FREE WORKPLACE ESTABLISHED <u>RECOMMENDED</u> BY THE MARYLAND CENTER FOR WORKPLACE SAFETY AND HEALTH <u>AND APPROVED BY THE COMMISSION;</u> OR
4	(II) 2. OTHER GUIDELINES APPROVED BY THE COMMISSION;
5 6	(3) (III) THE DRUG-FREE WORKPLACE PROGRAM IS CERTIFIED ON AN ANNUAL BASIS:
7	(]) <u>1.</u> BY AN AUTHORITY APPROVED BY THE COMMISSION; AND
	(H) <u>2.</u> IN ACCORDANCE WITH GUIDELINES ESTABLISHED BY THE MARYLAND CENTER FOR WORKPLACE SAFETY AND HEALTH OR AN ENTITY APPROVED BY THE COMMISSION;
11 12	(4) (IV) THE INTOXICATION OR DRUG WAS DETECTED AND CONFIRMED BY A DRUG OR ALCOHOL TEST:
13 14	(1) <u>1.</u> IN ACCORDANCE WITH PROCEDURES SET FORTH IN A CERTIFIED DRUG-FREE WORKPLACE POLICY; AND
15 16	(II) <u>2.</u> BY A LABORATORY CERTIFIED BY THE DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND MENTAL HYGIENE TO PERFORM THE TESTS; AND
	(5) (V) THE LEVEL OF INTOXICANT OR DRUG EQUALS OR EXCEEDS THE MINIMUM POSITIVE LEVELS ESTABLISHED BY THE UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION.
22 23	[(d)] (E) A covered employee or a dependent of a covered employee isnot entitled to compensation or benefits under this title as a result of anaccidental personal injury, compensable hernia, or occupational disease if the accidental personal injury, compensable hernia, or occupational disease was caused by the willful misconduct of the covered employee.
	[(e)] (F) In a proceeding on a claim for compensation, there is, absent substantial evidence to the contrary, a presumption that an accidental personal injury, compensable hernia, or occupational disease:
28 29	(1) was not caused by the intent of the covered employee to injure or kill the covered employee or another individual;
30	(2) was not caused solely by the effect on the covered employeeof:
31 32	(i) a depressant, hallucinogenic, hypnotic, narcotic, or stimulant drug; or
33 34	(ii) another drug that makes the covered employee incapable of satisfactory job performance; and
35 36	(3) was not caused solely by the intoxication of the covered employee while on duty.

37 SECTION 2. <u>AND BE IT FURTHER ENACTED</u>, That the Workers'
38 <u>Compensation Commission shall report to the Workers' Compensation Benefit and</u>

- 1 Insurance Oversight Committee, the Senate Finance Committee, and the House
- 2 Economic Matters Committee by October 1, 1999 on the number of workers'
- 3 compensation cases in which benefits were denied under § 9-506(d) of the Labor and
- 4 Employment Article as enacted by this Act during the period from October 1, 1996 to
- 5 September 30, 1999, compared to the number of cases during the same period in which
- 6 benefits were denied under § 9-506(b) and (c) of the Labor and Employment Article. In
- 7 addition, the Commission, after consultation with the authority approved by the
- 8 Commission to certify drug-free workplace programs, shall report to thesame committees
- 9 by October 1, 1999 on the number of drug-free workplace programs that are certified
- 10 <u>annually.</u>
- 11 <u>SECTION 3.</u> AND BE IT FURTHER ENACTED, That this Act shall take effect
- 12 October 1, 1996. It shall remain effective for a period of 4 years and, at the end of
- 13 September 30, 2000, with no further action required by the General Assembly, this Act
- 14 shall be abrogated and of no further force and effect.