Unofficial Copy 1997 Regular Session EMERGENCY BILL

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(PRE-FILED)

 $\textbf{By: Chairman, Judicial Proceedings Committee (Departmental - State Police, Dept.\ of)}$

Requested: November 15, 1996

Introduced and read first time: January 8, 1997

Assigned to: Judicial Proceedings

Committee Report: Favorable with amendments

Senate action: Adopted

Read second time: January 15, 1997

CHAPTER ____

1 AN ACT concerning

2 Crimes - Explosives - False Statements and Representations - Penalties

- 3 FOR the purpose of increasing the penalties for a person who knowingly makes a false
- 4 statement or rumor concerning the location of or possible detonation of a bomb or
- 5 other explosive; increasing the penalties for manufacturing, possessing,
- 6 transporting, or placing a device that is constructed to represent a bomb or other
- destructive explosives with intent to terrorize, frighten, threaten, intimidate, or
- 8 harass; adding authorizing an additional penalty of restitution upon the conviction
- 9 of certain crimes; making this Act an emergency measure; and generally relating to
- 10 explosive devices.
- 11 BY repealing and reenacting, with amendments,
- 12 Article 27 Crimes and Punishments
- 13 Section 151A and 151C
- 14 Annotated Code of Maryland
- 15 (1996 Replacement Volume)
- 16 SECTION 1. BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF
- 17 MARYLAND, That the Laws of Maryland read as follows:
- 18 Article 27 Crimes and Punishments
- 19 151A.
- 20 (A) A person is guilty of a [misdemeanor] FELONY if, knowing the statement or
- 21 rumor to be false, he circulates or transmits to another or others, with intent that it be
- 22 acted upon, a statement or rumor, written, printed, or by word of mouth, concerning the
- 23 location or possible detonation of a bomb or other explosive. An offense under this

2

- 1 section committed by the use of a telephone may be deemed to have been committed
- 2 either at the place at which the telephone call or calls were made or at the place at which
- 3 the telephone call or calls were received.
- 4 (B) A person convicted of violating this section is subject to a fine not exceeding
- 5 \$10,000 or to imprisonment for not exceeding [one year] 10 YEARS, or to both such fine
- 6 and imprisonment in the discretion of the court. This section does not apply to any
- 7 statement or rumor made or circulated by an officer, employee, or agent of a bona fide
- 8 civilian defense organization or agency, if made in the regular course of his duties with
- 9 that organization or agency.
- 10 (C) IN ADDITION TO THE PENALTY PROVIDED IN SUBSECTION (B) OF THIS
- 11 SECTION, A PERSON CONVICTED UNDER THIS SECTION SHALL MAY BE ORDERED BY
- 12 THE COURT TO PAY RESTITUTION TO THE OWNER OR TENANT OF A PROPERTY FOR
- 13 THE VALUE OF ANY GOODS, SERVICES, OR INCOME LOST AS A RESULT OF THE
- 14 EVACUATION OF THE PROPERTY IN RESPONSE TO THE FALSE STATEMENT OR
- 15 RUMOR OF EXPLOSIVES.

16 151C.

- 17 (a) A person may not manufacture, possess, transport, or place a device that is
- 18 constructed to represent a bomb, explosive, incendiary, or destructive explosive device
- 19 with the intent to terrorize, frighten, intimidate, threaten, or harass.
- 20 (b) A person who violates this section is guilty of a [misdemeanor] FELONY and
- 21 on conviction, is subject to imprisonment for [1 year] 10 YEARS or a fine of [\$1,000]
- 22 \$10,000 or both.
- 23 (C) IN ADDITION TO THE PENALTY PROVIDED IN SUBSECTION (B) OF THIS
- 24 SECTION, A PERSON CONVICTED UNDER THIS SECTION SHALL MAY BE ORDERED BY
- 25 THE COURT TO PAY RESTITUTION TO:
- 26 (1) THE STATE, COUNTY, MUNICIPAL CORPORATION, OR BICOUNTY
- 27 AGENCY FOR COSTS INCURRED IN THE SEARCH FOR AND REMOVAL OF ANY
- 28 DEVICES REPRESENTING EXPLOSIVES; AND
- 29 (2) THE OWNER OR TENANT OF A PROPERTY FOR THE VALUE OF ANY
- 30 GOODS, SERVICES, OR INCOME LOST AS A RESULT OF THE EVACUATION OF THE
- 31 PROPERTY IN RESPONSE TO THE REPRESENTATION OF EXPLOSIVES.
- 32 SECTION 2. AND BE IT FURTHER ENACTED, That this Act is an emergency
- 33 measure, is necessary for the immediate preservation of the public health and safety, has
- 34 been passed by a yea and nay vote supported by three-fifths of all the members elected to
- 35 each of the two Houses of the General Assembly, and shall take effect from the date it is
- 36 enacted.