# **Department of Legislative Services**

Maryland General Assembly

#### **FISCAL NOTE**

Senate Bill 291 (Senator Haines)

**Budget and Taxation** 

### **Recordation Tax - Payment and Collection**

This bill allows the county tax collectors, rather than the clerks of the courts, to collect recordation taxes beginning in fiscal 1999. In fiscal 1999 only, any county, with the exception of Prince George's, that does not have the clerk of the court collect recordation taxes must remit to the Comptroller a fee equal to the fee that the clerk would otherwise deduct.

The bill is effective July 1, 1998.

# **Fiscal Summary**

**State Effect:** Assuming all counties decide to collect the taxes themselves, general fund revenues could decrease by \$5.0 million in FY 2000. Future year decreases reflect growth in tax collections. Expenditures would not be affected.

(in thousands)	FY 1999	FY 2000	FY 2001	FY 2002	FY 2003
GF Revenues	\$0	(\$5,000)	(\$5,100)	(\$5,200)	(\$5,300)
GF Expenditures	0	0	0	0	0
Net Effect	\$0	(\$5,000)	(\$5,100)	(\$5,200)	(\$5,300)

Note: ( ) - decrease; GF - general funds; FF - federal funds; SF - special funds

**Local Effect:** Revenues could increase by \$5.0 million in FY 2000. Revenues for Charles County could be affected in FY 1999. Expenditures would not be affected.

**Small Business Effect:** None.

### **Fiscal Analysis**

**State Revenues:** Since this is enabling legislation only, revenues will only be affected to the extent that local governments exercise the authority to collect recordation taxes.

The clerks of the circuit courts now collect the county recordation taxes in all counties, except Prince George's, where they are collected by the county director of finance. The clerks of the courts receive fees ranging from 2.5% to 5% for collecting the tax. **Exhibit 1** (attached) shows the amount of taxes collected, the percentages of the fees, and the amount of the fees remitted to the State's general fund for each county in fiscal 1997. Under the provisions of this bill these fees would not be applicable after fiscal 1999, and general funds thus would decrease by \$5.0 million in fiscal 2000. This assumes that all counties decide to collect the recordation taxes and reflects 2% annual growth in recordation tax collections.

**State Expenditures:** While the clerks of the courts would not be collecting the recordation taxes, they still would be responsible for recording the instruments of writing and security agreements. Therefore, it is doubtful that the clerks' workload would decrease by an amount sufficient enough to affect expenditures.

**Local Revenues:** The Department of Legislative Services assumes that all counties would avoid the clerks' fees by having the county collector collect the recordation taxes. Therefore, county revenues would increase cumulatively by \$5.0 million beginning in fiscal 2000.

For fiscal 1999 only, this bill requires any county not using the clerk of the court for collection of recordation taxes to remit to the Comptroller the percentage of fees that the clerk of the court is authorized to deduct from the payment of these taxes. *Maryland Code Annotated* Article 17 § 74(c) provides that fees collected by the clerk of the court in Charles County be used to pay the cost of two-thirds of the salaries and benefits of court reporters for the county's circuit court. If Charles County chooses to allow a collector other than the clerk of the court to receive these fees, then funding for these court reporters could be affected in fiscal 1999.

**Local Expenditures:** The Department of Legislative Services assumes the workload of the county tax collectors would not increase by an amount large enough to affect county expenditures.

**Information Source(s):** Judiciary (Administrative Office of the Courts), Department of Assessments and Taxation, Department of Legislative Services

Hard copy of attachment is available in room 226, Legislative Services Building

**Fiscal Note History:** First Reader - March 15, 1998

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