Department of Legislative Services

Maryland General Assembly 1999 Session

FISCAL NOTE

House Bill 624 (Delegates Walkup and D'Amato)

Environmental Matters

Dumping of Dredge Spoil - Prohibitions

This bill prohibits the dumping, depositing, or scattering of any earth, rock, soil, waste matter, muck, or other material excavated or dredged from the Chesapeake Bay or its tidal tributaries into or onto the area of the bottomlands or waters known as Site 104. The bill also prohibits the dumping, depositing, or scattering of any such material into or onto the area of the bottomlands or waters of the Chesapeake Bay except within a five mile radius of Pooles Island.

Fiscal Summary

State Effect: Potential significant increase in State expenditures.

Local Effect: None.

Small Business Effect: Potential meaningful.

Fiscal Analysis

Background: The Hart-Miller Island Dredged Material Containment Facility, located off the coast of Baltimore County, is used for the redeposit of dredge spoil from dredging operations in Baltimore Harbor.

The facility is divided into a north cell and a south cell. The south cell has been filled to its maximum planned height of 28 feet and plans are now being implemented to turn it into a park and recreation site. On June 5, 1996, the Board of Public Works modified the license for filling the north cell to authorize the Maryland Port Administration to fill it to a maximum of 44 feet. The license also provides this filling may not continue beyond the year 2009

"without authorization by the Maryland General Assembly and Board of Public Works."

Plans for developing the island into a park and recreation facility have been in the works for the past few years. In fact, a memorandum of understanding already exists. Currently, the plan calls for the Department of Natural Resources to operate the facility as a park and recreation facility when it is completed.

Chapters 573 and 574 of 1997 codified the status quo in the south cell and the limits recently placed on the north cell by the Board of Public Works. The Acts prohibit the height of dredged material deposited in the Hart-Miller Island Dredged Material Containment Facility from reaching 44 feet above mean low water in the north cell and 28 feet above mean low water in the south cell, as well as the deposit of any dredge spoil on or after January 1, 2010.

State Effect: The bill could result in a delay in implementing the upper bay placement option of the Governor's Strategic Plan for Dredged Material Management because it would eliminate the option of dumping some dredged material in open water. Specifically, it would eliminate one open water site, known as "Site 104", currently being considered by both the Maryland Port Administration and the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers.

Currently, material dredged from the upper bay and Baltimore Harbor is placed at Hart-Miller Island and the Pooles Island open water site. Currently, the Pooles Island site is the only open water deposit site in use. Another containment facility is under construction on Poplar Island and is expected to be operational by the fall of 1999. In order to get the maximum use and life expectancy out of both the Hart-Miller Island and Poplar Island facilities, the Port Administration advises that another facility is needed as the amount of material that needs to be dredged exceeds the planned dredging and redeposit schedule.

Site 104 is being considered as a short-term placement option that would hold up to 18 million cubic yards (mcy) of clean dredged material from the upper bay. All contaminated material and material from Baltimore Harbor is required to be placed at Hart-Miller Island. According to the Port Administration, another facility able to hold clean material would help extend the life of Hart-Miller Island and also allow for a reasonable inflow schedule at Poplar Island when it becomes operational.

If Site 104 is not an option, the Port Administration could have to locate another site for the placement of dredged material. This would increase costs by an indeterminate amount. The Port Administration advises that based on current data, site evaluations could cost at least \$250,000 per site assessment. In addition, transportation costs for dredged material are estimated as follows: \$.10 per mile x the number of miles from the channels x the holding

capacity of the facility. As a result, the farther a future site is from the upper bay channels, the higher the transportation costs.

Small Business Effect: If dredged material containment sites are not found within the next ten years, dredging in the bay could be limited as there will be fewer sites on which to redeposit the spoil. This could result in the loss of cargo ships that can enter Baltimore Harbor. To the extent that this happens, any small business relying on the port for economic activity will be impacted.

Information Source(s): Maryland Department of the Environment, Maryland Department of Transportation (Port Administration), Department of Legislative Services

Fiscal Note History: First Reader - March 11, 1999

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