By: **Delegates Goldwater, Kopp, and Love** Introduced and read first time: January 29, 1998 Assigned to: Economic Matters

A BILL ENTITLED

1 AN ACT concerning

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Health Maintenance Organizations - Patient Transfers and Reimbursements

3 FOR the purpose of specifying that compliance by a hospital emergency facility or

- 4 provider with certain policies and requirements of a health maintenance
- 5 organization may not be considered a violation of the federal Emergency Medical
- 6 Treatment and Active Labor Act; requiring that health maintenance
- 7 organizations reimburse hospital emergency facilities for services necessary to
- 8 stabilize members or subscribers before transferring them; providing for the
- 9 effective date of this Act; and generally relating to hospital emergency facility

10 services.

11 BY repealing and reenacting, with amendments,

- 12 Article Health General
- 13 Section 19-712.5
- 14 Annotated Code of Maryland
- 15 (1996 Replacement Volume and 1997 Supplement)

16 BY repealing and reenacting, with amendments,

- 17 Article Health General
- 18 Section 19-712.5
- 19 Annotated Code of Maryland
- 20 (1996 Replacement Volume and 1997 Supplement)
- 21 (As enacted by Chapter 107 of the Acts of the General Assembly of 1997)

22 SECTION 1. BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF

- 23 MARYLAND, That the Laws of Maryland read as follows:
- 24

Article - Health - General

25 19-712.5.

26 (a) A health maintenance organization shall reimburse a hospital emergency

27 facility and provider, less any applicable co-payments, for medically necessary

28 services provided to a member or subscriber of the health maintenance organization if

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1 the health maintenance organization authorized, directed, referred, or otherwise

2 allowed the member or subscriber to use the emergency facility and the medically

3 necessary services are related to the condition for which the member was allowed to

4 use the emergency facility.

5 (b) A health maintenance organization shall reimburse a hospital emergency 6 facility and provider, less any applicable co-payments, for medically necessary 7 services that relate to the condition presented and that are provided by the provider 8 in the emergency facility to a member or subscriber of the health maintenance 9 organization if the health maintenance organization fails to provide 24-hour access in 10 accordance with the standards of quality of care required under § 19-705.1(b)(2) of 11 this subtitle.

(c) A health maintenance organization shall reimburse a hospital emergency
facility and provider, less any applicable co-payments, for medical screening services
rendered to meet the requirements of the Federal Emergency Medical Treatment and
Active Labor Act.

16 (d) Notwithstanding any other provision of this subtitle, a provider may not be
17 required to obtain prior authorization or approval for payment from a health
18 maintenance organization in order to obtain reimbursement under subsection (a), (b),
19 or (c) of this section.

20 (e) Notwithstanding any other provision of this article, a hospital emergency 21 facility or provider or a health maintenance organization that has reimbursed a

22 provider may collect or attempt to collect payment from a member or subscriber for

23 health care services provided for a medical condition that is determined not to be an

24 emergency as defined in § 19-701(d) of this subtitle.

(F) THE COMPLIANCE BY A HOSPITAL EMERGENCY FACILITY OR PROVIDER
WITH A HEALTH MAINTENANCE ORGANIZATION'S REIMBURSEMENT POLICIES AND
PATIENT TRANSFER REQUIREMENTS MAY NOT, DIRECTLY OR INDIRECTLY, BE
CONSIDERED A VIOLATION BY THE HOSPITAL EMERGENCY FACILITY OR PROVIDER
OF THE FEDERAL EMERGENCY MEDICAL TREATMENT AND ACTIVE LABOR ACT.

30 (G) IF A MEMBER OR SUBSCRIBER OF A HEALTH MAINTENANCE
31 ORGANIZATION IS TRANSFERRED FROM A HOSPITAL EMERGENCY FACILITY TO
32 ANOTHER MEDICAL FACILITY, THE HEALTH MAINTENANCE ORGANIZATION SHALL
33 REIMBURSE THE TRANSFERRING HOSPITAL EMERGENCY FACILITY AND PROVIDER,
34 LESS ANY APPLICABLE CO-PAYMENTS, FOR SERVICES PROVIDED TO STABILIZE THE
35 MEMBER OR SUBSCRIBER IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE FEDERAL EMERGENCY
36 MEDICAL TREATMENT AND ACTIVE LABOR ACT.

37 (H) FAILURE BY A HEALTH MAINTENANCE ORGANIZATION TO COMPLY WITH
38 SUBSECTION (F) OR (G) OF THIS SECTION OR § 19-701(D) OF THIS SUBTITLE MAY
39 RESULT IN CIVIL MONETARY PENALTIES NOT TO EXCEED TREBLE DAMAGES.

40 SECTION 2. AND BE IT FURTHER ENACTED, That the Laws of Maryland 41 read as follows:

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	Article - Health - General
,	2 19-712.5.
	 (a) A health maintenance organization shall reimburse a hospital emergency facility and provider, less any applicable co-payments, for medically necessary services provided to a member or subscriber of the health maintenance organization if the health maintenance organization authorized, directed, referred, or otherwise allowed the member or subscriber to use the emergency facility and the medically necessary services are related to the condition for which the member was allowed to use the emergency facility.
1 1 1 1	 (b) A health maintenance organization shall reimburse a hospital emergency facility and provider, less any applicable co-payments, for medically necessary services that relate to the condition presented and that are provided by the provider in the emergency facility to a member or subscriber of the health maintenance organization if the health maintenance organization fails to provide 24-hour access in accordance with the standards of quality of care required under § 19-705.1(b)(2) of this subtitle.
1	7 (d) Notwithstanding any other provision of this subtitle, a provider may not be 8 required to obtain prior authorization or approval for payment from a health 9 maintenance organization in order to obtain reimbursement under subsection (a), (b),

20 or (c) of this section.

21 Notwithstanding any other provision of this article, a hospital emergency (e) 22 facility or provider or a health maintenance organization that has reimbursed a 23 provider may collect or attempt to collect payment from a member or subscriber for 24 health care services provided for a medical condition that is determined not to be an 25 emergency as defined in § 19-701(d) of this subtitle.

26 (F) THE COMPLIANCE BY A HOSPITAL EMERGENCY FACILITY OR PROVIDER 27 WITH A HEALTH MAINTENANCE ORGANIZATION'S REIMBURSEMENT POLICIES AND 28 PATIENT TRANSFER REQUIREMENTS MAY NOT, DIRECTLY OR INDIRECTLY, BE 29 CONSIDERED A VIOLATION BY THE HOSPITAL EMERGENCY FACILITY OR PROVIDER 30 OF THE FEDERAL EMERGENCY MEDICAL TREATMENT AND ACTIVE LABOR ACT.

31 (G) IF A MEMBER OR SUBSCRIBER OF A HEALTH MAINTENANCE 32 ORGANIZATION IS TRANSFERRED FROM A HOSPITAL EMERGENCY FACILITY TO 33 ANOTHER MEDICAL FACILITY, THE HEALTH MAINTENANCE ORGANIZATION SHALL 34 REIMBURSE THE TRANSFERRING HOSPITAL EMERGENCY FACILITY AND PROVIDER, 35 LESS ANY APPLICABLE CO-PAYMENTS, FOR SERVICES PROVIDED TO STABILIZE THE 36 MEMBER OR SUBSCRIBER IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE FEDERAL EMERGENCY 37 MEDICAL TREATMENT AND ACTIVE LABOR ACT.

38 FAILURE BY A HEALTH MAINTENANCE ORGANIZATION TO COMPLY WITH (H)39 SUBSECTION (F) OR (G) OF THIS SECTION OR § 19-701(D) OF THIS SUBTITLE MAY 40 RESULT IN CIVIL MONETARY PENALTIES NOT TO EXCEED TREBLE DAMAGES.

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1 SECTION 3. AND BE IT FURTHER ENACTED, That Section 1 of this Act shall

2 take effect July 1, 1998 and shall remain effective until the expiration of § 19-712.5(c)

3 of the Health - General Article, as enacted by Chapter 107 of the Acts of the General

4 Assembly of 1997.

5 SECTION 4. AND BE IT FURTHER ENACTED, That Section 2 of this Act shall 6 take effect at that time when Section 1 of this Act no longer has any force or effect.