Unofficial Copy C3 HB 313/97 - ECM 1999 Regular Session 9lr2070 CF 9lr1192

By: Senators Exum, Teitelbaum, Conway, Lawlah, and McFadden

Introduced and read first time: February 5, 1999

Assigned to: Finance

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## A BILL ENTITLED

## 1 AN ACT concerning

## 2 Benefits for Routine Gynecological Care - Obstetric/Gynecologic Providers

- 3 FOR the purpose of requiring certain insurers, nonprofit health service plans, and
- 4 health maintenance organizations that provide certain hospital, medical, or
- 5 surgical benefits to allow a woman to receive routine gynecological care from an
- 6 obstetric/gynecologic provider without requiring the woman to visit a primary
- 7 care provider first under certain circumstances; requiring certain insurers,
- 8 nonprofit health service plans, and health maintenance organizations to allow a
- 9 woman an annual visit to an obstetric/gynecologic provider for routine
- 10 gynecological care without requiring the woman to visit a primary care provider
- first under certain circumstances; providing for the application of this Act;
- providing for the effective dates of this Act; providing for the termination of
- certain provisions of this Act; and generally relating to benefits for routine
- gynecological care provided by obstetric/gynecologic providers.
- 15 BY repealing and reenacting, with amendments,
- 16 Article Insurance
- 17 Section 15-816
- 18 Annotated Code of Maryland
- 19 (1997 Volume and 1998 Supplement)
- 20 BY repealing and reenacting, with amendments,
- 21 Article Health General
- 22 Section 19-706(1)
- 23 Annotated Code of Maryland
- 24 (1996 Replacement Volume and 1998 Supplement)
- 25 BY repealing and reenacting, with amendments,
- 26 Article Health General
- 27 Section 19-706(k)
- 28 Annotated Code of Maryland
- 29 (1996 Replacement Volume and 1998 Supplement)
- 30 (As enacted by Chapter 24 of the Acts of the General Assembly of 1996)

36 read as follows:

1 2	SECTION 1. BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF MARYLAND, That the Laws of Maryland read as follows:						
3	Article - Insurance						
4	15-816.						
5	(a) This section applies to:						
	(1) insurers and nonprofit health service plans that provide hospital, medical, or surgical benefits to individuals or groups on an expense-incurred basis under health insurance policies that are issued or delivered in the State; and						
	(2) health maintenance organizations that provide hospital, medical, or surgical benefits to individuals or groups under contracts that are issued or delivered 1 in the State.						
12	(b) An entity subject to this section:						
13 14	(1) shall classify an obstetrician/gynecologist as a primary care provider; or						
17	5 (2) if the obstetrician/gynecologist chooses not to be a primary care 6 provider, shall allow a woman to receive routine gynecological care from an 7 in-network obstetrician/gynecologist OR OBSTETRIC/GYNECOLOGIC PROVIDER 8 without requiring the woman to visit a primary care provider first, if:						
19	(i) the care is medically necessary, including care that is routine;						
22	(ii) after each visit for gynecological care, the obstetrician/gynecologist OR OBSTETRIC/GYNECOLOGIC PROVIDER communicates with the woman's primary care provider about any diagnosis or treatment rendered; and						
	(iii) the obstetrician/gynecologist OR OBSTETRIC/GYNECOLOGIC PROVIDER confers with the primary care provider before performing any diagnostic procedure that is not routine gynecological care rendered during an annual visit.						
28 29 30 31 32 33	(c) If an entity subject to this section classifies an obstetrician/gynecologist as a primary care provider as provided in subsection (b) of this section, and a woman does not choose an obstetrician/gynecologist as the woman's primary care provider, the entity shall allow the woman an annual visit to an in-network obstetrician/gynecologist OR OBSTETRIC/GYNECOLOGIC PROVIDER for routine gynecological care without requiring the woman to visit the woman's primary care provider first, whether or not the primary care provider is qualified to and regularly does provide routine gynecological care.						
35	SECTION 2. AND BE IT FURTHER ENACTED. That the Laws of Maryland						

## SENATE BILL 358

1	Article - Health - General						
2	19-706.						
3	(1)	(1)	A health	n mainten	nance organization shall:		
4 5	physician; or	r	(i)	Classify	an obstetrician/gynecologist as a primary care		
8	(ii) If the obstetrician/gynecologist chooses not to be a primary care physician, permit a woman to receive gynecological care from an in-network obstetrician/gynecologist OR OBSTETRIC/GYNECOLOGIC PROVIDER without requiring the woman to first visit a primary care provider, provided that:						
10 11	to, care that	is routine	e;	1.	The care is medically necessary, including, but not limited		
14	2. Following each visit for gynecological care, the obstetrician/gynecologist OR OBSTETRIC/GYNECOLOGIC PROVIDER communicates with the woman's primary care physician concerning any diagnosis or treatment rendered; and						
18	3. The obstetrician/gynecologist OR OBSTETRIC/GYNECOLOGIC PROVIDER confers with the primary care physician before performing any diagnostic procedure that is not routine gynecological care rendered during an annual visit.						
22 23 24 25 26 27	(2) If a health maintenance organization classifies an obstetrician/gynecologist as a primary care physician as provided under paragraph (1) of this subsection, and a woman does not choose an obstetrician/gynecologist as her primary care provider, the health maintenance organization shall permit the woman to receive an annual visit to an in-network obstetrician/gynecologist OR OBSTETRIC/GYNECOLOGIC PROVIDER for routine gynecological care without requiring the woman to first visit her primary care provider, whether or not the primary care provider is qualified to and regularly provides routine gynecological care.						
29 30	SECTION 3. AND BE IT FURTHER ENACTED, That the Laws of Maryland read as follows:						
31					Article - Health - General		
32	9-706.						
33	(k)	(1)	A health	n mainten	nance organization shall:		
34 35	physician; o	or	(i)	Classify	an obstetrician/gynecologist as a primary care		

- **SENATE BILL 358** 1 If the obstetrician/gynecologist chooses not to be a primary care (ii) 2 physician, permit a woman to receive gynecological care from an in-network 3 obstetrician/gynecologist OR OBSTETRIC/GYNECOLOGIC PROVIDER without requiring 4 the woman to first visit a primary care provider, provided that: 1. The care is medically necessary, including, but not limited 6 to, care that is routine; 7 Following each visit for gynecological care, the 2. 8 obstetrician/gynecologist OR OBSTETRIC/GYNECOLOGIC PROVIDER communicates 9 with the woman's primary care physician concerning any diagnosis or treatment 10 rendered; and 11 3. The obstetrician/gynecologist OR 12 OBSTETRIC/GYNECOLOGIC PROVIDER confers with the primary care physician before 13 performing any diagnostic procedure that is not routine gynecological care rendered 14 during an annual visit. 15 If a health maintenance organization classifies an (2) 16 obstetrician/gynecologist as a primary care physician as provided under paragraph (1) 17 of this subsection, and a woman does not choose an obstetrician/gynecologist as her 18 primary care provider, the health maintenance organization shall permit the woman 19 to receive an annual visit to an in-network obstetrician/gynecologist OR 20 OBSTETRIC/GYNECOLOGIC PROVIDER for routine gynecological care without 21 requiring the woman to first visit her primary care provider, whether or not the 22 primary care provider is qualified to and regularly provides routine gynecological 23 care. 24 SECTION 4. AND BE IT FURTHER ENACTED, That this Act shall apply to all policies, contracts, and health benefits plans issued, delivered, or renewed in the 26 State on or after October 1, 1999. 27 SECTION 5. AND BE IT FURTHER ENACTED, That Section 3 of this Act shall
- 28 take effect on the taking effect of the termination provision specified in Section 2 of
- 29 Chapter 24 of the Acts of the General Assembly of 1996. If that termination provision
- 30 takes effect, Section 2 of this Act shall be void. This Act may not be interpreted to
- 31 have any effect on that termination provision.
- 32 SECTION 6. AND BE IT FURTHER ENACTED, That, subject to the provisions
- 33 of Section 5 of this Act, this Act shall take effect October 1, 1999.