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By: Senator Middlebrooks

Introduced and read first time: January 19, 1998

Assigned to: Judicial Proceedings

#### A BILL ENTITLED

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- 2 Criminal Procedures Bombs Suspension of Driver's License or Restitution - Juvenile Court Jurisdiction
- 4 FOR the purpose of allowing the court to order the Motor Vehicle Administration to
- 5 suspend the driver's license or not issue a driver's license to certain individuals
- 6 convicted of certain crimes involving a destructive device; requiring a court to
- 7 order restitution for destructive device offenses under certain circumstances;
- 8 expanding the type of restitution; making local boards of education eligible for
- 9 restitution for crimes involving a destructive device; eliminating the juvenile
- 10 court's jurisdiction over certain children alleged to have committed certain
- violations involving a destructive device under certain circumstances;
- establishing procedures for the suspension of a driver's license or privilege; and
- generally relating to penalties for crimes involving destructive devices.
- 14 BY repealing and reenacting, with amendments,
- 15 Article 27 Crimes and Punishments
- 16 Section 139D, 151A, and 151C
- 17 Annotated Code of Maryland
- 18 (1996 Replacement Volume and 1997 Supplement)
- 19 BY repealing and reenacting, with amendments,
- 20 Article Courts and Judicial Proceedings
- 21 Section 3-804(e) and 3-820(d)
- 22 Annotated Code of Maryland
- 23 (1995 Replacement Volume and 1997 Supplement)
- 24 BY repealing and reenacting, with amendments,
- 25 Article Transportation
- 26 Section 16-206(a) and (d)
- 27 Annotated Code of Maryland
- 28 (1992 Replacement Volume and 1997 Supplement)
- 29 BY repealing and reenacting, without amendments,

- 1 Article Transportation
- 2 Section 16-206(c)
- 3 Annotated Code of Maryland
- 4 (1992 Replacement Volume and 1997 Supplement)
- 5 SECTION 1. BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF
- 6 MARYLAND, That the Laws of Maryland read as follows:

#### 7 Article 27 - Crimes and Punishments

- 8 139D.
- 9 (a) A person who violates the provisions of this subheading is guilty of a felony
- 10 and on conviction is subject to a fine of not more than \$250,000 or by imprisonment
- 11 for not more than 25 years or both. IN ADDITION, THE COURT MAY ORDER THE
- 12 MOTOR VEHICLE ADMINISTRATION TO INITIATE AN ACTION, UNDER THE MOTOR
- 13 VEHICLE LAWS, TO SUSPEND THE DRIVING PRIVILEGE OF THE CONVICTED PERSON
- 14 FOR A SPECIFIED PERIOD NOT TO EXCEED 2 YEARS FROM THE DATE OF THE
- 15 CONVICTION.
- 16 (b) The sentence imposed under this section may be imposed separate from
- 17 and consecutive to or concurrent with a sentence for an offense based on the act or
- 18 acts establishing the violation of this subheading.
- 19 (c) (1) In addition to the penalty provided in this section, a person convicted
- 20 under this subheading [may] SHALL be ordered by the court to pay restitution to:
- 21 (i) The State, county, LOCAL BOARD OF EDUCATION, municipal
- 22 corporation, bicounty agency, or special taxing district for actual costs, INCLUDING
- 23 SALARIES AND WAGES, reasonably incurred due to the placement, delivery, or
- 24 detonation of a destructive device, including the search for, removal of, and damages
- 25 caused by a destructive device; and
- 26 (ii) The owner or tenant of a property for the actual value of any
- 27 goods, services, or income lost as a result of the evacuation of the property or damage
- 28 sustained due to the placement, delivery, or detonation of a destructive device.
- 29 (2) This subsection may not be construed to limit the right of a person to 30 restitution under § 807 of this article.
- 31 151A.
- 32 (a) A person is guilty of a felony if, knowing the statement or rumor to be false,
- 33 he circulates or transmits to another or others, with intent that it be acted upon, a
- 34 statement or rumor, written, printed, by any electronic means, or by word of mouth,
- 35 concerning the location or possible detonation of a destructive device, as defined in §
- 36 139A of this article. An offense under this section committed by the use of a telephone
- 37 or by other electronic means may be deemed to have been committed either at the
- 38 place at which the telephone call or calls were made or the electronic communication

- 3 **SENATE BILL 100** 1 originated or at the place at which the telephone call or calls or electronic 2 communication were received. 3 A person convicted of violating this section is subject to a fine not 4 exceeding \$10,000 or to imprisonment not exceeding 10 years, or to both such fine and 5 imprisonment in the discretion of the court. IN ADDITION, THE COURT MAY ORDER 6 THE MOTOR VEHICLE ADMINISTRATION TO INITIATE AN ACTION, UNDER THE MOTOR 7 VEHICLE LAWS, TO SUSPEND THE DRIVING PRIVILEGE OF THE CONVICTED PERSON 8 FOR A SPECIFIED PERIOD NOT TO EXCEED 2 YEARS FROM THE DATE OF THE 9 CONVICTION. This section does not apply to any statement or rumor made or 10 circulated by an officer, employee, or agent of a bona fide civilian defense organization 11 or agency, if made in the regular course of his duties with that organization or agency. 12 (c) (1)In addition to the penalty provided in subsection (b) of this section, a 13 person convicted under this section [may] SHALL be ordered by the court to pay 14 restitution to: 15 The State, county, LOCAL BOARD OF EDUCATION, municipal 16 corporation, bicounty agency, or special taxing district for actual costs, INCLUDING 17 SALARIES AND WAGES, reasonably incurred due to the response to a location and 18 search for a destructive device caused by the false statement or rumor of a destructive 19 device: and 20 The owner or tenant of a property for the actual value of any (ii) 21 goods, services, or income lost as a result of the evacuation of the property in response 22 to the false statement or rumor of a destructive device. 23 This subsection may not be construed to limit the right of a person to 24 restitution under § 807 of this article. 25 151C. 26 A person may not manufacture, possess, transport, or place a device that is 27 constructed to represent a destructive device, as defined in § 139A of this article, with the intent to terrorize, frighten, intimidate, threaten, or harass. 29 A person who violates this section is guilty of a felony and on conviction, is (b) 30 subject to imprisonment for not more than 10 years or a fine of not more than \$10,000 31 or both. IN ADDITION, THE COURT MAY ORDER THE MOTOR VEHICLE
- 32 ADMINISTRATION TO INITIATE AN ACTION, UNDER THE MOTOR VEHICLE LAWS, TO
- 33 SUSPEND THE DRIVING PRIVILEGE OF THE CONVICTED PERSON FOR A SPECIFIED
- 34 PERIOD NOT TO EXCEED 2 YEARS FROM THE DATE OF THE CONVICTION.
- 35 In addition to the penalty provided in subsection (b) of this section, a
- 36 person convicted under this section [may] SHALL be ordered by the court to pay
- 37 restitution to:
- 38 (i) The State, county, LOCAL BOARD OF EDUCATION, municipal
- 39 corporation, bicounty agency, or special taxing district for actual costs, INCLUDING

	SALARIES AND WA		asonably incurred in the search for and removal of any re devices; and
	goods, services, or inc to the representation of		The owner or tenant of a property for the actual value of any as a result of the evacuation of the property in response active device.
6 7	(2) restitution under § 80		osection may not be construed to limit the right of a person to article.
8			<b>Article - Courts and Judicial Proceedings</b>
9	3-804.		
10	(e) The cou	rt does n	ot have jurisdiction over:
13 14	committed by an adu well as all other charge	lt, would ges again	at least 14 years old alleged to have done an act which, if be a crime punishable by death or life imprisonment, as st the child arising out of the same incident, unless an g to the court has been filed under Article 27, § 594A of
	( )	Transport	at least 16 years old alleged to have done an act in violation of tation Article or other traffic law or ordinance, except an fincarceration;
	any provision of law,	rule, or	at least 16 years old alleged to have done an act in violation of regulation governing the use or operation of a boat, penalty of incarceration; or
24	following crimes, as	well as al der remo	at least 16 years old alleged to have committed any of the ll other charges against the child arising out of the same ving the proceeding to the court has been filed under e:
26		(i)	Abduction;
27		(ii)	Kidnapping;
28		(iii)	Second degree murder;
29		(iv)	Manslaughter, except involuntary manslaughter;
30		(v)	Second degree rape;
31		(vi)	Robbery with a dangerous or deadly weapon;
32 33	464A(a)(1) of the Co	(vii) de;	Second degree sexual offense in violation of Article 27, §

1 2	464B(a)(1) of the Coo	(viii) le;	Third de	egree sexual offense in violation of Article 27, §
3	446, or § 481C of the	(ix) Code;	A crime	in violation of Article 27, § 36B, § 373, § 374, § 445, §
5 6	in relation to a drug tr	(x) afficking		vearing, carrying, or transporting of firearm during and violation of Article 27, § 281A of the Code;
7		(xi)	Use of a	firearm in violation of Article 27, § 291A of the Code;
8 9	of the Code;	(xii)	Carjacki	ing or armed carjacking in violation of Article 27, § 348A
10 11	the Code;	(xiii)	Assault	in the first degree in violation of Article 27, § 12A-1 of
12 13	27, § 411A of the Co	(xiv) de;	Attempt	ed murder in the second degree in violation of Article
14 15	degree under Article	(xv) 27, § 464		ed rape or attempted sexual offense in the second Code; [or]
16 17	Article 27, § 488 of t	(xvi) he Code;		ed robbery with a dangerous or deadly weapon under
18 19	OF THE CODE.	(XVII)	A CRIM	IE IN VIOLATION OF ARTICLE 27, § 139C, § 151A, OR § 151C
20	3-820.			
23 24 25	violation specified in to initiate an action, u a child licensed to op	a citation ander the erate a m	ition on a n, the cou motor ve otor vehi	to the provisions of subparagraphs (iii) and (iv) of this a finding that the child has committed the art may order the Motor Vehicle Administration whicle laws, to suspend the driving privilege of the Motor Vehicle Administration for a sonor more than 90 days.
	drive a motor vehicle jurisdiction.	(ii) that is is		aragraph "driver's license" means a license or permit to er the laws of this State or any other
32 33 34	involved the use of a the court may order to	driver's l he Motor w to susp	article 27, icense or Vehicle bend the o	ng a disposition on a finding that the child has , § 400 of the Code specified in a citation that a document purporting to be a driver's license, Administration to initiate an action under the driving privilege of a child licensed to operate a liministration:
36			1.	For a first offense, for 6 months; and

1 2	1 2. For a second or subsequent offense, until the chi years old.	ld is 21
5 6 7	(iv) In making a disposition on a finding that the child has 4 committed a violation under § 26-103 of the Education Article, the court shall order 5 the Motor Vehicle Administration to initiate an action, under the motor vehicle laws, 6 to suspend the driving privilege of a child licensed to operate a motor vehicle by the 7 Motor Vehicle Administration for a specified period of not less than 30 days nor more 8 than 90 days.	
	(v) If a child subject to a suspension under this subsection do hold a license to operate a motor vehicle on the date of the disposition, the suspension shall commence:	es not
12 13	2 1. If the child is at least 16 years of age on the date 3 disposition, on the date of the disposition; or	of the
14 15	2. If the child is younger than 16 years of age on the the disposition, on the date the child reaches the child's 16th birthday.	e date of
16 17	6 (2) In addition to the dispositions under paragraph (1) of this subsection the court also may:	on,
	8 (i) Counsel the child or the parent or both, or order the child 9 participate in an alcohol education or rehabilitation program that is in the best 0 interest of the child;	to
21 22	Impose a civil fine of not more than \$25 for the first violations; or 22 and a civil fine of not more than \$100 for the second and subsequent violations; or	ation
	Order the child to participate in a supervised work programment of the first violation and not more than 40 hours for the second and subsequent violations.	m for
	(3) (i) The provisions of paragraphs (1) and (2) of this subsection of the control of the contro	n do
29 30	(ii) In making a disposition on a finding that the child has committed a violation under Article 27, § 405A of the Code, the court may:	
	1. Counsel the child or the parent or both, or order to participate in a smoking cessation clinic, or other suitable presentation of the hazards associated with tobacco use that is in the best interest of the child;	the child
	2. Impose a civil fine of not more than \$25 for the violation and a civil fine of not more than \$100 for a second or subsequent violation; of or	first

	3. Order the child to participate in a supervised work program for not more than 20 hours for the first violation and not more than 40 hours for a second or subsequent violation.
6 7 8 9	(4) (I) IN MAKING A DISPOSITION ON A FINDING THAT THE CHILD HAS COMMITTED A VIOLATION UNDER ARTICLE 27, § 139C, § 151A, OR § 151C OF THE CODE, THE COURT SHALL ORDER THE MOTOR VEHICLE ADMINISTRATION TO INITIATE AN ACTION, UNDER THE MARYLAND VEHICLE LAW, TO SUSPEND THE DRIVING PRIVILEGES OF A CHILD LICENSED TO OPERATE A MOTOR VEHICLE BY THE MOTOR VEHICLE ADMINISTRATION UNTIL THE CHILD IS 18 YEARS OLD, OR FOR A PERIOD OF 2 YEARS, WHICHEVER IS LONGER.
13 14 15	(II) IF THE CHILD HAS NOT BEEN LICENSED TO OPERATE A MOTOR VEHICLE BY THE MOTOR VEHICLE ADMINISTRATION, THE COURT SHALL ORDER THE MOTOR VEHICLE ADMINISTRATION NOT TO ISSUE A DRIVER'S LICENSE TO THAT CHILD UNTIL THE CHILD IS 18 YEARS OLD, OR FOR A PERIOD OF 2 YEARS FROM THE DATE OF DISPOSITION, WHICHEVER IS LONGER, SUBJECT TO ANY MINIMUM AGE REQUIREMENTS OF THE MOTOR VEHICLE ADMINISTRATION.
17	Article - Transportation
18	16-206.
	(a) (1) The Administration may suspend, revoke, or refuse to issue or renew the license of any resident or the privilege to drive of any nonresident on a showing by its records or other sufficient evidence that the applicant or licensee:
	(i) Has been convicted of moving violations so often as to indicate an intent to disregard the traffic laws and the safety of other persons on the highways;
25 26	(ii) Is an unfit, unsafe, or habitually reckless or negligent driver of a motor vehicle;
27 28	(iii) Has permitted an unlawful or fraudulent use of a license, identification card, or a facsimile of a license or identification card;
	(iv) Has used a license, identification card, or a facsimile of a license or identification card in an unlawful or fraudulent manner, unless the applicant or licensee is subject to the provisions of subsection (c) of this section;
32 33	(v) Has committed an offense in another state that, if committed in this State, would be grounds for suspension or revocation; or
34 35	(vi) Has knowingly made a false certification of required security in any application for a certificate of title or for the registration of a vehicle.
36 37	(2) The Administration may suspend a license to drive of an individual who fails to attend:

1 2	required under § 16-2		A driver improvement program or an alcohol education program subtitle; or
3 4	provided by a politica	(ii) l subdivis	A private alternative program or an alternative program that is sion of this State under § 16-212 of this subtitle.
5 6	(3) § 151C OF THE COD	PURSUA DE, THE	ANT TO A COURT ORDER UNDER ARTICLE 27, § 139D, § 151A, OR ADMINISTRATION:
	LICENSE OR PRIVI COURT; AND	(I) LEGE TO	SHALL INITIATE AN ACTION TO SUSPEND THE DRIVER'S D DRIVE OF AN INDIVIDUAL FOR A TIME SPECIFIED BY THE
10 11	WORK-RESTRICTE	(II) ED PRIVI	MAY ISSUE A WORK-RESTRICTED LICENSE OR ILEGE TO DRIVE.
	` ' ' ' '	initiate ar	t to a court order under § 3-820(d) of the Courts Article, the a action to suspend the driving privilege of a child for
		a license	d subject to a suspension under § 3-820(d) of the Courts to operate a motor vehicle on the date of the court order, e:
18 19	disposition, on the da		If the child is at least 16 years of age on the date of the disposition; or
20 21			If the child is younger than 16 years of age on the date of the ild reaches the child's 16th birthday.
	\ /	all suspe	pt of a notice described under Article 27, § 403(f) of the Code, nd the license of an individual described under Article
25		(i)	For a first offense, for 6 months; and
26 27			For a second or subsequent offense, until the individual is 21 year, whichever is longer.
30 31	subsection does not h individual is found gu that the license is issu	old a lice uilty of a ued, or aft	lividual subject to a suspension under paragraph (3) of this case to operate a motor vehicle on the date that the Code violation, the suspension shall begin on the date ter the individual applies and becomes qualified to lividual's twenty-first birthday, whichever occurs first.
33 34	` '		ministration may modify a suspension under this subsection n or issue a restricted license if:
35 36	education or alcoholic	(i) c prevent	The license is required for the purpose of attending an alcohol ion or treatment program;

1 2	(ii) The child or individual is required to drive a motor vehicle in he course of employment;
	(iii) It finds that the individual's or child's employment would be adversely affected because the individual or child has no reasonable alternative means of transportation to or from a place of employment; or
	(iv) It finds that the individual's or child's education would be adversely affected because the individual or child has no reasonable alternative means of transportation for educational purposes.
11 12	(d) (1) After the Administration refuses to issue a license under this section or after the Administration determines that a suspension should be imposed under subsection (a)(2) of this section, the Administration immediately shall give written notice to the applicant or licensee, and the applicant or licensee may request a hearing as provided in Title 12, Subtitle 2 of this article.
16 17	(2) AFTER THE ADMINISTRATION SUSPENDS THE DRIVER'S LICENSE OR PRIVILEGE TO DRIVE OF AN INDIVIDUAL UNDER SUBSECTION (A)(3) OF THIS SECTION, THE ADMINISTRATION SHALL SEND WRITTEN NOTICE TO THE INDIVIDUAL, INCLUDING NOTICE OF THE INDIVIDUAL'S RIGHT TO CONTEST THE ACCURACY OF THE INFORMATION.
19	(3) ANY CONTEST UNDER THIS SUBSECTION SHALL BE LIMITED TO:
	(I) WHETHER THE ADMINISTRATION HAS MISTAKEN THE IDENTITY OF THE INDIVIDUAL WHOSE LICENSE OR PRIVILEGE TO DRIVE HAS BEEN SUSPENDED; AND
23 24	(II) WHETHER THE INDIVIDUAL MAY BE ISSUED A WORK-RESTRICTED LICENSE OR WORK-RESTRICTED PRIVILEGE TO DRIVE.
	[(2)] (4) Except as otherwise provided in this section, the Administration may suspend or revoke a license under this section only after a hearing under Title 12, Subtitle 2 of this article.
	[(3)] (5) If the Administration determines that there is a likelihood of substantial and immediate danger and harm to the licensee or others if the license is continued pending a hearing, the Administration:
31	(i) Immediately may suspend the license;
32 33	(ii) Within 7 days of a request for a hearing, shall grant the licensee a hearing as provided in Title 12, Subtitle 2 of this article; and
34 35	(iii) After the hearing, render an immediate decision as to whether or not it should continue the suspension or revoke the license.
36 37	SECTION 2. AND BE IT FURTHER ENACTED, That this Act shall take effect October 1, 1998.