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SB 585/96 - B&T and EEA

By: Senators Van Hollen, Ruben, Frosh, Neall, Roesser, Teitelbaum, Kasemeyer, Forehand, and Hogan

Introduced and read first time: January 31, 1997

Assigned to: Budget and Taxation and Economic and Environmental Affairs

A BILL ENTITLED

1 A	N	ACT	concerning
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2	Education -	Funding - A	Average	Daily	Attendance
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- 3 FOR the purpose of altering certain formulas for calculating certain State funding of
- 4 elementary and secondary education; defining certain terms; providing for certain
- 5 grants; and generally relating to State funding of elementary and secondary
- 6 education.
- 7 BY repealing and reenacting, with amendments,
- 8 Article Education
- 9 Section 5-202(a) and (b)
- 10 Annotated Code of Maryland
- 11 (1997 Replacement Volume)

12 SECTION 1. BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF

13 MARYLAND, That the Laws of Maryland read as follows:

14 Article - Education

15 5-202.

- 16 (a) (1) In this section the following words have the meanings indicated.
- 17 (2) (i) "Assessed valuation of real property" means the most recent
- 18 estimate made by the State Department of Assessments and Taxation before the annual
- 19 State budget is submitted to the General Assembly, of the assessed value of real property
- 20 for State purposes as of July 1 of the first completed fiscal year before the school year for
- 21 which the calculation of State aid is made under this section.
- 22 (ii) In all assessable bases, for the purpose of this paragraph,
- 23 preferentially assessed agricultural land shall be included at 50 percent of farm use
- 24 valuation as determined in accordance with farm use assessment standards established by
- 25 the Department of Assessments and Taxation.
- 26 (3) (i) "Basic current expenses" means expenditures for elementary and
- 27 secondary education for a fiscal year calculated as follows:

	1. Statewide aggregate expenditures from the current expense fund for administration, instruction, public school special education programs, student personnel services, health services, operation of plant, and maintenance of plant;
6	2. Plus statewide aggregate expenditures from the current expense fund for fixed charges (including employee benefits), additional equipment, and replacement equipment, to the extent these expenditures relate to the expenditure categories in item 1 of this subparagraph; and
	3. Minus the statewide aggregate of all State and federal funds for elementary and secondary education supporting the expenditures in items 1 and 2 of this subparagraph, except the State share of basic current expenses.
13	(ii) "Basic current expenses" does not include expenditures for adult education, community services, pupil transportation, capital outlay, or outgoing transfers, or expenditures reported in the Food Service Fund, the Student Body Activities Fund, the School Construction Fund, or the Debt Service Fund.
17	(4) "Net taxable income" means the amount certified by the State Comptroller for the second completed calendar year before the school year for which the calculation of State aid under this section is made, based on tax returns filed on or before September 1 after this calendar year.
19	(5) "Real property" includes:
20	(i) Any interest in land or improvements to land;
21 22	(ii) Land and nonoperating property of railroads and public utilities; and
23 24	(iii) Operating property of public utilities classified as real property by the Department of Assessments and Taxation.
	(6) "Assessed value of personal property" means the assessed valuation for county purposes of tangible personal property, railroad property, public utility personal property, and public utility shares.
28	(7) "Full-time equivalent enrollment" means:
29 30	(i) All students enrolled in grades 1 through 12 or their equivalent in regular day school programs on September 30 of the previous school year;
	(ii) One half of the number of students enrolled in kindergarten programs on September 30 of the previous school year, except that in Garrett County the full number of kindergarten students is included; and
	(iii) The number of full-time equivalent students, as determined by a regulation of the Department, enrolled in evening high school programs during the previous school year.
37	(8) "Wealth" means the sum of:
38	(i) Net taxable income:

1	(ii) The assessed valuation of real property; and
2	(iii) 50 percent of assessed value of personal property.
	(9) For calculation of State aid under this section, the percentage of assessed value of personal property as of July 1 of the first completed fiscal year before the school year for which the calculation is made shall be used.
8	(10) "Chapter 1 eligible count" means the number of children eligible to receive services under the provisions of Chapter 1 of the Hawkins - Stafford Elementary and Secondary School Improvement Amendments of 1988 as determined by the U.S. Department of Education.
10 11	(11) "Dedicated compensatory funds" means funds allocated by subsection (e)(3) of this section.
	(12) "Basic current expenses per pupil" means the basic current expenses for a fiscal year divided by the statewide full-time equivalent enrollment on September 30 of the fiscal year.
15	(13) "Per pupil basic current expense figure" means:
16	(i) \$2,976 for Fiscal Year 1993; and
19	(ii) The average of the basic current expenses per pupil for the third and fourth preceding fiscal years multiplied by 0.75 for Fiscal Year 1994 and for each fiscal year thereafter, as calculated by the Department on or before July 1 prior to the fiscal year.
	(14) "STUDENT ATTENDANCE RATE" MEANS THE ATTENDANCE RATE CALCULATED FOR THE MOST RECENTLY PUBLISHED MARYLAND SCHOOL PERFORMANCE REPORT.
24	(15) "AVERAGE DAILY ATTENDANCE" MEANS THE PRODUCT OF:
25	(I) THE STUDENT ATTENDANCE RATE FOR A COUNTY; AND
26 27	(II) THE FULL-TIME EQUIVALENT ENROLLMENT FOR THAT COUNTY.
28	(16) "COUNTY AVERAGE DAILY ATTENDANCE" MEANS:
29	(I) FOR FISCAL YEAR 1998, THE SUM OF:
30 31	$1.25\mathrm{PERCENT}\mathrm{OF}\mathrm{AVERAGE}\mathrm{DAILY}\mathrm{ATTENDANCE}\mathrm{FOR}\mathrm{THE}$ $\mathrm{COUNTY};\mathrm{AND}$
32 33	${\it 2.75~PERCENT~OF~FULL-TIME~EQUIVALENT~ENROLLMENT}$ FOR THE COUNTY;
34	(II) FOR FISCAL YEAR 1999, THE SUM OF:
35 36	$1.50\mathrm{PERCENT}\mathrm{OF}\mathrm{AVERAGE}\mathrm{DAILY}\mathrm{ATTENDANCE}\mathrm{FOR}\mathrm{THE}$ $\mathrm{COUNTY};\mathrm{AND}$

1 2	$2.\ 50\ PERCENT\ OF\ FULL\text{-}TIME\ EQUIVALENT\ ENROLLMENT$ FOR THE COUNTY;
3	(III) FOR FISCAL YEAR 2000, THE SUM OF:
4 5	1. 75 PERCENT OF AVERAGE DAILY ATTENDANCE FOR THE COUNTY; AND
6 7	2. 25 PERCENT OF FULL-TIME EQUIVALENT ENROLLMENT FOR THE COUNTY; AND
8 9	(IV) FOR FISCAL YEAR 2001 AND EACH FISCAL YEAR THEREAFTER, 100 PERCENT OF AVERAGE DAILY ATTENDANCE FOR THE COUNTY.
	(17) "COUNTY BASIC CURRENT EXPENSE TO BE SHARED" MEANS THE COUNTY AVERAGE DAILY ATTENDANCE MULTIPLIED BY THE PER PUPIL BASIC CURRENT EXPENSE FIGURE.
15	(b) (1) Each county board and the Mayor and City Council of Baltimore City shall receive from the State, in the manner and subject to the limitations under this section, an amount for each school year to be known as the "State share of basic current expenses" for each county, which shall be calculated as indicated in this subsection.
17 18	(2) (i) The basic current expenses to be shared shall equal the per pupil basic current expense figure multiplied by full-time equivalent enrollment.
21 22 23 24	(ii) 1. If State aid for public elementary and secondary education exceeds 31.5% of the projected general funds of the State in any fiscal year, then the amount required for the per pupil basic current expense figure may not be implemented for the next fiscal year unless the General Assembly, at the regular session immediately preceding that next fiscal year, affirms by joint resolution that the additional State aid required using the per pupil basic current expense figure is within the State's fiscal resources.
28 29 30	2. As provided under item 1 of this subparagraph, if State aid for public elementary and secondary education exceeds the percentage amount specified and a joint resolution of affirmation is not enacted by the General Assembly, then the per pupil basic current expense figure in which the State shall share for the next fiscal year shall be the lesser of the per pupil basic current expense figure for the fiscal year or an amount equal to 108 percent of the prior year's per pupil basic current expense figure.
34 35 36	3. By January 14 of each year, the Department of Fiscal Services shall calculate State aid as a percentage of the projected State General Fund revenues for the current fiscal year. State aid shall include State funds provided to the county boards whether pursuant to formula or on a grant basis and State payments on behalf of the county boards such as retirement and debt service for State bonds for school construction.
38 39	(3) (i) In this paragraph, "enrollment" means the full-time equivalent enrollment used in calculating the current expense aid for a county.
40	(ii) To be eligible to receive the State share of basic current expenses:

3	1. The county governing body shall levy an annual tax sufficient to provide an amount of revenue for elementary and secondary public education purposes equal to the product of the wealth of the county and a local contribution rate determined for each fiscal year; and
7	2. The county governing body shall appropriate local funds to the school operating budget in an amount no less than the product of the enrollment for the current fiscal year and the local appropriation on a per pupil basis for the prior fiscal year.
11 12 13 14 15	(iii) 1. Except as provided in sub-subparagraph 2 of this subparagraph, for purposes of this paragraph, the local appropriation on a per pupil basis for the prior fiscal year for a county is derived by dividing the county's highest local appropriation to its school operating budget for the prior fiscal year by the enrollment for the prior fiscal year. For example, the calculation of the current expense aid for Fiscal Year 1985 shall be based on the highest local appropriation for the school operating budget for a county for Fiscal Year 1984. Program shifts between a county operating budget and a county school operating budget may not be used to artificially satisfy the requirements of this paragraph.
	2. For purposes of this paragraph, for Fiscal Year 1997 and each subsequent fiscal year, the calculation of the county's highest local appropriation to its school operating budget for the prior fiscal year shall exclude:
	A. A nonrecurring cost that is supplemental to the regular school operating budget, if the exclusion qualifies under regulations adopted by the State Board; and
24 25	B. A cost of a program that has been shifted from the county school operating budget to the county operating budget.
28	3. The county board must present satisfactory evidence to the county government that any appropriation under sub-subparagraph 2 A of this subparagraph is used only for the purpose designated by the county government in its request for approval.
32	4. Any appropriation that is not excluded under sub-subparagraph 2 A of this subparagraph as a qualifying nonrecurring cost shall be included in calculating the county's highest local appropriation to its school operating budget.
34 35	5. Qualifying nonrecurring costs, as defined in regulations adopted by the State Board, shall include but are not limited to:
36	A. Computer laboratories;
37	B. Technology enhancement;
38	C. New instructional program start-up costs; and
39	D. Books other than classroom textbooks.

1	(iv) 1. The provisions of this paragraph do not apply to a county if
	the county is granted a temporary waiver or partial waiver from the provisions by the
	State Board of Education based on a determination that the county's fiscal condition
4	significantly impedes the county's ability to fund the maintenance of effort requirement.
5	2. After a public hearing, the State Board of Education may
	grant a waiver under this subparagraph in accordance with its regulations.
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7	3. In order to qualify for the waiver under this subparagraph for
8	a fiscal year, a county shall make a request for a waiver to the State Board of Education
9	by April 1 of the prior fiscal year.
10	4. The State Board of Education shall inform the county
	whether the waiver for a fiscal year is approved or denied in whole or in part by May 15
	of the prior fiscal year.
10	(A) The least the description of the least two falls are
13	(4) The local contribution rate is calculated as follows:
14	(i) Multiply the full-time equivalent enrollment by \$624, and multiply
15	this product by 0.45.
1.0	(ii) Makinga the fall time a minulant annull mart ha the annual that
16	(ii) Multiply the full-time equivalent enrollment by the amount that
1/	the per pupil basic current expense figure exceeds \$624, and multiply this product by 0.50.
18	(iii) Add the two products arrived at in subparagraphs (i) and (ii) of
19	this paragraph, and divide the resulting sum by the sum of the wealth of all of the counties
20	in this State.
21	(iv) The resulting quotient, rounded to 7 decimal places, and expressed
	as a percent with 5 decimal places, is the local contribution rate.
23	(5) (i) Except as provided in subparagraph [(ii)] (III) of this paragraph,
24	the UNADJUSTED State share of basic current expenses for each county is the difference
25	between the county share calculated under paragraph (3) of this subsection and the
	COUNTY basic current expense to be shared[, as indicated in paragraph (2) of this
27	subsection].
28	(II) THE STATE SHARE OF BASIC CURRENT EXPENSES FOR EACH
29	COUNTY IS DETERMINED BY ADDING TO THE UNADJUSTED STATE SHARE OF BASIC
	CURRENT EXPENSES FOR EACH COUNTY THE PRODUCT OF:
31	1. THE DIFFERENCE BETWEEN THE TOTAL BASIC CURRENT
	EXPENSES TO BE SHARED AND THE TOTAL COUNTY BASIC CURRENT EXPENSES TO
33	BE SHARED; AND
34	2. THE PERCENT SHARE THAT EACH COUNTY REPRESENTS
35	OF THE TOTAL COUNTY BASIC CURRENT EXPENSES TO BE SHARED.
36	[(ii)] (III) If the State share of basic current expenses, as calculated
	under subparagraph (i) of this paragraph, is less than the product of \$60 and the county's
	full-time equivalent enrollment, the State share of basic current expenses for the county
	shall be the product of \$60 and the county's full-time equivalent enrollment.

- 1 (IV) NOTWITHSTANDING ANY OTHER PROVISION OF LAW, THE
- 2 GOVERNOR'S APPROPRIATION FOR BASIC CURRENT EXPENSE AID SHALL BE
- 3 CALCULATED USING FULL-TIME EQUIVALENT ENROLLMENT TO DETERMINE THE
- 4 AMOUNT OF THE AGGREGATE STATE SHARE OF FUNDING AVAILABLE FOR
- 5 DISTRIBUTION TO EACH COUNTY BOARD AND THE MAYOR AND CITY COUNCIL OF
- 6 BALTIMORE CITY.
- 7 SECTION 2. AND BE IT FURTHER ENACTED, That for Fiscal Years 1998 and
- 8 1999, the Governor shall include in the State budget grants for use in dropout prevention
- 9 programs, including: (1) \$800,000 each year to the Prince George's County Board of
- 10 Education; and (2) \$3,300,000 each year to the Board of School Commissioners of
- 11 Baltimore City.
- 12 SECTION 3. AND BE IT FURTHER ENACTED, That this Act shall take effect 13 July 1, 1997.