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By: Delegate Busch Introduced and read first time: February 11, 2000 Assigned to: Economic Matters Committee Report: Favorable House action: Adopted Read second time: March 14, 2000			
			CHAPTER
1 AN ACT concerning			
2 Insurance - Regulation of Extraordinary Dividends and Distributions			
FOR the purpose of altering the circumstances under which a dividend or distribution of cash or other property to shareholders by certain insurers is considered extraordinary; providing that certain insurers may not pay an extraordinary dividend or make an extraordinary distribution except under certain circumstances; clarifying that certain provisions regulating transactions within insurance holding company systems apply to certain insurers; defining a certain term; providing for the application of this Act; and generally relating to dividends and distributions by insurers.			
11 BY repealing and reenacting, with amendments, 12 Article - Insurance 13 Section 7-701 and 7-706 14 Annotated Code of Maryland 15 (1997 Volume and 1999 Supplement)			
16 SECTION 1. BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF 17 MARYLAND, That the Laws of Maryland read as follows:			
18 Article - Insurance			
19 7-701.			

THIS SUBTITLE APPLIES TO INSURERS THAT ARE SUBJECT TO

21 REGISTRATION UNDER SUBTITLE 6 OF THIS TITLE.

3	(B) This subtitle does not authorize an insurer that is a member of an insurance holding company system to enter into a transaction that otherwise would be contrary to law for an insurer that is not a member of the same insurance holding company system.
5	7-706.
8	[(a) (1) In this section, "earned surplus" means the part of surplus that, after deduction of all losses, represents the net earnings, gains, or profits that have not been distributed to shareholders as dividends, transferred to stated capital, transferred to capital surplus, or applied to other purposes allowed by law.
10 11	(2) In this section, "earned surplus" does not include unrealized capital gains or reevaluation of assets.
	(b) Except as provided in subsection (c) of this section, in determining whether an extraordinary dividend or extraordinary distribution exists under this section, an insurer shall:
15 16	(1) exclude pro rata distributions of any class of the insurer's own securities; and
	(2) include any dividend or distribution of cash or other property with a fair market value that, when combined with the fair market value of other dividends and distributions made in the preceding 12 months:
20 21	(i) exceeds 10% of the insurer's surplus as regards policyholders as of the December 31 immediately preceding; or
	(ii) for an insurance subsidiary of the Medical Mutual Liability Insurance Society of Maryland, exceeds 5% of the insurer's surplus as regards policyholders as of the December 31 immediately preceding.
25	(c) (1) This subsection only applies to an insurer that:
26 27	(i) has an earned surplus that exceeds 10% of its surplus as regards policyholders as of the December 31 immediately preceding; and
30	(ii) in the immediately preceding calendar year has more than 75% of its gross direct written premium in homeowners insurance, private passenger automobile liability insurance, and private passenger automobile physical damage insurance.
	(2) In determining whether an extraordinary dividend or extraordinary distribution exists under this section, an insurer described in paragraph (1) of this subsection shall:
35 36	(i) exclude pro rata distributions of any class of the insurer's own securities; and

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3	(ii) include any dividend or distribution of cash or other property, not exceeding the amount of the insurer's earned surplus, with a fair market value that, when combined with the fair market value of other dividends and distributions made in the preceding 12 months, exceeds the greater of:
5 6	1. 10% of the insurer's surplus as regards policyholders as of the December 31 immediately preceding; and
	2. for the immediately preceding calendar year, the net gain from operation of an insurer that is a life insurer or the net income of an insurer other than a life insurer.
12	(d) Before paying an extraordinary dividend or making an extraordinary distribution, an insurer subject to registration under Subtitle 6 of this title shall notify the Commissioner of its intent to pay the extraordinary dividend or make the extraordinary distribution.
	(e) The insurer shall notify the Commissioner under subsection (d) of this section at least 30 days before the extraordinary dividend is to be paid or the extraordinary distribution is to be made.
19	(f) The insurer may pay an extraordinary dividend or make an extraordinary distribution to its shareholders only if, within 30 days after the Commissioner receives the notice, the Commissioner either approves the payment or distribution, or does not disapprove the payment or distribution.]
23 24	(A) IN THIS SECTION, "EXTRAORDINARY DIVIDEND" OR "EXTRAORDINARY DISTRIBUTION" INCLUDES ANY DIVIDEND OR DISTRIBUTION OF CASH OR OTHER PROPERTY WITH A FAIR MARKET VALUE, THAT WHEN COMBINED WITH THE FAIR MARKET VALUE OF ANY OTHER DIVIDENDS OR DISTRIBUTIONS MADE IN THE PRECEDING 12 MONTHS EXCEEDS THE LESSER OF:
26 27	(1) 10% OF THE INSURER'S SURPLUS AS REGARDS POLICYHOLDERS AS OF DECEMBER 31 OF THE PRECEDING YEAR; OR
28 29	(2) (I) FOR A LIFE INSURER, THE NET GAIN FROM OPERATIONS OF THE INSURER NOT INCLUDING:
30 31	1. REALIZED CAPITAL GAINS FOR THE 12-MONTH PERIOD ENDING DECEMBER 31 OF THE PRECEDING YEAR; AND
32 33	2. PRO RATA DISTRIBUTIONS OF ANY CLASS OF THE INSURER'S OWN SECURITIES; OR
34 35	(II) FOR AN INSURER THAT IS NOT A LIFE INSURER, THE NET INCOME OF THE INSURER NOT INCLUDING:
36 37	1. REALIZED CAPITAL GAINS FOR THE 12-MONTH PERIOD ENDING DECEMBER 31 OF THE PRECEDING YEAR; AND

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1 PRO RATA DISTRIBUTIONS OF ANY CLASS OF THE 2 INSURER'S OWN SECURITIES. 3 (B) (1)IN DETERMINING WHETHER A DIVIDEND OR DISTRIBUTION IS 4 EXTRAORDINARY UNDER THIS SECTION, AN INSURER THAT IS NOT A LIFE INSURER 5 MAY CARRY FORWARD NET INCOME FROM THE 2 CALENDAR YEARS PRIOR TO THE 6 PRECEDING CALENDAR YEAR THAT HAS NOT ALREADY BEEN PAID OUT AS 7 DIVIDENDS. THE AMOUNT CARRIED FORWARD UNDER PARAGRAPH (1) OF THIS 8 (2)9 SUBSECTION SHALL BE COMPUTED BY TAKING THE NET INCOME FROM THE 2 10 CALENDAR YEARS PRIOR TO THE PRECEDING CALENDAR YEAR: 11 (I) NOT INCLUDING REALIZED CAPITAL GAINS; AND 12 (II)MINUS DIVIDENDS PAID IN THE PRECEDING 2 CALENDAR 13 YEARS. 14 (C) A DOMESTIC INSURER MAY NOT PAY AN EXTRAORDINARY DIVIDEND OR 15 MAKE ANY OTHER EXTRAORDINARY DISTRIBUTION TO ITS SHAREHOLDERS UNLESS: THE INSURER PROVIDES NOTICE OF THE DECLARATION TO THE (1) 17 COMMISSIONER AT LEAST 30 DAYS BEFORE THE DECLARATION IS MADE; AND THE COMMISSIONER HAS APPROVED OR NOT DISAPPROVED THE 18 (2) 19 DECLARATION WITHIN THE 30 DAYS FOLLOWING NOTICE. 20 Notwithstanding any other provision of law, an insurer [subject [(g)](D) (1) 21 to registration under Subtitle 6 of this title] may declare an extraordinary dividend or 22 extraordinary distribution conditioned on the Commissioner's approval. 23 A conditional declaration confers no rights on shareholders unless, 24 within 30 days after the Commissioner receives the notice under subsection [(d)] (C) 25 of this section, the Commissioner either approves the payment or distribution, or does 26 not disapprove the payment or distribution. SECTION 2. AND BE IT FURTHER ENACTED, That this Act applies to 27 28 dividends or distributions declared and paid on or after January 1, 2001. SECTION 3. AND BE IT FURTHER ENACTED, That this Act shall take effect 30 October 1, 2000.