Unofficial Copy E2 2000 Regular Session 0lr1050 CF 0lr1049

By: Delegate Doory (Committee to Revise Article 27) and Delegates Getty, Arnick, and Menes

Introduced and read first time: January 19, 2000

Assigned to: Judiciary

A BILL ENTITLED

1 AN ACT concerning

2 Criminal Procedure - Accessories Before the Fact - Abrogation

- 3 FOR the purpose of abrogating the distinction between an accessory before the fact
- 4 and a principal in a crime under certain circumstances; allowing an accessory
- 5 before the fact to be charged, tried and convicted, and sentenced as a principal;
- 6 providing that an accessory before the fact may be charged, tried and convicted,
- 7 and sentenced for a crime regardless of certain proceedings or dispositions
- 8 concerning a principal in the crime; allowing an accessory before the fact to be
- 9 charged, tried and convicted, and sentenced in any county where the act of
- accessoryship occurred or where a principal in the crime may be charged, tried
- and convicted, and sentenced; altering certain provisions concerning accessories
- before the fact; defining certain terms; providing that certain notes contained in
- this Act are not law; and generally relating to accessories before the fact.
- 14 BY repealing and reenacting, with amendments,
- 15 Article 27 Crimes and Punishments
- 16 Section 586A and 587
- 17 Annotated Code of Maryland
- 18 (1996 Replacement Volume and 1999 Supplement)
- 19 BY adding to
- 20 Article 27 Crimes and Punishments
- 21 Section 592A
- 22 Annotated Code of Maryland
- 23 (1996 Replacement Volume and 1999 Supplement)
- 24 SECTION 1. BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF
- 25 MARYLAND, That the Laws of Maryland read as follows:

1

Article 27 - Crimes and Punishments

- 2 586A.
- 3 If any person be feloniously stricken or poisoned in one county, and die of the
- 4 same stroke or poison in another county within one year thereafter, the offender shall
- 5 be tried in the court within whose jurisdiction such county lies where the stroke or
- 6 poison was given; and in like manner an accessory AFTER THE FACT to murder or
- 7 felony committed shall be tried by the court within whose jurisdiction such person
- 8 became accessory.
- 9 COMMITTEE NOTE (COMMITTEE TO REVISE ARTICLE 27): See § 592A of
- 10 this article for current provisions concerning accessories before the fact.
- 11 587.
- 12 If a person be feloniously stricken or poisoned on the waters of the Chesapeake
- 13 Bay, and not within the body of any county, and within one year thereafter die of the
- 14 same stroke or poison within any county of this State; or if any person be feloniously
- 15 stricken or poisoned in any county of this State, and within one year thereafter die of
- 16 the same stroke or poison on the waters of the Chesapeake Bay, and not within the
- 17 body of any county, the offender, his aiders, abettors and comforters, or any [person]
- 18 accessory [thereto] AFTER THE FACT, shall be tried in the court within whose
- 19 jurisdiction such county lies where the death happened, or the stroke or poison was
- 20 given.
- 21 COMMITTEE NOTE (COMMITTEE TO REVISE ARTICLE 27): See § 592A of
- 22 this article for current provisions concerning accessories before the fact.
- 23 592A.
- 24 (A) IN THIS SECTION, THE WORDS "ACCESSORY BEFORE THE FACT" AND
- 25 "PRINCIPAL" HAVE THEIR JUDICIALLY DETERMINED MEANINGS.
- 26 (B) EXCEPT FOR A SENTENCING PROCEEDING UNDER § 413 OF THIS ARTICLE:
- 27 (1) THE DISTINCTION BETWEEN AN ACCESSORY BEFORE THE FACT AND
- 28 A PRINCIPAL IS ABROGATED; AND
- 29 (2) AN ACCESSORY BEFORE THE FACT MAY BE CHARGED, TRIED AND
- 30 CONVICTED, AND SENTENCED AS A PRINCIPAL.
- 31 (C) AN ACCESSORY BEFORE THE FACT MAY BE CHARGED, TRIED AND
- 32 CONVICTED, AND SENTENCED FOR A CRIME REGARDLESS OF WHETHER A PRINCIPAL
- 33 IN THE CRIME HAS BEEN:
- 34 (1) CHARGED WITH THE CRIME;
- 35 (2) ACQUITTED OF THE CRIME; OR
- 36 (3) CONVICTED OF A LESSER OR DIFFERENT CRIME.

- 1 (D) IF A CRIME IS COMMITTED IN THE STATE, AN ACCESSORY BEFORE THE 2 FACT MAY BE CHARGED, TRIED AND CONVICTED, AND SENTENCED IN ANY COUNTY 3 WHERE:
- 4 (1) AN ACT OF ACCESSORYSHIP WAS COMMITTED; OR
- 5 (2) A PRINCIPAL IN THE CRIME MAY BE CHARGED, TRIED AND 6 CONVICTED, AND SENTENCED.
- 7 COMMITTEE NOTE (COMMITTEE TO REVISE ARTICLE 27): This section
- 8 abolishes the common law distinctions between an accessory before the fact and a
- 9 principal, with the exception of death penalty sentencing proceedings.
- Subsection (b)(2) of this section which allows an accessory to be charged as a
- 11 principal alters the common law in this regard. See e.g., State v. Sowell, 353 Md. 713,
- 12 728 A.2d 712 (1999). Maryland Rule 4-241 allows a defendant to demand a bill of
- 13 particulars from the State. This rule is intended to provide the defendant with
- 14 sufficient information concerning the State's case in order that the defendant can
- 15 prepare a defense. The Committee to Revise Article 27 believes that use of this rule
- 16 along with any necessary judicial enforcement when the State fails to comply with the
- 17 rule will provide sufficient notice to a defendant of the State's case.
- Subsection (c) of this section codifies current law in the State regarding trial of
- 19 an accessory without regard to any charges or judgments concerning a principal in
- 20 the crime. See e.g., Jones v. State, 302 Md. 153, 486 A.2d 184 (1985); Lewis v. State,
- 21 285 Md. 705, 404 A.2d 1073 (1979).
- 22 Subsection (d) of this section alters the common law rule that provided that an
- 23 accessory before the fact may only be tried in the jurisdiction where the act of
- 24 accessoryship (*i.e.*, the aiding, counseling, commanding, or encouraging of the crime)
- 25 occurred. Under this statute, an accessory before the fact may be tried in either the
- 26 jurisdiction where the act of accessoryship occurred or in a jurisdiction where a
- 27 principal in the crime may be tried. It is not intended to expand venue or jurisdiction
- 28 concerning a principal in the crime. It is further not intended to alter any laws
- 29 concerning changes in venue.
- 30 SECTION 2. AND BE IT FURTHER ENACTED, That the Committee Notes
- 31 contained in this Act are not law.
- 32 SECTION 3. AND BE IT FURTHER ENACTED, That this Act shall take effect
- 33 October 1, 2000.