
By: **Chairman, Environmental Matters Committee and Economic Matters
Committee (Departmental - Health and Mental Hygiene)**

Introduced and read first time: January 28, 1998

Assigned to: Environmental Matters and Economic Matters

A BILL ENTITLED

1 AN ACT concerning

2 **Maryland Health Care Access and Cost Commission - Modifications and**
3 **Clarifications**

4 FOR the purpose of repealing the authority of the Maryland Health Care Access and
5 Cost Commission to develop a payment system for health care services;
6 authorizing the Commission to promote the availability of certain information;
7 authorizing the Commission to impose certain requirements on payors; altering
8 the requirements for adoption of a practice parameter; making a technical
9 change; and generally relating to the Maryland Health Care Access and Cost
10 Commission.

11 BY repealing and reenacting, with amendments,
12 Article - Health - General
13 Section 19-1502, 19-1509, and 19-1606
14 Annotated Code of Maryland
15 (1996 Replacement Volume and 1997 Supplement)

16 SECTION 1. BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF
17 MARYLAND, That the Laws of Maryland read as follows:

18 **Article - Health - General**

19 19-1502.

20 (a) There is a Maryland Health Care Access and Cost Commission.

21 (b) The Commission is an independent commission that functions in the
22 Department.

23 (c) The purpose of the Commission is to:

24 (1) Develop health care cost containment strategies to help provide
25 access to appropriate quality health care services for all Marylanders, after
26 consulting with the Health Resources Planning Commission and the Health Services
27 Cost Review Commission;

1 (2) Facilitate the public disclosure of medical claims data for the
2 development of public policy;

3 (3) Establish and develop a medical care data base on health care
4 services rendered by health care practitioners;

5 (4) Encourage the development of clinical resource management systems
6 to permit the comparison of costs between various treatment settings and the
7 availability of information to consumers, providers, and purchasers of health care
8 services;

9 (5) In accordance with Title 15, Subtitle 12 of the Insurance Article,
10 develop:

11 (i) A uniform set of effective benefits to be included in the
12 Comprehensive Standard Health Benefit Plan; and

13 (ii) A modified health benefit plan for medical savings accounts;

14 (6) Analyze the medical care data base and provide, in aggregate form,
15 an annual report on the variations in costs associated with health care practitioners;

16 (7) Ensure utilization of the medical care data base as a primary means
17 to compile data and information and annually report on trends and variances
18 regarding fees for service, cost of care, regional and national comparisons, and
19 indications of malpractice situations;

20 (8) [Develop a payment system for health care services;

21 (9)] Establish standards for the operation and licensing of medical care
22 electronic claims clearinghouses in Maryland;

23 [(10)] (9) Foster the development of practice parameters;

24 [(11)] (10) Reduce the costs of claims submission and the administration of
25 claims for health care practitioners and payors; [and]

26 [(12)] (11) Develop a uniform set of effective benefits to be offered as
27 substantial, available, and affordable coverage in the nongroup market in accordance
28 with § 15-606 of the Insurance Article; AND

29 (12) PROMOTE THE AVAILABILITY OF INFORMATION TO CONSUMERS ON
30 CHARGES BY PRACTITIONERS AND REIMBURSEMENTS FROM PAYORS.

31 19-1509.

32 (a) (1) In this section the following words have the meanings indicated.

33 (2) "Code" means the applicable Current Procedural Terminology (CPT)
34 code as adopted by the American Medical Association or other applicable code under
35 an appropriate uniform coding scheme approved by the Commission.

1 (3) "Payor" means:

2 (i) A health insurer or nonprofit health service plan that holds a
3 certificate of authority and provides health insurance policies or contracts in the
4 State in accordance with the Insurance Article or the Health - General Article; OR

5 (ii) A health maintenance organization that holds a certificate of
6 authority.

7 (4) "Unbundling" means the use of two or more codes by a health care
8 provider to describe a surgery or service provided to a patient when a single, more
9 comprehensive code exists that accurately describes the entire surgery or service.

10 (b) [(1) By January 1, 1999, the Commission shall implement a payment
11 system for all health care practitioners in the State.

12 (2) The payment system established under this section shall include a
13 methodology for a uniform system of health care practitioner reimbursement.

14 (3) Under the payment system, reimbursement for each health care
15 practitioner shall be comprised of the following numeric factors:

16 (i) A numeric factor representing the resources of the health care
17 practitioner necessary to provide health care services;

18 (ii) A numeric factor representing the relative value of a health care
19 service, as classified by a code, compared to that of other health care services; and

20 (iii) A numeric factor representing a conversion modifier used to
21 adjust reimbursement.

22 (4)] To prevent overpayment of claims for surgery or services, [in
23 developing the payment system under this section,] the Commission, to the extent
24 practicable, shall [establish standards to prohibit]:

25 (1) PROHIBIT the unbundling of codes and the use of reimbursement
26 maximization programs, commonly known as "upcoding"; AND

27 (2) REQUIRE PAYORS TO:

28 (I) USE REBUNDLING EDITS; AND

29 (II) MAKE THE STANDARDS FOR REBUNDLING AVAILABLE TO THE
30 PUBLIC ON REQUEST.

31 [(5) In developing the payment system under this section, the
32 Commission shall consider the underlying methodology used in the resource based
33 relative value scale established under 42 U.S.C. § 1395w-4.

34 (6) The Commission and the licensing boards shall develop, by
35 regulation, appropriate sanctions, including, where appropriate, notification to the

1 Insurance Fraud Unit of the State, for health care practitioners who violate the
2 standards established by the Commission to prohibit unbundling and upcoding.

3 (c) (1) In establishing a payment system under this section, the Commission
4 shall take into consideration the factors listed in this subsection.

5 (2) In making a determination under subsection (b)(3)(i) of this section
6 concerning the resources of a health care practitioner necessary to deliver health care
7 services, the Commission:

8 (i) Shall ensure that the compensation for health care services is
9 reasonably related to the cost of providing the health care service; and

10 (ii) Shall consider:

11 1. The cost of professional liability insurance;

12 2. The cost of complying with all federal, State, and local
13 regulatory requirements;

14 3. The reasonable cost of bad debt and charity care;

15 4. The differences in experience or expertise among health
16 care practitioners, including recognition of relative preeminence in the practitioner's
17 field or specialty and the cost of education and continuing professional education;

18 5. The geographic variations in practice costs;

19 6. The reasonable staff and office expenses deemed
20 necessary by the Commission to deliver health care services;

21 7. The costs associated with a faculty practice plan affiliated
22 with a teaching hospital; and

23 8. Any other factors deemed appropriate by the Commission.

24 (3) In making a determination under subsection (b)(3)(ii) of this section
25 concerning the value of a health care service relative to other health care services, the
26 Commission shall consider:

27 (i) The relative complexity of the health care service compared to
28 that of other health care services;

29 (ii) The cognitive skills associated with the health care service;

30 (iii) The time and effort that are necessary to provide the health
31 care service; and

32 (iv) Any other factors deemed appropriate by the Commission.

1 (4) Except as provided under subsection (d) of this section, a conversion
2 modifier shall be:

3 (i) A payor's standard for reimbursement;

4 (ii) A health care practitioner's standard for reimbursement; or

5 (iii) Arrangements agreed upon between a payor and a health care
6 practitioner.

7 (d) (1) (i) The Commission may make an effort, through voluntary and
8 cooperative arrangements between the Commission and the appropriate health care
9 practitioner specialty group, to bring that health care practitioner specialty group
10 into compliance with the health care cost goals of the Commission if the Commission
11 determines that:

12 1. Certain health care services are significantly contributing
13 to unreasonable increases in the overall volume and cost of health care services;

14 2. Health care practitioners in a specialty area have attained
15 unreasonable levels of reimbursable services under a specific code in comparison to
16 health care practitioners in another specialty area for the same code;

17 3. Health care practitioners in a specialty area have attained
18 unreasonable levels of reimbursement, in terms of total compensation, in comparison
19 to health care practitioners in another specialty area;

20 4. There are significant increases in the cost of providing
21 health care services; or

22 5. Costs in a particular health care specialty vary
23 significantly from the health care cost annual adjustment goal established under
24 subsection (f) of this section.

25 (ii) If the Commission determines that voluntary and cooperative
26 efforts between the Commission and appropriate health care practitioners have been
27 unsuccessful in bringing the appropriate health care practitioners into compliance
28 with the health care cost goals of the Commission, the Commission may adjust the
29 conversion modifier.

30 (2) If the Commission adjusts the conversion modifier under this
31 subsection for a particular specialty group, a health care practitioner in that specialty
32 group may not be reimbursed more than an amount equal to the amount determined
33 according to the factors set forth in subsection (b)(3)(i) and (ii) of this section and the
34 conversion modifier established by the Commission.

35 (e)] (C) (1) On an annual basis, the Commission shall publish:

36 (i) The total reimbursement for all health care services over a
37 12-month period;

- 1 (ii) The total reimbursement for each health care specialty over a
2 12-month period;
- 3 (iii) The total reimbursement for each code over a 12-month period;
4 and
- 5 (iv) The annual rate of change in reimbursement for health services
6 by health care specialties and by code.

7 (2) In addition to the information required under paragraph (1) of this
8 subsection, the Commission may publish any other information that the Commission
9 deems appropriate, INCLUDING INFORMATION ON CAPITATED HEALTH CARE
10 SERVICES.

11 [(f) The Commission may establish health care cost annual adjustment goals
12 for the cost of health care services and may establish the total cost of health care
13 services by code to be rendered by a specialty group of health care practitioners
14 designated by the Commission during a 12-month period.

15 (g) In developing a health care cost annual adjustment goal under subsection
16 (f) of this section, the Commission shall:

17 (1) Consult with appropriate health care practitioners, payors, the
18 Maryland Hospital Association, the Health Services Cost Review Commission, the
19 Department of Health and Mental Hygiene, and the Department of Business and
20 Economic Development; and

21 (2) Take into consideration:

- 22 (i) The input costs and other underlying factors that contribute to
23 the rising cost of health care in this State and in the United States;
- 24 (ii) The resources necessary for the delivery of quality health care;
- 25 (iii) The additional costs associated with aging populations and new
26 technology;
- 27 (iv) The potential impacts of federal laws on health care costs; and
- 28 (v) The savings associated with the implementation of modified
29 practice patterns.

30 (h) Nothing in this section shall have the effect of impairing the ability of a
31 health maintenance organization to contract with health care practitioners or any
32 other individual under mutually agreed upon terms and conditions.

33 (i) A professional organization or society that performs activities in good faith
34 in furtherance of the purposes of this section is not subject to criminal or civil liability
35 under the Maryland Anti-Trust Act for those activities.]

1 19-1606.

2 (a) On receipt of a proposal of the Advisory Committee concerning adoption of
3 any practice parameters, by regulation, the Commission may adopt the practice
4 parameters.

5 (b) The Commission may adopt a practice parameter if:

6 (1) The proposal of the Advisory Committee includes a statement, with
7 supporting documentation, that at least 60 percent of the VOTES CAST BY specialists
8 in the State affected by the practice parameter [have voted favorably on the] FAVOR
9 adoption;

10 (2) The proposal of the Advisory Committee includes supporting
11 information satisfactory to the Commission that the practice parameter will reduce
12 unnecessary utilization of health care services; and

13 (3) The proposal of the Advisory Committee includes supporting
14 information satisfactory to the Commission that the practice parameter will continue
15 to provide a high quality of health care.

16 (c) Any practice parameter adopted by the Commission shall remain in effect,
17 by regulation no longer than 3 years from the date of its adoption. The Commission
18 may readopt a practice parameter after its expiration following consultation with the
19 appropriate medical [speciality] SPECIALTY.

20 (d) The Advisory Committee may submit amendments to a practice parameter
21 for adoption by the Commission at any time.

22 (e) A practice parameter adopted under this subtitle is not admissible into
23 evidence in any legal proceeding in this State as evidence of a standard of care.

24 SECTION 2. AND BE IT FURTHER ENACTED, That this Act shall take
25 effect July 1, 1998.