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CF 7lr2293

By: Delegates Gordon, Frank, and FinifterIntroduced and read first time: January 27, 1997

Assigned to: Ways and Means

A BILL ENTITLED

1 AN ACT concerning

2 Limited Liability Company Tax Reform Act of 1997

- 3 FOR the purpose of exempting certain limited liability companies from the requirement
- 4 to file a State income tax return; clarifying the obligations of other limited liability
- 5 companies to file partnership or corporate income tax returns; requiring the profit
- or loss of certain limited liability companies to be reflected on the return of its
- 7 member; exempting from certain motor vehicle excise taxes certain transfers to and
- 8 from limited liability companies; providing for the application of this Act; and
- 9 generally relating to limited liability companies and State taxes.
- 10 BY repealing and reenacting, with amendments,
- 11 Article Tax General
- 12 Section 10-819
- 13 Annotated Code of Maryland
- 14 (1988 Volume and 1996 Supplement)
- 15 BY repealing and reenacting, with amendments,
- 16 Article Transportation
- 17 Section 13-810(c)
- 18 Annotated Code of Maryland
- 19 (1992 Replacement Volume and 1996 Supplement)
- 20 SECTION 1. BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF
- 21 MARYLAND, That the Laws of Maryland read as follows:
- 22 Article Tax General
- 23 10-819.
- 24 (a) Each limited liability company as defined under Title 4A of the Corporations
- 25 and Associations Article shall file an income tax return UNLESS IT HAS ONLY ONE
- 26 MEMBER AND IT IS DISREGARDED AS AN ENTITY SEPARATE FROM ITS MEMBER FOR
- 27 FEDERAL INCOME TAX PURPOSES.
- (b) (1) If the limited liability company is [taxable] CLASSIFIED as a
- 29 partnership, as defined in § 761 of the Internal Revenue Code, it shall file a partnership
- 30 tax return.

	(2) If the limited liability company is [taxable] CLASSIFIED as a corporation under Chapter 1, Subchapter C OR SUBCHAPTER S of the Internal Revenue Code, it shall file [a] THE APPROPRIATE corporate tax return.
6 7	(C) IF THE LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANY HAS ONLY ONE MEMBER AND IT IS DISREGARDED AS AN ENTITY SEPARATE FROM ITS MEMBER FOR FEDERAL INCOME TAX PURPOSES, THE PROFIT OR LOSS OF THE LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANY SHALL BE REFLECTED ON THE INCOME TAX RETURN FILED BY THE MEMBER OF THE LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANY.
9	Article - Transportation
10	13-810.
11 12	(c) On transfer of a vehicle titled in this State and issuance of a subsequent certificate of title, the vehicle is exempt from the excise tax imposed by this part, if it is:
15	(1) A vehicle transferred to a spouse, son, daughter, grandchild, parent, sister, brother, grandparent, father-in-law, mother-in-law, son-in-law, or daughter-in-law of the transferor, and no money or other valuable consideration is involved in the transfer;
17 18	(2) A vehicle repossessed under a security agreement, unless the sale of the vehicle is required under the agreement;
21 22 23 24 25	(3) A vehicle transferred from an individual to a partnership, LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANY, or corporation or from a partnership, LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANY, or corporation to a subpartnership, SUBSIDIARY LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANY, or subsidiary corporation, if the individual, [partner] PARTNERSHIP, LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANY, or corporation is a partner, MEMBER, or principal stockholder of the newly formed partnership, subpartnership, LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANY, SUBSIDIARY LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANY, corporation, or subsidiary corporation, as the case may be;
27	(4) A vehicle transferred to a legal heir, legatee, or distributee;
28 29	(5) A vehicle involuntarily transferred as a result of divorce or separation proceedings;
32	(6) A vehicle that is jointly owned and transferred to the name of one of the owners, if the transferee can establish to the satisfaction of the Administration that the transferor did not pay any part of the original purchase price of the vehicle or any applicable taxes or fees for the vehicle;
36 37	(7) A vehicle transferred by a corporation to its stockholder or stockholders OR BY A LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANY TO ITS MEMBER OR MEMBERS as a liquidating distribution of tangible personal property where the vehicle or vehicles transferred are not a principal or substantial asset of the corporation OR LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANY as determined by the Administration; or
39 40	(8) A vehicle transferred as a result of a reorganization within the meaning of § 368(a) of the Internal Revenue Code.

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- SECTION 2. AND BE IT FURTHER ENACTED, That the changes made to §
- 2 10-819 of the Tax General Article by this Act shall be applicable to all taxable years
- 3 beginning after December 31, 1996.
- 4 SECTION 3. AND BE IT FURTHER ENACTED, That this Act shall take effect
- 5 July 1, 1997.