Unofficial Copy I4 2000 Regular Session (0lr1478)

ENROLLED BILL

-- Finance/Economic Matters --

Introduced by Senators Miller, Bromwell, Middleton, Teitelbaum, and Hogan

Read and Examined by Proofreaders:

Proofreader.

Proofreader.

Sealed with the Great Seal and presented to the Governor, for his approval this _____ day of ______ at _____ o'clock, ____M.

President.

CHAPTER_____

1 AN ACT concerning

2

Maryland Uniform Computer Information Transactions Act

3 FOR the purpose of adopting the Maryland Uniform Computer Information

- 4 Transactions Act; specifying that provisions of certain consumer protection laws
- 5 apply to certain consumer contracts; specifying that provisions of law granting
- 6 *jurisdiction over a person in a cause of action include certain computer*
- 7 *information and computer information transactions;* establishing certain
- 8 provisions of law applicable to agreements to create, modify, transfer, or
- 9 distribute computer software, computer data and databases, Internet and online
- 10 information, and certain other computer information and products under certain
- 11 circumstances; establishing certain provisions of law applicable to licensing of
- 12 computer information under certain circumstances; establishing certain
- 13 provisions of law applicable to electronic commerce and commercial transactions
- 14 carried out electronically or over the Internet under certain circumstances;
- 15 authorizing parties to an agreement within the scope of this Act to expressly
- agree that certain provisions of this Act do not apply to the agreement;
- 17 prohibiting parties to an agreement within the scope of this Act from agreeing

1 that certain provisions of this Act do not apply to the agreement; providing that 2 certain federal and State laws override the provisions of this Act; providing that 3 this Act overrides certain provisions of State law; establishing certain choice of 4 law and choice of forum provisions for legal disputes within the scope of this Act 5 under certain circumstances; establishing certain provisions of law recognizing the legal existence of and the actions of computers programmed by individuals 6 7 to act as electronic agents; establishing certain provisions of law governing the 8 formation of an agreement within the scope of this Act; establishing certain 9 provisions of law that a court is required to use in interpreting an agreement or a term contained in an agreement: establishing certain provisions of law that a 10 court is required to use in interpreting whether a valid agreement or valid term 11 12 contained in an agreement exists within the scope of this Act; creating certain 13 warranties that are applicable to agreements to create, modify, transfer, 14 distribute, or license computer software, computer data and databases, Internet 15 and online information, and certain other computer information and products 16 under certain circumstances; making the warranties created under this Act 17 available to an individual who is a party to an agreement within the scope of 18 this Act and to certain other individuals; establishing provisions for the 19 disclaimer or modification of certain warranties created by this Act under 20 certain circumstances; establishing provisions of law applicable to the 21 ownership and transfer rights of parties to an agreement to sell or license 22 computer information within the scope of this Act; establishing provisions of law 23 applicable to financing the sale or license of computer information within the 24 scope of this Act; establishing provisions of law applicable to the parties' performance of obligations under an agreement within the scope of this Act; 25 26 specifying certain circumstances excusing or terminating the parties' 27 performance of obligations under an agreement within the scope of this Act; 28 establishing provisions of law applicable to actions by a party sufficient to 29 constitute a breach or material breach of an agreement within the scope of this 30 Act; specifying the remedies available to an aggrieved party as the result of the 31 breach or material breach of an agreement within the scope of this Act; defining 32 certain terms; providing that this Act does not affect certain requirements of the 33 digital signature pilot program; making provisions of this Act severable; 34 providing that this Act does not impair any existing obligation or contract right; 35 providing for the prospective application of this Act; establishing a Joint Oversight Committee on Technology; providing for the membership and duties 36 of the Joint Committee; providing for the effective dates of this Act; providing for 37 the termination of a portion of this Act; and generally relating to agreements 38 39 created electronically or through the Internet, agreements to create, modify, 40 transfer, distribute, and license computer information, and certain other matters within the scope of the Maryland Uniform Computer Information 41 42 Transactions Act.

- 43 BY repealing and reenacting, with amendments,
- 44 Article Commercial Law
- 45 Section 13-101(c)
- 46 Annotated Code of Maryland
- 47 (1990 Replacement Volume and 1999 Supplement)

1 BY adding to

2 Article - Commercial Law

- 3 Section 13-101.1; 21-101 through 21-114, inclusive, to be under the new subtitle "Subtitle 1. General Provisions; Short Title and Definitions; 4 5 General Scope and Terms"; 21-201 through 21 215 21-216, inclusive, to be under the new subtitle "Subtitle 2. Formation and Terms; Formation of a 6 Contract; Terms of Records; Electronic Contracts: Generally"; 21-301 7 8 through 21-309, inclusive, to be under the new subtitle "Subtitle 3. 9 Construction; General; Interpretation"; 21-401 through 21-409, inclusive, to be under the new subtitle "Subtitle 4. Warranties"; 21-501 through 10 21-511, inclusive, to be under the new subtitle "Subtitle 5. Transfer of 11 Interests and Rights; Ownership and Transfers; Financing Arrangements"; 12 21-601 through 21-618, inclusive, to be under the new subtitle "Subtitle 6. 13 Performance; General; Performance in Delivery of Copies; Special Types of 14 Contracts; Loss and Impossibility; Termination"; 21-701 through 21-710, 15 16 inclusive, to be under the new subtitle "Subtitle 7. Breach of Contract; 17 General; Defective Copies; Repudiation and Assurances"; 21-801 through 21-816, inclusive, to be under the new subtitle "Subtitle 8. Remedies; 18 19 General; Damages; Remedies Related to Performance" and the new title 20 "Title 21. Maryland Uniform Computer Information Transactions Act" 21 Annotated Code of Maryland 22 (1990 Replacement Volume and 1999 Supplement) 23 BY repealing and reenacting, with amendments, Article - Courts and Judicial Proceedings 24 25 Section 6-103
- 26 Annotated Code of Maryland
- 27 (1998 Replacement Volume and 1999 Supplement)
- 28 SECTION 1. BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF
- 29 MARYLAND, That the Laws of Maryland read as follows:

30			Article - Commercial Law
31	<u>13-101.</u>		
32 33	(c) (1) recipient of cons		mer" means an actual or prospective purchaser, lessee, or consumer services, consumer realty, or consumer credit.
34	<u>(2)</u>	"Consu	imer" includes:
35		<u>(I)</u>	[a] A co-obligor or surety for a consumer[.]; OR
36		<u>(II)</u>	A LICENSEE OR RECIPIENT OF COMPUTER INFORMATION OR

37 COMPUTER PROGRAMS UNDER A CONSUMER CONTRACT AS DEFINED IN § 21-102 OF

38 THIS ARTICLE.

1 <u>13-101.1.</u>

 2 <u>THE PROVISIONS OF THIS TITLE APPLY TO THE SUBJECT MATTER OF A</u> 3 <u>CONSUMER CONTRACT AS DEFINED IN § 21-102 OF THIS ARTICLE IN THE SAME</u> 4 <u>MANNER THEY APPLY TO CONSUMER GOODS AND CONSUMER SERVICES.</u> 	
5 TITLE 21. MARYLAND UNIFORM COMPUTER INFORMATION TRANSACTIONS ACT.	
 SUBTITLE 1. GENERAL PROVISIONS; SHORT TITLE AND DEFINITIONS; GENERAL SCOPE AND TERMS. 	
8 SHORT TITLE AND DEFINITIONS.	
9 21-101. SHORT TITLE.	
10 THIS TITLE MAY BE CITED AS THE MARYLAND UNIFORM COMPUTER 11 INFORMATION TRANSACTIONS ACT.	
12 21-102. DEFINITIONS.	
13 (A) IN THIS TITLE:	
 14 (1) "ACCESS CONTRACT" MEANS A CONTRACT TO OBTAIN BY 15 ELECTRONIC MEANS ACCESS TO, OR INFORMATION FROM, AN INFORMATION 16 PROCESSING SYSTEM OF ANOTHER PERSON, OR THE EQUIVALENT OF SUCH ACCESS. 	
 17 (2) "ACCESS MATERIAL" MEANS ANY INFORMATION OR MATERIAL, SUCH 18 AS A DOCUMENT, ADDRESS, OR ACCESS CODE, THAT IS NECESSARY TO OBTAIN 19 AUTHORIZED ACCESS TO INFORMATION OR CONTROL OR POSSESSION OF A COPY. 	
20 (3) "AGGRIEVED PARTY" MEANS A PARTY ENTITLED TO A REMEDY FOR 21 BREACH OF CONTRACT.	
 (4) "AGREEMENT" MEANS THE BARGAIN OF THE PARTIES IN FACT AS FOUND IN THEIR LANGUAGE OR BY IMPLICATION FROM OTHER CIRCUMSTANCES, INCLUDING COURSE OF PERFORMANCE, COURSE OF DEALING, AND USAGE OF TRADE AS PROVIDED IN THIS TITLE. 	
 (5) "ATTRIBUTION PROCEDURE" MEANS A PROCEDURE TO VERIFY THAT AN ELECTRONIC AUTHENTICATION, DISPLAY, MESSAGE, RECORD, OR PERFORMANCE IS THAT OF A PARTICULAR PERSON OR TO DETECT CHANGES OR ERRORS IN INFORMATION. THE TERM INCLUDES A PROCEDURE THAT REQUIRES THE USE OF ALGORITHMS OR OTHER CODES, IDENTIFYING WORDS OR NUMBERS, ENCRYPTION, OR CALLBACK OR OTHER ACKNOWLEDGMENT. 	
32 (6) "AUTHENTICATE" MEANS:	
33 (A) TO SIGN; OR	

(B) WITH THE INTENT TO SIGN A RECORD, OTHERWISE TO
 2 EXECUTE OR ADOPT AN ELECTRONIC SYMBOL, SOUND, MESSAGE, OR PROCESS
 3 REFERRING TO, ATTACHED TO, INCLUDED IN, OR LOGICALLY ASSOCIATED OR
 4 LINKED WITH THAT RECORD.

5 (7) "AUTOMATED TRANSACTION" MEANS A TRANSACTION IN WHICH A
6 CONTRACT IS FORMED IN WHOLE OR PART BY ELECTRONIC ACTIONS OF ONE OR
7 BOTH PARTIES WHICH ARE NOT PREVIOUSLY REVIEWED BY AN INDIVIDUAL IN THE
8 ORDINARY COURSE.

9 (8) "CANCELLATION" MEANS THE ENDING OF A CONTRACT BY A PARTY 10 BECAUSE OF BREACH OF CONTRACT BY ANOTHER PARTY.

(9) "COMPUTER" MEANS AN ELECTRONIC DEVICE THAT ACCEPTS
 INFORMATION IN DIGITAL OR SIMILAR FORM AND MANIPULATES IT FOR A RESULT
 BASED ON A SEQUENCE OF INSTRUCTIONS.

(10) "COMPUTER INFORMATION" MEANS INFORMATION IN ELECTRONIC
FORM WHICH IS OBTAINED FROM OR THROUGH THE USE OF A COMPUTER OR WHICH
IS IN A FORM CAPABLE OF BEING PROCESSED BY A COMPUTER. THE TERM INCLUDES
A COPY OF THE INFORMATION AND ANY DOCUMENTATION OR PACKAGING
ASSOCIATED WITH THE COPY.

(11) "COMPUTER INFORMATION TRANSACTION" MEANS AN AGREEMENT
 OR THE PERFORMANCE OF IT TO CREATE, MODIFY, TRANSFER, OR LICENSE
 COMPUTER INFORMATION OR INFORMATIONAL RIGHTS IN COMPUTER
 INFORMATION. THE TERM INCLUDES A SUPPORT CONTRACT UNDER § 21-612 OF THIS
 TITLE. THE TERM DOES NOT INCLUDE A TRANSACTION MERELY BECAUSE THE
 PARTIES' AGREEMENT PROVIDES THAT THEIR COMMUNICATIONS ABOUT THE
 TRANSACTION WILL BE IN THE FORM OF COMPUTER INFORMATION.

(12) "COMPUTER PROGRAM" MEANS A SET OF STATEMENTS OR
INSTRUCTIONS TO BE USED DIRECTLY OR INDIRECTLY IN A COMPUTER TO BRING
ABOUT A CERTAIN RESULT. THE TERM DOES NOT INCLUDE SEPARATELY
IDENTIFIABLE INFORMATIONAL CONTENT.

30 (13) "CONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGES":

(A) RESULTING FROM BREACH OF CONTRACT INCLUDES (I) ANY
 LOSS RESULTING FROM GENERAL OR PARTICULAR REQUIREMENTS AND NEEDS OF
 WHICH THE BREACHING PARTY AT THE TIME OF CONTRACTING HAD REASON TO
 KNOW AND WHICH COULD NOT REASONABLY BE PREVENTED AND (II) ANY INJURY TO
 AN INDIVIDUAL OR DAMAGE TO PROPERTY OTHER THAN THE SUBJECT MATTER OF
 THE TRANSACTION PROXIMATELY RESULTING FROM BREACH OF WARRANTY-:

37 (B) <u>RESULTING FROM WRONGFUL USE OF ELECTRONIC</u>
 38 <u>SELF-HELP AS DEFINED IN § 21-816 OF THIS TITLE INCLUDES ANY LOSS RESULTING</u>
 39 <u>FROM GENERAL OR PARTICULAR REQUIREMENTS AND NEEDS OF WHICH THE PARTY</u>
 40 <u>EXERCISING ELECTRONIC SELF-HELP AT THE TIME OF THE EXERCISE HAD REASON</u>
 41 <u>TO KNOW AND WHICH COULD NOT REASONABLY BE PREVENTED; AND</u>

1(C)THE TERM DOES NOT INCLUDE DIRECT DAMAGES OR2INCIDENTAL DAMAGES.

3 (14) "CONSPICUOUS", WITH REFERENCE TO A TERM, MEANS SO WRITTEN,
4 DISPLAYED, OR PRESENTED THAT A REASONABLE PERSON AGAINST WHICH IT IS TO
5 OPERATE OUGHT TO HAVE NOTICED IT. A TERM IN AN ELECTRONIC RECORD
6 INTENDED TO EVOKE A RESPONSE BY AN ELECTRONIC AGENT IS CONSPICUOUS IF IT
7 IS PRESENTED IN A FORM THAT WOULD ENABLE A REASONABLY CONFIGURED
8 ELECTRONIC AGENT TO TAKE IT INTO ACCOUNT OR REACT TO IT WITHOUT REVIEW
9 OF THE RECORD BY AN INDIVIDUAL. CONSPICUOUS TERMS INCLUDE THE
10 FOLLOWING:

11

(A) WITH RESPECT TO A PERSON:

12 (I) A HEADING IN CAPITALS IN A SIZE <u>EQUAL TO OR</u> EQUAL 13 TO OR GREATER THAN, OR IN CONTRASTING TYPE, FONT, OR COLOR TO, THE 14 SURROUNDING TEXT;

(II) LANGUAGE IN THE BODY OF A RECORD OR DISPLAY IN
LARGER OR OTHER CONTRASTING TYPE, FONT, OR COLOR OR SET OFF FROM THE
SURROUNDING TEXT BY SYMBOLS OR OTHER MARKS THAT DRAW ATTENTION TO THE
LANGUAGE; AND

(III) A TERM PROMINENTLY REFERENCED IN AN ELECTRONIC
 RECORD OR DISPLAY WHICH IS READILY ACCESSIBLE OR REVIEWABLE FROM THE
 RECORD OR DISPLAY; AND

(B) WITH RESPECT TO A PERSON OR AN ELECTRONIC AGENT, A
TERM OR REFERENCE TO A TERM THAT IS SO PLACED IN A RECORD OR DISPLAY THAT
THE PERSON OR ELECTRONIC AGENT CANNOT PROCEED WITHOUT TAKING ACTION
WITH RESPECT TO THE PARTICULAR TERM OR REFERENCE.

(15) "CONSUMER" MEANS AN INDIVIDUAL WHO IS A LICENSEE OF
INFORMATION OR INFORMATIONAL RIGHTS THAT THE INDIVIDUAL AT THE TIME OF
CONTRACTING INTENDED TO BE USED PRIMARILY FOR PERSONAL, FAMILY, OR
HOUSEHOLD PURPOSES. THE TERM DOES NOT INCLUDE AN INDIVIDUAL WHO IS A
LICENSEE PRIMARILY FOR PROFESSIONAL OR COMMERCIAL PURPOSES, INCLUDING
AGRICULTURE, BUSINESS MANAGEMENT, AND INVESTMENT MANAGEMENT OTHER
THAN MANAGEMENT OF THE INDIVIDUAL'S PERSONAL OR FAMILY INVESTMENTS.

33 (16) "CONSUMER CONTRACT" MEANS A CONTRACT BETWEEN A34 MERCHANT LICENSOR AND A CONSUMER.

35 (17) "CONTRACT" MEANS THE TOTAL LEGAL OBLIGATION RESULTING
36 FROM THE PARTIES' AGREEMENT AS AFFECTED BY THIS TITLE AND OTHER
37 APPLICABLE LAW.

38 (18) "CONTRACT FEE" MEANS THE PRICE, FEE, RENT, OR ROYALTY
39 PAYABLE IN A CONTRACT UNDER THIS TITLE OR ANY PART OF THE AMOUNT
40 PAYABLE.

(19) "CONTRACTUAL USE TERM" MEANS AN ENFORCEABLE TERM THAT
 DEFINES OR LIMITS THE USE, DISCLOSURE OF, OR ACCESS TO LICENSED
 INFORMATION OR INFORMATIONAL RIGHTS, INCLUDING A TERM THAT DEFINES THE
 SCOPE OF A LICENSE.

5 (20) "COPY" MEANS THE MEDIUM ON WHICH INFORMATION IS FIXED ON
6 A TEMPORARY OR PERMANENT BASIS AND FROM WHICH IT CAN BE PERCEIVED,
7 REPRODUCED, USED, OR COMMUNICATED, EITHER DIRECTLY OR WITH THE AID OF A
8 MACHINE OR DEVICE.

9 (21) "COURSE OF DEALING" MEANS A SEQUENCE OF PREVIOUS CONDUCT
10 BETWEEN THE PARTIES TO A PARTICULAR TRANSACTION WHICH ESTABLISHES A
11 COMMON BASIS OF UNDERSTANDING FOR INTERPRETING THEIR EXPRESSIONS AND
12 OTHER CONDUCT.

(22) "COURSE OF PERFORMANCE" MEANS REPEATED PERFORMANCES,
 UNDER A CONTRACT THAT INVOLVES REPEATED OCCASIONS FOR PERFORMANCE,
 WHICH ARE ACCEPTED OR ACQUIESCED IN WITHOUT OBJECTION BY A PARTY
 HAVING KNOWLEDGE OF THE NATURE OF THE PERFORMANCE AND AN
 OPPORTUNITY TO OBJECT TO IT.

18 (23) "COURT" INCLUDES AN ARBITRATION OR OTHER
19 DISPUTE-RESOLUTION FORUM IF THE PARTIES HAVE AGREED TO USE OF THAT
20 FORUM OR ITS USE IS REQUIRED BY LAW.

21 (24) "DELIVERY", WITH RESPECT TO A COPY, MEANS THE VOLUNTARY
 22 PHYSICAL OR ELECTRONIC TRANSFER OF POSSESSION OR CONTROL.

23 (25) "DIRECT DAMAGES" MEANS COMPENSATION FOR LOSSES MEASURED
24 BY § 21-808(B)(1) OR § 21-809(A)(1) OF THIS TITLE. THE TERM DOES NOT INCLUDE
25 CONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGES OR INCIDENTAL DAMAGES.

26 (26) "ELECTRONIC" MEANS RELATING TO TECHNOLOGY HAVING
27 ELECTRICAL, DIGITAL, MAGNETIC, WIRELESS, OPTICAL, ELECTROMAGNETIC, OR
28 SIMILAR CAPABILITIES.

(27) "ELECTRONIC AGENT" MEANS A COMPUTER PROGRAM, OR
ELECTRONIC OR OTHER AUTOMATED MEANS, USED BY A PERSON TO INITIATE AN
ACTION, OR TO RESPOND TO ELECTRONIC MESSAGES OR PERFORMANCES, ON THE
PERSON'S BEHALF WITHOUT REVIEW OR ACTION BY AN INDIVIDUAL AT THE TIME OF
THE ACTION OR RESPONSE TO THE MESSAGE OR PERFORMANCE.

(28) "ELECTRONIC MESSAGE" MEANS A RECORD OR DISPLAY THAT IS
 STORED, GENERATED, OR TRANSMITTED BY ELECTRONIC MEANS FOR THE PURPOSE
 OF COMMUNICATION TO ANOTHER PERSON OR ELECTRONIC AGENT.

37 (29) "FINANCIAL ACCOMMODATION CONTRACT" MEANS AN AGREEMENT
38 UNDER WHICH A PERSON EXTENDS A FINANCIAL ACCOMMODATION TO A LICENSEE
39 AND WHICH DOES NOT CREATE A SECURITY INTEREST GOVERNED BY TITLE 9 OF

1 THIS ARTICLE. THE AGREEMENT MAY BE IN ANY FORM, INCLUDING A LICENSE OR 2 LEASE.

3 (30) "FINANCIAL SERVICES TRANSACTION" MEANS AN AGREEMENT THAT
4 PROVIDES FOR, OR A TRANSACTION THAT IS, OR ENTAILS ACCESS TO, USE,
5 TRANSFER, CLEARANCE, SETTLEMENT, OR PROCESSING OF:

6 (A) A DEPOSIT, LOAN, FUNDS, OR MONETARY VALUE REPRESENTED
7 IN ELECTRONIC FORM AND STORED OR CAPABLE OF STORAGE BY ELECTRONIC
8 MEANS AND RETRIEVABLE AND TRANSFERABLE BY ELECTRONIC MEANS, OR OTHER
9 RIGHT TO PAYMENT TO OR FROM A PERSON;

10

(B) AN INSTRUMENT OR OTHER ITEM;

(C) A PAYMENT ORDER, CREDIT CARD TRANSACTION, DEBIT CARD
 TRANSACTION, FUNDS TRANSFER, AUTOMATED CLEARINGHOUSE TRANSFER, OR
 SIMILAR WHOLESALE OR RETAIL TRANSFER OF FUNDS;

14 (D) A LETTER OF CREDIT, DOCUMENT OF TITLE, FINANCIAL ASSET,
15 INVESTMENT PROPERTY, OR SIMILAR ASSET HELD IN A FIDUCIARY OR AGENCY
16 CAPACITY; OR

17 (E) RELATED IDENTIFYING, VERIFYING, ACCESS-ENABLING, 18 AUTHORIZING, OR MONITORING INFORMATION.

(31) "FINANCIER" MEANS A PERSON THAT PROVIDES A FINANCIAL
 ACCOMMODATION TO A LICENSEE UNDER A FINANCIAL ACCOMMODATION
 CONTRACT AND EITHER (I) BECOMES A LICENSEE FOR THE PURPOSE OF
 TRANSFERRING OR SUBLICENSING THE LICENSE TO THE PARTY TO WHICH THE
 FINANCIAL ACCOMMODATION IS PROVIDED OR (II) OBTAINS A CONTRACTUAL RIGHT
 UNDER THE FINANCIAL ACCOMMODATION CONTRACT TO PRECLUDE THE
 LICENSEE'S USE OF THE INFORMATION OR INFORMATIONAL RIGHTS UNDER A
 LICENSE IN THE EVENT OF BREACH OF THE FINANCIAL ACCOMMODATION
 CONTRACT. THE TERM DOES NOT INCLUDE A PERSON THAT SELECTS, CREATES, OR
 SUPPLIES THE INFORMATION THAT IS THE SUBJECT OF THE LICENSE, OWNS THE
 INFORMATIONAL RIGHTS IN THE INFORMATION, OR PROVIDES SUPPORT FOR,
 MODIFICATIONS TO, OR MAINTENANCE OF THE INFORMATION.

31 (32) "GOOD FAITH" MEANS HONESTY IN FACT AND THE OBSERVANCE OF
 32 REASONABLE COMMERCIAL STANDARDS OF FAIR DEALING.

(33) "GOODS" MEANS ALL THINGS THAT ARE MOVABLE AT THE TIME
RELEVANT TO THE COMPUTER INFORMATION TRANSACTION. THE TERM INCLUDES
THE UNBORN YOUNG OF ANIMALS, GROWING CROPS, AND OTHER IDENTIFIED
THINGS TO BE SEVERED FROM REALTY WHICH ARE COVERED BY § 2-107 OF THIS
ARTICLE. THE TERM DOES NOT INCLUDE COMPUTER INFORMATION, MONEY, THE
SUBJECT MATTER OF FOREIGN EXCHANGE TRANSACTIONS, DOCUMENTS, LETTERS
OF CREDIT, LETTER-OF-CREDIT RIGHTS, INSTRUMENTS, INVESTMENT PROPERTY,
ACCOUNTS, CHATTEL PAPER, DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS, OR GENERAL INTANGIBLES.

9	SENATE BILL 142
1	(34) "INCIDENTAL DAMAGES" RESULTING FROM BREACH OF CONTRACT:
	(A) MEANS COMPENSATION FOR ANY COMMERCIALLY REASONABLE CHARGES, EXPENSES, OR COMMISSIONS REASONABLY INCURRED BY AN AGGRIEVED PARTY WITH RESPECT TO:
	(I) INSPECTION, RECEIPT, TRANSMISSION, TRANSPORTATION, CARE, OR CUSTODY OF IDENTIFIED COPIES OR INFORMATION THAT IS THE SUBJECT OF THE BREACH;
8	(II) STOPPING DELIVERY, SHIPMENT, OR TRANSMISSION;
9 10	(III) EFFECTING COVER OR RETRANSFER OF COPIES OR INFORMATION AFTER THE BREACH;
11 12	(IV) OTHER EFFORTS AFTER THE BREACH TO MINIMIZE OR AVOID LOSS RESULTING FROM THE BREACH; AND
13	(V) MATTERS OTHERWISE INCIDENT TO THE BREACH; AND
14 15	(B) DOES NOT INCLUDE CONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGES OR DIRECT DAMAGES.
	(35) "INFORMATION" MEANS DATA, TEXT, IMAGES, SOUNDS, MASK WORKS, OR COMPUTER PROGRAMS, INCLUDING COLLECTIONS AND COMPILATIONS OF THEM.
	(36) "INFORMATION PROCESSING SYSTEM" MEANS AN ELECTRONIC SYSTEM FOR CREATING, GENERATING, SENDING, RECEIVING, STORING, DISPLAYING, OR PROCESSING INFORMATION.
	(37) "INFORMATIONAL CONTENT" MEANS INFORMATION THAT IS INTENDED TO BE COMMUNICATED TO OR PERCEIVED BY AN INDIVIDUAL IN THE ORDINARY USE OF THE INFORMATION, OR THE EQUIVALENT OF THAT INFORMATION.
27 28 29	(38) "INFORMATIONAL RIGHTS" INCLUDE ALL RIGHTS IN INFORMATION CREATED UNDER LAWS GOVERNING PATENTS, COPYRIGHTS, MASK WORKS, TRADE SECRETS, TRADEMARKS, PUBLICITY RIGHTS, OR ANY OTHER LAW THAT GIVES A PERSON, INDEPENDENTLY OF CONTRACT, A RIGHT TO CONTROL OR PRECLUDE ANOTHER PERSON'S USE OF OR ACCESS TO THE INFORMATION ON THE BASIS OF THE RIGHTS HOLDER'S INTEREST IN THE INFORMATION.
	(39) <u>"INSURANCE SERVICES TRANSACTION" MEANS AN AGREEMENT</u> THAT PROVIDES FOR, OR A TRANSACTION THAT IS, OR ENTAILS ACCESS TO, USE, TRANSFER, CLEARANCE, SETTLEMENT, OR PROCESSING OF:
34	(A) AN INSURANCE POLICY, CONTRACT, OR CERTIFICATE; OR
35 36	(B) <u>A RIGHT TO PAYMENT UNDER AN INSURANCE POLICY,</u> CONTRACT, OR CERTIFICATE.

1 (39) (40) "KNOWLEDGE", WITH RESPECT TO A FACT, MEANS ACTUAL 2 KNOWLEDGE OF THE FACT.

3 (40) (41) "LICENSE" MEANS A CONTRACT THAT AUTHORIZES ACCESS TO,
4 OR USE, DISTRIBUTION, PERFORMANCE, MODIFICATION, OR REPRODUCTION OF,
5 INFORMATION OR INFORMATIONAL RIGHTS, BUT EXPRESSLY LIMITS THE ACCESS OR
6 USES AUTHORIZED OR EXPRESSLY GRANTS FEWER THAN ALL RIGHTS IN THE
7 INFORMATION, WHETHER OR NOT THE TRANSFEREE HAS TITLE TO A LICENSED
8 COPY. THE TERM INCLUDES AN ACCESS CONTRACT, A LEASE OF A COMPUTER
9 PROGRAM, AND A CONSIGNMENT OF A COPY. THE TERM DOES NOT INCLUDE A
10 RESERVATION OR CREATION OF A SECURITY INTEREST TO THE EXTENT THE
11 INTEREST IS GOVERNED BY TITLE 9 OF THIS ARTICLE.

12 (41) (42) "LICENSEE" MEANS A PERSON ENTITLED BY AGREEMENT TO
13 ACQUIRE OR EXERCISE RIGHTS IN, OR TO HAVE ACCESS TO OR USE OF, COMPUTER
14 INFORMATION UNDER AN AGREEMENT TO WHICH THIS TITLE APPLIES. A LICENSOR
15 IS NOT A LICENSEE WITH RESPECT TO RIGHTS RESERVED TO IT UNDER THE
16 AGREEMENT.

(42) (43) "LICENSOR" MEANS A PERSON OBLIGATED BY AGREEMENT TO
 TRANSFER OR CREATE RIGHTS IN, OR TO GIVE ACCESS TO OR USE OF, COMPUTER
 INFORMATION OR INFORMATIONAL RIGHTS IN IT UNDER AN AGREEMENT TO WHICH
 THIS TITLE APPLIES. BETWEEN THE PROVIDER OF ACCESS AND A PROVIDER OF THE
 INFORMATIONAL CONTENT TO BE ACCESSED, THE PROVIDER OF CONTENT IS THE
 LICENSOR. IN AN EXCHANGE OF INFORMATION OR INFORMATIONAL RIGHTS, EACH
 PARTY IS A LICENSOR WITH RESPECT TO THE INFORMATION, INFORMATIONAL
 RIGHTS, OR ACCESS IT GIVES.

25 (43) (44) "MASS-MARKET LICENSE" MEANS A STANDARD FORM USED IN 26 A MASS-MARKET TRANSACTION.

27(44)(45)"MASS-MARKET TRANSACTION" MEANS A TRANSACTION THAT28 IS:

29 (A) A CONSUMER CONTRACT; OR

30

(B) ANY OTHER TRANSACTION WITH AN END-USER LICENSEE IF:

31 (I) THE TRANSACTION IS FOR INFORMATION OR

32 INFORMATIONAL RIGHTS DIRECTED TO THE GENERAL PUBLIC AS A WHOLE,

33 INCLUDING CONSUMERS, UNDER SUBSTANTIALLY THE SAME TERMS FOR THE SAME34 INFORMATION;

(II) THE LICENSEE ACQUIRES THE INFORMATION OR
INFORMATIONAL RIGHTS IN A RETAIL TRANSACTION UNDER TERMS AND IN A
QUANTITY CONSISTENT WITH AN ORDINARY TRANSACTION IN A RETAIL MARKET;
AND

39

(III) THE TRANSACTION IS NOT:

11 **SENATE BILL 142** 1 A CONTRACT FOR REDISTRIBUTION OR FOR PUBLIC 1. 2 PERFORMANCE OR PUBLIC DISPLAY OF A COPYRIGHTED WORK; 3 2. A TRANSACTION IN WHICH THE INFORMATION IS 4 CUSTOMIZED OR OTHERWISE SPECIALLY PREPARED BY THE LICENSOR FOR THE 5 LICENSEE, OTHER THAN MINOR CUSTOMIZATION USING A CAPABILITY OF THE 6 INFORMATION INTENDED FOR THAT PURPOSE; 7 3. A SITE LICENSE; OR 8 AN ACCESS CONTRACT. 4. 9 (45)(46)"MERCHANT" MEANS A PERSON: 10 (A) THAT DEALS IN INFORMATION OR INFORMATIONAL RIGHTS OF 11 THE KIND INVOLVED IN THE TRANSACTION; 12 THAT BY THE PERSON'S OCCUPATION HOLDS ITSELF OUT AS (B) 13 HAVING KNOWLEDGE OR SKILL PECULIAR TO THE RELEVANT ASPECT OF THE 14 BUSINESS PRACTICES OR INFORMATION INVOLVED IN THE TRANSACTION; OR TO WHICH THE KNOWLEDGE OR SKILL PECULIAR TO THE 15 (C) 16 PRACTICES OR INFORMATION INVOLVED IN THE TRANSACTION MAY BE ATTRIBUTED 17 BY THE PERSON'S EMPLOYMENT OF AN AGENT OR BROKER OR OTHER 18 INTERMEDIARY THAT BY ITS OCCUPATION HOLDS ITSELF OUT AS HAVING THE 19 KNOWLEDGE OR SKILL. 20 "NONEXCLUSIVE LICENSE" MEANS A LICENSE THAT DOES NOT (46) (47)21 PRECLUDE THE LICENSOR FROM TRANSFERRING TO OTHER LICENSEES THE SAME 22 INFORMATION, INFORMATIONAL RIGHTS, OR CONTRACTUAL RIGHTS WITHIN THE 23 SAME SCOPE. THE TERM INCLUDES A CONSIGNMENT OF A COPY. (47)"NOTICE" OF A FACT MEANS KNOWLEDGE OF THE FACT, 24 (48) 25 RECEIPT OF NOTIFICATION OF THE FACT, OR REASON TO KNOW THE FACT EXISTS. (49) "NOTIFY", OR "GIVE NOTICE", MEANS TO TAKE SUCH STEPS AS 26 (48)27 MAY BE REASONABLY REQUIRED TO INFORM THE OTHER PERSON IN THE ORDINARY 28 COURSE, WHETHER OR NOT THE OTHER PERSON ACTUALLY COMES TO KNOW OF IT. "PARTY" MEANS A PERSON THAT ENGAGES IN A TRANSACTION 29 (49)(50) 30 OR MAKES AN AGREEMENT UNDER THIS TITLE. "PERSON" MEANS AN INDIVIDUAL, CORPORATION, BUSINESS 31 (50)(51)32 TRUST, ESTATE, TRUST, PARTNERSHIP, LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANY, ASSOCIATION, 33 JOINT VENTURE, GOVERNMENTAL SUBDIVISION, INSTRUMENTALITY, OR AGENCY, 34 PUBLIC CORPORATION, OR ANY OTHER LEGAL OR COMMERCIAL ENTITY. 35 (51)(52)"PUBLISHED INFORMATIONAL CONTENT" MEANS 36 INFORMATIONAL CONTENT PREPARED FOR OR MADE AVAILABLE TO RECIPIENTS

GENERALLY, OR TO A CLASS OF RECIPIENTS, IN SUBSTANTIALLY THE SAME FORM.
 THE TERM DOES NOT INCLUDE INFORMATIONAL CONTENT THAT IS:

3 (A) CUSTOMIZED FOR A PARTICULAR RECIPIENT BY ONE OR MORE
4 INDIVIDUALS ACTING AS OR ON BEHALF OF THE LICENSOR, USING JUDGMENT OR
5 EXPERTISE; OR

6 (B) PROVIDED IN A SPECIAL RELATIONSHIP OF RELIANCE 7 BETWEEN THE PROVIDER AND THE RECIPIENT.

8	(52)	<u>(53)</u>	"RECEIPT" MEANS:
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9 (A) WITH RESPECT TO A COPY, TAKING DELIVERY; OR

10 (B) WITH RESPECT TO A NOTICE:

11 (I) COMING TO A PERSON'S ATTENTION; OR

12 (II) BEING DELIVERED TO AND AVAILABLE AT A LOCATION OR
13 SYSTEM DESIGNATED BY AGREEMENT FOR THAT PURPOSE OR, IN THE ABSENCE OF
14 AN AGREED LOCATION OR SYSTEM:

BEING DELIVERED AT THE PERSON'S RESIDENCE, OR THE
 PERSON'S PLACE OF BUSINESS THROUGH WHICH THE CONTRACT WAS MADE, OR AT
 ANY OTHER PLACE HELD OUT BY THE PERSON AS A PLACE FOR RECEIPT OF
 COMMUNICATIONS OF THE KIND; OR

IN THE CASE OF AN ELECTRONIC NOTICE, COMING INTO
 EXISTENCE IN AN INFORMATION PROCESSING SYSTEM OR AT AN ADDRESS IN THAT
 SYSTEM IN A FORM CAPABLE OF BEING PROCESSED BY OR PERCEIVED FROM A
 SYSTEM OF THAT TYPE BY A RECIPIENT, IF THE RECIPIENT USES, OR OTHERWISE
 HAS DESIGNATED OR HOLDS OUT, THAT PLACE OR SYSTEM FOR RECEIPT OF NOTICES
 OF THE KIND TO BE GIVEN AND THE SENDER DOES NOT KNOW THAT THE NOTICE
 CANNOT BE ACCESSED FROM THAT PLACE.

26 (53) (54) "RECEIVE" MEANS TO TAKE RECEIPT.

27 (54) (55) "RECORD" MEANS INFORMATION THAT IS INSCRIBED ON A 28 TANGIBLE MEDIUM OR THAT IS STORED IN AN ELECTRONIC OR OTHER MEDIUM AND 29 IS RETRIEVABLE IN PERCEIVABLE FORM.

30 (55) (56) "RELEASE" MEANS AN AGREEMENT BY A PARTY NOT TO OBJECT
31 TO, OR EXERCISE ANY RIGHTS OR PURSUE ANY REMEDIES TO LIMIT, THE USE OF
32 INFORMATION OR INFORMATIONAL RIGHTS WHICH AGREEMENT DOES NOT REQUIRE
33 AN AFFIRMATIVE ACT BY THE PARTY TO ENABLE OR SUPPORT THE OTHER PARTY'S
34 USE OF THE INFORMATION OR INFORMATIONAL RIGHTS. THE TERM INCLUDES A
35 WAIVER OF INFORMATIONAL RIGHTS.

"RETURN". WITH RESPECT TO A RECORD CONTAINING 1 (56)(57)2 CONTRACTUAL TERMS THAT WERE REJECTED, REFERS ONLY TO THE COMPUTER **3 INFORMATION AND MEANS:** 4 IN THE CASE OF A LICENSEE THAT REJECTS A RECORD (A) 5 REGARDING A SINGLE INFORMATION PRODUCT TRANSFERRED FOR A SINGLE 6 CONTRACT FEE, A RIGHT TO REIMBURSEMENT OF THE CONTRACT FEE PAID FROM 7 THE PERSON TO WHICH IT WAS PAID OR FROM ANOTHER PERSON THAT OFFERS TO 8 REIMBURSE THAT FEE, ON: 9 SUBMISSION OF PROOF OF PURCHASE; AND (I) 10 (II)PROPER REDELIVERY OF THE COMPUTER INFORMATION 11 AND ALL COPIES WITHIN A REASONABLE TIME AFTER INITIAL DELIVERY OF THE 12 INFORMATION TO THE LICENSEE; 13 (B) IN THE CASE OF A LICENSEE THAT REJECTS A RECORD 14 REGARDING AN INFORMATION PRODUCT PROVIDED AS PART OF MULTIPLE 15 INFORMATION PRODUCTS INTEGRATED INTO AND TRANSFERRED AS A BUNDLED 16 WHOLE BUT RETAINING THEIR SEPARATE IDENTITY: A RIGHT TO REIMBURSEMENT OF ANY PORTION OF THE 17 (I) 18 AGGREGATE CONTRACT FEE IDENTIFIED BY THE LICENSOR IN THE INITIAL 19 TRANSACTION AS CHARGED TO THE LICENSEE FOR ALL BUNDLED INFORMATION 20 PRODUCTS WHICH WAS ACTUALLY PAID, ON: REJECTION OF THE RECORD BEFORE OR DURING THE 21 1. 22 INITIAL USE OF THE BUNDLED PRODUCT; 23 2. PROPER REDELIVERY OF ALL COMPUTER INFORMATION 24 PRODUCTS IN THE BUNDLED WHOLE AND ALL COPIES OF THEM WITHIN A 25 REASONABLE TIME AFTER INITIAL DELIVERY OF THE INFORMATION TO THE 26 LICENSEE; AND 27 3. SUBMISSION OF PROOF OF PURCHASE; OR A RIGHT TO REIMBURSEMENT OF ANY SEPARATE 28 (II) 29 CONTRACT FEE IDENTIFIED BY THE LICENSOR IN THE INITIAL TRANSACTION AS 30 CHARGED TO THE LICENSEE FOR THE SEPARATE INFORMATION PRODUCT TO WHICH 31 THE REJECTED RECORD APPLIES, ON: 32 1. SUBMISSION OF PROOF OF PURCHASE; AND 33 2. PROPER REDELIVERY OF THAT COMPUTER INFORMATION 34 PRODUCT AND ALL COPIES WITHIN A REASONABLE TIME AFTER INITIAL DELIVERY 35 OF THE INFORMATION TO THE LICENSEE; OR IN THE CASE OF A LICENSOR THAT REJECTS A RECORD 36 (C)

37 PROPOSED BY THE LICENSEE, A RIGHT TO PROPER REDELIVERY OF THE COMPUTER
 38 INFORMATION AND ALL COPIES FROM THE LICENSEE, TO STOP DELIVERY OR ACCESS

TO THE INFORMATION BY THE LICENSEE, AND TO REIMBURSEMENT FROM THE
 LICENSEE OF AMOUNTS PAID BY THE LICENSOR WITH RESPECT TO THE REJECTED
 RECORD, ON REIMBURSEMENT TO THE LICENSEE OF CONTRACT FEES THAT IT PAID
 WITH RESPECT TO THE REJECTED RECORD, SUBJECT TO RECOUPMENT AND SETOFF.

5(57)(58)"SCOPE", WITH RESPECT TO TERMS OF A LICENSE, MEANS:6(A)THE LICENSED COPIES, INFORMATION, OR INFORMATIONAL7RIGHTS INVOLVED;THE LICENSED COPIES, INFORMATION, OR INFORMATIONAL8(B)THE USE OR ACCESS AUTHORIZED, PROHIBITED, OR9CONTROLLED;(C)10(C)THE GEOGRAPHIC AREA, MARKET, OR LOCATION; OR

11 (D) THE DURATION OF THE LICENSE.

12 (58) (59) "SEASONABLE", WITH RESPECT TO AN ACT, MEANS TAKEN 13 WITHIN THE TIME AGREED OR, IF NO TIME IS AGREED, WITHIN A REASONABLE TIME.

14 (59) "SEND" MEANS, WITH ANY COSTS PROVIDED FOR AND (60)15 PROPERLY ADDRESSED OR DIRECTED AS REASONABLE UNDER THE CIRCUMSTANCES 16 OR AS OTHERWISE AGREED, TO DEPOSIT A RECORD IN THE MAIL OR WITH A 17 COMMERCIALLY REASONABLE CARRIER, TO DELIVER A RECORD FOR TRANSMISSION 18 TO OR RE-CREATION IN ANOTHER LOCATION OR INFORMATION PROCESSING 19 SYSTEM, OR TO TAKE THE STEPS NECESSARY TO INITIATE TRANSMISSION TO OR 20 RE-CREATION OF A RECORD IN ANOTHER LOCATION OR INFORMATION PROCESSING 21 SYSTEM. IN ADDITION, WITH RESPECT TO AN ELECTRONIC MESSAGE, THE MESSAGE 22 MUST BE IN A FORM CAPABLE OF BEING PROCESSED BY OR PERCEIVED FROM A 23 SYSTEM OF THE TYPE THE RECIPIENT USES OR OTHERWISE HAS DESIGNATED OR 24 HELD OUT AS A PLACE FOR THE RECEIPT OF COMMUNICATIONS OF THE KIND SENT. 25 RECEIPT WITHIN THE TIME IN WHICH IT WOULD HAVE ARRIVED IF PROPERLY SENT, 26 HAS THE EFFECT OF A PROPER SENDING.

(60) (61) "STANDARD FORM" MEANS A RECORD OR A GROUP OF RELATED
RECORDS CONTAINING TERMS PREPARED FOR REPEATED USE IN TRANSACTIONS
AND SO USED IN A TRANSACTION IN WHICH THERE WAS NO NEGOTIATED CHANGE
OF TERMS BY INDIVIDUALS EXCEPT TO SET THE PRICE, QUANTITY, METHOD OF
PAYMENT, SELECTION AMONG STANDARD OPTIONS, OR TIME OR METHOD OF
DELIVERY.

(61) (62) "STATE" MEANS A STATE OF THE UNITED STATES, THE
 DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA, PUERTO RICO, THE UNITED STATES VIRGIN
 ISLANDS, OR ANY TERRITORY OR INSULAR POSSESSION SUBJECT TO THE
 JURISDICTION OF THE UNITED STATES.

37 (62) (63) "TERM", WITH RESPECT TO AN AGREEMENT, MEANS THAT
 38 PORTION OF THE AGREEMENT WHICH RELATES TO A PARTICULAR MATTER.

1(63)(64)"TERMINATION" MEANS THE ENDING OF A CONTRACT BY A2PARTY PURSUANT TO A POWER CREATED BY AGREEMENT OR LAW OTHERWISE THAN3BECAUSE OF BREACH OF CONTRACT.

4 (64) (65) "TRANSFER":

5 (A) WITH RESPECT TO A CONTRACTUAL INTEREST, INCLUDES AN
6 ASSIGNMENT OF THE CONTRACT, BUT DOES NOT INCLUDE AN AGREEMENT MERELY
7 TO PERFORM A CONTRACTUAL OBLIGATION OR TO EXERCISE CONTRACTUAL RIGHTS
8 THROUGH A DELEGATE OR SUBLICENSEE; AND

9 (B) WITH RESPECT TO COMPUTER INFORMATION, INCLUDES A
10 SALE, LICENSE, OR LEASE OF A COPY OF THE COMPUTER INFORMATION AND A
11 LICENSE OR ASSIGNMENT OF INFORMATIONAL RIGHTS IN COMPUTER
12 INFORMATION.

13(65)(66)"USAGE OF TRADE" MEANS ANY PRACTICE OR METHOD OF14DEALING THAT HAS SUCH REGULARITY OF OBSERVANCE IN A PLACE, VOCATION, OR15TRADE AS TO JUSTIFY AN EXPECTATION THAT IT WILL BE OBSERVED WITH RESPECT16TO THE TRANSACTION IN QUESTION.

- 17 (B) THE FOLLOWING DEFINITIONS IN THIS ARTICLE APPLY TO THIS TITLE:
- 18 (1) "BURDEN OF ESTABLISHING" § 1-201.
- 19 (2) "DOCUMENT OF TITLE" § 1-201.
- 20 (3) "FINANCIAL ASSET" § 8-102(A)(9).
- 21 (4) "FUNDS TRANSFER" § 4A-104.
- 22 (5) "IDENTIFICATION" TO THE CONTRACT § 2-501.
- 23 (6) "INSTRUMENT" § 9-102(A)(47).
- 24 (7) "INVESTMENT PROPERTY" § 9-102(A)(49).
- 25 (8) "ITEM" § 4-104.
- 26 (9) "LETTER OF CREDIT" § 5-102.
- 27 (10) "PAYMENT ORDER" § 4A-103.
- 28 (11) "SALE" § 2-106.
- 29

GENERAL SCOPE AND TERMS.

30 21-103. SCOPE; EXCLUSIONS.

31 (A) THIS TITLE APPLIES TO COMPUTER INFORMATION TRANSACTIONS.

(B) EXCEPT AS OTHERWISE PROVIDED IN SUBSECTION (D) OF THIS SECTION
 AND § 21-104 OF THIS SUBTITLE, IF A COMPUTER INFORMATION TRANSACTION
 INCLUDES SUBJECT MATTER OTHER THAN COMPUTER INFORMATION, THE
 FOLLOWING RULES APPLY:

5 (1) IF A TRANSACTION INCLUDES COMPUTER INFORMATION AND
6 GOODS, THIS TITLE APPLIES TO THE PART OF THE TRANSACTION INVOLVING
7 COMPUTER INFORMATION, INFORMATIONAL RIGHTS IN IT, AND CREATION OR
8 MODIFICATION OF IT. HOWEVER, IF A COPY OF A COMPUTER PROGRAM IS
9 CONTAINED IN AND SOLD OR LEASED AS PART OF GOODS, THIS TITLE APPLIES TO
10 THE COPY AND THE COMPUTER PROGRAM ONLY IF:

11

(A) THE GOODS ARE A COMPUTER OR COMPUTER PERIPHERAL; OR

12 (B) GIVING THE BUYER OR LESSEE OF THE GOODS ACCESS TO OR 13 USE OF THE PROGRAM IS ORDINARILY A MATERIAL PURPOSE OF TRANSACTIONS IN 14 GOODS OF THE TYPE SOLD OR LEASED.

(2) SUBJECT TO SUBSECTION (D)(3)(A) OF THIS SECTION, IF A
 TRANSACTION INCLUDES AN AGREEMENT FOR CREATING OR FOR OBTAINING
 RIGHTS TO CREATE COMPUTER INFORMATION AND A MOTION PICTURE, THIS TITLE
 DOES NOT APPLY TO THE AGREEMENT IF THE DOMINANT CHARACTER OF THE
 AGREEMENT IS FOR CREATING OR OBTAINING RIGHTS TO CREATE A MOTION
 PICTURE. IN ALL OTHER SUCH AGREEMENTS, THIS TITLE DOES NOT APPLY TO THE
 PART OF THE AGREEMENT THAT INVOLVES A MOTION PICTURE EXCLUDED UNDER
 SUBSECTION (D)(3) OF THIS SECTION, BUT DOES APPLY TO THE COMPUTER
 INFORMATION.

(2) (3) IN ALL <u>OTHER</u> CASES NOT INVOLVING GOODS, THIS TITLE
APPLIES TO THE ENTIRE TRANSACTION IF THE COMPUTER INFORMATION AND
INFORMATIONAL RIGHTS, OR ACCESS TO THEM, IS THE PRIMARY SUBJECT MATTER,
BUT OTHERWISE APPLIES ONLY TO THE PART OF THE TRANSACTION INVOLVING
COMPUTER INFORMATION, INFORMATIONAL RIGHTS IN IT, AND CREATION OR
MODIFICATION OF IT, UNLESS THE COMPUTER INFORMATION AND INFORMATIONAL
RIGHTS, OR ACCESS TO THEM, IS THE PRIMARY SUBJECT MATTER, IN WHICH CASE
THIS TITLE APPLIES TO THE ENTIRE TRANSACTION.

32 (C) TO THE EXTENT OF A CONFLICT BETWEEN THIS TITLE AND TITLE 9 OF 33 THIS ARTICLE, TITLE 9 GOVERNS.

34 (D) THIS TITLE DOES NOT APPLY TO:

35 (1) A FINANCIAL SERVICES TRANSACTION;

36 (2) <u>AN INSURANCE SERVICES TRANSACTION;</u>

37 (2) (3) <u>A CONTRACT AN AGREEMENT</u> TO CREATE, PERFORM OR
38 PERFORM IN, INCLUDE INFORMATION IN, ACQUIRE, USE, DISTRIBUTE, MODIFY,
39 REPRODUCE, HAVE ACCESS TO, ADAPT, MAKE AVAILABLE, TRANSMIT, LICENSE, OR
40 DISPLAY:

 1
 (A)
 AUDIO OR VISUAL PROGRAMMING THAT IS PROVIDED BY

 2
 BROADCAST, SATELLITE, OR CABLE AS DEFINED OR USED IN THE FEDERAL

 3
 COMMUNICATIONS ACT AND RELATED REGULATIONS AS THEY EXISTED ON JULY 1,

 4
 1999, OR BY SIMILAR METHODS OF DELIVERING THAT PROGRAMMING; OR

 5
 (A)
 A MOTION PICTURE OR AUDIO OR VISUAL PROGRAMMING,

 6
 OTHER THAN IN (I) A MASS-MARKET TRANSACTION OR (II) A SUBMISSION OF AN IDEA

6 <u>OTHER THAN IN (I) A MASS-MARKET TRANSACTION OR (II) A SUBMISSION OF AN IDEA</u>
7 <u>OR INFORMATION OR RELEASE OF INFORMATIONAL RIGHTS THAT MAY RESULT IN</u>
8 <u>MAKING A MOTION PICTURE OR A SIMILAR INFORMATION PRODUCT; OR</u>

9 (B) A MOTION PICTURE, SOUND RECORDING, MUSICAL WORK, OR 10 PHONORECORD AS DEFINED OR USED IN TITLE 17 OF THE UNITED STATES CODE AS 11 OF JULY 1, 1999, OR AN ENHANCED SOUND RECORDING;

12 (3) (4) A COMPULSORY LICENSE;

13 (4) (5) A CONTRACT OF EMPLOYMENT OF AN INDIVIDUAL, OTHER
 14 THAN AN INDIVIDUAL HIRED AS AN INDEPENDENT CONTRACTOR TO CREATE OR
 15 MODIFY COMPUTER INFORMATION, <u>UNLESS SUCH INDEPENDENT CONTRACTOR IS A</u>
 16 FREELANCER IN THE NEWS REPORTING INDUSTRY AS THAT TERM IS COMMONLY
 17 UNDERSTOOD IN THAT INDUSTRY;

18(5)(6)A CONTRACT THAT DOES NOT REQUIRE THAT INFORMATION BE19FURNISHED AS COMPUTER INFORMATION OR IN WHICH UNDER THE AGREEMENT20THE FORM OF THE INFORMATION AS COMPUTER INFORMATION IS OTHERWISE21INSIGNIFICANT WITH RESPECT TO THE PRIMARY SUBJECT MATTER OF THE PART OF22THE TRANSACTION PERTAINING TO THE INFORMATION; OR

23 (6) (7) SUBJECT MATTER WITHIN THE SCOPE OF TITLE 3, 4, 4A, 5, 6, 7, 24 OR 8 OF THIS ARTICLE.

(E) AS USED IN SUBSECTION (D)(2)(B) (D)(3)(B) OF THIS SECTION, "ENHANCED
SOUND RECORDING" MEANS A SEPARATELY IDENTIFIABLE PRODUCT OR SERVICE
THE DOMINANT CHARACTER OF WHICH CONSISTS OF RECORDED SOUNDS BUT
WHICH INCLUDES (I) STATEMENTS OR INSTRUCTIONS WHOSE PURPOSE IS TO ALLOW
OR CONTROL THE PERCEPTION, REPRODUCTION, OR COMMUNICATION OF THOSE
SOUNDS OR (II) OTHER INFORMATION SO LONG AS RECORDED SOUNDS CONSTITUTE
THE DOMINANT CHARACTER OF THE PRODUCT OR SERVICE DESPITE THE INCLUSION
OF THE OTHER INFORMATION.

(F) AS USED IN THIS SECTION, "MOTION PICTURE" MEANS "MOTION PICTURE"
AS DEFINED IN TITLE 17 OF THE UNITED STATES CODE AS OF JULY 1, 1999, OR A
SEPARATELY IDENTIFIABLE PRODUCT OR SERVICE THE DOMINANT CHARACTER OF
WHICH CONSISTS OF A LINEAR MOTION PICTURE, BUT WHICH INCLUDES (I)
STATEMENTS OR INSTRUCTIONS WHOSE PURPOSE IS TO ALLOW OR CONTROL THE
PERCEPTION, REPRODUCTION, OR COMMUNICATION OF THE MOTION PICTURE OR (II)
OTHER INFORMATION SO LONG AS THE MOTION PICTURE CONSTITUTES THE
DOMINANT CHARACTER OF THE PRODUCT OR SERVICE DESPITE THE INCLUSION OF
THE OTHER INFORMATION.

(G) AS USED IN THIS SECTION, "AUDIO OR VISUAL PROGRAMMING" MEANS
 AUDIO OR VISUAL PROGRAMMING THAT IS PROVIDED BY BROADCAST, SATELLITE, OR
 CABLE AS DEFINED IN THE FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS ACT OF 1934 AND RELATED
 REGULATIONS AS THEY EXISTED ON JULY 1, 1999, OR BY SIMILAR METHODS OF
 DELIVERY.

6 21-104. MIXED TRANSACTIONS: AGREEMENT TO OPT-IN OR OPT-OUT.

7 THE PARTIES MAY AGREE THAT THIS TITLE, INCLUDING

8 CONTRACT-FORMATION RULES, GOVERNS THE TRANSACTION, IN WHOLE OR PART,
9 OR THAT OTHER LAW GOVERNS THE TRANSACTION AND THIS TITLE DOES NOT
10 APPLY, IF A MATERIAL PART OF THE SUBJECT MATTER TO WHICH THE AGREEMENT
11 APPLIES IS COMPUTER INFORMATION OR INFORMATIONAL RIGHTS IN IT THAT ARE
12 WITHIN THE SCOPE OF THIS TITLE, OR IS SUBJECT MATTER WITHIN THIS TITLE
13 UNDER § 21-103(B) OF THIS SUBTITLE, OR IS SUBJECT MATTER EXCLUDED BY §
14 21-103(D)(1) OR (2) (1), (2), OR (3) OF THIS SUBTITLE. HOWEVER, ANY AGREEMENT TO
15 DO SO IS SUBJECT TO THE FOLLOWING RULES:

16 (1) AN AGREEMENT THAT THIS TITLE GOVERNS A TRANSACTION DOES
17 NOT ALTER THE APPLICABILITY OF ANY <u>STATUTE</u>, RULE, REGULATION, OR
18 PROCEDURE THAT MAY NOT BE VARIED BY AGREEMENT OF THE PARTIES OR THAT
19 MAY BE VARIED ONLY IN A MANNER SPECIFIED BY THE <u>STATUTE</u>, RULE,
20 REGULATION, OR PROCEDURE, INCLUDING A CONSUMER PROTECTION STATUTE OR
21 REGULATION. IN ADDITION, IN A MASS-MARKET TRANSACTION, THE AGREEMENT
22 DOES NOT ALTER THE APPLICABILITY OF A LAW APPLICABLE TO A COPY OF
23 INFORMATION IN PRINTED FORM.

24(2)AN AGREEMENT THAT THIS TITLE DOES NOT GOVERN A25TRANSACTION:

26 (A) DOES NOT ALTER THE APPLICABILITY OF § 21-214 OF THIS
 27 <u>TITLE</u> OR <u>THE LIMITATIONS OF</u> § 21-816 OF THIS TITLE <u>IF THE PARTIES HAVE AGREED</u>
 28 <u>TO PERMIT THE USE OF ELECTRONIC SELF-HELP</u>; AND

(B) IN A MASS-MARKET TRANSACTION, DOES NOT ALTER THE
APPLICABILITY UNDER THIS TITLE OF THE DOCTRINE OF UNCONSCIONABILITY OR
FUNDAMENTAL PUBLIC POLICY OR THE OBLIGATION OF GOOD FAITH.

32 (3) IN A MASS-MARKET TRANSACTION, ANY TERM UNDER THIS SECTION
33 WHICH CHANGES THE EXTENT TO WHICH THIS TITLE GOVERNS THE TRANSACTION
34 MUST BE CONSPICUOUS.

(4) A COPY OF A COMPUTER PROGRAM CONTAINED IN AND SOLD OR
(5) LEASED AS PART OF GOODS AND WHICH IS EXCLUDED FROM THIS TITLE BY §
(7) 21-103(B)(1) OF THIS SUBTITLE CANNOT PROVIDE THE BASIS FOR AN AGREEMENT
(8) UNDER THIS SECTION THAT THIS TITLE GOVERNS THE TRANSACTION.

1 21-105. RELATION TO FEDERAL LAW; FUNDAMENTAL PUBLIC POLICY;
 2 TRANSACTIONS SUBJECT TO OTHER STATE LAW.

3 (A) (<u>1</u>) A PROVISION OF THIS TITLE WHICH IS PREEMPTED BY FEDERAL LAW 4 IS UNENFORCEABLE TO THE EXTENT OF THE PREEMPTION.

5 (2) <u>A CONTRACT TERM IS UNENFORCEABLE TO THE EXTENT THAT IT</u>
6 <u>WOULD VARY A STATUTE, RULE, REGULATION, OR PROCEDURE THAT MAY NOT BE</u>
7 <u>VARIED BY AGREEMENT UNDER THE FEDERAL COPYRIGHT LAW, INCLUDING</u>
8 <u>PROVISIONS OF THE FEDERAL COPYRIGHT LAW RELATED TO FAIR USE.</u>

9 (B) IF A TERM OF A CONTRACT VIOLATES A FUNDAMENTAL PUBLIC POLICY,
10 THE COURT MAY REFUSE TO ENFORCE THE CONTRACT, ENFORCE THE REMAINDER
11 OF THE CONTRACT WITHOUT THE IMPERMISSIBLE TERM, OR LIMIT THE
12 APPLICATION OF THE IMPERMISSIBLE TERM SO AS TO AVOID A RESULT CONTRARY
13 TO PUBLIC POLICY, IN EACH CASE TO THE EXTENT THAT THE INTEREST IN
14 ENFORCEMENT IS CLEARLY OUTWEIGHED BY A PUBLIC POLICY AGAINST
15 ENFORCEMENT OF THE TERM.

16 (C) EXCEPT AS OTHERWISE PROVIDED IN SUBSECTION (D) OF THIS SECTION,
17 IF THIS TITLE OR A TERM OF A CONTRACT UNDER THIS TITLE CONFLICTS WITH A
18 CONSUMER PROTECTION STATUTE OR REGULATION, <u>INCLUDING TITLE 13 OF THIS</u>
19 <u>ARTICLE</u>, THE CONSUMER PROTECTION STATUTE OR REGULATION GOVERNS.

20 (D) IF A LAW OF THIS STATE IN EFFECT ON THE EFFECTIVE DATE OF THIS 21 TITLE APPLIES TO A TRANSACTION GOVERNED BY THIS TITLE, THE FOLLOWING 22 RULES APPLY:

23 (1) A REQUIREMENT THAT A TERM, WAIVER, NOTICE, OR DISCLAIMER BE 24 IN A WRITING IS SATISFIED BY A RECORD.

25 (2) A REQUIREMENT THAT A RECORD, WRITING, OR TERM BE SIGNED IS 26 SATISFIED BY AN AUTHENTICATION.

27 (3) A REQUIREMENT THAT A TERM BE CONSPICUOUS, OR THE LIKE, IS
28 SATISFIED BY A TERM THAT IS CONSPICUOUS UNDER THIS TITLE.

29 (4) A REQUIREMENT OF CONSENT OR AGREEMENT TO A TERM IS
30 SATISFIED BY A MANIFESTATION OF ASSENT TO THE TERM IN ACCORDANCE WITH
31 THIS TITLE.

32 21-106. RULES OF CONSTRUCTION.

(A) THIS TITLE SHALL BE LIBERALLY CONSTRUED AND APPLIED TO PROMOTE
 34 ITS UNDERLYING PURPOSES AND POLICIES TO:

35 (1) SUPPORT AND FACILITATE THE REALIZATION OF THE FULL
 36 POTENTIAL OF COMPUTER INFORMATION TRANSACTIONS;

1 (2) CLARIFY THE LAW GOVERNING COMPUTER INFORMATION 2 TRANSACTIONS;

3 (3) ENABLE EXPANDING COMMERCIAL PRACTICE IN COMPUTER
4 INFORMATION TRANSACTIONS BY COMMERCIAL USAGE AND AGREEMENT OF THE
5 PARTIES; AND

6 (4) PROMOTE UNIFORMITY OF THE LAW WITH RESPECT TO THE 7 SUBJECT MATTER OF THIS TITLE AMONG STATES THAT ENACT IT<u>; AND</u>

8 (5) <u>PERMIT THE CONTINUED EXPANSION OF COMMERCIAL PRACTICES</u>
 9 <u>IN THE EXCLUDED TRANSACTIONS THROUGH CUSTOM, USAGE, AND AGREEMENT OF</u>
 10 <u>THE PARTIES</u>.

(B) EXCEPT AS OTHERWISE PROVIDED IN § 21-113(A) OF THIS SUBTITLE, THE
 USE OF MANDATORY LANGUAGE OR THE ABSENCE OF A PHRASE SUCH AS "UNLESS
 OTHERWISE AGREED" IN A PROVISION OF THIS TITLE DOES NOT PRECLUDE THE
 PARTIES FROM VARYING THE EFFECT OF THE PROVISION BY AGREEMENT.

15 (C) THE FACT THAT A PROVISION OF THIS TITLE IMPOSES A CONDITION FOR A
16 RESULT DOES NOT BY ITSELF MEAN THAT THE ABSENCE OF THAT CONDITION
17 YIELDS A DIFFERENT RESULT.

18 (D) TO BE ENFORCEABLE, A TERM NEED NOT BE CONSPICUOUS, NEGOTIATED,
19 OR EXPRESSLY ASSENTED OR AGREED TO, UNLESS THIS TITLE EXPRESSLY SO
20 REQUIRES REQUIRED BY APPLICABLE LAW.

21 21-107. LEGAL RECOGNITION OF ELECTRONIC RECORD AND AUTHENTICATION; USE 22 OF ELECTRONIC AGENTS.

23 (A) A RECORD OR AUTHENTICATION MAY NOT BE DENIED LEGAL EFFECT OR
 24 ENFORCEABILITY SOLELY BECAUSE IT IS IN ELECTRONIC FORM.

(B) THIS TITLE DOES NOT REQUIRE THAT A RECORD OR AUTHENTICATION BE
GENERATED, STORED, SENT, RECEIVED, OR OTHERWISE PROCESSED BY ELECTRONIC
MEANS OR IN ELECTRONIC FORM.

28 (C) IN ANY TRANSACTION, A PERSON MAY ESTABLISH REQUIREMENTS 29 REGARDING THE TYPE OF AUTHENTICATION OR RECORD ACCEPTABLE TO IT.

30 (D) A PERSON THAT USES AN ELECTRONIC AGENT THAT IT HAS SELECTED
31 FOR MAKING AN AUTHENTICATION, PERFORMANCE, OR AGREEMENT, INCLUDING
32 MANIFESTATION OF ASSENT, IS BOUND BY THE OPERATIONS OF THE ELECTRONIC
33 AGENT, EVEN IF NO INDIVIDUAL WAS AWARE OF OR REVIEWED THE AGENT'S
34 OPERATIONS OR THE RESULTS OF THE OPERATIONS.

35 21-108. PROOF AND EFFECT OF AUTHENTICATION.

36 (A) AUTHENTICATION MAY BE PROVEN IN ANY MANNER, INCLUDING A
37 SHOWING THAT A PARTY MADE USE OF INFORMATION OR ACCESS THAT COULD HAVE

BEEN AVAILABLE ONLY IF IT ENGAGED IN CONDUCT OR OPERATIONS THAT
 AUTHENTICATED THE RECORD OR TERM.

3 (B) COMPLIANCE WITH A COMMERCIALLY REASONABLE ATTRIBUTION
4 PROCEDURE AGREED TO OR ADOPTED BY THE PARTIES OR ESTABLISHED BY LAW
5 FOR AUTHENTICATING A RECORD AUTHENTICATES THE RECORD AS A MATTER OF
6 LAW.

7 21-109. CHOICE OF LAW.

8 (A) THE PARTIES IN THEIR AGREEMENT MAY CHOOSE THE APPLICABLE LAW.
9 HOWEVER, THE CHOICE IS NOT ENFORCEABLE IN A CONSUMER CONTRACT TO THE
10 EXTENT IT WOULD VARY A RULE THAT MAY NOT BE VARIED BY AGREEMENT UNDER
11 THE LAW OF THE JURISDICTION WHOSE LAW WOULD APPLY UNDER SUBSECTIONS
12 (B) AND (C) OF THIS SECTION IN THE ABSENCE OF THE AGREEMENT <u>A CONSUMER</u>
13 <u>CONTRACT SHALL BE GOVERNED BY THE LAW OF THE JURISDICTION THAT IS THE</u>
14 <u>PRINCIPAL RESIDENCE OF THE CONSUMER</u>.

15 (B) IN THE ABSENCE OF AN ENFORCEABLE AGREEMENT ON CHOICE OF LAW,
16 THE FOLLOWING RULES DETERMINE WHICH JURISDICTION'S LAW GOVERNS IN ALL
17 RESPECTS FOR PURPOSES OF CONTRACT LAW:

18 (1) AN ACCESS CONTRACT OR A CONTRACT PROVIDING FOR
19 ELECTRONIC DELIVERY OF A COPY IS GOVERNED BY THE LAW OF THE JURISDICTION
20 IN WHICH THE LICENSOR WAS LOCATED WHEN THE AGREEMENT WAS ENTERED
21 INTO.

(2) A CONSUMER CONTRACT THAT REQUIRES DELIVERY OF A COPY ON A
TANGIBLE MEDIUM IS GOVERNED BY THE LAW OF THE JURISDICTION IN WHICH THE
COPY IS OR SHOULD HAVE BEEN DELIVERED TO THE CONSUMER <u>MASS MARKET</u>
TRANSACTION IS GOVERNED BY THE LAW OF MARYLAND.

26 (3) IN ALL OTHER CASES, THE CONTRACT IS GOVERNED BY THE LAW OF
27 THE JURISDICTION HAVING THE MOST SIGNIFICANT RELATIONSHIP TO THE
28 TRANSACTION.

(C) IN CASES GOVERNED BY SUBSECTION (B) OF THIS SECTION, IF THE
JURISDICTION WHOSE LAW GOVERNS IS OUTSIDE THE UNITED STATES, THE LAW OF
THAT JURISDICTION GOVERNS ONLY IF IT PROVIDES SUBSTANTIALLY SIMILAR
PROTECTIONS AND RIGHTS TO A PARTY NOT LOCATED IN THAT JURISDICTION AS
ARE PROVIDED UNDER THIS TITLE. OTHERWISE, THE LAW OF THE STATE THAT HAS
THE MOST SIGNIFICANT RELATIONSHIP TO THE TRANSACTION GOVERNS.

(D) FOR PURPOSES OF THIS SECTION, A PARTY IS LOCATED AT ITS PLACE OF
BUSINESS IF IT HAS ONE PLACE OF BUSINESS, AT ITS CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICE IF IT
HAS MORE THAN ONE PLACE OF BUSINESS, OR AT ITS PLACE OF INCORPORATION OR
PRIMARY REGISTRATION IF IT DOES NOT HAVE A PHYSICAL PLACE OF BUSINESS.
OTHERWISE, A PARTY IS LOCATED AT ITS PRIMARY RESIDENCE.

1 21-110. CONTRACTUAL CHOICE OF FORUM.

2 (A) (1) <u>EXCEPT FOR A CONSUMER CONTRACT</u>, THE PARTIES IN THEIR
3 AGREEMENT MAY CHOOSE AN EXCLUSIVE JUDICIAL FORUM UNLESS THE CHOICE IS
4 UNREASONABLE AND <u>OR</u> UNJUST.

5 (2) <u>IN A CONSUMER CONTRACT, THE JUDICIAL FORUM SHALL BE THE</u>
6 <u>JURISDICTION OF THE PRINCIPAL RESIDENCE OF THE CONSUMER, EXCEPT THAT A</u>
7 CONSUMER MAY FILE AN ACTION IN ANY JUDICIAL FORUM HAVING JURISDICTION.

8 (2) <u>IN A MASS MARKET TRANSACTION, THE ENFORCEABILITY OF A</u> 9 <u>CHOICE OF FORUM TERM SHALL BE DECIDED BY A MARYLAND COURT.</u>

10 (B) A JUDICIAL FORUM SPECIFIED IN AN AGREEMENT IS NOT EXCLUSIVE 11 UNLESS THE AGREEMENT EXPRESSLY SO PROVIDES.

(C) NOTWITHSTANDING THE PROVISIONS OF THIS SECTION OR A CONTRARY
 TERM IN AN AGREEMENT, A PARTY THE PARTIES TO A COMPUTER INFORMATION
 TRANSACTION THAT IS FOR THE CREATION OF COMPUTER INFORMATION MAY, BY
 MUTUAL CONSENT, CHOOSE AN ALTERNATIVE DISPUTE RESOLUTION MECHANISM,
 INCLUDING MEDIATION, ARBITRATION, OR OTHER NON-JUDICIAL DISPUTE
 RESOLUTION PROCESS, AS THE MEANS FOR RESOLVING A DISPUTE UNDER THE
 AGREEMENT.

19 21-111. UNCONSCIONABLE CONTRACT OR TERM.

(A) IF A COURT AS A MATTER OF LAW FINDS A CONTRACT OR A TERM
THEREOF TO HAVE BEEN UNCONSCIONABLE AT THE TIME IT WAS MADE, THE COURT
MAY REFUSE TO ENFORCE THE CONTRACT, ENFORCE THE REMAINDER OF THE
CONTRACT WITHOUT THE UNCONSCIONABLE TERM, OR LIMIT THE APPLICATION OF
THE UNCONSCIONABLE TERM SO AS TO AVOID AN UNCONSCIONABLE RESULT.

(B) IF IT IS CLAIMED OR APPEARS TO THE COURT THAT A CONTRACT OR TERM
THEREOF MAY BE UNCONSCIONABLE, THE PARTIES MUST BE AFFORDED A
REASONABLE OPPORTUNITY TO PRESENT EVIDENCE AS TO ITS COMMERCIAL
SETTING, PURPOSE, AND EFFECT TO AID THE COURT IN MAKING THE
DETERMINATION.

30 21-112. MANIFESTING ASSENT; OPPORTUNITY TO REVIEW.

31 (A) A PERSON MANIFESTS ASSENT TO A RECORD OR TERM IF THE PERSON,
32 ACTING WITH KNOWLEDGE OF, OR AFTER HAVING AN OPPORTUNITY TO REVIEW THE
33 RECORD OR TERM OR A COPY OF IT:

34 (1) AUTHENTICATES THE RECORD OR TERM WITH INTENT TO ADOPT OR 35 ACCEPT IT; OR

36 (2) INTENTIONALLY ENGAGES IN CONDUCT OR MAKES STATEMENTS
 37 WITH REASON TO KNOW THAT THE OTHER PARTY OR ITS ELECTRONIC AGENT MAY

INFER FROM THE CONDUCT OR STATEMENT THAT THE PERSON ASSENTS TO THE
 RECORD OR TERM.

3 (B) AN ELECTRONIC AGENT MANIFESTS ASSENT TO A RECORD OR TERM IF, 4 AFTER HAVING AN OPPORTUNITY TO REVIEW IT, THE ELECTRONIC AGENT:

5 (1) AUTHENTICATES THE RECORD OR TERM; OR

6 (2) ENGAGES IN OPERATIONS THAT IN THE CIRCUMSTANCES INDICATE 7 ACCEPTANCE OF THE RECORD OR TERM.

8 (C) IF THIS TITLE OR OTHER LAW REQUIRES ASSENT TO A SPECIFIC TERM, A 9 MANIFESTATION OF ASSENT MUST RELATE SPECIFICALLY TO THE TERM.

10 (D) CONDUCT OR OPERATIONS MANIFESTING ASSENT MAY BE PROVED IN ANY
11 MANNER, INCLUDING A SHOWING THAT A PERSON OR AN ELECTRONIC AGENT
12 OBTAINED OR USED THE INFORMATION OR INFORMATIONAL RIGHTS AND THAT A
13 PROCEDURE EXISTED BY WHICH A PERSON OR AN ELECTRONIC AGENT MUST HAVE
14 ENGAGED IN THE CONDUCT OR OPERATIONS IN ORDER TO DO SO. PROOF OF
15 COMPLIANCE WITH SUBSECTION (A)(2) OF THIS SECTION IS SUFFICIENT IF THERE IS
16 CONDUCT THAT ASSENTS AND SUBSEQUENT CONDUCT THAT REAFFIRMS ASSENT BY
17 ELECTRONIC MEANS.

18 (E) WITH RESPECT TO AN OPPORTUNITY TO REVIEW, THE FOLLOWING RULES 19 APPLY:

20 (1) A PERSON HAS AN OPPORTUNITY TO REVIEW A RECORD OR TERM 21 ONLY IF IT IS MADE AVAILABLE IN A MANNER THAT OUGHT TO CALL IT TO THE 22 ATTENTION OF A REASONABLE PERSON AND PERMIT REVIEW.

(2) AN ELECTRONIC AGENT HAS AN OPPORTUNITY TO REVIEW A
RECORD OR TERM ONLY IF IT IS MADE AVAILABLE IN MANNER THAT WOULD ENABLE
A REASONABLY CONFIGURED ELECTRONIC AGENT TO REACT TO THE RECORD OR
TERM.

(3) IF A RECORD OR TERM IS AVAILABLE FOR REVIEW ONLY AFTER A
PERSON BECOMES OBLIGATED TO PAY OR BEGINS ITS PERFORMANCE, THE PERSON
HAS AN OPPORTUNITY TO REVIEW ONLY IF IT HAS A RIGHT TO A RETURN IF IT
REJECTS THE RECORD. HOWEVER, A RIGHT TO A RETURN IS NOT REQUIRED IF:

31 (A) THE RECORD PROPOSES A MODIFICATION OF CONTRACT OR
 32 PROVIDES PARTICULARS OF PERFORMANCE UNDER § 21-305 OF THIS TITLE; OR

(B) THE PRIMARY PERFORMANCE IS OTHER THAN DELIVERY OR
ACCEPTANCE OF A COPY, THE AGREEMENT IS NOT A MASS-MARKET TRANSACTION,
AND THE PARTIES AT THE TIME OF CONTRACTING HAD REASON TO KNOW THAT A
RECORD OR TERM WOULD BE PRESENTED AFTER PERFORMANCE, USE, OR ACCESS
TO THE INFORMATION BEGAN.

1(4)THE RIGHT TO A RETURN UNDER PARAGRAPH (3) OF THIS2SUBSECTION MAY ARISE BY LAW OR BY AGREEMENT.

3 (F) THE EFFECT OF PROVISIONS OF THIS SECTION MAY BE MODIFIED BY AN
4 AGREEMENT SETTING OUT STANDARDS APPLICABLE TO FUTURE TRANSACTIONS
5 BETWEEN THE PARTIES.

6 21-113. VARIATION BY AGREEMENT; COMMERCIAL PRACTICE.

7 (A) THE EFFECT OF ANY PROVISION OF THIS TITLE, INCLUDING AN
8 ALLOCATION OF RISK OR IMPOSITION OF A BURDEN, MAY BE VARIED BY AGREEMENT
9 OF THE PARTIES. HOWEVER, THE FOLLOWING RULES APPLY:

(1) OBLIGATIONS OF GOOD FAITH, DILIGENCE, REASONABLENESS, AND
 CARE IMPOSED BY THIS TITLE MAY NOT BE DISCLAIMED BY AGREEMENT, BUT THE
 PARTIES BY AGREEMENT MAY DETERMINE THE STANDARDS BY WHICH THE
 PERFORMANCE OF THE OBLIGATION IS TO BE MEASURED IF THE STANDARDS ARE
 NOT MANIFESTLY UNREASONABLE.

(2) THE LIMITATIONS ON ENFORCEABILITY IMPOSED BY
 UNCONSCIONABILITY UNDER § 21-111 OF THIS SUBTITLE AND FUNDAMENTAL
 PUBLIC POLICY UNDER § 21-105(B) OF THIS SUBTITLE MAY NOT BE VARIED BY
 AGREEMENT.

(3) LIMITATIONS ON ENFORCEABILITY OF, OR AGREEMENT TO, A
 CONTRACT, TERM, OR RIGHT EXPRESSLY STATED IN THE SECTIONS OF THIS TITLE
 LISTED IN THE FOLLOWING SUBPARAGRAPHS MAY NOT BE VARIED BY AGREEMENT
 EXCEPT TO THE EXTENT PROVIDED IN EACH SECTION:

23 (A) THE LIMITATIONS ON AGREED CHOICE OF LAW IN § 21-109(A); 24 (B) THE LIMITATIONS ON AGREED CHOICE OF FORUM IN § 21-110; THE REQUIREMENTS FOR MANIFESTING ASSENT AND 25 (C) 26 OPPORTUNITY FOR REVIEW IN § 21-112; 27 (D) THE LIMITATIONS ON ENFORCEABILITY IN § 21-201; 28 (E) THE LIMITATIONS ON A MASS-MARKET LICENSE IN § 21-209; 29 (F) THE CONSUMER DEFENSE ARISING FROM AN ELECTRONIC 30 ERROR IN § 21-214; 31 (G) THE REQUIREMENTS FOR AN ENFORCEABLE TERM IN §§ 32 21-303(B), 21-307(G), 21-406(B) AND (C), AND 21-804(A); THE LIMITATIONS ON A FINANCIER IN §§ 21-507 THROUGH 33 (H) 34 21-511; THE RESTRICTIONS ON ALTERING THE PERIOD OF 35 **(I)** 36 LIMITATIONS IN § 21-805(A) AND (B); AND

THE LIMITATIONS ON SELF-HELP REPOSSESSION IN §§

1 (J) 2 21-815(B) AND 21-816.

3 (B) ANY USAGE OF TRADE OF WHICH THE PARTIES ARE OR SHOULD BE AWARE
4 AND ANY COURSE OF DEALING OR COURSE OF PERFORMANCE BETWEEN THE
5 PARTIES ARE RELEVANT TO DETERMINING THE EXISTENCE OR MEANING OF AN
6 AGREEMENT.

7 21-114. SUPPLEMENTAL PRINCIPLES; GOOD FAITH; DECISION FOR COURT;8 REASONABLE TIME; REASON TO KNOW.

9 (A) UNLESS DISPLACED BY THIS TITLE, PRINCIPLES OF LAW AND EQUITY,
10 INCLUDING THE LAW MERCHANT AND THE COMMON LAW OF THIS STATE RELATIVE
11 TO CAPACITY TO CONTRACT, PRINCIPAL AND AGENT, ESTOPPEL, FRAUD,
12 MISREPRESENTATION, DURESS, COERCION, MISTAKE, AND OTHER VALIDATING OR
13 INVALIDATING CAUSE, SUPPLEMENT THIS TITLE. AMONG THE LAWS
14 SUPPLEMENTING AND NOT DISPLACED BY THIS TITLE ARE TRADE SECRET LAWS AND
15 UNFAIR COMPETITION LAWS.

16 (B) EVERY CONTRACT OR DUTY WITHIN THE SCOPE OF THIS TITLE IMPOSES17 AN OBLIGATION OF GOOD FAITH IN ITS PERFORMANCE OR ENFORCEMENT.

18 (C) WHETHER A TERM IS CONSPICUOUS OR IS UNENFORCEABLE UNDER §
19 21-105(A) OR (B), § 21-111, OR § 21-209(A) OF THIS TITLE AND WHETHER AN
20 ATTRIBUTION PROCEDURE IS COMMERCIALLY REASONABLE OR EFFECTIVE UNDER §
21 21-108, § 21-212, OR § 21-213 OF THIS TITLE ARE QUESTIONS TO BE DETERMINED BY
22 THE COURT.

23 (D) WHETHER AN AGREEMENT HAS LEGAL CONSEQUENCES IS DETERMINED 24 BY THIS TITLE.

25 (E) WHENEVER THIS TITLE REQUIRES ANY ACTION TO BE TAKEN WITHIN A 26 REASONABLE TIME, THE FOLLOWING RULES APPLY:

27 (1) WHAT IS A REASONABLE TIME FOR TAKING THE ACTION DEPENDS28 ON THE NATURE, PURPOSE, AND CIRCUMSTANCES OF THE ACTION.

29 (2) ANY TIME THAT IS NOT MANIFESTLY UNREASONABLE MAY BE FIXED30 BY AGREEMENT.

31 (F) A PERSON HAS REASON TO KNOW A FACT IF THE PERSON HAS
32 KNOWLEDGE OF THE FACT OR, FROM ALL THE FACTS AND CIRCUMSTANCES KNOWN
33 TO THE PERSON WITHOUT INVESTIGATION, THE PERSON SHOULD BE AWARE THAT
34 THE FACT EXISTS.

35	SUBTITLE 2. FORMATION AND TERMS; FORMATION OF A CONTRACT; TERMS OF
36	RECORDS; ELECTRONIC CONTRACTS: GENERALLY.

37

FORMATION OF A CONTRACT.

1 21-201. FORMAL REQUIREMENTS.

2 (A) EXCEPT AS OTHERWISE PROVIDED IN THIS SECTION, A CONTRACT
3 REQUIRING PAYMENT OF A CONTRACT FEE OF \$5,000 OR MORE IS NOT ENFORCEABLE
4 BY WAY OF ACTION OR DEFENSE UNLESS:

5 (1) THE PARTY AGAINST WHICH ENFORCEMENT IS SOUGHT
6 AUTHENTICATED A RECORD SUFFICIENT TO INDICATE THAT A CONTRACT HAS BEEN
7 FORMED AND WHICH REASONABLY IDENTIFIES THE COPY OR SUBJECT MATTER TO
8 WHICH THE CONTRACT REFERS; OR

9 (2) THE AGREEMENT IS A LICENSE FOR AN AGREED DURATION OF ONE
10 YEAR OR LESS OR WHICH MAY BE TERMINATED AT WILL BY THE PARTY AGAINST
11 WHICH THE CONTRACT IS ASSERTED.

12 (B) A RECORD IS SUFFICIENT UNDER SUBSECTION (A) OF THIS SECTION EVEN
13 IF IT OMITS OR INCORRECTLY STATES A TERM, BUT THE CONTRACT IS NOT
14 ENFORCEABLE UNDER THAT SUBSECTION BEYOND THE NUMBER OF COPIES OR
15 SUBJECT MATTER SHOWN IN THE RECORD.

16 (C) A CONTRACT THAT DOES NOT SATISFY THE REQUIREMENTS OF
17 SUBSECTION (A) OF THIS SECTION IS NEVERTHELESS ENFORCEABLE UNDER THAT
18 SUBSECTION IF:

19(1)A PERFORMANCE WAS TENDERED OR THE INFORMATION WAS MADE20AVAILABLE BY ONE PARTY AND THE TENDER WAS ACCEPTED OR THE INFORMATION21ACCESSED BY THE OTHER; OR

(2) THE PARTY AGAINST WHICH ENFORCEMENT IS SOUGHT ADMITS IN
COURT, BY PLEADING OR BY TESTIMONY OR OTHERWISE UNDER OATH, FACTS
SUFFICIENT TO INDICATE A CONTRACT HAS BEEN MADE, BUT THE AGREEMENT IS
NOT ENFORCEABLE UNDER THIS PARAGRAPH BEYOND THE NUMBER OF COPIES OR
THE SUBJECT MATTER ADMITTED.

(D) BETWEEN MERCHANTS, IF, WITHIN A REASONABLE TIME, A RECORD IN
28 CONFIRMATION OF THE CONTRACT AND SUFFICIENT AGAINST THE SENDER IS
29 RECEIVED AND THE PARTY RECEIVING IT HAS REASON TO KNOW ITS CONTENTS, THE
30 RECORD SATISFIES SUBSECTION (A) OF THIS SECTION AGAINST THE PARTY
31 RECEIVING IT UNLESS NOTICE OF OBJECTION TO ITS CONTENTS IS GIVEN IN A
32 RECORD WITHIN 10 DAYS <u>A REASONABLE TIME</u> AFTER THE CONFIRMING RECORD IS
33 RECEIVED.

34 (E) AN AGREEMENT THAT THE REQUIREMENTS OF THIS SECTION NEED NOT
35 BE SATISFIED AS TO FUTURE TRANSACTIONS IS EFFECTIVE IF EVIDENCED IN A
36 RECORD AUTHENTICATED BY THE PERSON AGAINST WHICH ENFORCEMENT IS
37 SOUGHT.

38 (F) A TRANSACTION WITHIN THE SCOPE OF THIS TITLE IS NOT SUBJECT TO A
 39 STATUTE OF FRAUDS CONTAINED IN ANOTHER LAW OF THIS STATE.

1 21-202. FORMATION IN GENERAL.

2 (A) A CONTRACT MAY BE FORMED IN ANY MANNER SUFFICIENT TO SHOW
3 AGREEMENT, INCLUDING OFFER AND ACCEPTANCE OR CONDUCT OF BOTH PARTIES
4 OR OPERATIONS OF ELECTRONIC AGENTS WHICH RECOGNIZE THE EXISTENCE OF A
5 CONTRACT.

6 (B) IF THE PARTIES SO INTEND, AN AGREEMENT SUFFICIENT TO CONSTITUTE
7 A CONTRACT MAY BE FOUND EVEN IF THE TIME OF ITS MAKING IS UNDETERMINED,
8 ONE OR MORE TERMS ARE LEFT OPEN OR TO BE AGREED ON, THE RECORDS OF THE
9 PARTIES DO NOT OTHERWISE ESTABLISH A CONTRACT, OR ONE PARTY RESERVES
10 THE RIGHT TO MODIFY TERMS.

(C) EVEN IF ONE OR MORE TERMS ARE LEFT OPEN OR TO BE AGREED UPON, A
 CONTRACT DOES NOT FAIL FOR INDEFINITENESS IF THE PARTIES INTENDED TO
 MAKE A CONTRACT AND THERE IS A REASONABLY CERTAIN BASIS FOR GIVING AN
 APPROPRIATE REMEDY.

15 (D) IN THE ABSENCE OF CONDUCT OR PERFORMANCE BY BOTH PARTIES TO
16 THE CONTRARY, A CONTRACT IS NOT FORMED IF THERE IS A MATERIAL
17 DISAGREEMENT ABOUT A MATERIAL TERM, INCLUDING A TERM CONCERNING
18 SCOPE.

19 IF A TERM IS TO BE ADOPTED BY LATER AGREEMENT AND THE PARTIES (E) 20 INTEND NOT TO BE BOUND UNLESS THE TERM IS SO ADOPTED. A CONTRACT IS NOT 21 FORMED IF THE PARTIES DO NOT AGREE TO THE TERM. IN THAT CASE, EACH PARTY 22 SHALL DELIVER TO THE OTHER PARTY, OR WITH THE CONSENT OF THE OTHER 23 PARTY DESTROY, ALL COPIES OF INFORMATION, ACCESS MATERIALS, AND OTHER 24 MATERIALS RECEIVED OR MADE, AND EACH PARTY IS ENTITLED TO A RETURN WITH 25 RESPECT TO ANY CONTRACT FEE PAID FOR WHICH PERFORMANCE HAS NOT BEEN 26 RECEIVED, HAS NOT BEEN ACCEPTED, OR HAS BEEN REDELIVERED WITHOUT ANY 27 BENEFIT BEING RETAINED. THE PARTIES REMAIN BOUND BY ANY CONTRACTUAL 28 USE TERM ONLY WITH RESPECT TO INFORMATION OR COPIES RECEIVED OR MADE 29 FROM COPIES RECEIVED PURSUANT TO THE AGREEMENT AND NOT DELIVERED OR 30 DELIVERABLE TO THE OTHER PARTY, BUT THE CONTRACTUAL USE TERM DOES NOT 31 APPLY TO INFORMATION OR COPIES PROPERLY RECEIVED OR OBTAINED FROM 32 ANOTHER SOURCE.

33 21-203. OFFER AND ACCEPTANCE IN GENERAL.

34 UNLESS OTHERWISE UNAMBIGUOUSLY INDICATED BY THE LANGUAGE OR THE 35 CIRCUMSTANCES:

36 (1) AN OFFER TO MAKE A CONTRACT INVITES ACCEPTANCE IN ANY
37 MANNER AND BY ANY MEDIUM REASONABLE UNDER THE CIRCUMSTANCES.

(2) AN ORDER OR OTHER OFFER TO ACQUIRE A COPY FOR PROMPT OR
(39) CURRENT DELIVERY INVITES ACCEPTANCE BY EITHER A PROMPT PROMISE TO SHIP
(40) OR A PROMPT OR CURRENT SHIPMENT OF A CONFORMING OR NONCONFORMING
(41) COPY. HOWEVER, A SHIPMENT OF A NONCONFORMING COPY IS NOT AN ACCEPTANCE

IF THE LICENSOR SEASONABLY NOTIFIES THE LICENSEE THAT THE SHIPMENT IS
 OFFERED ONLY AS AN ACCOMMODATION TO THE LICENSEE.

3 (3) IF THE BEGINNING OF A REQUESTED PERFORMANCE IS A
4 REASONABLE MODE OF ACCEPTANCE, AN OFFEROR THAT IS NOT NOTIFIED OF
5 ACCEPTANCE OR PERFORMANCE WITHIN A REASONABLE TIME MAY TREAT THE
6 OFFER AS HAVING LAPSED BEFORE ACCEPTANCE.

7 (4) IF AN OFFER IN AN ELECTRONIC MESSAGE EVOKES AN ELECTRONIC 8 MESSAGE ACCEPTING THE OFFER, A CONTRACT IS FORMED:

9

(A) WHEN AN ELECTRONIC ACCEPTANCE IS RECEIVED; OR

(B) IF THE RESPONSE CONSISTS OF BEGINNING PERFORMANCE,
 FULL PERFORMANCE, OR GIVING ACCESS TO INFORMATION, WHEN THE
 PERFORMANCE IS RECEIVED OR THE ACCESS IS ENABLED AND NECESSARY ACCESS
 MATERIALS ARE RECEIVED.

14 21-204. ACCEPTANCE WITH VARYING TERMS.

15 (A) IN THIS SECTION, AN ACCEPTANCE MATERIALLY ALTERS AN OFFER IF IT
16 CONTAINS A TERM THAT MATERIALLY CONFLICTS WITH OR VARIES A TERM OF THE
17 OFFER OR THAT ADDS A MATERIAL TERM NOT CONTAINED IN THE OFFER.

18 (B) EXCEPT AS OTHERWISE PROVIDED IN § 21-205 OF THIS SUBTITLE, A
19 DEFINITE AND SEASONABLE EXPRESSION OF ACCEPTANCE OPERATES AS AN
20 ACCEPTANCE, EVEN IF THE ACCEPTANCE CONTAINS TERMS THAT VARY FROM THE
21 TERMS OF THE OFFER, UNLESS THE ACCEPTANCE MATERIALLY ALTERS THE OFFER.

22 (C) IF AN ACCEPTANCE MATERIALLY ALTERS THE OFFER, THE FOLLOWING 23 RULES APPLY:

24 (1) A CONTRACT IS NOT FORMED UNLESS:

25 (A) A PARTY AGREES, SUCH AS BY MANIFESTING ASSENT, TO THE 26 OTHER PARTY'S OFFER OR ACCEPTANCE; OR

27 (B) ALL THE OTHER CIRCUMSTANCES, INCLUDING THE CONDUCT 28 OF THE PARTIES, ESTABLISH A CONTRACT.

29(2)IF A CONTRACT IS FORMED BY THE CONDUCT OF BOTH PARTIES, THE30TERMS OF THE CONTRACT ARE DETERMINED UNDER § 21-210 OF THIS SUBTITLE.

31 (D) IF AN ACCEPTANCE VARIES FROM BUT DOES NOT MATERIALLY ALTER
32 THE OFFER, A CONTRACT IS FORMED BASED ON THE TERMS OF THE OFFER. IN
33 ADDITION, THE FOLLOWING RULES APPLY:

34(1)TERMS IN THE ACCEPTANCE WHICH CONFLICT WITH TERMS IN THE35OFFER ARE NOT PART OF THE CONTRACT.

(2) AN ADDITIONAL NONMATERIAL TERM IN THE ACCEPTANCE IS A
 PROPOSAL FOR AN ADDITIONAL TERM. BETWEEN MERCHANTS, THE PROPOSED
 ADDITIONAL TERM BECOMES PART OF THE CONTRACT UNLESS THE OFFEROR GIVES
 NOTICE OF OBJECTION BEFORE, OR WITHIN A REASONABLE TIME AFTER, IT
 RECEIVES THE PROPOSED TERMS.

6 21-205. CONDITIONAL OFFER OR ACCEPTANCE.

7 (A) IN THIS SECTION, AN OFFER OR ACCEPTANCE IS CONDITIONAL IF IT IS
8 CONDITIONED ON AGREEMENT BY THE OTHER PARTY TO ALL THE TERMS OF THE
9 OFFER OR ACCEPTANCE.

10 (B) EXCEPT AS OTHERWISE PROVIDED IN SUBSECTION (C) OF THIS SECTION, A
11 CONDITIONAL OFFER OR ACCEPTANCE PRECLUDES FORMATION OF A CONTRACT
12 UNLESS THE OTHER PARTY AGREES TO ITS TERMS, SUCH AS BY MANIFESTING
13 ASSENT.

14 (C) IF AN OFFER AND ACCEPTANCE ARE IN STANDARD FORMS AND AT LEAST 15 ONE FORM IS CONDITIONAL, THE FOLLOWING RULES APPLY:

16 (1) CONDITIONAL LANGUAGE IN A STANDARD TERM PRECLUDES
17 FORMATION OF A CONTRACT ONLY IF THE ACTIONS OF THE PARTY PROPOSING THE
18 FORM ARE CONSISTENT WITH THE CONDITIONAL LANGUAGE, SUCH AS BY REFUSING
19 TO PERFORM, REFUSING TO PERMIT PERFORMANCE, OR REFUSING TO ACCEPT THE
20 BENEFITS OF THE AGREEMENT, UNTIL ITS PROPOSED TERMS ARE ACCEPTED.

(2) A PARTY THAT AGREES, SUCH AS BY MANIFESTING ASSENT, TO A
 CONDITIONAL OFFER THAT IS EFFECTIVE UNDER PARAGRAPH (1) OF THIS
 SUBSECTION ADOPTS THE TERMS OF THE OFFER UNDER § 21-208 OR § 21-209 OF THIS
 SUBTITLE, EXCEPT A TERM THAT CONFLICTS WITH AN EXPRESSLY AGREED TERM
 REGARDING PRICE OR QUANTITY.

26 21-206. OFFER AND ACCEPTANCE: ELECTRONIC AGENTS.

(A) A CONTRACT MAY BE FORMED BY THE INTERACTION OF ELECTRONIC
AGENTS. IF THE INTERACTION RESULTS IN THE ELECTRONIC AGENTS' ENGAGING IN
OPERATIONS THAT UNDER THE CIRCUMSTANCES INDICATE ACCEPTANCE OF AN
OFFER, A CONTRACT IS FORMED, BUT A COURT MAY GRANT APPROPRIATE RELIEF IF
THE OPERATIONS RESULTED FROM FRAUD, ELECTRONIC MISTAKE, OR THE LIKE.

(B) A CONTRACT MAY BE FORMED BY THE INTERACTION OF AN ELECTRONIC
33 AGENT AND AN INDIVIDUAL ACTING ON THE INDIVIDUAL'S OWN BEHALF OR FOR
34 ANOTHER PERSON. A CONTRACT IS FORMED IF THE INDIVIDUAL TAKES AN ACTION
35 OR MAKES A STATEMENT THAT THE INDIVIDUAL CAN REFUSE TO TAKE OR SAY AND
36 THAT THE INDIVIDUAL HAS REASON TO KNOW WILL:

37 (1) CAUSE THE ELECTRONIC AGENT TO PERFORM, PROVIDE BENEFITS,
38 OR ALLOW THE USE OR ACCESS THAT IS THE SUBJECT OF THE CONTRACT, OR SEND
39 INSTRUCTIONS TO DO SO; OR

1(2)INDICATE ACCEPTANCE, REGARDLESS OF OTHER EXPRESSIONS OR2ACTIONS BY THE INDIVIDUAL TO WHICH THE INDIVIDUAL HAS REASON TO KNOW3THE ELECTRONIC AGENT CANNOT REACT.

4 (C) THE TERMS OF A CONTRACT FORMED UNDER SUBSECTION (B) OF THIS
5 SECTION ARE DETERMINED UNDER § 21-208 OR § 21-209 OF THIS SUBTITLE BUT DO
6 NOT INCLUDE A TERM PROVIDED BY THE INDIVIDUAL IF THE INDIVIDUAL HAD
7 REASON TO KNOW THAT THE ELECTRONIC AGENT COULD NOT REACT TO THE TERM.

8 21-207. FORMATION: RELEASES OF INFORMATIONAL RIGHTS.

9 (A) A RELEASE IS EFFECTIVE WITHOUT CONSIDERATION IF IT IS:

(1) IN A RECORD TO WHICH THE RELEASING PARTY AGREES, SUCH AS
 BY MANIFESTING ASSENT, AND WHICH IDENTIFIES THE INFORMATIONAL RIGHTS
 RELEASED; OR

13(2)ENFORCEABLE UNDER ESTOPPEL, IMPLIED LICENSE, OR OTHER14 LAW.

15 (B) A RELEASE CONTINUES FOR THE DURATION OF THE INFORMATIONAL
16 RIGHTS RELEASED IF THE RELEASE DOES NOT SPECIFY ITS DURATION AND DOES
17 NOT REQUIRE AFFIRMATIVE PERFORMANCE AFTER THE GRANT OF THE RELEASE BY:

18 (1) THE PARTY GRANTING THE RELEASE; OR

19 (2) THE PARTY RECEIVING THE RELEASE, EXCEPT FOR RELATIVELY 20 INSIGNIFICANT ACTS.

21 (C) IN CASES NOT GOVERNED BY SUBSECTION (B) OF THIS SECTION, THE 22 DURATION OF A RELEASE IS GOVERNED BY § 21-308 OF THIS TITLE.

23 TERMS OF RECORDS.

24 21-208. ADOPTING TERMS OF RECORDS.

25 EXCEPT AS OTHERWISE PROVIDED IN § 21-209 OF THIS SUBTITLE, THE 26 FOLLOWING RULES APPLY:

27 (1) A PARTY ADOPTS THE TERMS OF A RECORD, INCLUDING A STANDARD
28 FORM, AS THE TERMS OF THE CONTRACT IF THE PARTY AGREES TO THE RECORD,
29 SUCH AS BY MANIFESTING ASSENT.

30 (2) THE TERMS OF A RECORD MAY BE ADOPTED PURSUANT TO
31 PARAGRAPH (1) OF THIS SECTION AFTER BEGINNING PERFORMANCE OR USE IF THE
32 PARTIES HAD REASON TO KNOW THAT THEIR AGREEMENT WOULD BE REPRESENTED
33 IN WHOLE OR PART BY A LATER RECORD TO BE AGREED ON AND THERE WOULD NOT
34 BE AN OPPORTUNITY TO REVIEW THE RECORD OR A COPY OF IT BEFORE
35 PERFORMANCE OR USE BEGINS. IF THE PARTIES FAIL TO AGREE TO THE LATER

1 TERMS AND DID NOT INTEND TO FORM A CONTRACT UNLESS THEY SO AGREED, § 2 21-202(E) OF THIS SUBTITLE APPLIES.

3 (3) IF A PARTY ADOPTS THE TERMS OF A RECORD, THE TERMS BECOME
4 PART OF THE CONTRACT WITHOUT REGARD TO THE PARTY'S KNOWLEDGE OR
5 UNDERSTANDING OF INDIVIDUAL TERMS IN THE RECORD, EXCEPT FOR A TERM THAT
6 IS UNENFORCEABLE BECAUSE IT FAILS TO SATISFY ANOTHER REQUIREMENT OF
7 THIS TITLE.

8 21-209. MASS-MARKET LICENSE.

9 (A) A PARTY ADOPTS THE TERMS OF A MASS-MARKET LICENSE FOR
10 PURPOSES OF § 21-208 OF THIS SUBTITLE ONLY IF THE PARTY AGREES TO THE
11 LICENSE, SUCH AS BY MANIFESTING ASSENT, BEFORE OR DURING THE PARTY'S
12 INITIAL PERFORMANCE OR USE OF OR ACCESS TO THE INFORMATION. A TERM IS NOT
13 PART OF THE LICENSE IF:

14 (1) THE TERM IS UNCONSCIONABLE OR;

15 (2) <u>THE TERM</u> IS UNENFORCEABLE, <u>AFTER WEIGHING FUNDAMENTAL</u>
 PUBLIC POLICIES, INCLUDING FUNDAMENTAL PUBLIC POLICIES CONCERNING
 COMPETITION OR INNOVATION, UNDER § 21-105(A) OR (B) OF THIS TITLE; OR

18(2)(3)SUBJECT TO § 21-301 OF THIS TITLE, THE TERM CONFLICTS19WITH A TERM TO WHICH THE PARTIES TO THE LICENSE HAVE EXPRESSLY AGREED;20OR

23 (1) IN A PRINTED LICENSE OR; OR

24 <u>(II)</u> <u>IN ELECTRONIC FORM THAT:</u>

25 <u>I.</u> <u>CAN BE PRINTED OR STORED FOR ARCHIVAL AND REVIEW</u>
 26 <u>PURPOSES BY THE LICENSEE; OR</u>

27 <u>2.</u> <u>IS MADE AVAILABLE BY A LICENSOR TO A LICENSEE, AT</u>

28 <u>NO COST TO THE LICENSEE, IN A PRINTED FORM ON THE REQUEST OF A LICENSEE</u>
 29 <u>THAT IS UNABLE TO PRINT OR STORE THE LICENSE FOR ARCHIVAL AND REVIEW</u>

30 PURPOSES.

(B) IF A MASS-MARKET LICENSE OR A COPY OF THE LICENSE IS NOT
AVAILABLE IN A MANNER PERMITTING AN OPPORTUNITY TO REVIEW BY THE
LICENSEE BEFORE THE LICENSEE BECOMES OBLIGATED TO PAY AND THE LICENSEE
DOES NOT AGREE, SUCH AS BY MANIFESTING ASSENT, TO THE LICENSE AFTER
HAVING AN OPPORTUNITY TO REVIEW, THE LICENSEE IS ENTITLED TO A RETURN
UNDER § 21-112 OF THIS TITLE AND, IN ADDITION, TO:

(1) REIMBURSEMENT OF ANY REASONABLE EXPENSES INCURRED IN
 COMPLYING WITH THE LICENSOR'S INSTRUCTIONS FOR RETURNING OR DESTROYING
 THE COMPUTER INFORMATION OR, IN THE ABSENCE OF INSTRUCTIONS, EXPENSES
 INCURRED FOR RETURN POSTAGE OR SIMILAR REASONABLE EXPENSE IN
 RETURNING THE COMPUTER INFORMATION: AND

6 (2) COMPENSATION FOR ANY REASONABLE AND FORESEEABLE COSTS 7 OF RESTORING THE LICENSEE'S INFORMATION PROCESSING SYSTEM TO REVERSE 8 CHANGES IN THE SYSTEM CAUSED BY THE INSTALLATION, IF:

9 (A) THE INSTALLATION OCCURS BECAUSE INFORMATION MUST BE 10 INSTALLED TO ENABLE REVIEW OF THE LICENSE; AND

(B) THE INSTALLATION ALTERS THE SYSTEM OR INFORMATION IN
 IT BUT DOES NOT RESTORE THE SYSTEM OR INFORMATION AFTER REMOVAL OF THE
 INSTALLED INFORMATION BECAUSE THE LICENSEE REJECTED THE LICENSE.

14 (C) IN A MASS-MARKET TRANSACTION, IF THE LICENSOR DOES NOT HAVE AN
15 OPPORTUNITY TO REVIEW A RECORD CONTAINING PROPOSED TERMS FROM THE
16 LICENSEE BEFORE THE LICENSOR DELIVERS OR BECOMES OBLIGATED TO DELIVER
17 THE INFORMATION, AND IF THE LICENSOR DOES NOT AGREE, SUCH AS BY
18 MANIFESTING ASSENT, TO THOSE TERMS AFTER HAVING THAT OPPORTUNITY, THE
19 LICENSOR IS ENTITLED TO A RETURN.

20 (D) <u>A TERM IN A MASS-MARKET LICENSE THAT LIMITS THE DURATION OF THE</u> 21 <u>LICENSE SHALL BE CONSPICUOUS.</u>

22 21-210. TERMS OF CONTRACT FORMED BY CONDUCT.

(A) EXCEPT AS OTHERWISE PROVIDED IN SUBSECTION (B) OF THIS SECTION
AND SUBJECT TO § 21-301 OF THIS TITLE, IF A CONTRACT IS FORMED BY CONDUCT OF
THE PARTIES, THE TERMS OF THE CONTRACT ARE DETERMINED BY CONSIDERATION
OF THE TERMS AND CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE PARTIES EXPRESSLY AGREED,
COURSE OF PERFORMANCE, COURSE OF DEALING, USAGE OF TRADE, THE NATURE
OF THE PARTIES' CONDUCT, THE RECORDS EXCHANGED, THE INFORMATION OR
INFORMATIONAL RIGHTS INVOLVED, THE SUPPLEMENTARY PROVISIONS OF THIS
TITLE, AND ALL OTHER RELEVANT CIRCUMSTANCES. IF A COURT CANNOT
DETERMINE THE TERMS OF THE CONTRACT FROM THE FOREGOING FACTORS, THE
SUPPLEMENTARY PRINCIPLES OF THIS TITLE APPLY.

(B) THIS SECTION DOES NOT APPLY IF THE PARTIES AUTHENTICATE A
34 RECORD OF THE CONTRACT OR A PARTY AGREES, SUCH AS BY MANIFESTING ASSENT,
35 TO THE RECORD CONTAINING THE TERMS OF THE OTHER PARTY.

36 21-211. PRETRANSACTION DISCLOSURES IN INTERNET-TYPE TRANSACTIONS.

37 THIS SECTION APPLIES TO A LICENSOR THAT MAKES ITS COMPUTER

38 INFORMATION AVAILABLE TO A LICENSEE BY ELECTRONIC MEANS FROM ITS

39 INTERNET OR SIMILAR ELECTRONIC SITE. IN SUCH A CASE, THE LICENSOR AFFORDS

40 AN OPPORTUNITY TO REVIEW THE TERMS OF A STANDARD FORM LICENSE WHICH

OPPORTUNITY SATISFIES § 21-112(E) OF THIS TITLE WITH RESPECT TO A LICENSEE
 THAT ACQUIRES THE INFORMATION FROM THAT SITE, IF THE LICENSOR:

3 (1) MAKES THE STANDARD TERMS OF THE LICENSE READILY
4 AVAILABLE FOR REVIEW BY THE LICENSEE BEFORE THE INFORMATION IS
5 DELIVERED OR THE LICENSEE BECOMES OBLIGATED TO PAY, WHICHEVER OCCURS
6 FIRST, BY:

7 (A) DISPLAYING PROMINENTLY AND IN CLOSE PROXIMITY TO A
8 DESCRIPTION OF THE COMPUTER INFORMATION, OR TO INSTRUCTIONS OR STEPS
9 FOR ACQUIRING IT, THE STANDARD TERMS OR A REFERENCE TO AN ELECTRONIC
10 LOCATION FROM WHICH THEY CAN BE READILY OBTAINED; OR

(B) DISCLOSING THE AVAILABILITY OF THE STANDARD TERMS IN A
 PROMINENT PLACE ON THE SITE FROM WHICH THE COMPUTER INFORMATION IS
 OFFERED AND PROMPTLY FURNISHING A COPY OF THE STANDARD TERMS ON
 REQUEST BEFORE THE TRANSFER OF THE COMPUTER INFORMATION; AND

15 (2) DOES NOT TAKE AFFIRMATIVE ACTS TO PREVENT PRINTING OR
16 STORAGE OF THE STANDARD TERMS FOR ARCHIVAL OR REVIEW PURPOSES BY THE
17 LICENSEE.

ELECTRONIC CONTRACTS: GENERALLY.

19 21-212. EFFICACY AND COMMERCIAL REASONABLENESS OF ATTRIBUTION20 PROCEDURE.

THE EFFICACY, INCLUDING THE COMMERCIAL REASONABLENESS, OF AN
ATTRIBUTION PROCEDURE IS DETERMINED BY THE COURT. IN MAKING THIS
DETERMINATION, THE FOLLOWING RULES APPLY:

24 (1) AN ATTRIBUTION PROCEDURE ESTABLISHED BY LAW IS EFFECTIVE
 25 FOR TRANSACTIONS WITHIN THE COVERAGE OF THE STATUTE OR RULE.

(2) EXCEPT AS OTHERWISE PROVIDED IN PARAGRAPH (1) OF THIS
SECTION, COMMERCIAL REASONABLENESS AND EFFECTIVENESS IS DETERMINED IN
LIGHT OF THE PURPOSES OF THE PROCEDURE AND THE COMMERCIAL
CIRCUMSTANCES AT THE TIME THE PARTIES AGREED TO OR ADOPTED THE
PROCEDURE.

31 (3) AN ATTRIBUTION PROCEDURE MAY USE ANY SECURITY DEVICE OR
 32 METHOD THAT IS COMMERCIALLY REASONABLE UNDER THE CIRCUMSTANCES.

33 21-213. DETERMINING ATTRIBUTION.

(A) AN ELECTRONIC AUTHENTICATION, DISPLAY, MESSAGE, RECORD, OR
PERFORMANCE IS ATTRIBUTED TO A PERSON IF IT WAS THE ACT OF THE PERSON OR
ITS ELECTRONIC AGENT, OR IF THE PERSON IS BOUND BY IT UNDER AGENCY OR
OTHER LAW. THE PARTY RELYING ON ATTRIBUTION OF AN ELECTRONIC

AUTHENTICATION, DISPLAY, MESSAGE, RECORD, OR PERFORMANCE TO ANOTHER
 PERSON HAS THE BURDEN OF ESTABLISHING ATTRIBUTION.

3 (B) THE ACT OF A PERSON MAY BE SHOWN IN ANY MANNER, INCLUDING A
4 SHOWING OF THE EFFICACY OF AN ATTRIBUTION PROCEDURE THAT WAS AGREED
5 TO OR ADOPTED BY THE PARTIES OR ESTABLISHED BY LAW.

6 (C) THE EFFECT OF AN ELECTRONIC ACT ATTRIBUTED TO A PERSON UNDER
7 SUBSECTION (A) OF THIS SECTION IS DETERMINED FROM THE CONTEXT AT THE TIME
8 OF ITS CREATION, EXECUTION, OR ADOPTION, INCLUDING THE PARTIES'
9 AGREEMENT, IF ANY, OR OTHERWISE AS PROVIDED BY LAW.

(D) IF AN ATTRIBUTION PROCEDURE EXISTS TO DETECT ERRORS OR CHANGES
IN AN ELECTRONIC AUTHENTICATION, DISPLAY, MESSAGE, RECORD, OR
PERFORMANCE, AND WAS AGREED TO OR ADOPTED BY THE PARTIES OR
ESTABLISHED BY LAW, AND ONE PARTY CONFORMED TO THE PROCEDURE BUT THE
OTHER PARTY DID NOT, AND THE NONCONFORMING PARTY WOULD HAVE DETECTED
THE CHANGE OR ERROR HAD THAT PARTY ALSO CONFORMED, THE EFFECT OF
NONCOMPLIANCE IS DETERMINED BY THE AGREEMENT BUT, IN THE ABSENCE OF
AGREEMENT, THE CONFORMING PARTY MAY AVOID THE EFFECT OF THE ERROR OR
CHANGE.

19 21-214. ELECTRONIC ERROR: CONSUMER DEFENSES.

20 (A) IN THIS SECTION, "ELECTRONIC ERROR" MEANS AN ERROR IN AN
21 ELECTRONIC MESSAGE CREATED BY A CONSUMER USING AN INFORMATION
22 PROCESSING SYSTEM IF A REASONABLE METHOD TO DETECT AND CORRECT OR
23 AVOID THE ERROR WAS NOT PROVIDED.

(B) IN AN AUTOMATED TRANSACTION, A CONSUMER IS NOT BOUND BY AN
ELECTRONIC MESSAGE THAT THE CONSUMER DID NOT INTEND AND WHICH WAS
CAUSED BY AN ELECTRONIC ERROR, IF THE CONSUMER:

27 (1) PROMPTLY ON LEARNING OF THE ERROR:

28 (A) NOTIFIES THE OTHER PARTY OF THE ERROR; AND

(B) CAUSES DELIVERY TO THE OTHER PARTY OR, PURSUANT TO
REASONABLE INSTRUCTIONS RECEIVED FROM THE OTHER PARTY, DELIVERS TO
ANOTHER PERSON OR DESTROYS ALL COPIES OF THE INFORMATION; AND

32 (2) HAS NOT USED, OR RECEIVED ANY BENEFIT OR VALUE FROM, THE
 33 INFORMATION OR CAUSED THE INFORMATION OR BENEFIT TO BE MADE AVAILABLE
 34 TO A THIRD PARTY.

35 (C) IF SUBSECTION (B) OF THIS SECTION DOES NOT APPLY, THE EFFECT OF AN
 36 ELECTRONIC ERROR IS DETERMINED BY OTHER LAW.

1 21-215. ELECTRONIC MESSAGE: WHEN EFFECTIVE; EFFECT OF ACKNOWLEDGMENT.

2 (A) RECEIPT OF AN ELECTRONIC MESSAGE IS EFFECTIVE WHEN RECEIVED 3 EVEN IF NO INDIVIDUAL IS AWARE OF ITS RECEIPT.

4 (B) RECEIPT OF AN ELECTRONIC ACKNOWLEDGMENT OF AN ELECTRONIC
5 MESSAGE ESTABLISHES THAT THE MESSAGE WAS RECEIVED BUT BY ITSELF DOES
6 NOT ESTABLISH THAT THE CONTENT SENT CORRESPONDS TO THE CONTENT
7 RECEIVED.

8 21-216. IDEA OR INFORMATION SUBMISSION.

9 (A) THE FOLLOWING RULES APPLY TO A SUBMISSION OF AN IDEA OR

10 INFORMATION FOR THE CREATION, DEVELOPMENT, OR ENHANCEMENT OF

11 COMPUTER INFORMATION WHICH IS NOT MADE PURSUANT TO AN EXISTING

12 AGREEMENT REQUIRING THE SUBMISSION:

13(1)A CONTRACT IS NOT FORMED AND IS NOT IMPLIED FROM THE MERE14RECEIPT OF AN UNSOLICITED SUBMISSION;

(2) ENGAGING IN A BUSINESS, TRADE, OR INDUSTRY THAT BY CUSTOM
 OR PRACTICE REGULARLY ACQUIRES IDEAS IS NOT IN ITSELF AN EXPRESS OR
 IMPLIED SOLICITATION OF THE INFORMATION; AND

18 (3) IF THE RECIPIENT SEASONABLY NOTIFIES THE PERSON MAKING 19 THE SUBMISSION THAT THE RECIPIENT MAINTAINS A PROCEDURE TO RECEIVE AND 20 DEVIEW SUBMISSIONS A CONTRACT IS FORMED ONLY IF:

20 <u>REVIEW SUBMISSIONS, A CONTRACT IS FORMED ONLY IF:</u>

 21
 (A)
 THE SUBMISSION IS MADE AND ACCEPTED PURSUANT TO THAT

 22
 PROCEDURE; OR

23(B)THE RECIPIENT EXPRESSLY AGREES TO TERMS CONCERNING24THE SUBMISSION.

25 (B) AN AGREEMENT TO DISCLOSE AN IDEA CREATES A CONTRACT

26 ENFORCEABLE AGAINST THE RECEIVING PARTY ONLY IF THE IDEA AS DISCLOSED IS
 27 CONFIDENTIAL, CONCRETE, AND NOVEL TO THE BUSINESS, TRADE, OR INDUSTRY, OR

28 THE PARTY RECEIVING THE DISCLOSURE OTHERWISE EXPRESSLY AGREED.

29 SUBTITLE 3. CONSTRUCTION; GENERAL; INTERPRETATION.

30

GENERAL.

31 21-301. PAROL OR EXTRINSIC EVIDENCE.

32 TERMS WITH RESPECT TO WHICH CONFIRMATORY RECORDS OF THE PARTIES

33 AGREE OR WHICH ARE OTHERWISE SET FORTH IN A RECORD INTENDED BY THE

34 PARTIES AS A FINAL EXPRESSION OF THEIR AGREEMENT WITH RESPECT TO TERMS

35 INCLUDED THEREIN MAY NOT BE CONTRADICTED BY EVIDENCE OF ANY PREVIOUS

1 AGREEMENT OR OF A CONTEMPORANEOUS ORAL AGREEMENT BUT MAY BE 2 EXPLAINED OR SUPPLEMENTED BY:

3 (1) COURSE OF PERFORMANCE, COURSE OF DEALING, OR USAGE OF 4 TRADE; AND

5 (2) EVIDENCE OF CONSISTENT ADDITIONAL TERMS, UNLESS THE COURT
6 FINDS THE RECORD TO HAVE BEEN INTENDED AS A COMPLETE AND EXCLUSIVE
7 STATEMENT OF THE TERMS OF THE AGREEMENT.

8 21-302. PRACTICAL CONSTRUCTION.

9 (A) THE EXPRESS TERMS OF AN AGREEMENT AND ANY COURSE OF
10 PERFORMANCE, COURSE OF DEALING, OR USAGE OF TRADE MUST BE CONSTRUED
11 WHENEVER REASONABLE AS CONSISTENT WITH EACH OTHER. HOWEVER, IF THAT
12 CONSTRUCTION IS UNREASONABLE:

13 (1) EXPRESS TERMS PREVAIL OVER COURSE OF PERFORMANCE, COURSE 14 OF DEALING, AND USAGE OF TRADE;

15 (2) COURSE OF PERFORMANCE PREVAILS OVER COURSE OF DEALING 16 AND USAGE OF TRADE; AND

17 (3) COURSE OF DEALING PREVAILS OVER USAGE OF TRADE.

18 (B) AN APPLICABLE USAGE OF TRADE IN THE PLACE WHERE ANY PART OF
19 PERFORMANCE IS TO OCCUR MUST BE USED IN INTERPRETING THE AGREEMENT AS
20 TO THAT PART OF THE PERFORMANCE.

(C) EVIDENCE OF A RELEVANT COURSE OF PERFORMANCE, COURSE OF
 DEALING, OR USAGE OF TRADE OFFERED BY ONE PARTY IN A PROCEEDING IS NOT
 ADMISSIBLE UNLESS AND UNTIL THE PARTY OFFERING THE EVIDENCE HAS GIVEN
 THE OTHER PARTY NOTICE THAT THE COURT FINDS SUFFICIENT TO PREVENT
 UNFAIR SURPRISE.

26 (D) THE EXISTENCE AND SCOPE OF A USAGE OF TRADE MUST BE PROVED AS 27 FACTS.

28 21-303. MODIFICATION AND RESCISSION.

29 (A) AN AGREEMENT MODIFYING A CONTRACT SUBJECT TO THIS TITLE NEEDS30 NO CONSIDERATION TO BE BINDING.

(B) AN AUTHENTICATED RECORD THAT PRECLUDES MODIFICATION OR
RESCISSION EXCEPT BY AN AUTHENTICATED RECORD MAY NOT OTHERWISE BE
MODIFIED OR RESCINDED. IN A STANDARD FORM SUPPLIED BY A MERCHANT TO A
CONSUMER, A TERM REQUIRING AN AUTHENTICATED RECORD FOR MODIFICATION
OF THE CONTRACT IS NOT ENFORCEABLE UNLESS THE CONSUMER MANIFESTS
ASSENT TO THE TERM.

1 (C) A MODIFICATION OF A CONTRACT AND THE CONTRACT AS MODIFIED 2 MUST SATISFY THE REQUIREMENTS OF §§ 21-201(A) AND 21-307(G) OF THIS TITLE IF 3 THE CONTRACT AS MODIFIED IS WITHIN THOSE PROVISIONS.

4 (D) AN ATTEMPT AT MODIFICATION OR RESCISSION WHICH DOES NOT 5 SATISFY SUBSECTION (B) OR (C) OF THIS SECTION MAY OPERATE AS A WAIVER IF § 6 21-702 OF THIS TITLE IS SATISFIED.

7 21-304. CONTINUING CONTRACTUAL TERMS.

8 (A) TERMS OF AN AGREEMENT INVOLVING SUCCESSIVE PERFORMANCES
9 APPLY TO ALL PERFORMANCES, EVEN IF THE TERMS ARE NOT DISPLAYED OR
10 OTHERWISE BROUGHT TO THE ATTENTION OF A PARTY WITH RESPECT TO EACH
11 SUCCESSIVE PERFORMANCE, UNLESS THE TERMS ARE MODIFIED IN ACCORDANCE
12 WITH THIS TITLE OR THE CONTRACT.

13 (B) IF A CONTRACT PROVIDES THAT TERMS MAY BE CHANGED AS TO FUTURE
14 PERFORMANCES BY COMPLIANCE WITH A DESCRIBED PROCEDURE, A CHANGE
15 PROPOSED IN GOOD FAITH PURSUANT TO THAT PROCEDURE BECOMES PART OF THE
16 CONTRACT IF THE PROCEDURE:

17 (1) REASONABLY NOTIFIES THE OTHER PARTY OF THE CHANGE; AND

(2) IN A MASS-MARKET TRANSACTION, PERMITS THE OTHER PARTY TO
 TERMINATE THE CONTRACT AS TO FUTURE PERFORMANCE IF THE CHANGE ALTERS
 A MATERIAL TERM AND THE PARTY IN GOOD FAITH DETERMINES THAT THE
 MODIFICATION IS UNACCEPTABLE.

(C) THE PARTIES BY AGREEMENT MAY DETERMINE THE STANDARDS FOR
REASONABLE NOTICE UNLESS THE AGREED STANDARDS ARE MANIFESTLY
UNREASONABLE IN LIGHT OF THE COMMERCIAL CIRCUMSTANCES.

(D) THE ENFORCEABILITY OF CHANGES MADE PURSUANT TO A PROCEDURE
THAT DOES NOT COMPLY WITH SUBSECTION (B) OF THIS SECTION IS DETERMINED
BY THE OTHER PROVISIONS OF THIS TITLE OR OTHER LAW.

28 21-305. TERMS TO BE SPECIFIED.

AN AGREEMENT THAT IS OTHERWISE SUFFICIENTLY DEFINITE TO BE A
CONTRACT IS NOT INVALID BECAUSE IT LEAVES PARTICULARS OF PERFORMANCE TO
BE SPECIFIED BY ONE OF THE PARTIES. IF PARTICULARS OF PERFORMANCE ARE TO
BE SPECIFIED BY A PARTY, THE FOLLOWING RULES APPLY:

33 (1) SPECIFICATION MUST BE MADE IN GOOD FAITH AND WITHIN LIMITS34 SET BY COMMERCIAL REASONABLENESS.

35 (2) IF A SPECIFICATION MATERIALLY AFFECTS THE OTHER PARTY'S
 36 PERFORMANCE BUT IS NOT SEASONABLY MADE, THE OTHER PARTY:

1 (A) IS EXCUSED FOR ANY RESULTING DELAY IN ITS 2 PERFORMANCE; AND

3 (B) MAY PERFORM, SUSPEND PERFORMANCE, OR TREAT THE 4 FAILURE TO SPECIFY AS A BREACH OF CONTRACT.

5 21-306. PERFORMANCE UNDER OPEN TERMS.

A PERFORMANCE OBLIGATION OF A PARTY THAT CANNOT BE DETERMINED
FROM THE AGREEMENT OR FROM OTHER PROVISIONS OF THIS TITLE REQUIRES THE
PARTY TO PERFORM IN A MANNER AND IN A TIME THAT IS REASONABLE IN LIGHT OF
THE COMMERCIAL CIRCUMSTANCES EXISTING AT THE TIME OF AGREEMENT.

10

INTERPRETATION.

11 21-307. INTERPRETATION AND REQUIREMENTS FOR A GRANT.

12 (A) A LICENSE GRANTS:

13 (1) THE CONTRACTUAL RIGHTS THAT ARE EXPRESSLY DESCRIBED; AND

14 (2) A CONTRACTUAL RIGHT TO USE ANY INFORMATIONAL RIGHTS
15 WITHIN THE LICENSOR'S CONTROL AT THE TIME OF CONTRACTING WHICH ARE
16 NECESSARY IN THE ORDINARY COURSE TO EXERCISE THE EXPRESSLY DESCRIBED
17 RIGHTS.

(B) IF A LICENSE EXPRESSLY LIMITS USE OF THE INFORMATION OR
INFORMATIONAL RIGHTS, USE IN ANY OTHER MANNER IS A BREACH OF CONTRACT.
IN ALL OTHER CASES, A LICENSE CONTAINS AN IMPLIED LIMITATION THAT THE
LICENSEE WILL NOT USE THE INFORMATION OR INFORMATIONAL RIGHTS
OTHERWISE THAN AS DESCRIBED IN SUBSECTION (A) OF THIS SECTION. HOWEVER,
USE INCONSISTENT WITH THIS IMPLIED LIMITATION IS NOT A BREACH IF IT IS
PERMITTED UNDER APPLICABLE LAW IN THE ABSENCE OF THE IMPLIED
LIMITATION.

26 (C) AN AGREEMENT THAT DOES NOT SPECIFY THE NUMBER OF PERMITTED
27 USERS PERMITS A NUMBER OF USERS WHICH IS REASONABLE IN LIGHT OF THE
28 INFORMATIONAL RIGHTS INVOLVED AND THE COMMERCIAL CIRCUMSTANCES
29 EXISTING AT THE TIME OF THE AGREEMENT.

30 (D) <u>UNLESS OTHERWISE AGREED</u>, A PARTY IS NOT ENTITLED TO ANY RIGHTS
31 IN NEW VERSIONS OF, OR IMPROVEMENTS OR MODIFICATIONS TO, INFORMATION
32 MADE BY THE OTHER PARTY. A LICENSOR'S AGREEMENT TO PROVIDE NEW VERSIONS,
33 IMPROVEMENTS, OR MODIFICATIONS REQUIRES THAT THE LICENSOR PROVIDE
34 THEM AS DEVELOPED AND MADE GENERALLY COMMERCIALLY AVAILABLE FROM
35 TIME TO TIME BY THE LICENSOR.

36 (E) <u>UNLESS OTHERWISE AGREED, NEITHER PARTY IS ENTITLED TO RECEIVE</u>
 37 COPIES OF SOURCE CODE, SCHEMATICS, MASTER COPY, DESIGN MATERIAL, OR

OTHER INFORMATION USED BY THE OTHER PARTY IN CREATING, DEVELOPING, OR
 IMPLEMENTING THE INFORMATION.

3 (F) TERMS CONCERNING SCOPE MUST BE CONSTRUED UNDER ORDINARY
4 PRINCIPLES OF CONTRACT INTERPRETATION IN LIGHT OF THE INFORMATIONAL
5 RIGHTS AND THE COMMERCIAL CONTEXT. IN ADDITION, THE FOLLOWING RULES
6 APPLY:

7 (1) A GRANT OF "ALL POSSIBLE RIGHTS AND FOR ALL MEDIA" OR "ALL
8 RIGHTS AND FOR ALL MEDIA NOW KNOWN OR LATER DEVELOPED", OR A GRANT IN
9 SIMILAR TERMS, INCLUDES ALL RIGHTS THEN EXISTING OR LATER CREATED BY LAW
10 AND ALL USES, MEDIA, AND METHODS OF DISTRIBUTION OR EXHIBITION, WHETHER
11 THEN EXISTING OR DEVELOPED IN THE FUTURE AND WHETHER OR NOT
12 ANTICIPATED AT THE TIME OF THE GRANT.

13 (2) A GRANT OF AN "EXCLUSIVE LICENSE", OR A GRANT IN SIMILAR 14 TERMS, MEANS THAT:

15 (A) FOR THE DURATION OF THE LICENSE, THE LICENSOR WILL NOT
16 EXERCISE, AND WILL NOT GRANT TO ANY OTHER PERSON, RIGHTS IN THE SAME
17 INFORMATION OR INFORMATIONAL RIGHTS WITHIN THE SCOPE OF THE EXCLUSIVE
18 GRANT; AND

(B) THE LICENSOR AFFIRMS THAT IT HAS NOT PREVIOUSLY
 (B) GRANTED THOSE RIGHTS IN A CONTRACT IN EFFECT WHEN THE LICENSEE'S RIGHTS
 (A) MAY BE EXERCISED.

(G) THE RULES IN THIS SECTION MAY BE VARIED ONLY BY A RECORD THAT ISSUFFICIENT TO INDICATE THAT A CONTRACT HAS BEEN MADE AND WHICH IS:

24 (1) AUTHENTICATED BY THE PARTY AGAINST WHICH ENFORCEMENT IS 25 SOUGHT; OR

26(2)PREPARED AND DELIVERED BY ONE PARTY AND ADOPTED BY THE27OTHER UNDER § 21-208 OR § 21-209 OF THIS TITLE.

28 21-308. DURATION OF CONTRACT.

29 IF AN AGREEMENT DOES NOT SPECIFY ITS DURATION, TO THE EXTENT30 ALLOWED BY OTHER LAW, THE FOLLOWING RULES APPLY:

(1) EXCEPT AS OTHERWISE PROVIDED IN PARAGRAPH (2) OF THIS
 SECTION, THE AGREEMENT IS ENFORCEABLE FOR A TIME REASONABLE IN LIGHT OF
 THE LICENSED SUBJECT MATTER AND COMMERCIAL CIRCUMSTANCES BUT MAY BE
 TERMINATED AS TO FUTURE PERFORMANCES AT WILL BY EITHER PARTY DURING
 THAT TIME ON GIVING SEASONABLE NOTICE TO THE OTHER PARTY.

36 (2) THE DURATION OF CONTRACTUAL RIGHTS TO USE LICENSED
37 SUBJECT MATTER IS A TIME REASONABLE IN LIGHT OF THE LICENSED
38 INFORMATIONAL RIGHTS AND THE COMMERCIAL CIRCUMSTANCES. HOWEVER,

2	SUBJECT TO CANCELLATION FOR BREACH OF CONTRACT, THE DURATION OF THE LICENSE IS PERPETUAL AS TO THE CONTRACTUAL RIGHTS AND CONTRACTUAL USE TERMS IF:
4 5	(A) THE LICENSE IS OF A COMPUTER PROGRAM THAT DOES NOT INCLUDE SOURCE CODE AND THE LICENSE:
6	(I) TRANSFERS OWNERSHIP OF A COPY; OR
	(II) DELIVERS A COPY FOR A CONTRACT FEE THE TOTAL AMOUNT OF WHICH IS FIXED AT OR BEFORE THE TIME OF DELIVERY OF THE COPY; OR
12	(B) THE LICENSE EXPRESSLY GRANTS THE RIGHT TO INCORPORATE OR USE THE LICENSED INFORMATION OR INFORMATIONAL RIGHTS WITH INFORMATION OR INFORMATIONAL RIGHTS FROM OTHER SOURCES IN A COMBINED WORK FOR PUBLIC DISTRIBUTION OR PUBLIC PERFORMANCE.
14	21-309. AGREEMENT FOR PERFORMANCE TO A PARTY'S SATISFACTION.
17 18	(A) EXCEPT AS OTHERWISE PROVIDED IN SUBSECTION (B) OF THIS SECTION, AN AGREEMENT THAT PROVIDES THAT THE PERFORMANCE OF ONE PARTY IS TO BE TO THE SATISFACTION OR APPROVAL OF THE OTHER PARTY REQUIRES PERFORMANCE SUFFICIENT TO SATISFY A REASONABLE PERSON IN THE POSITION OF THE PARTY THAT MUST BE SATISFIED.
20 21	(B) PERFORMANCE MUST BE TO THE SUBJECTIVE SATISFACTION OF THE OTHER PARTY IF:
	(1) THE AGREEMENT EXPRESSLY SO PROVIDES, SUCH AS BY STATING THAT APPROVAL IS IN THE "SOLE DISCRETION" OF THE PARTY, OR WORDS OF SIMILAR IMPORT; OR
	(2) THE AGREEMENT IS FOR INFORMATIONAL CONTENT TO BE EVALUATED IN REFERENCE TO SUBJECTIVE CHARACTERISTICS SUCH AS AESTHETICS, APPEAL, SUITABILITY TO TASTE, OR SUBJECTIVE QUALITY.
28	SUBTITLE 4. WARRANTIES.
	21-401. WARRANTY AND OBLIGATIONS CONCERNING NONINTERFERENCE AND NONINFRINGEMENT.
33 34 35 36 37	(A) A LICENSOR OF INFORMATION THAT IS A MERCHANT REGULARLY DEALING IN INFORMATION OF THE KIND WARRANTS THAT THE INFORMATION WILL BE DELIVERED FREE OF THE RIGHTFUL CLAIM OF ANY THIRD PERSON BY WAY OF INFRINGEMENT OR MISAPPROPRIATION, BUT A LICENSEE THAT FURNISHES DETAILED SPECIFICATIONS TO THE LICENSOR AND THE METHOD REQUIRED FOR MEETING THE SPECIFICATIONS HOLDS THE LICENSOR HARMLESS AGAINST ANY SUCH CLAIM THAT ARISES OUT OF COMPLIANCE WITH <u>EITHER</u> THE <u>REQUIRED</u> SPECIFICATION OR <u>THE</u> REQUIRED METHOD EXCEPT FOR A CLAIM THAT RESULTS

FROM THE FAILURE OF THE LICENSOR TO ADOPT, OR NOTIFY THE LICENSEE OF, A
 NONINFRINGING ALTERNATIVE OF WHICH THE LICENSOR HAD REASON TO KNOW.

3 (B) A LICENSOR WARRANTS:

4 (1) FOR THE DURATION OF THE LICENSE, THAT NO PERSON HOLDS A
5 RIGHTFUL CLAIM TO, OR INTEREST IN, THE INFORMATION WHICH AROSE FROM AN
6 ACT OR OMISSION OF THE LICENSOR, OTHER THAN A CLAIM BY WAY OF
7 INFRINGEMENT OR MISAPPROPRIATION, WHICH WILL INTERFERE WITH THE
8 LICENSEE'S ENJOYMENT OF ITS INTEREST; AND

9 (2) AS TO RIGHTS GRANTED EXCLUSIVELY TO THE LICENSEE, THAT 10 WITHIN THE SCOPE OF THE LICENSE:

(A) TO THE KNOWLEDGE OF THE LICENSOR, ANY LICENSED
 PATENT RIGHTS ARE VALID AND EXCLUSIVE TO THE EXTENT EXCLUSIVITY AND
 VALIDITY ARE RECOGNIZED BY THE LAW UNDER WHICH THE PATENT RIGHTS WERE
 CREATED; AND

15 (B) IN ALL OTHER CASES, THE LICENSED INFORMATIONAL RIGHTS
16 ARE VALID AND EXCLUSIVE FOR THE INFORMATION AS A WHOLE TO THE EXTENT
17 EXCLUSIVITY AND VALIDITY ARE RECOGNIZED BY THE LAW APPLICABLE TO THE
18 LICENSED RIGHTS IN A JURISDICTION TO WHICH THE LICENSE APPLIES.

19 (C) THE WARRANTIES IN THIS SECTION ARE SUBJECT TO THE FOLLOWING 20 RULES:

(1) IF THE LICENSED INFORMATIONAL RIGHTS ARE SUBJECT TO A
 RIGHT OF PRIVILEGED USE, COLLECTIVE ADMINISTRATION, OR COMPULSORY
 LICENSING, THE WARRANTY IS NOT MADE WITH RESPECT TO THOSE RIGHTS.

(2) THE OBLIGATIONS UNDER SUBSECTIONS (A) AND (B)(2) OF THIS
SECTION APPLY SOLELY TO INFORMATIONAL RIGHTS ARISING UNDER THE LAWS OF
THE UNITED STATES OR A STATE, UNLESS THE CONTRACT EXPRESSLY PROVIDES
THAT THE WARRANTY OBLIGATIONS EXTEND TO RIGHTS UNDER THE LAWS OF
OTHER COUNTRIES. LANGUAGE IS SUFFICIENT FOR THIS PURPOSE IF IT STATES
"THE LICENSOR WARRANTS `EXCLUSIVITY', `NONINFRINGEMENT', `IN SPECIFIED
COUNTRIES', `WORLDWIDE''', OR WORDS OF SIMILAR IMPORT. IN THAT CASE, THE
WARRANTY EXTENDS TO THE SPECIFIED COUNTRY OR, IN THE CASE OF A
REFERENCE TO "WORLDWIDE" OR THE LIKE, TO ALL COUNTRIES WITHIN THE
DESCRIPTION, BUT ONLY TO THE EXTENT THE RIGHTS ARE RECOGNIZED UNDER A
TREATY OR INTERNATIONAL CONVENTION TO WHICH THE COUNTRY AND THE
UNITED STATES ARE SIGNATORIES.

36 (3) THE WARRANTIES UNDER SUBSECTIONS (A) AND (B)(2) OF THIS
37 SECTION ARE NOT MADE BY A LICENSE THAT MERELY PERMITS USE, OR COVENANTS
38 NOT TO CLAIM INFRINGEMENT BECAUSE OF THE USE, OF RIGHTS UNDER A
39 LICENSED PATENT.

(D) EXCEPT AS OTHERWISE PROVIDED IN SUBSECTION (E) OF THIS SECTION, A
 WARRANTY UNDER THIS SECTION MAY BE DISCLAIMED OR MODIFIED ONLY BY
 SPECIFIC LANGUAGE OR BY CIRCUMSTANCES THAT GIVE THE LICENSEE REASON TO
 KNOW THAT THE LICENSOR DOES NOT WARRANT THAT COMPETING CLAIMS DO NOT
 EXIST OR THAT THE LICENSOR PURPORTS TO GRANT ONLY THE RIGHTS IT MAY
 HAVE. IN AN AUTOMATED TRANSACTION, LANGUAGE IS SUFFICIENT IF IT IS
 CONSPICUOUS. OTHERWISE, LANGUAGE IN A RECORD IS SUFFICIENT IF IT STATES
 "THERE IS NO WARRANTY AGAINST INTERFERENCE WITH YOUR ENJOYMENT OF THE
 INFORMATION OR AGAINST INFRINGEMENT", OR WORDS OF SIMILAR IMPORT.

10 (E) BETWEEN MERCHANTS, A GRANT OF A "QUITCLAIM", OR A GRANT IN
11 SIMILAR TERMS, GRANTS THE INFORMATION OR INFORMATIONAL RIGHTS WITHOUT
12 AN IMPLIED WARRANTY AS TO INFRINGEMENT OR MISAPPROPRIATION OR AS TO THE
13 RIGHTS ACTUALLY POSSESSED OR TRANSFERRED BY THE LICENSOR.

14 21-402. EXPRESS WARRANTY.

15 (A) SUBJECT TO SUBSECTION (C) OF THIS SECTION, AN EXPRESS WARRANTY 16 BY A LICENSOR IS CREATED AS FOLLOWS:

(1) AN AFFIRMATION OF FACT OR PROMISE MADE BY THE LICENSOR TO
 ITS LICENSEE, INCLUDING BY ADVERTISING, WHICH RELATES TO THE INFORMATION
 AND BECOMES PART OF THE BASIS OF THE BARGAIN CREATES AN EXPRESS
 WARRANTY THAT THE INFORMATION TO BE FURNISHED UNDER THE AGREEMENT
 WILL CONFORM TO THE AFFIRMATION OR PROMISE.

(2) ANY DESCRIPTION OF THE INFORMATION WHICH IS MADE PART OF
THE BASIS OF THE BARGAIN CREATES AN EXPRESS WARRANTY THAT THE
INFORMATION WILL CONFORM TO THE DESCRIPTION.

(3) ANY SAMPLE, MODEL, OR DEMONSTRATION OF A FINAL PRODUCT
WHICH IS MADE PART OF THE BASIS OF THE BARGAIN CREATES AN EXPRESS
WARANTY THAT THE PERFORMANCE OF THE INFORMATION WILL REASONABLY
CONFORM TO THE PERFORMANCE OF THE SAMPLE, MODEL, OR DEMONSTRATION,
TAKING INTO ACCOUNT DIFFERENCES THAT WOULD APPEAR TO A REASONABLE
PERSON IN THE POSITION OF THE LICENSEE BETWEEN THE SAMPLE, MODEL, OR
DEMONSTRATION AND THE INFORMATION AS IT WILL BE USED.

(B) IT IS NOT NECESSARY TO THE CREATION OF AN EXPRESS WARRANTY
THAT THE LICENSOR USE FORMAL WORDS, SUCH AS "WARRANTY" OR "GUARANTY",
OR STATE A SPECIFIC INTENTION TO MAKE A WARRANTY. HOWEVER, AN EXPRESS
WARRANTY IS NOT CREATED BY:

36 (1) AN AFFIRMATION OR PREDICTION MERELY OF THE VALUE OF THE
 37 INFORMATION OR INFORMATIONAL RIGHTS;

38 (2) A DISPLAY OR DESCRIPTION OF A PORTION OF THE INFORMATION TO
39 ILLUSTRATE THE AESTHETICS, APPEAL, SUITABILITY TO TASTE, SUBJECTIVE
40 QUALITY, OR THE LIKE OF INFORMATIONAL CONTENT; OR

(3) A STATEMENT PURPORTING TO BE MERELY THE LICENSOR'S
 2 OPINION OR COMMENDATION OF THE INFORMATION OR INFORMATIONAL RIGHTS.

3 (C) AN EXPRESS WARRANTY OR SIMILAR EXPRESS CONTRACTUAL
4 OBLIGATION, IF ANY, EXISTS WITH RESPECT TO PUBLISHED INFORMATIONAL
5 CONTENT COVERED BY THIS TITLE TO THE SAME EXTENT THAT IT WOULD EXIST IF
6 THE PUBLISHED INFORMATIONAL CONTENT HAD BEEN PUBLISHED IN A FORM THAT
7 PLACED IT OUTSIDE THIS TITLE. HOWEVER, IF THE WARRANTY OR SIMILAR EXPRESS
8 CONTRACTUAL OBLIGATION IS BREACHED, THE REMEDIES OF THE AGGRIEVED
9 PARTY ARE THOSE UNDER THIS TITLE AND THE AGREEMENT.

10 21-403. IMPLIED WARRANTY: MERCHANTABILITY OF A COMPUTER PROGRAM.

11 (A) UNLESS THE WARRANTY IS DISCLAIMED OR MODIFIED, A LICENSOR THAT 12 IS A MERCHANT WITH RESPECT TO COMPUTER PROGRAMS OF THE KIND WARRANTS:

13 (1) TO THE END USER THAT THE COMPUTER PROGRAM IS FIT FOR THE 14 ORDINARY PURPOSES FOR WHICH SUCH COMPUTER PROGRAMS ARE USED;

15 (2) TO THE DISTRIBUTOR THAT:

16 (A) THE PROGRAM IS ADEQUATELY PACKAGED AND LABELED AS 17 THE AGREEMENT REQUIRES; AND

18 (B) IN THE CASE OF MULTIPLE COPIES, THE COPIES ARE WITHIN 19 THE VARIATIONS PERMITTED BY THE AGREEMENT, OF EVEN KIND, QUALITY, AND 20 QUANTITY WITHIN EACH UNIT AND AMONG ALL UNITS INVOLVED; AND

21(3)THAT THE PROGRAM CONFORMS TO ANY PROMISES OR22AFFIRMATIONS OF FACT MADE ON THE CONTAINER OR LABEL.

23 (B) UNLESS DISCLAIMED OR MODIFIED, OTHER IMPLIED WARRANTIES WITH
24 RESPECT TO COMPUTER PROGRAMS MAY ARISE FROM COURSE OF DEALING OR
25 USAGE OF TRADE.

26 (C) NO WARRANTY IS CREATED UNDER THIS SECTION WITH RESPECT TO
27 INFORMATIONAL CONTENT, BUT AN IMPLIED WARRANTY MAY ARISE UNDER § 21-404
28 OF THIS SUBTITLE.

29 21-404. IMPLIED WARRANTY: INFORMATIONAL CONTENT.

30 (A) UNLESS THE WARRANTY IS DISCLAIMED OR MODIFIED, A MERCHANT
31 THAT, IN A SPECIAL RELATIONSHIP OF RELIANCE WITH A LICENSEE, COLLECTS,
32 COMPILES, PROCESSES, PROVIDES, OR TRANSMITS INFORMATIONAL CONTENT
33 WARRANTS TO THAT LICENSEE THAT THERE IS NO INACCURACY IN THE
34 INFORMATIONAL CONTENT CAUSED BY THE MERCHANT'S FAILURE TO PERFORM
35 WITH REASONABLE CARE.

36 (B) A WARRANTY DOES NOT ARISE UNDER SUBSECTION (A) OF THIS SECTION
 37 WITH RESPECT TO:

1 (1) PUBLISHED INFORMATIONAL CONTENT; OR

2 (2) A PERSON THAT ACTS AS A CONDUIT OR PROVIDES NO MORE THAN
3 EDITORIAL SERVICES IN COLLECTING, COMPILING, DISTRIBUTING, PROCESSING,
4 PROVIDING, OR TRANSMITTING INFORMATIONAL CONTENT THAT UNDER THE
5 CIRCUMSTANCES CAN BE IDENTIFIED AS THAT OF A THIRD PERSON.

6 (C) THE WARRANTY UNDER THIS SECTION IS NOT SUBJECT TO THE 7 PRECLUSION IN § 21-113(A)(1) OF THIS TITLE ON DISCLAIMING OBLIGATIONS OF 8 DILIGENCE, REASONABLENESS, OR CARE.

9 21-405. IMPLIED WARRANTY: LICENSEE'S PURPOSE; SYSTEM INTEGRATION.

10 (A) UNLESS THE WARRANTY IS DISCLAIMED OR MODIFIED, IF A LICENSOR AT
11 THE TIME OF CONTRACTING HAS REASON TO KNOW ANY PARTICULAR PURPOSE FOR
12 WHICH THE COMPUTER INFORMATION IS REQUIRED AND THAT THE LICENSEE IS
13 RELYING ON THE LICENSOR'S SKILL OR JUDGMENT TO SELECT, DEVELOP, OR
14 FURNISH SUITABLE INFORMATION, THE FOLLOWING RULES APPLY:

15 (1) EXCEPT AS OTHERWISE PROVIDED IN PARAGRAPH (2), THERE IS AN
16 IMPLIED WARRANTY THAT THE INFORMATION IS FIT FOR THAT PURPOSE.

(2) IF FROM ALL THE CIRCUMSTANCES IT APPEARS THAT THE LICENSOR
 WAS TO BE PAID FOR THE AMOUNT OF ITS TIME OR EFFORT REGARDLESS OF THE
 FITNESS OF THE RESULTING INFORMATION, THE WARRANTY UNDER PARAGRAPH (1)
 IS THAT THE INFORMATION WILL NOT FAIL TO ACHIEVE THE LICENSEE'S
 PARTICULAR PURPOSE AS A RESULT OF THE LICENSOR'S LACK OF REASONABLE
 EFFORT.

23 (B) THERE IS NO WARRANTY UNDER SUBSECTION (A) OF THIS SECTION WITH 24 REGARD TO:

25 (1) THE AESTHETICS, APPEAL, SUITABILITY TO TASTE, OR SUBJECTIVE
 26 QUALITY OF INFORMATIONAL CONTENT; OR

(2) PUBLISHED INFORMATIONAL CONTENT, BUT THERE MAY BE A
 WARRANTY WITH REGARD TO THE LICENSOR'S SELECTION AMONG PUBLISHED
 INFORMATIONAL CONTENT FROM DIFFERENT PROVIDERS <u>IF THE SELECTION IS</u>
 MADE BY AN INDIVIDUAL ACTING AS OR ON BEHALF OF THE LICENSOR.

(C) IF AN AGREEMENT REQUIRES A LICENSOR TO PROVIDE OR SELECT A
 SYSTEM CONSISTING OF COMPUTER PROGRAMS AND GOODS, AND THE LICENSOR
 HAS REASON TO KNOW THAT THE LICENSEE IS RELYING ON THE SKILL OR
 JUDGMENT OF THE LICENSOR TO SELECT THE COMPONENTS OF THE SYSTEM,
 THERE IS AN IMPLIED WARRANTY THAT THE COMPONENTS PROVIDED OR SELECTED
 WILL FUNCTION TOGETHER AS A SYSTEM.

37 (D) THE WARRANTY UNDER THIS SECTION IS NOT SUBJECT TO THE
38 PRECLUSION IN § 21-113(A)(1) OF THIS TITLE ON DISCLAIMING DILIGENCE,
39 REASONABLENESS, OR CARE.

1 21-406. DISCLAIMER OR MODIFICATION OF WARRANTY.

2 (A) WORDS OR CONDUCT RELEVANT TO THE CREATION OF AN EXPRESS
3 WARRANTY AND WORDS OR CONDUCT TENDING TO DISCLAIM OR MODIFY AN
4 EXPRESS WARRANTY MUST BE CONSTRUED WHEREVER REASONABLE AS
5 CONSISTENT WITH EACH OTHER. SUBJECT TO § 21-301 OF THIS TITLE WITH REGARD
6 TO PAROL OR EXTRINSIC EVIDENCE, THE DISCLAIMER OR MODIFICATION IS
7 INOPERATIVE TO THE EXTENT THAT SUCH CONSTRUCTION IS UNREASONABLE.

8 (B) EXCEPT AS OTHERWISE PROVIDED IN SUBSECTIONS (C), (D), AND (E) OF
9 THIS SECTION, TO DISCLAIM OR MODIFY AN IMPLIED WARRANTY OR ANY PART OF IT,
10 BUT NOT THE WARRANTY IN § 21-401 OF THIS SUBTITLE, THE FOLLOWING RULES
11 APPLY:

12 (1) EXCEPT AS OTHERWISE PROVIDED IN THIS SUBSECTION:

13 (A) TO DISCLAIM OR MODIFY THE IMPLIED WARRANTY ARISING
14 UNDER § 21-403 OF THIS SUBTITLE, LANGUAGE MUST MENTION "MERCHANTABILITY"
15 OR "QUALITY" OR USE WORDS OF SIMILAR IMPORT AND, IF IN A RECORD, MUST BE
16 CONSPICUOUS.

17 (B) TO DISCLAIM OR MODIFY THE IMPLIED WARRANTY ARISING
18 UNDER § 21-404 OF THIS SUBTITLE, LANGUAGE IN A RECORD MUST MENTION
19 "ACCURACY" OR USE WORDS OF SIMILAR IMPORT.

(2) LANGUAGE TO DISCLAIM OR MODIFY THE IMPLIED WARRANTY
 ARISING UNDER § 21-405 OF THIS SUBTITLE MUST BE IN A RECORD AND BE
 CONSPICUOUS. IT IS SUFFICIENT TO STATE "THERE IS NO WARRANTY THAT THIS
 INFORMATION, OUR EFFORTS, OR THE SYSTEM WILL FULFILL ANY OF YOUR
 PARTICULAR PURPOSES OR NEEDS", OR WORDS OF SIMILAR IMPORT.

(3) LANGUAGE IN A RECORD IS SUFFICIENT TO DISCLAIM ALL IMPLIED
WARRANTIES IF IT INDIVIDUALLY DISCLAIMS EACH IMPLIED WARRANTY OR, EXCEPT
FOR THE WARRANTY IN § 21-401 OF THIS SUBTITLE, IF IT IS CONSPICUOUS AND
STATES "EXCEPT FOR EXPRESS WARRANTIES STATED IN THIS CONTRACT, IF ANY,
THIS `INFORMATION'/ COMPUTER PROGRAM' IS PROVIDED WITH ALL FAULTS, AND
THE ENTIRE RISK AS TO SATISFACTORY QUALITY, PERFORMANCE, ACCURACY, AND
EFFORT IS WITH THE USER", OR WORDS OF SIMILAR IMPORT.

(4) A DISCLAIMER OR MODIFICATION SUFFICIENT UNDER TITLE 2 OR
TITLE 2A OF THIS ARTICLE TO DISCLAIM OR MODIFY AN IMPLIED WARRANTY OF
MERCHANTABILITY IS SUFFICIENT TO DISCLAIM OR MODIFY THE WARRANTIES
UNDER §§ 21-403 AND 21-404 OF THIS SUBTITLE. A DISCLAIMER OR MODIFICATION
SUFFICIENT UNDER TITLE 2 OR TITLE 2A OF THIS ARTICLE TO DISCLAIM OR MODIFY
AN IMPLIED WARRANTY OF FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE IS SUFFICIENT TO
DISCLAIM OR MODIFY THE WARRANTIES UNDER § 21-405 OF THIS SUBTITLE.

39 (C) UNLESS THE CIRCUMSTANCES INDICATE OTHERWISE, ALL IMPLIED
40 WARRANTIES, BUT NOT THE WARRANTY UNDER § 21-401 OF THIS SUBTITLE, ARE
41 DISCLAIMED BY EXPRESSIONS LIKE "AS IS" OR "WITH ALL FAULTS" OR OTHER

LANGUAGE THAT IN COMMON UNDERSTANDING CALLS THE LICENSEE'S ATTENTION
 TO THE DISCLAIMER OF WARRANTIES AND MAKES PLAIN THAT THERE ARE NO
 IMPLIED WARRANTIES.

4 (D) IF A LICENSEE BEFORE ENTERING INTO A CONTRACT HAS EXAMINED THE
5 INFORMATION OR THE SAMPLE OR MODEL AS FULLY AS IT DESIRED OR HAS
6 REFUSED TO EXAMINE THE INFORMATION, THERE IS NO IMPLIED WARRANTY WITH
7 REGARD TO DEFECTS THAT AN EXAMINATION OUGHT IN THE CIRCUMSTANCES TO
8 HAVE REVEALED TO THE LICENSEE.

9 (E) AN IMPLIED WARRANTY MAY ALSO BE DISCLAIMED OR MODIFIED BY 10 COURSE OF PERFORMANCE, COURSE OF DEALING, OR USAGE OF TRADE.

(F) IF A CONTRACT REQUIRES ONGOING PERFORMANCE OR A SERIES OF
 PERFORMANCES BY THE LICENSOR, LANGUAGE OF DISCLAIMER OR MODIFICATION
 WHICH COMPLIES WITH THIS SECTION IS EFFECTIVE WITH RESPECT TO ALL
 PERFORMANCES UNDER THE CONTRACT.

15 (G) REMEDIES FOR BREACH OF WARRANTY MAY BE LIMITED IN ACCORDANCE
16 WITH THIS TITLE WITH RESPECT TO LIQUIDATION OR LIMITATION OF DAMAGES AND
17 CONTRACTUAL MODIFICATION OF REMEDY.

18 (H) THE PROVISIONS OF SUBSECTIONS (A) THROUGH (G) OF THIS SECTION DO
 19 NOT APPLY TO A CONSUMER CONTRACT.

(I) (1) ANY ORAL OR WRITTEN LANGUAGE USED IN A CONSUMER
 CONTRACT, WHICH ATTEMPTS TO EXCLUDE OR MODIFY ANY IMPLIED WARRANTIES
 OF MERCHANTABILITY OF A COMPUTER PROGRAM CREATED UNDER § 21-403 OF THIS
 SUBTITLE, OR IMPLIED WARRANTIES OF FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE
 UNDER § 21-405 OF THIS SUBTITLE, OR EXCLUDE OR MODIFY THE CONSUMER'S
 REMEDIES FOR A BREACH OF THOSE WARRANTIES, IS UNENFORCEABLE.

26 (2) <u>A MERCHANT MAY RECOVER FROM A MANUFACTURER OR A</u>
 27 <u>LICENSOR THAT CAUSED THE BREACH ANY DAMAGES RESULTING FROM THE</u>
 28 <u>BREACH OF IMPLIED WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY OR FITNESS FOR A</u>
 29 <u>PARTICULAR PURPOSE THAT COULD NOT BE DISCLAIMED OR MODIFIED UNDER THIS</u>
 30 <u>SECTION.</u>

<u>(J)</u> <u>ANY ORAL OR WRITTEN LANGUAGE USED IN A CONSUMER CONTRACT</u>
 WHICH ATTEMPTS TO LIMIT OR MODIFY A CONSUMER'S REMEDIES FOR BREACH OF A
 MERCHANT'S, LICENSOR'S, OR MANUFACTURER'S EXPRESS WARRANTIES IS
 UNENFORCEABLE UNLESS THE MERCHANT, LICENSOR, OR MANUFACTURER
 PROVIDES REASONABLE AND EXPEDITIOUS MEANS OF PERFORMING THE WARRANTY
 OBLIGATIONS.

 37
 (K)
 THE PROVISIONS OF §§ 21-403 AND 21-405 OF THIS SUBTITLE DO NOT

 38
 APPLY TO:

39(1)AN INFORMATION/COMPUTER PROGRAM PROVIDED FOR NO FEE,40UNLESS THE INFORMATION/COMPUTER PROGRAM IS PROVIDED IN CONJUNCTION

<u>WITH THE SALE OR LEASE OF GOODS, SERVICES, OR ANOTHER</u>
 <u>INFORMATION/COMPUTER PROGRAM; OR</u>

3(2)AN INFORMATION/COMPUTER PROGRAM PROVIDED AS A BETA TEST4OR SIMILAR EXPERIMENTAL VERSION OF THE INFORMATION/COMPUTER PROGRAM.

5 21-407. MODIFICATION OF A COMPUTER PROGRAM.

A LICENSEE THAT MODIFIES A COMPUTER PROGRAM, OTHER THAN BY USING A
CAPABILITY OF THE PROGRAM INTENDED FOR THAT PURPOSE IN THE ORDINARY
COURSE, DOES NOT INVALIDATE ANY WARRANTY REGARDING PERFORMANCE OF AN
UNMODIFIED COPY BUT DOES INVALIDATE ANY WARRANTIES, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED,
REGARDING PERFORMANCE OF THE MODIFIED COPY. A MODIFICATION OCCURS IF A
LICENSEE ALTERS CODE IN, DELETES CODE FROM, OR ADDS CODE TO THE
COMPUTER PROGRAM.

13 21-408. CULMINATION AND CONFLICT OF WARRANTIES.

WARRANTIES, WHETHER EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, MUST BE CONSTRUED AS
CONSISTENT WITH EACH OTHER AND AS CUMULATIVE, BUT IF THAT CONSTRUCTION
IS UNREASONABLE, THE INTENTION OF THE PARTIES DETERMINES WHICH
WARRANTY IS DOMINANT. IN ASCERTAINING THAT INTENTION, THE FOLLOWING
RULES APPLY:

19(1)EXACT OR TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS DISPLACE AN20INCONSISTENT SAMPLE OR MODEL OR GENERAL LANGUAGE OF DESCRIPTION.

21(2)A SAMPLE DISPLACES INCONSISTENT GENERAL LANGUAGE OF22DESCRIPTION.

23 (3) EXPRESS WARRANTIES DISPLACE INCONSISTENT IMPLIED
24 WARRANTIES OTHER THAN AN IMPLIED WARRANTY UNDER § 21-405(A) OF THIS
25 SUBTITLE.

26 21-409. THIRD-PARTY BENEFICIARIES OF WARRANTY.

(A) EXCEPT FOR PUBLISHED INFORMATIONAL CONTENT, A WARRANTY TO A
LICENSEE EXTENDS TO PERSONS FOR WHOSE BENEFIT THE LICENSOR INTENDS TO
SUPPLY THE INFORMATION OR INFORMATIONAL RIGHTS AND WHICH RIGHTFULLY
USE THE INFORMATION IN A TRANSACTION OR APPLICATION OF A KIND IN WHICH
THE LICENSOR INTENDS THE INFORMATION TO BE USED.

32 (B) A WARRANTY TO A CONSUMER EXTENDS TO EACH INDIVIDUAL CONSUMER
33 IN THE LICENSEE'S IMMEDIATE FAMILY OR HOUSEHOLD IF THE INDIVIDUAL'S USE
34 WOULD HAVE BEEN REASONABLY EXPECTED BY THE LICENSOR.

35 (C) A CONTRACTUAL TERM THAT EXCLUDES OR LIMITS THE PERSONS TO
36 WHICH A WARRANTY EXTENDS IS EFFECTIVE EXCEPT AS TO INDIVIDUALS
37 DESCRIBED IN SUBSECTION (B) OF THIS SECTION.

1 (D) A DISCLAIMER OR MODIFICATION OF A WARRANTY OR REMEDY WHICH IS 2 EFFECTIVE AGAINST THE LICENSEE IS ALSO EFFECTIVE AGAINST THIRD PERSONS 3 TO WHICH A WARRANTY EXTENDS UNDER THIS SECTION. 4 SUBTITLE 5. TRANSFER OF INTERESTS AND RIGHTS: OWNERSHIP AND TRANSFERS: 5 FINANCING ARRANGEMENTS. OWNERSHIP AND TRANSFERS. 6 7 21-501. OWNERSHIP OF INFORMATIONAL RIGHTS. IF AN AGREEMENT PROVIDES FOR CONVEYANCE OF OWNERSHIP OF 8 (A) 9 INFORMATIONAL RIGHTS IN A COMPUTER PROGRAM. OWNERSHIP PASSES AT THE 10 TIME AND PLACE SPECIFIED BY THE AGREEMENT BUT DOES NOT PASS UNTIL THE 11 PROGRAM IS IN EXISTENCE AND IDENTIFIED TO THE CONTRACT. IF THE AGREEMENT

12 DOES NOT SPECIFY A DIFFERENT TIME. OWNERSHIP PASSES WHEN THE PROGRAM 13 AND THE INFORMATIONAL RIGHTS ARE IN EXISTENCE AND IDENTIFIED TO THE 14 CONTRACT.

(B) TRANSFER OF A COPY DOES NOT TRANSFER OWNERSHIP OF 15 16 INFORMATIONAL RIGHTS.

17 21-502. TITLE TO COPY.

18 (A) IN A LICENSE:

19 (1)TITLE TO A COPY IS DETERMINED BY THE LICENSE;

A LICENSEE'S RIGHT UNDER THE LICENSE TO POSSESSION OR 20 (2)21 CONTROL OF A COPY IS GOVERNED BY THE LICENSE AND DOES NOT DEPEND SOLELY 22 ON TITLE TO THE COPY; AND

23 IF A LICENSOR RESERVES TITLE TO A COPY. THE LICENSOR RETAINS (3) 24 TITLE TO THAT COPY AND ANY COPIES MADE OF IT, UNLESS THE LICENSE GRANTS 25 THE LICENSEE A RIGHT TO MAKE AND SELL COPIES TO OTHERS, IN WHICH CASE THE 26 RESERVATION OF TITLE APPLIES ONLY TO COPIES DELIVERED TO THE LICENSEE BY 27 THE LICENSOR.

28 (B) IF AN AGREEMENT PROVIDES FOR TRANSFER OF TITLE TO A COPY, TITLE 29 PASSES:

30 (1) AT THE TIME AND PLACE SPECIFIED IN THE AGREEMENT; OR

31 (2)IF THE AGREEMENT DOES NOT SPECIFY A TIME AND PLACE:

32 WITH RESPECT TO DELIVERY OF A COPY ON A TANGIBLE (A) 33 MEDIUM, AT THE TIME AND PLACE THE LICENSOR COMPLETED ITS OBLIGATIONS 34 WITH RESPECT TO TENDER OF THE COPY; OR

(B) WITH RESPECT TO ELECTRONIC DELIVERY OF A COPY, IF A
 FIRST SALE OCCURS UNDER FEDERAL COPYRIGHT LAW, AT THE TIME AND PLACE AT
 WHICH THE LICENSOR COMPLETED ITS OBLIGATIONS WITH RESPECT TO TENDER OF
 THE COPY.

5 (C) IF THE PARTY TO WHICH TITLE PASSES UNDER THE CONTRACT REFUSES
6 DELIVERY OF THE COPY OR REJECTS THE TERMS OF THE AGREEMENT, TITLE
7 REVESTS IN THE LICENSOR.

8 21-503. TRANSFER OF CONTRACTUAL INTEREST.

(A)

9 THE FOLLOWING RULES APPLY TO A TRANSFER OF A CONTRACTUAL INTEREST:

10(1)A PARTY'S CONTRACTUAL INTEREST MAY BE TRANSFERRED UNLESS11 THE TRANSFER:

12

IS PROHIBITED BY OTHER LAW; OR

(B) EXCEPT AS OTHERWISE PROVIDED IN PARAGRAPH (3) OF THIS
SUBSECTION, WOULD MATERIALLY CHANGE THE DUTY OF THE OTHER PARTY,
MATERIALLY INCREASE THE BURDEN OR RISK IMPOSED ON THE OTHER PARTY, OR
MATERIALLY IMPAIR THE OTHER PARTY'S PROPERTY OR ITS LIKELIHOOD OR
EXPECTATION OF OBTAINING RETURN PERFORMANCE.

(2) EXCEPT AS OTHERWISE PROVIDED IN PARAGRAPH (3) OF THIS
 SUBSECTION AND § 21-508(A)(1)(B) OF THIS SUBTITLE, A TERM PROHIBITING
 TRANSFER OF A PARTY'S CONTRACTUAL INTEREST IS ENFORCEABLE, AND A
 TRANSFER MADE IN VIOLATION OF THAT TERM IS A BREACH OF CONTRACT AND IS
 INEFFECTIVE TO CREATE CONTRACTUAL RIGHTS IN THE TRANSFEREE AGAINST THE
 NONTRANSFERRING PARTY, EXCEPT TO THE EXTENT THAT:

(A) THE CONTRACT IS A LICENSE FOR INCORPORATION OR USE OF
THE LICENSED INFORMATION OR INFORMATIONAL RIGHTS WITH INFORMATION OR
INFORMATIONAL RIGHTS FROM OTHER SOURCES IN A COMBINED WORK FOR PUBLIC
DISTRIBUTION OR PUBLIC PERFORMANCE AND THE TRANSFER IS OF THE
COMPLETED, COMBINED WORK; OR

(B) THE TRANSFER IS OF A RIGHT TO PAYMENT ARISING OUT OF
THE TRANSFEROR'S DUE PERFORMANCE OF LESS THAN ITS ENTIRE OBLIGATION
AND THE TRANSFER WOULD BE ENFORCEABLE UNDER PARAGRAPH (1) IN THE
ABSENCE OF THE TERM PROHIBITING TRANSFER.

(3) A RIGHT TO DAMAGES FOR BREACH OF THE WHOLE CONTRACT OR A
RIGHT TO PAYMENT ARISING OUT OF THE TRANSFEROR'S DUE PERFORMANCE OF ITS
ENTIRE OBLIGATION MAY BE TRANSFERRED NOTWITHSTANDING AN AGREEMENT
OTHERWISE.

37 (4) A TERM THAT PROHIBITS TRANSFER OF A CONTRACTUAL INTEREST
 38 UNDER A MASS-MARKET LICENSE BY THE LICENSEE MUST BE CONSPICUOUS.

1 21-504. EFFECT OF TRANSFER OF CONTRACTUAL INTEREST.

2 (A) A TRANSFER OF "THE CONTRACT" OR OF "ALL MY RIGHTS UNDER THE
3 CONTRACT", OR A TRANSFER IN SIMILAR GENERAL TERMS, IS A TRANSFER OF ALL
4 CONTRACTUAL INTERESTS UNDER THE CONTRACT. WHETHER THE TRANSFER IS
5 EFFECTIVE IS DETERMINED BY §§ 21-503 AND 21-508(A)(1)(B) OF THIS SUBTITLE.

6 (B) THE FOLLOWING RULES APPLY TO A TRANSFER OF A PARTY'S 7 CONTRACTUAL INTERESTS:

8 (1) THE TRANSFEREE IS SUBJECT TO ALL CONTRACTUAL USE TERMS.

9 (2) UNLESS THE LANGUAGE OR CIRCUMSTANCES OTHERWISE
10 INDICATE, AS IN A TRANSFER AS SECURITY, THE TRANSFER DELEGATES THE DUTIES
11 OF THE TRANSFEROR AND TRANSFERS ITS RIGHTS.

(3) ACCEPTANCE OF THE TRANSFER IS A PROMISE BY THE TRANSFEREE
 TO PERFORM THE DELEGATED DUTIES. THE PROMISE IS ENFORCEABLE BY THE
 TRANSFEROR AND ANY OTHER PARTY TO THE ORIGINAL CONTRACT.

(4) THE TRANSFER DOES NOT RELIEVE THE TRANSFEROR OF ANY DUTY
 TO PERFORM, OR OF LIABILITY FOR BREACH OF CONTRACT, UNLESS THE OTHER
 PARTY TO THE ORIGINAL CONTRACT AGREES THAT THE TRANSFER HAS THAT
 EFFECT.

(C) A PARTY TO THE ORIGINAL CONTRACT, OTHER THAN THE TRANSFEROR,
 MAY TREAT A TRANSFER THAT CONVEYS A RIGHT OR DUTY OF PERFORMANCE
 WITHOUT ITS CONSENT AS CREATING REASONABLE GROUNDS FOR INSECURITY AND,
 WITHOUT PREJUDICE TO THE PARTY'S RIGHTS AGAINST THE TRANSFEROR, MAY
 DEMAND ASSURANCES FROM THE TRANSFEREE UNDER § 21-708 OF THIS TITLE.

24 21-505. PERFORMANCE BY DELEGATE; SUBCONTRACT.

25 (A) A PARTY MAY PERFORM ITS CONTRACTUAL DUTIES OR EXERCISE ITS
 26 CONTRACTUAL RIGHTS THROUGH A DELEGATE OR A SUBCONTRACT UNLESS:

27 (1) THE CONTRACT PROHIBITS DELEGATION OR SUBCONTRACTING; OR

28 (2) THE OTHER PARTY HAS A SUBSTANTIAL INTEREST IN HAVING THE
29 ORIGINAL PROMISOR PERFORM OR CONTROL THE PERFORMANCE.

30(B)DELEGATING OR SUBCONTRACTING PERFORMANCE DOES NOT RELIEVE31THE DELEGATING PARTY OF A DUTY TO PERFORM OR OF LIABILITY FOR BREACH.

32 (C) AN ATTEMPTED DELEGATION THAT VIOLATES A TERM PROHIBITING 33 DELEGATION IS NOT EFFECTIVE.

34 21-506. TRANSFER BY LICENSEE.

35 (A) IF ALL OR ANY PART OF A LICENSEE'S INTEREST IN A LICENSE IS
36 TRANSFERRED, VOLUNTARILY OR INVOLUNTARILY, THE TRANSFEREE DOES NOT

ACQUIRE AN INTEREST IN INFORMATION, COPIES, OR THE CONTRACTUAL OR
 INFORMATIONAL RIGHTS OF THE LICENSEE UNLESS THE TRANSFER IS EFFECTIVE
 UNDER § 21-503 OR § 21-508(A)(1)(B) OF THIS SUBTITLE. IF THE TRANSFER IS
 EFFECTIVE, THE TRANSFEREE TAKES SUBJECT TO THE TERMS OF THE LICENSE.

5 (B) EXCEPT AS OTHERWISE PROVIDED UNDER TRADE SECRET LAW, A
6 TRANSFEREE ACQUIRES NO MORE THAN THE CONTRACTUAL INTEREST OR OTHER
7 RIGHTS THAT THE TRANSFEROR WAS AUTHORIZED TO TRANSFER.

8 FINANCING ARRANGEMENTS.

9 21-507. FINANCING IF FINANCIER DOES NOT BECOME LICENSEE.

10 IF A FINANCIER DOES NOT BECOME A LICENSEE IN CONNECTION WITH ITS11 FINANCIAL ACCOMMODATION CONTRACT, THE FOLLOWING RULES APPLY:

12 (1) THE FINANCIER DOES NOT RECEIVE THE BENEFITS OR BURDENS OF 13 THE LICENSE.

14 (2) THE LICENSEE'S RIGHTS AND OBLIGATIONS WITH RESPECT TO THE 15 INFORMATION AND INFORMATIONAL RIGHTS ARE GOVERNED BY:

16 (A) THE LICENSE;

17

(B) ANY RIGHTS OF THE LICENSOR UNDER OTHER LAW; AND

(C) TO THE EXTENT NOT INCONSISTENT WITH SUBPARAGRAPHS (A)
 AND (B) OF THIS PARAGRAPH, ANY FINANCIAL ACCOMMODATION CONTRACT
 BETWEEN THE FINANCIER AND THE LICENSEE, WHICH MAY ADD ADDITIONAL
 CONDITIONS TO THE LICENSEE'S RIGHT TO USE THE LICENSED INFORMATION OR
 INFORMATIONAL RIGHTS.

23 21-508. FINANCE LICENSES.

(A) IF A FINANCIER BECOMES A LICENSEE IN CONNECTION WITH ITS
FINANCIAL ACCOMMODATION CONTRACT AND THEN TRANSFERS ITS CONTRACTUAL
INTEREST UNDER THE LICENSE, OR SUBLICENSES THE LICENSED COMPUTER
INFORMATION OR INFORMATIONAL RIGHTS, TO A LICENSEE RECEIVING THE
FINANCIAL ACCOMMODATION, THE FOLLOWING RULES APPLY:

29 (1) THE TRANSFER OR SUBLICENSE TO THE ACCOMMODATED LICENSEE30 IS NOT EFFECTIVE UNLESS:

31(A)THE TRANSFER OR SUBLICENSE IS EFFECTIVE UNDER § 21-50332OF THIS TITLE; OR

33 (B) THE FOLLOWING CONDITIONS ARE FULFILLED:

34 (I) BEFORE THE LICENSOR DELIVERED THE INFORMATION
 35 OR GRANTED THE LICENSE TO THE FINANCIER, THE LICENSOR RECEIVED NOTICE IN

1 A RECORD FROM THE FINANCIER GIVING THE NAME AND LOCATION OF THE

2 ACCOMMODATED LICENSEE AND CLEARLY INDICATING THAT THE LICENSE WAS

3 BEING OBTAINED IN ORDER TO TRANSFER THE CONTRACTUAL INTEREST OR

4 SUBLICENSE THE LICENSED INFORMATION OR INFORMATIONAL RIGHTS TO THE

5 ACCOMMODATED LICENSEE;

6 (II) THE FINANCIER BECAME A LICENSEE SOLELY TO MAKE 7 THE FINANCIAL ACCOMMODATION; AND

8 (III) THE ACCOMMODATED LICENSEE ADOPTS THE TERMS OF
9 THE LICENSE, WHICH TERMS MAY BE SUPPLEMENTED BY THE FINANCIAL
10 ACCOMMODATION CONTRACT, TO THE EXTENT THE TERMS OF THE FINANCIAL
11 ACCOMMODATION CONTRACT ARE NOT INCONSISTENT WITH THE LICENSE AND ANY
12 RIGHTS OF THE LICENSOR UNDER OTHER LAW.

(2) A FINANCIER THAT MAKES A TRANSFER THAT IS EFFECTIVE UNDER
 SUBPARAGRAPH (1)(B) OF THIS PARAGRAPH MAY MAKE ONLY THE SINGLE TRANSFER
 OR SUBLICENSE CONTEMPLATED BY THE NOTICE UNLESS THE LICENSOR CONSENTS
 TO A LATER TRANSFER.

17 (B) IF A FINANCIER MAKES AN EFFECTIVE TRANSFER OF ITS CONTRACTUAL
18 INTEREST IN A LICENSE, OR AN EFFECTIVE SUBLICENSE OF THE LICENSED
19 INFORMATION OR INFORMATIONAL RIGHTS, TO AN ACCOMMODATED LICENSEE, THE
20 FOLLOWING RULES APPLY:

21 (1) THE ACCOMMODATED LICENSEE'S RIGHTS AND OBLIGATIONS ARE 22 GOVERNED BY:

23 (A) THE LICENSE;

24

(B) ANY RIGHTS OF THE LICENSOR UNDER OTHER LAW; AND

(C) TO THE EXTENT NOT INCONSISTENT WITH SUBPARAGRAPHS (A)
AND (B) OF THIS PARAGRAPH, THE FINANCIAL ACCOMMODATION CONTRACT, WHICH
MAY IMPOSE ADDITIONAL CONDITIONS TO THE LICENSEE'S RIGHT TO USE THE
LICENSED INFORMATION OR INFORMATIONAL RIGHTS.

(2) THE FINANCIER DOES NOT MAKE WARRANTIES TO THE
ACCOMMODATED LICENSEE OTHER THAN THE WARRANTY UNDER § 21-401(B)(1) OF
THIS TITLE AND ANY EXPRESS WARRANTIES IN THE FINANCIAL ACCOMMODATION
CONTRACT.

33 21-509. FINANCING ARRANGEMENTS: OBLIGATIONS IRREVOCABLE.

UNLESS THE ACCOMMODATED LICENSEE IS A CONSUMER, A TERM IN A
FINANCIAL ACCOMMODATION CONTRACT PROVIDING THAT THE ACCOMMODATED
LICENSEE'S OBLIGATIONS TO THE FINANCIER ARE IRREVOCABLE AND
INDEPENDENT IS ENFORCEABLE. THE OBLIGATIONS BECOME IRREVOCABLE AND
INDEPENDENT UPON THE LICENSEE'S ACCEPTANCE OF THE LICENSE OR THE
FINANCIER'S GIVING OF VALUE, WHICHEVER OCCURS FIRST.

1 21-510. FINANCING ARRANGEMENTS: REMEDIES OR ENFORCEMENT.

2 (A) EXCEPT AS OTHERWISE PROVIDED IN SUBSECTION (B) OF THIS SECTION,
3 ON MATERIAL BREACH OF A FINANCIAL ACCOMMODATION CONTRACT BY THE
4 ACCOMMODATED LICENSEE, THE FOLLOWING RULES APPLY:

5 (1) THE FINANCIER MAY CANCEL THE FINANCIAL ACCOMMODATION 6 CONTRACT.

7 (2) SUBJECT TO PARAGRAPHS (3) AND (4) OF THIS SUBSECTION, THE
8 FINANCIER MAY PURSUE ITS REMEDIES AGAINST THE ACCOMMODATED LICENSEE
9 UNDER THE FINANCIAL ACCOMMODATION CONTRACT.

(3) IF THE FINANCIER BECAME A LICENSEE AND MADE A TRANSFER OR
 SUBLICENSE THAT WAS EFFECTIVE UNDER § 21-508 OF THIS SUBTITLE, IT MAY
 EXERCISE THE REMEDIES OF A LICENSOR FOR BREACH, INCLUDING THE RIGHTS OF
 AN AGGRIEVED PARTY UNDER § 21-815 OF THIS TITLE, SUBJECT TO THE LIMITATIONS
 OF § 21-816 OF THIS TITLE.

15 (4) IF THE FINANCIER DID NOT BECOME A LICENSEE OR DID NOT MAKE
16 A TRANSFER THAT WAS EFFECTIVE UNDER § 21-508 OF THIS SUBTITLE, IT MAY
17 ENFORCE A CONTRACTUAL RIGHT CONTAINED IN THE FINANCIAL ACCOMMODATION
18 CONTRACT TO PRECLUDE THE LICENSEE'S FURTHER USE OF THE INFORMATION.
19 HOWEVER, THE FOLLOWING RULES APPLY:

20 (A) THE FINANCIER HAS NO RIGHT TO TAKE POSSESSION OF 21 COPIES, USE THE INFORMATION OR INFORMATIONAL RIGHTS, OR TRANSFER ANY 22 CONTRACTUAL INTEREST IN THE LICENSE.

(B) IF THE ACCOMMODATED LICENSEE AGREED TO TRANSFER
POSSESSION OF COPIES TO THE FINANCIER IN THE EVENT OF MATERIAL BREACH OF
THE FINANCIAL ACCOMMODATION CONTRACT, THE FINANCIER MAY ENFORCE THAT
CONTRACTUAL RIGHT ONLY IF PERMITTED TO DO SO UNDER SUBSECTION (B)(1) OF
THIS SECTION AND § 21-503 OF THIS SUBTITLE.

(B) THE FOLLOWING ADDITIONAL LIMITATIONS APPLY TO A FINANCIER'S29 REMEDIES UNDER SUBSECTION (A) OF THIS SECTION:

(1) A FINANCIER DESCRIBED IN SUBSECTION (A)(3) OF THIS SECTION
WHICH IS ENTITLED UNDER THE FINANCIAL ACCOMMODATION CONTRACT TO TAKE
POSSESSION OR PREVENT USE OF INFORMATION, COPIES, OR RELATED MATERIALS
MAY DO SO ONLY IF THE LICENSOR CONSENTS OR IF DOING SO WOULD NOT RESULT
IN A MATERIAL ADVERSE CHANGE OF THE DUTY OF THE LICENSOR, MATERIALLY
INCREASE THE BURDEN OR RISK IMPOSED ON THE LICENSOR, DISCLOSE OR
THREATEN TO DISCLOSE TRADE SECRETS OR CONFIDENTIAL MATERIAL OF THE
LICENSOR, OR MATERIALLY IMPAIR THE LICENSOR'S LIKELIHOOD OR EXPECTATION
OF OBTAINING RETURN PERFORMANCE.

39(2)THE FINANCIER MAY NOT OTHERWISE EXERCISE CONTROL OVER,40HAVE ACCESS TO, OR SELL, TRANSFER, OR OTHERWISE USE THE INFORMATION OR

COPIES WITHOUT THE CONSENT OF THE LICENSOR UNLESS THE FINANCIER OR
 TRANSFEREE IS SUBJECT TO THE TERMS OF THE LICENSE AND:

3 (A) THE LICENSEE OWNS THE LICENSED COPY, THE LICENSE DOES
4 NOT PRECLUDE TRANSFER OF THE LICENSEE'S CONTRACTUAL RIGHTS, AND THE
5 TRANSFER COMPLIES WITH FEDERAL COPYRIGHT LAW FOR THE OWNER OF A COPY
6 TO MAKE THE TRANSFER; OR

7 (B) THE LICENSE IS TRANSFERABLE BY ITS EXPRESS TERMS AND
8 THE FINANCIER FULFILLS ANY CONDITIONS TO, OR COMPLIES WITH ANY
9 RESTRICTIONS ON, TRANSFER.

(3) THE FINANCIER'S REMEDIES UNDER THE FINANCIAL
 ACCOMMODATION CONTRACT ARE SUBJECT TO THE LICENSOR'S RIGHTS AND THE
 TERMS OF THE LICENSE.

13 21-511. FINANCING ARRANGEMENTS: EFFECT ON LICENSOR'S RIGHTS.

14 (A) THE CREATION OF A FINANCIER'S INTEREST DOES NOT PLACE ANY 15 OBLIGATIONS ON OR ALTER THE RIGHTS OF A LICENSOR.

16 (B) A FINANCIER'S INTEREST DOES NOT ATTACH TO ANY INTELLECTUAL
17 PROPERTY RIGHTS OF THE LICENSOR UNLESS THE LICENSOR EXPRESSLY CONSENTS
18 TO SUCH ATTACHMENT IN A LICENSE OR ANOTHER RECORD.

19SUBTITLE 6. PERFORMANCE; GENERAL; PERFORMANCE IN DELIVERY OF COPIES;20SPECIAL TYPES OF CONTRACTS; LOSS AND IMPOSSIBILITY; TERMINATION.

21

GENERAL.

22 21-601. PERFORMANCE OF CONTRACT IN GENERAL.

23 (A) A PARTY SHALL PERFORM IN A MANNER THAT CONFORMS TO THE 24 CONTRACT.

(B) IF AN UNCURED MATERIAL BREACH OF CONTRACT BY ONE PARTY
PRECEDES THE AGGRIEVED PARTY'S PERFORMANCE, THE AGGRIEVED PARTY NEED
NOT PERFORM EXCEPT WITH RESPECT TO CONTRACTUAL USE TERMS, <u>BUT THE</u>
<u>CONTRACTUAL USE TERMS DO NOT APPLY TO INFORMATION OR COPIES PROPERLY</u>
<u>RECEIVED OR OBTAINED FROM ANOTHER SOURCE</u>. IN ADDITION, THE FOLLOWING
RULES APPLY:

31 (1) THE AGGRIEVED PARTY MAY REFUSE A PERFORMANCE THAT IS A
32 MATERIAL BREACH AS TO THAT PERFORMANCE OR A PERFORMANCE THAT MAY BE
33 REFUSED UNDER § 21-704(B) OF THIS TITLE.

34 (2) THE AGGRIEVED PARTY MAY CANCEL THE CONTRACT ONLY IF THE
 35 BREACH IS A MATERIAL BREACH OF THE WHOLE CONTRACT OR THE AGREEMENT SO
 36 PROVIDES.

1 (C) EXCEPT AS OTHERWISE PROVIDED IN SUBSECTION (B) OF THIS SECTION, 2 TENDER OF PERFORMANCE BY A PARTY ENTITLES THE PARTY TO ACCEPTANCE OF 3 THAT PERFORMANCE. IN ADDITION, THE FOLLOWING RULES APPLY:

4 (1) A TENDER OF PERFORMANCE OCCURS WHEN THE PARTY, WITH 5 MANIFEST PRESENT ABILITY AND WILLINGNESS TO PERFORM, OFFERS TO 6 COMPLETE THE PERFORMANCE.

7 (2) IF A PERFORMANCE BY THE OTHER PARTY IS DUE AT THE TIME OF
8 THE TENDERED PERFORMANCE, TENDER OF THE OTHER PARTY'S PERFORMANCE IS
9 A CONDITION TO THE TENDERING PARTY'S OBLIGATION TO COMPLETE THE
10 TENDERED PERFORMANCE.

(3) A PARTY SHALL PAY OR RENDER THE CONSIDERATION REQUIRED BY
 THE AGREEMENT FOR A PERFORMANCE IT ACCEPTS. A PARTY THAT ACCEPTS A
 PERFORMANCE HAS THE BURDEN OF ESTABLISHING A BREACH OF CONTRACT WITH
 RESPECT TO THE ACCEPTED PERFORMANCE.

15 (D) EXCEPT AS OTHERWISE PROVIDED IN §§ 21-603 AND 21-604 OF THIS
16 SUBTITLE, IN THE CASE OF A PERFORMANCE WITH RESPECT TO A COPY, THIS
17 SECTION IS SUBJECT TO §§ 21-606 THROUGH 21-610 AND §§ 21-704 THROUGH 21-707
18 OF THIS TITLE.

19 21-602. LICENSOR'S OBLIGATION TO ENABLE USE.

20 (A) IN THIS SECTION, "ENABLE USE" MEANS TO GRANT A CONTRACTUAL
21 RIGHT OR PERMISSION WITH RESPECT TO INFORMATION OR INFORMATIONAL
22 RIGHTS AND TO COMPLETE THE ACTS, IF ANY, REQUIRED UNDER THE AGREEMENT
23 TO MAKE THE INFORMATION AVAILABLE TO THE LICENSEE.

24 (B) A LICENSOR SHALL ENABLE USE BY THE LICENSEE PURSUANT TO THE 25 CONTRACT. THE FOLLOWING RULES APPLY TO ENABLING USE:

(1) IF NOTHING OTHER THAN THE GRANT OF A CONTRACTUAL RIGHT OR
PERMISSION IS REQUIRED TO ENABLE USE, THE LICENSOR ENABLES USE WHEN THE
CONTRACT BECOMES ENFORCEABLE.

IF THE AGREEMENT REQUIRES DELIVERY OF A COPY, ENABLING USE
 OCCURS WHEN THE COPY IS TENDERED TO THE LICENSEE.

31 (3) IF THE AGREEMENT REQUIRES DELIVERY OF A COPY AND STEPS
 32 AUTHORIZING THE LICENSEE'S USE, ENABLING USE OCCURS WHEN THE LAST OF
 33 THOSE ACTS OCCURS.

34 (4) IN AN ACCESS CONTRACT, ENABLING USE REQUIRES TENDERING
 35 ALL ACCESS MATERIAL NECESSARY TO ENABLE THE AGREED ACCESS.

(5) IF THE AGREEMENT REQUIRES A TRANSFER OF OWNERSHIP OF
INFORMATIONAL RIGHTS AND A FILING OR RECORDING IS ALLOWED BY LAW TO
ESTABLISH PRIORITY OF THE TRANSFERRED OWNERSHIP, ON REQUEST BY THE

1 LICENSEE, THE LICENSOR SHALL EXECUTE AND TENDER A RECORD APPROPRIATE 2 FOR THAT PURPOSE.

3 21-603. SUBMISSIONS OF INFORMATION TO SATISFACTION OF A PARTY.

4 IF AN AGREEMENT REQUIRES THAT SUBMITTED INFORMATION BE TO THE 5 SATISFACTION OF THE RECIPIENT, THE FOLLOWING RULES APPLY:

6 (1) §§ 21-606 THROUGH 21-610 AND §§ 21-704 THROUGH 21-707 OF THIS 7 TITLE DO NOT APPLY TO THE SUBMISSION.

8 (2) IF THE INFORMATION IS NOT SATISFACTORY TO THE RECIPIENT AND
9 THE PARTIES ENGAGE IN EFFORTS TO CORRECT THE DEFICIENCIES IN A MANNER
10 AND OVER A TIME CONSISTENT WITH THE ORDINARY STANDARDS OF THE BUSINESS,
11 TRADE, OR INDUSTRY, NEITHER THE EFFORTS NOR THE PASSAGE OF TIME REQUIRED
12 FOR THE EFFORTS IS AN ACCEPTANCE OR A REFUSAL OF THE SUBMISSION.

(3) EXCEPT AS OTHERWISE PROVIDED IN PARAGRAPH (4), NEITHER
 REFUSAL NOR ACCEPTANCE OCCURS UNLESS THE RECIPIENT EXPRESSLY REFUSES
 OR ACCEPTS THE SUBMITTED INFORMATION, BUT THE RECIPIENT MAY NOT USE THE
 SUBMITTED INFORMATION BEFORE ACCEPTANCE.

(4) SILENCE AND A FAILURE TO ACT IN REFERENCE TO A SUBMISSION
 BEYOND A COMMERCIALLY REASONABLE TIME TO RESPOND ENTITLE THE
 SUBMITTING PARTY TO DEMAND, IN A RECORD DELIVERED TO THE RECIPIENT, A
 DECISION ON THE SUBMISSION. IF THE RECIPIENT FAILS TO RESPOND WITHIN A
 REASONABLE TIME AFTER RECEIPT OF THE DEMAND, THE SUBMISSION IS DEEMED
 TO HAVE BEEN REFUSED.

23 21-604. IMMEDIATELY COMPLETED PERFORMANCE.

IF A PERFORMANCE INVOLVES DELIVERY OF INFORMATION OR SERVICES
WHICH, BECAUSE OF THEIR NATURE, MAY PROVIDE A LICENSEE, IMMEDIATELY ON
PERFORMANCE OR DELIVERY, WITH SUBSTANTIALLY ALL THE BENEFIT OF THE
PERFORMANCE OR WITH OTHER SIGNIFICANT BENEFIT THAT CANNOT BE
RETURNED, THE FOLLOWING RULES APPLY:

29 (1) §§ 21-607 THROUGH 21-610 AND §§ 21-704 THROUGH 21-707 OF THIS 30 TITLE DO NOT APPLY.

(2) THE RIGHTS OF THE PARTIES ARE DETERMINED UNDER §§ 21-601 OF
 THIS SUBTITLE AND THE ORDINARY STANDARDS OF THE BUSINESS, TRADE, OR
 INDUSTRY.

34 (3) BEFORE TENDER OF THE PERFORMANCE, A PARTY ENTITLED TO
35 RECEIVE THE TENDER MAY INSPECT THE MEDIA, LABELS, OR PACKAGING BUT MAY
36 NOT VIEW THE INFORMATION OR OTHERWISE RECEIVE THE PERFORMANCE BEFORE
37 COMPLETING ANY PERFORMANCE OF ITS OWN THAT IS THEN DUE.

1 21-605. ELECTRONIC REGULATION OF PERFORMANCE.

2 (A) IN THIS SECTION, "AUTOMATIC RESTRAINT" MEANS A PROGRAM, CODE,
3 DEVICE, OR SIMILAR ELECTRONIC OR PHYSICAL LIMITATION THE INTENDED
4 PURPOSE OF WHICH IS TO RESTRICT USE OF INFORMATION.

5 (B) A PARTY ENTITLED TO ENFORCE A LIMITATION ON USE OF INFORMATION
6 MAY INCLUDE AN AUTOMATIC RESTRAINT IN THE INFORMATION OR A COPY OF IT
7 AND USE THAT RESTRAINT IF:

8 (1) A <u>CONSPICUOUS</u> TERM OF THE AGREEMENT AUTHORIZES USE OF 9 THE RESTRAINT;

10 (2) THE RESTRAINT PREVENTS A USE THAT IS INCONSISTENT WITH THE 11 AGREEMENT;

12 (3) THE RESTRAINT PREVENTS USE AFTER EXPIRATION OF THE STATED 13 DURATION OF THE CONTRACT OR A STATED NUMBER OF USES; OR

(4) THE RESTRAINT PREVENTS USE AFTER THE CONTRACT
 TERMINATES, OTHER THAN ON EXPIRATION OF A STATED DURATION OR NUMBER OF
 USES, AND THE LICENSOR GIVES REASONABLE NOTICE TO THE LICENSEE BEFORE
 FURTHER USE IS PREVENTED.

18 (C) THIS SECTION DOES NOT AUTHORIZE AN AUTOMATIC RESTRAINT THAT
19 AFFIRMATIVELY PREVENTS OR MAKES IMPRACTICABLE A LICENSEE'S ACCESS TO ITS
20 OWN INFORMATION OR INFORMATION OF A THIRD PARTY, OTHER THAN THE
21 LICENSOR, IF THAT INFORMATION IS IN THE POSSESSION OF THE LICENSEE OR A
22 THIRD PARTY AND ACCESSED WITHOUT USE OF THE LICENSOR'S INFORMATION OR
23 INFORMATIONAL RIGHTS.

24 (D) A PARTY THAT INCLUDES OR USES AN AUTOMATIC RESTRAINT
25 CONSISTENT WITH SUBSECTION (B) OR (C) OF THIS SECTION IS NOT LIABLE FOR ANY
26 LOSS CAUSED BY THE USE OF THE RESTRAINT.

(E) THIS SECTION DOES NOT PRECLUDE ELECTRONIC REPLACEMENT OR
DISABLING OF AN EARLIER COPY OF INFORMATION BY THE LICENSOR IN
CONNECTION WITH DELIVERY OF A NEW COPY OR VERSION UNDER AN AGREEMENT
TO REPLACE OR DISABLE THE EARLIER COPY BY ELECTRONIC MEANS WITH AN
UPGRADE OR OTHER NEW INFORMATION.

32 (F) THIS SECTION DOES NOT AUTHORIZE USE OF AN AUTOMATIC RESTRAINT
33 TO ENFORCE REMEDIES IN THE EVENT OF BREACH OF CONTRACT OR OF
34 CANCELLATION FOR BREACH.

58

PERFORMANCE IN DELIVERY OF COPIES.

2 21-606. COPY: DELIVERY; TENDER OF DELIVERY.

3 (A) DELIVERY OF A COPY MUST BE AT THE LOCATION DESIGNATED BY4 AGREEMENT. IN THE ABSENCE OF A DESIGNATION, THE FOLLOWING RULES APPLY:

5 (1) THE PLACE FOR DELIVERY OF A COPY ON A TANGIBLE MEDIUM IS
6 THE TENDERING PARTY'S PLACE OF BUSINESS OR, IF IT HAS NONE, ITS RESIDENCE.
7 HOWEVER, IF THE PARTIES KNOW AT THE TIME OF CONTRACTING THAT THE COPY IS
8 LOCATED IN SOME OTHER PLACE, THAT PLACE IS THE PLACE FOR DELIVERY.

9 (2) THE PLACE FOR ELECTRONIC DELIVERY OF A COPY IS AN
10 INFORMATION PROCESSING SYSTEM DESIGNATED OR USED BY THE LICENSOR.

11 (3) DOCUMENTS OF TITLE MAY BE DELIVERED THROUGH CUSTOMARY 12 BANKING CHANNELS.

(B) TENDER OF DELIVERY OF A COPY REQUIRES THE TENDERING PARTY TO
PUT AND HOLD A CONFORMING COPY AT THE OTHER PARTY'S DISPOSITION AND GIVE
THE OTHER PARTY ANY NOTICE REASONABLY NECESSARY TO ENABLE IT TO OBTAIN
ACCESS TO, CONTROL, OR POSSESSION OF THE COPY. TENDER MUST BE AT A
REASONABLE HOUR AND, IF APPLICABLE, REQUIRES TENDER OF ACCESS MATERIAL
AND OTHER DOCUMENTS REQUIRED BY THE AGREEMENT. THE PARTY RECEIVING
TENDER SHALL FURNISH FACILITIES REASONABLY SUITED TO RECEIVE TENDER. IN
ADDITION, THE FOLLOWING RULES APPLY:

(1) IF THE CONTRACT REQUIRES DELIVERY OF A COPY HELD BY A THIRD
 PERSON WITHOUT BEING MOVED, THE TENDERING PARTY SHALL TENDER ACCESS
 MATERIAL OR DOCUMENTS REQUIRED BY THE AGREEMENT.

(2) IF THE TENDERING PARTY IS REQUIRED OR AUTHORIZED TO SEND A
COPY TO THE OTHER PARTY AND THE CONTRACT DOES NOT REQUIRE THE
TENDERING PARTY TO DELIVER THE COPY AT A PARTICULAR DESTINATION, THE
FOLLOWING RULES APPLY:

(A) IN TENDERING DELIVERY OF A COPY ON A TANGIBLE MEDIUM,
THE TENDERING PARTY SHALL PUT THE COPY IN THE POSSESSION OF A CARRIER
AND MAKE A CONTRACT FOR ITS TRANSPORTATION THAT IS REASONABLE IN LIGHT
OF THE NATURE OF THE INFORMATION AND OTHER CIRCUMSTANCES, WITH
EXPENSES OF TRANSPORTATION TO BE BORNE BY THE RECEIVING PARTY.

(B) IN TENDERING ELECTRONIC DELIVERY OF A COPY, THE
TENDERING PARTY SHALL INITIATE OR CAUSE TO HAVE INITIATED A TRANSMISSION
THAT IS REASONABLE IN LIGHT OF THE NATURE OF THE INFORMATION AND OTHER
CIRCUMSTANCES, WITH EXPENSES OF TRANSMISSION TO BE BORNE BY THE
RECEIVING PARTY.

38 (3) IF THE TENDERING PARTY IS REQUIRED TO DELIVER A COPY AT A
 39 PARTICULAR DESTINATION, THE TENDERING PARTY SHALL MAKE A COPY

1 AVAILABLE AT THAT DESTINATION AND BEAR THE EXPENSES OF TRANSPORTATION 2 OR TRANSMISSION.

3 21-607. COPY: PERFORMANCE RELATED TO DELIVERY; PAYMENT.

4 (A) IF PERFORMANCE REQUIRES DELIVERY OF A COPY, THE FOLLOWING 5 RULES APPLY:

6 (1) THE PARTY REQUIRED TO DELIVER NEED NOT COMPLETE A
7 TENDERED DELIVERY UNTIL THE RECEIVING PARTY TENDERS ANY PERFORMANCE
8 THEN DUE.

9 (2) TENDER OF DELIVERY IS A CONDITION OF THE OTHER PARTY'S DUTY
10 TO ACCEPT THE COPY AND ENTITLES THE TENDERING PARTY TO ACCEPTANCE OF
11 THE COPY.

12 (B) IF PAYMENT IS DUE ON DELIVERY OF A COPY, THE FOLLOWING RULES 13 APPLY:

14 (1) TENDER OF DELIVERY IS A CONDITION OF THE RECEIVING PARTY'S
15 DUTY TO PAY AND ENTITLES THE TENDERING PARTY TO PAYMENT ACCORDING TO
16 THE CONTRACT.

17 (2) ALL COPIES REQUIRED BY THE CONTRACT MUST BE TENDERED IN A18 SINGLE DELIVERY, AND PAYMENT IS DUE ONLY ON TENDER.

19 (C) IF THE CIRCUMSTANCES GIVE EITHER PARTY THE RIGHT TO MAKE OR
20 DEMAND DELIVERY IN LOTS, THE CONTRACT FEE, IF IT CAN BE APPORTIONED, MAY
21 BE DEMANDED FOR EACH LOT.

(D) IF PAYMENT IS DUE AND DEMANDED ON DELIVERY OF A COPY OR ON
DELIVERY OF A DOCUMENT OF TITLE, THE RIGHT OF THE PARTY RECEIVING TENDER
TO RETAIN OR DISPOSE OF THE COPY OR DOCUMENT, AS AGAINST THE TENDERING
PARTY, IS CONDITIONED ON MAKING THE PAYMENT DUE.

26 21-608. COPY: RIGHT TO INSPECT; PAYMENT BEFORE INSPECTION.

27 (A) EXCEPT AS OTHERWISE PROVIDED IN §§ 21-603 AND 21-604 OF THIS
28 SUBTITLE, IF PERFORMANCE REQUIRES DELIVERY OF A COPY, THE FOLLOWING
29 RULES APPLY:

30 (1) EXCEPT AS OTHERWISE PROVIDED IN THIS SECTION, THE PARTY
31 RECEIVING THE COPY HAS A RIGHT BEFORE PAYMENT OR ACCEPTANCE TO INSPECT
32 THE COPY AT A REASONABLE PLACE AND TIME AND IN A REASONABLE MANNER TO
33 DETERMINE CONFORMANCE TO THE CONTRACT.

34 (2) THE PARTY MAKING THE INSPECTION SHALL BEAR THE EXPENSES35 OF INSPECTION.

(3) A PLACE OR METHOD OF INSPECTION OR AN ACCEPTANCE
 STANDARD FIXED BY THE PARTIES IS PRESUMED TO BE EXCLUSIVE. HOWEVER, THE
 FIXING OF A PLACE, METHOD, OR STANDARD DOES NOT POSTPONE IDENTIFICATION
 TO THE CONTRACT OR SHIFT THE PLACE FOR DELIVERY, PASSAGE OF TITLE, OR RISK
 OF LOSS. IF COMPLIANCE WITH THE PLACE OR METHOD BECOMES IMPOSSIBLE,
 INSPECTION MUST BE MADE AS PROVIDED IN THIS SECTION UNLESS THE PLACE OR
 METHOD FIXED BY THE PARTIES WAS AN INDISPENSABLE CONDITION THE FAILURE
 OF WHICH AVOIDS THE CONTRACT.

9 (4) A PARTY'S RIGHT TO INSPECT IS SUBJECT TO EXISTING OBLIGATIONS 10 OF CONFIDENTIALITY.

(B) IF A RIGHT TO INSPECT EXISTS UNDER SUBSECTION (A) OF THIS SECTION
 BUT THE AGREEMENT IS INCONSISTENT WITH AN OPPORTUNITY TO INSPECT
 BEFORE PAYMENT, THE PARTY DOES NOT HAVE A RIGHT TO INSPECT BEFORE
 PAYMENT.

15 (C) IF A CONTRACT REQUIRES PAYMENT BEFORE INSPECTION OF A COPY,
16 NONCONFORMITY IN THE TENDER DOES NOT EXCUSE THE PARTY RECEIVING THE
17 TENDER FROM MAKING PAYMENT UNLESS:

18 (1) THE NONCONFORMITY APPEARS WITHOUT INSPECTION AND WOULD19 JUSTIFY REFUSAL UNDER § 21-704 OF THIS TITLE; OR

20 (2) DESPITE TENDER OF THE REQUIRED DOCUMENTS, THE
 21 CIRCUMSTANCES WOULD JUSTIFY AN INJUNCTION AGAINST HONOR OF A LETTER OF
 22 CREDIT UNDER TITLE 5 OF THIS ARTICLE.

23 (D) PAYMENT MADE UNDER CIRCUMSTANCES DESCRIBED IN SUBSECTION (B)
24 OR (C) OF THIS SECTION IS NOT AN ACCEPTANCE OF THE COPY AND DOES NOT
25 IMPAIR A PARTY'S RIGHT TO INSPECT OR PRECLUDE ANY OF THE PARTY'S REMEDIES.

26 21-609. COPY: WHEN ACCEPTANCE OCCURS.

27 (A) ACCEPTANCE OF A COPY OCCURS WHEN THE PARTY TO WHICH THE COPY 28 IS TENDERED:

(1) SIGNIFIES, OR ACTS WITH RESPECT TO THE COPY IN A MANNER
30 THAT SIGNIFIES, THAT THE TENDER WAS CONFORMING OR THAT THE PARTY WILL
31 TAKE OR RETAIN THE COPY DESPITE THE NONCONFORMITY;

32 (2) DOES NOT MAKE AN EFFECTIVE REFUSAL;

33 (3) COMMINGLES THE COPY OR THE INFORMATION IN A MANNER THAT
 34 MAKES COMPLIANCE WITH THE PARTY'S DUTIES AFTER REFUSAL IMPOSSIBLE;

35 (4) OBTAINS A SUBSTANTIAL BENEFIT FROM THE COPY AND CANNOT
 36 RETURN THAT BENEFIT; OR

(5) ACTS IN A MANNER INCONSISTENT WITH THE LICENSOR'S
 OWNERSHIP, BUT THE ACT IS AN ACCEPTANCE ONLY IF THE LICENSOR ELECTS TO
 TREAT IT AS AN ACCEPTANCE AND RATIFIES THE ACT TO THE EXTENT IT WAS
 WITHIN CONTRACTUAL USE TERMS.

5 (B) EXCEPT IN CASES GOVERNED BY SUBSECTION (A)(3) OR (4) OF THIS
6 SECTION, IF THERE IS A RIGHT TO INSPECT UNDER § 21-608 OF THIS SUBTITLE OR
7 THE AGREEMENT, ACCEPTANCE OF A COPY OCCURS ONLY AFTER THE PARTY HAS
8 HAD A REASONABLE OPPORTUNITY TO INSPECT THE COPY.

9 (C) IF AN AGREEMENT REQUIRES DELIVERY IN STAGES INVOLVING
10 SEPARATE PORTIONS THAT TAKEN TOGETHER COMPRISE THE WHOLE OF THE
11 INFORMATION, ACCEPTANCE OF ANY STAGE IS CONDITIONAL UNTIL ACCEPTANCE
12 OF THE WHOLE.

13 21-610. COPY: EFFECT OF ACCEPTANCE; BURDEN OF ESTABLISHING; NOTICE OF 14 CLAIMS.

(A) A PARTY ACCEPTING A COPY SHALL PAY OR RENDER THE CONSIDERATION
REQUIRED BY THE AGREEMENT FOR THE COPY IT ACCEPTS. ACCEPTANCE OF A COPY
PRECLUDES REFUSAL AND, IF MADE WITH KNOWLEDGE OF A NONCONFORMITY IN A
TENDER, MAY NOT BE REVOKED BECAUSE OF THE NONCONFORMITY UNLESS
ACCEPTANCE WAS ON THE REASONABLE ASSUMPTION THAT THE NONCONFORMITY
WOULD BE SEASONABLY CURED. ACCEPTANCE BY ITSELF DOES NOT IMPAIR ANY
OTHER REMEDY FOR NONCONFORMITY.

(B) A PARTY ACCEPTING A COPY HAS THE BURDEN OF ESTABLISHING ABREACH OF CONTRACT WITH RESPECT TO THE COPY.

24 (C) IF A COPY HAS BEEN ACCEPTED, THE ACCEPTING PARTY SHALL:

(1) EXCEPT WITH RESPECT TO CLAIMS OF A TYPE DESCRIBED IN §
26 21-805(D)(1) OF THIS TITLE, WITHIN A REASONABLE TIME AFTER IT DISCOVERS OR
27 SHOULD HAVE DISCOVERED A BREACH OF CONTRACT, NOTIFY THE OTHER PARTY OF
28 THE BREACH OR BE BARRED FROM ANY REMEDY FOR THE BREACH; AND

(2) IF THE CLAIM IS FOR BREACH OF A WARRANTY REGARDING
NONINFRINGEMENT AND THE ACCEPTING PARTY IS SUED BY A THIRD PARTY
BECAUSE OF THE BREACH, NOTIFY THE WARRANTOR WITHIN A REASONABLE TIME
AFTER RECEIVING NOTICE OF THE LITIGATION OR BE PRECLUDED FROM ANY
REMEDY OVER FOR THE LIABILITY ESTABLISHED BY THE LITIGATION.

34

SPECIAL TYPES OF CONTRACTS.

35 21-611. ACCESS CONTRACTS.

36 (A) IF AN ACCESS CONTRACT PROVIDES FOR ACCESS OVER A PERIOD OF TIME,37 THE FOLLOWING RULES APPLY:

1 (1) THE LICENSEE'S RIGHTS OF ACCESS ARE TO THE INFORMATION AS 2 MODIFIED AND MADE COMMERCIALLY AVAILABLE BY THE LICENSOR FROM TIME TO 3 TIME DURING THAT PERIOD.

4 (2) A CHANGE IN THE CONTENT OF THE INFORMATION IS A BREACH OF
5 CONTRACT ONLY IF THE CHANGE CONFLICTS WITH AN EXPRESS TERM OF THE
6 AGREEMENT.

7 (3) UNLESS IT IS SUBJECT TO A CONTRACTUAL USE TERM,
8 INFORMATION OBTAINED BY THE LICENSEE IS FREE OF ANY USE RESTRICTION
9 OTHER THAN A RESTRICTION RESULTING FROM THE INFORMATIONAL RIGHTS OF
10 ANOTHER PERSON OR OTHER LAW.

11 (4) ACCESS MUST BE AVAILABLE:

12 (A) AT TIMES AND IN A MANNER CONFORMING TO THE EXPRESS 13 TERMS OF THE AGREEMENT; AND

14 (B) TO THE EXTENT NOT EXPRESSLY STATED IN THE AGREEMENT,
15 AT TIMES AND IN A MANNER REASONABLE FOR THE PARTICULAR TYPE OF
16 CONTRACT IN LIGHT OF THE ORDINARY STANDARDS OF THE BUSINESS, TRADE, OR
17 INDUSTRY.

18 (B) IN AN ACCESS CONTRACT THAT GIVES THE LICENSEE A RIGHT OF ACCESS
19 AT TIMES SUBSTANTIALLY OF ITS OWN CHOOSING DURING AGREED PERIODS, AN
20 OCCASIONAL FAILURE TO HAVE ACCESS AVAILABLE DURING THOSE TIMES IS NOT A
21 BREACH OF CONTRACT IF IT IS:

(1) CONSISTENT WITH ORDINARY STANDARDS OF THE BUSINESS,
23 TRADE, OR INDUSTRY FOR THE PARTICULAR TYPE OF CONTRACT; OR

24 (2) CAUSED BY:

25 (A) SCHEDULED DOWNTIME;

26 (B) REASONABLE NEEDS FOR MAINTENANCE;

27 (C) REASONABLE PERIODS OF FAILURE OF EQUIPMENT,
28 COMPUTER PROGRAMS, OR COMMUNICATIONS; OR

(D) EVENTS REASONABLY BEYOND THE LICENSOR'S CONTROL,
 30 AND THE LICENSOR EXERCISES SUCH COMMERCIALLY REASONABLE EFFORTS AS
 31 THE CIRCUMSTANCES REQUIRE.

32 21-612. CORRECTION AND SUPPORT CONTRACTS.

(A) IF A PERSON AGREES TO PROVIDE SERVICES REGARDING THE
4 CORRECTION OF PERFORMANCE PROBLEMS IN COMPUTER INFORMATION, OTHER
5 THAN AN AGREEMENT TO CURE ITS OWN EXISTING BREACH OF CONTRACT, THE
6 FOLLOWING RULES APPLY:

(1) IF THE SERVICES ARE PROVIDED BY A LICENSOR OF THE
 INFORMATION AS PART OF A LIMITED REMEDY, THE LICENSOR UNDERTAKES THAT
 ITS PERFORMANCE WILL PROVIDE THE LICENSEE WITH INFORMATION THAT
 CONFORMS TO THE AGREEMENT TO WHICH THE LIMITED REMEDY APPLIES.

5 (2) IN ALL OTHER CASES, THE PERSON:

6 (A) SHALL PERFORM AT A TIME AND PLACE AND IN A MANNER
7 CONSISTENT WITH THE EXPRESS TERMS OF THE AGREEMENT AND, TO THE EXTENT
8 NOT STATED IN THE EXPRESS TERMS, AT A TIME AND PLACE AND IN A MANNER THAT
9 IS REASONABLE IN LIGHT OF ORDINARY STANDARDS OF THE BUSINESS, TRADE, OR
10 INDUSTRY; AND

11(B)DOES NOT UNDERTAKE THAT ITS SERVICES WILL CORRECT12PERFORMANCE PROBLEMS UNLESS THE AGREEMENT EXPRESSLY SO PROVIDES.

(B) UNLESS REQUIRED TO DO SO BY AN EXPRESS OR IMPLIED WARRANTY, A
LICENSOR IS NOT REQUIRED TO PROVIDE INSTRUCTION OR OTHER SUPPORT FOR
THE LICENSEE'S USE OF INFORMATION OR ACCESS. A PERSON THAT AGREES TO
PROVIDE SUPPORT SHALL MAKE THE SUPPORT AVAILABLE IN A MANNER AND WITH
A QUALITY CONSISTENT WITH EXPRESS TERMS OF THE SUPPORT AGREEMENT AND,
TO THE EXTENT NOT STATED IN THE EXPRESS TERMS, AT A TIME AND PLACE AND IN
A MANNER THAT IS REASONABLE IN LIGHT OF ORDINARY STANDARDS OF THE
BUSINESS, TRADE, OR INDUSTRY.

21 21-613. CONTRACTS INVOLVING PUBLISHERS, DEALERS, AND END USERS.

22 (A) IN THIS SECTION:

23 (1) "DEALER" MEANS A MERCHANT LICENSEE THAT RECEIVES
24 INFORMATION DIRECTLY OR INDIRECTLY FROM A LICENSOR FOR SALE OR LICENSE
25 TO END USERS.

(2) "END USER" MEANS A LICENSEE THAT ACQUIRES A COPY OF THE
INFORMATION FROM A DEALER BY DELIVERY ON A TANGIBLE MEDIUM FOR THE
LICENSEE'S OWN USE AND NOT FOR SALE, LICENSE, TRANSMISSION TO THIRD
PERSONS, OR PUBLIC DISPLAY OR PERFORMANCE FOR A FEE.

30 (3) "PUBLISHER" MEANS A LICENSOR, OTHER THAN A DEALER, THAT
31 OFFERS A LICENSE TO AN END USER WITH RESPECT TO INFORMATION DISTRIBUTED
32 BY A DEALER TO THE END USER.

(B) IN A CONTRACT BETWEEN A DEALER AND AN END USER, IF THE END
USER'S RIGHT TO USE THE INFORMATION OR INFORMATIONAL RIGHTS IS SUBJECT
TO A LICENSE BY THE PUBLISHER AND THERE WAS NO OPPORTUNITY TO REVIEW
THE LICENSE BEFORE THE END USER BECAME OBLIGATED TO PAY THE DEALER, THE
FOLLOWING RULES APPLY:

38 (1) THE CONTRACT BETWEEN THE END USER AND THE DEALER IS
39 CONDITIONED ON THE END USER'S AGREEMENT TO THE PUBLISHER'S LICENSE.

(2) IF THE END USER DOES NOT AGREE, SUCH AS BY MANIFESTING
 ASSENT, TO THE TERMS OF THE PUBLISHER'S LICENSE, THE END USER HAS A RIGHT
 TO A RETURN FROM THE DEALER. A RIGHT UNDER THIS PARAGRAPH IS A RETURN
 FOR PURPOSES OF §§ 21-112, 21-208, AND 21-209 OF THIS TITLE.

5 (3) THE DEALER IS NOT BOUND BY THE TERMS, AND DOES NOT RECEIVE
6 THE BENEFITS, OF AN AGREEMENT BETWEEN THE PUBLISHER AND THE END USER
7 UNLESS THE DEALER AND END USER ADOPT THOSE TERMS AS PART OF THE
8 AGREEMENT.

9 (C) IF AN AGREEMENT PROVIDES FOR DISTRIBUTION OF COPIES ON A 10 TANGIBLE MEDIUM OR IN PACKAGING PROVIDED BY THE PUBLISHER OR AN 11 AUTHORIZED THIRD PARTY, A DEALER MAY DISTRIBUTE THOSE COPIES AND 12 DOCUMENTATION ONLY:

13 (1) IN THE FORM AS RECEIVED; AND

14 (2) SUBJECT TO THE TERMS OF ANY LICENSE THE PUBLISHER THAT THE 15 PUBLISHER PROVIDES TO THE DEALER TO BE FURNISHED TO END USERS.

16 (D) A DEALER THAT ENTERS INTO AN AGREEMENT WITH AN END USER IS A 17 LICENSOR WITH RESPECT TO THE END USER UNDER THIS TITLE.

18

LOSS AND IMPOSSIBILITY.

19 21-614. RISK OF LOSS OF COPY.

20 (A) EXCEPT AS OTHERWISE PROVIDED IN THIS SECTION, THE RISK OF LOSS AS
21 TO A COPY THAT IS TO BE DELIVERED TO A LICENSEE, INCLUDING A COPY
22 DELIVERED BY ELECTRONIC MEANS, PASSES TO THE LICENSEE UPON ITS RECEIPT
23 OF THE COPY.

24 (B) IF AN AGREEMENT REQUIRES OR AUTHORIZES A LICENSOR TO SEND A 25 COPY ON A TANGIBLE MEDIUM BY CARRIER, THE FOLLOWING RULES APPLY:

(1) IF THE AGREEMENT DOES NOT REQUIRE THE LICENSOR TO DELIVER
THE COPY AT A PARTICULAR DESTINATION, THE RISK OF LOSS PASSES TO THE
LICENSEE WHEN THE COPY IS DULY DELIVERED TO THE CARRIER, EVEN IF THE
SHIPMENT IS UNDER RESERVATION.

30 (2) IF THE AGREEMENT REQUIRES THE LICENSOR TO DELIVER THE
31 COPY AT A PARTICULAR DESTINATION AND THE COPY IS DULY TENDERED THERE IN
32 THE POSSESSION OF THE CARRIER, THE RISK OF LOSS PASSES TO THE LICENSEE
33 WHEN THE COPY IS TENDERED AT THAT DESTINATION.

34 (3) IF A TENDER OF DELIVERY OF A COPY OR A SHIPPING DOCUMENT
35 FAILS TO CONFORM TO THE CONTRACT, THE RISK OF LOSS REMAINS WITH THE
36 LICENSOR UNTIL CURE OR ACCEPTANCE.

(C) IF A COPY IS HELD BY A THIRD PARTY TO BE DELIVERED OR REPRODUCED
 WITHOUT BEING MOVED OR A COPY IS TO BE DELIVERED BY MAKING ACCESS
 AVAILABLE TO A THIRD PARTY RESOURCE CONTAINING A COPY, THE RISK OF LOSS
 PASSES TO THE LICENSEE UPON:

5 (1) THE LICENSEE'S RECEIPT OF A NEGOTIABLE DOCUMENT OF TITLE 6 OR OTHER ACCESS MATERIALS COVERING THE COPY;

7 (2) ACKNOWLEDGMENT BY THE THIRD PARTY TO THE LICENSEE OF THE 8 LICENSEE'S RIGHT TO POSSESSION OF OR ACCESS TO THE COPY; OR

9 (3) THE LICENSEE'S RECEIPT OF A RECORD DIRECTING THE THIRD 10 PARTY, PURSUANT TO AN AGREEMENT BETWEEN THE LICENSOR AND THE THIRD 11 PARTY, TO MAKE DELIVERY OR AUTHORIZING THE THIRD PARTY TO ALLOW ACCESS.

12 21-615. EXCUSE BY FAILURE OF PRESUPPOSED CONDITIONS.

(A) UNLESS A PARTY HAS ASSUMED A DIFFERENT OBLIGATION, DELAY IN
PERFORMANCE BY A PARTY, OR NONPERFORMANCE IN WHOLE OR PART BY A PARTY,
OTHER THAN OF AN OBLIGATION TO MAKE PAYMENTS OR TO CONFORM TO
CONTRACTUAL USE TERMS, IS NOT A BREACH OF CONTRACT IF THE DELAY OR
NONPERFORMANCE IS OF A PERFORMANCE THAT HAS BEEN MADE IMPRACTICABLE
BY:

19(1)THE OCCURRENCE OF A CONTINGENCY THE NONOCCURRENCE OF20WHICH WAS A BASIC ASSUMPTION ON WHICH THE CONTRACT WAS MADE; OR

(2) COMPLIANCE IN GOOD FAITH WITH ANY FOREIGN OR DOMESTIC
 STATUTE, GOVERNMENTAL RULE, REGULATION, OR ORDER, WHETHER OR NOT IT
 LATER PROVES TO BE INVALID.

24 (B) A PARTY CLAIMING EXCUSE UNDER SUBSECTION (A) OF THIS SECTION
25 SHALL SEASONABLY NOTIFY THE OTHER PARTY THAT THERE WILL BE DELAY OR
26 NONPERFORMANCE.

(C) IF AN EXCUSE AFFECTS ONLY A PART OF A PARTY'S CAPACITY TO
PERFORM AN OBLIGATION FOR DELIVERY OF COPIES, THE PARTY CLAIMING EXCUSE
SHALL ALLOCATE PERFORMANCE AMONG ITS CUSTOMERS IN ANY MANNER THAT IS
FAIR AND REASONABLE AND NOTIFY THE OTHER PARTY OF THE ESTIMATED QUOTA
TO BE MADE AVAILABLE. IN MAKING THE ALLOCATION, THE PARTY CLAIMING
EXCUSE MAY INCLUDE THE REQUIREMENTS OF REGULAR CUSTOMERS NOT THEN
UNDER CONTRACT AND ITS OWN REQUIREMENTS.

34 (D) A PARTY THAT RECEIVES NOTICE PURSUANT TO SUBSECTION (B) OF THIS
35 SECTION OF A MATERIAL OR INDEFINITE DELAY IN DELIVERY OF COPIES OR OF AN
36 ALLOCATION UNDER SUBSECTION (C) OF THIS SECTION, BY NOTICE IN A RECORD,
37 MAY:

38 (1) TERMINATE AND THEREBY DISCHARGE ANY EXECUTORY PORTION
 39 OF THE CONTRACT; OR

1 (2) MODIFY THE CONTRACT BY AGREEING TO TAKE THE AVAILABLE 2 ALLOCATION IN SUBSTITUTION.

3 (E) IF, AFTER RECEIPT OF NOTICE UNDER SUBSECTION (B) OF THIS SECTION,
4 A PARTY DOES NOT MODIFY THE CONTRACT WITHIN A REASONABLE TIME NOT
5 EXCEEDING 30 DAYS, THE CONTRACT LAPSES WITH RESPECT TO ANY PERFORMANCE
6 AFFECTED.

7

TERMINATION.

8 21-616. TERMINATION: SURVIVAL OF OBLIGATIONS.

9 (A) EXCEPT AS OTHERWISE PROVIDED IN SUBSECTION (B) OF THIS SECTION,
10 ON TERMINATION ALL OBLIGATIONS THAT ARE STILL EXECUTORY ON BOTH SIDES
11 ARE DISCHARGED.

12 (B) THE FOLLOWING SURVIVE TERMINATION:

13 (1) A RIGHT BASED ON PREVIOUS BREACH OR PERFORMANCE OF THE 14 CONTRACT;

15(2)AN OBLIGATION OF CONFIDENTIALITY, NONDISCLOSURE, OR16NONCOMPETITION TO THE EXTENT ENFORCEABLE UNDER OTHER LAW;

17 (3) A CONTRACTUAL USE TERM APPLICABLE TO ANY LICENSED COPY OR
18 INFORMATION RECEIVED FROM THE OTHER PARTY, OR COPIES MADE OF IT, WHICH
19 ARE NOT RETURNED OR RETURNABLE TO THE OTHER PARTY;

20 (4) AN OBLIGATION TO DELIVER, OR DISPOSE OF INFORMATION,
21 MATERIALS, DOCUMENTATION, COPIES, RECORDS, OR THE LIKE TO THE OTHER
22 PARTY, AN OBLIGATION TO DESTROY COPIES, OR A RIGHT TO OBTAIN INFORMATION
23 FROM AN ESCROW AGENT;

24 (5) A CHOICE OF LAW OR FORUM;

25(6)AN OBLIGATION TO ARBITRATE OR OTHERWISE RESOLVE DISPUTES26BY ALTERNATIVE DISPUTE RESOLUTION PROCEDURES;

27 (7) A TERM LIMITING THE TIME FOR COMMENCING AN ACTION OR FOR 28 GIVING NOTICE;

29 (8) AN INDEMNITY TERM OR A RIGHT RELATED TO A CLAIM OF A TYPE 30 DESCRIBED IN § 21-805(D)(1) OF THIS TITLE;

31(9)A LIMITATION OF REMEDY OR MODIFICATION OR DISCLAIMER OF32 WARRANTY;

33 (10) AN OBLIGATION TO PROVIDE AN ACCOUNTING AND MAKE ANY34 PAYMENT DUE UNDER THE ACCOUNTING; AND

(11) ANY TERM THAT THE AGREEMENT PROVIDES WILL SURVIVE.

2 21-617. NOTICE OF TERMINATION.

3 (A) EXCEPT AS OTHERWISE PROVIDED IN SUBSECTION (B) OF THIS SECTION, A
4 PARTY MAY NOT TERMINATE A CONTRACT EXCEPT ON THE HAPPENING OF AN
5 AGREED EVENT, SUCH AS THE EXPIRATION OF THE STATED DURATION, UNLESS THE
6 PARTY GIVES REASONABLE NOTICE OF TERMINATION TO THE OTHER PARTY.

7 (B) AN ACCESS CONTRACT MAY BE TERMINATED WITHOUT GIVING NOTICE.
8 HOWEVER, EXCEPT ON THE HAPPENING OF AN AGREED EVENT, TERMINATION
9 REQUIRES GIVING REASONABLE NOTICE TO THE LICENSEE IF THE ACCESS
10 CONTRACT PERTAINS TO INFORMATION OWNED AND PROVIDED BY THE LICENSEE
11 TO THE LICENSOR.

12 (C) A TERM DISPENSING WITH A NOTICE REQUIRED UNDER THIS SECTION IS
13 INVALID IF ITS OPERATION WOULD BE UNCONSCIONABLE. HOWEVER, A TERM
14 SPECIFYING STANDARDS FOR GIVING NOTICE IS ENFORCEABLE IF THE STANDARDS
15 ARE NOT MANIFESTLY UNREASONABLE.

16 21-618. TERMINATION: ENFORCEMENT.

17 (A) ON TERMINATION OF A LICENSE, A PARTY IN POSSESSION OR CONTROL OF
18 INFORMATION, COPIES, OR OTHER MATERIALS THAT ARE THE PROPERTY OF THE
19 OTHER PARTY, OR ARE SUBJECT TO A CONTRACTUAL OBLIGATION TO BE DELIVERED
20 TO THAT PARTY ON TERMINATION, SHALL USE COMMERCIALLY REASONABLE
21 EFFORTS TO DELIVER OR HOLD THEM FOR DISPOSAL ON INSTRUCTIONS OF THAT
22 PARTY. IF ANY MATERIALS ARE JOINTLY OWNED, THE PARTY IN POSSESSION OR
23 CONTROL SHALL MAKE THEM AVAILABLE TO THE JOINT OWNERS.

(B) TERMINATION OF A LICENSE ENDS ALL RIGHT UNDER THE LICENSE FOR
THE LICENSEE TO USE OR ACCESS THE LICENSED INFORMATION, INFORMATIONAL
RIGHTS, OR COPIES. CONTINUED USE OF THE LICENSED COPIES OR EXERCISE OF
TERMINATED RIGHTS IS A BREACH OF CONTRACT UNLESS AUTHORIZED BY A TERM
THAT SURVIVES TERMINATION.

(C) EACH PARTY MAY ENFORCE ITS RIGHTS UNDER SUBSECTIONS (A) AND (B)
OF THIS SECTION BY ACTING PURSUANT TO § 21-605 OF THIS SUBTITLE OR BY
JUDICIAL PROCESS, INCLUDING OBTAINING AN ORDER THAT THE PARTY OR AN
OFFICER OF THE COURT TAKE THE FOLLOWING ACTIONS WITH RESPECT TO ANY
LICENSED INFORMATION, DOCUMENTATION, COPIES, OR OTHER MATERIALS TO BE
DELIVERED:

35 (1) DELIVER OR TAKE POSSESSION OF THEM;

36 (2) WITHOUT REMOVAL, RENDER UNUSABLE OR ELIMINATE THE
 37 CAPABILITY TO EXERCISE CONTRACTUAL RIGHTS IN OR USE OF THEM;

38 (3) DESTROY OR PREVENT ACCESS TO THEM; AND

67

1 21-702. WAIVER OF REMEDY FOR BREACH OF CONTRACT.

2 (A) A CLAIM OR RIGHT ARISING OUT OF A BREACH OF CONTRACT MAY BE
3 DISCHARGED IN WHOLE OR PART WITHOUT CONSIDERATION BY A WAIVER IN A
4 RECORD TO WHICH THE PARTY MAKING THE WAIVER AGREES AFTER BREACH, SUCH
5 AS BY MANIFESTING ASSENT, OR WHICH THE PARTY MAKING THE WAIVER
6 AUTHENTICATES AND DELIVERS TO THE OTHER PARTY.

7 (B) A PARTY THAT ACCEPTS A PERFORMANCE WITH KNOWLEDGE THAT THE
8 PERFORMANCE CONSTITUTES A BREACH OF CONTRACT AND, WITHIN A REASONABLE
9 TIME AFTER ACCEPTANCE, DOES NOT NOTIFY THE OTHER PARTY OF THE BREACH
10 WAIVES ALL REMEDIES FOR THE BREACH, UNLESS ACCEPTANCE WAS MADE ON THE
11 REASONABLE ASSUMPTION THAT THE BREACH WOULD BE CURED AND IT HAS NOT
12 BEEN SEASONABLY CURED. HOWEVER, A PARTY THAT SEASONABLY NOTIFIES THE
13 OTHER PARTY OF A RESERVATION OF RIGHTS DOES NOT WAIVE THE RIGHTS
14 RESERVED.

15 (C) A PARTY THAT REFUSES A PERFORMANCE AND FAILS TO IDENTIFY A
16 PARTICULAR DEFECT THAT IS ASCERTAINABLE BY REASONABLE INSPECTION
17 WAIVES THE RIGHT TO RELY ON THAT DEFECT TO JUSTIFY REFUSAL ONLY IF:

18 (1) THE OTHER PARTY COULD HAVE CURED THE DEFECT IF IT WERE19 IDENTIFIED SEASONABLY; OR

(2) BETWEEN MERCHANTS, THE OTHER PARTY AFTER REFUSAL MADE A
 REQUEST IN A RECORD FOR A FULL AND FINAL STATEMENT OF ALL DEFECTS ON
 WHICH THE REFUSING PARTY RELIED.

(D) WAIVER OF A REMEDY FOR BREACH OF CONTRACT IN ONE PERFORMANCE
24 DOES NOT WAIVE ANY REMEDY FOR THE SAME OR A SIMILAR BREACH IN FUTURE
25 PERFORMANCES UNLESS THE PARTY MAKING THE WAIVER EXPRESSLY SO STATES.

26 (E) A WAIVER MAY NOT BE RETRACTED AS TO THE PERFORMANCE TO WHICH 27 THE WAIVER APPLIES.

(F) EXCEPT FOR A WAIVER IN ACCORDANCE WITH SUBSECTION (A) OF THIS
SECTION OR A WAIVER SUPPORTED BY CONSIDERATION, A WAIVER AFFECTING AN
EXECUTORY PORTION OF A CONTRACT MAY BE RETRACTED BY SEASONABLE NOTICE
RECEIVED BY THE OTHER PARTY THAT STRICT PERFORMANCE WILL BE REQUIRED IN
THE FUTURE, UNLESS THE RETRACTION WOULD BE UNJUST IN VIEW OF A MATERIAL
CHANGE OF POSITION IN RELIANCE ON THE WAIVER BY THAT PARTY.

34 21-703. CURE OF BREACH OF CONTRACT.

35 (A) A PARTY IN BREACH OF CONTRACT MAY CURE THE BREACH AT ITS OWN 36 EXPENSE IF:

37 (1) THE TIME FOR PERFORMANCE HAS NOT EXPIRED AND THE PARTY IN
38 BREACH SEASONABLY NOTIFIES THE AGGRIEVED PARTY OF ITS INTENT TO CURE
39 AND, WITHIN THE TIME FOR PERFORMANCE, MAKES A CONFORMING PERFORMANCE;

(2) THE PARTY IN BREACH HAD REASONABLE GROUNDS TO BELIEVE
 THE PERFORMANCE WOULD BE ACCEPTABLE WITH OR WITHOUT MONETARY
 ALLOWANCE, SEASONABLY NOTIFIES THE AGGRIEVED PARTY OF ITS INTENT TO
 CURE, AND PROVIDES A CONFORMING PERFORMANCE WITHIN A FURTHER
 REASONABLE TIME AFTER PERFORMANCE WAS DUE; OR

6 (3) IN A CASE NOT GOVERNED BY PARAGRAPH (1) OR (2) OF THIS
7 SUBSECTION, THE PARTY IN BREACH SEASONABLY NOTIFIES THE AGGRIEVED PARTY
8 OF ITS INTENT TO CURE AND PROMPTLY PROVIDES A CONFORMING PERFORMANCE
9 BEFORE CANCELLATION BY THE AGGRIEVED PARTY.

(B) IN A LICENSE OTHER THAN IN A MASS-MARKET TRANSACTION, IF THE
AGREEMENT REQUIRED A SINGLE DELIVERY OF A COPY AND THE PARTY RECEIVING
TENDER OF DELIVERY WAS REQUIRED TO ACCEPT A NONCONFORMING COPY
BECAUSE THE NONCONFORMITY WAS NOT A MATERIAL BREACH OF CONTRACT, THE
PARTY IN BREACH SHALL PROMPTLY AND IN GOOD FAITH MAKE AN EFFORT TO CURE
IF:

16 (1) THE PARTY IN BREACH RECEIVES SEASONABLE NOTICE OF THE 17 SPECIFIC NONCONFORMITY AND A DEMAND FOR CURE OF IT; AND

18 (2) THE COST OF THE EFFORT TO CURE DOES NOT
 19 DISPROPORTIONATELY EXCEED THE DIRECT DAMAGES CAUSED BY THE
 20 NONCONFORMITY TO THE AGGRIEVED PARTY.

(C) A PARTY MAY NOT CANCEL A CONTRACT OR REFUSE A PERFORMANCE
 BECAUSE OF A BREACH OF CONTRACT THAT HAS BEEN SEASONABLY CURED UNDER
 SUBSECTION (A) OF THIS SECTION. HOWEVER, NOTICE OF INTENT TO CURE DOES
 NOT PRECLUDE REFUSAL OR CANCELLATION FOR THE UNCURED BREACH.

25 DEFECTIVE COPIES.

26 21-704. COPY: REFUSAL OF DEFECTIVE TENDER.

27 (A) SUBJECT TO SUBSECTION (B) OF THIS SECTION AND § 21-705 OF THIS
28 SUBTITLE, TENDER OF A COPY THAT IS A MATERIAL BREACH OF CONTRACT PERMITS
29 THE PARTY TO WHICH TENDER IS MADE TO:

30 (1) REFUSE THE TENDER;

31 (2) ACCEPT THE TENDER; OR

32 (3) ACCEPT ANY COMMERCIALLY REASONABLE UNITS AND REFUSE THE33 REST.

34 (B) IN A MASS-MARKET TRANSACTION THAT CALLS FOR ONLY A SINGLE
35 TENDER OF A COPY, A LICENSEE MAY REFUSE THE TENDER IF THE TENDER DOES
36 NOT CONFORM TO THE CONTRACT.

37 (C) REFUSAL OF A TENDER IS INEFFECTIVE UNLESS:

1 (1) IT IS MADE BEFORE ACCEPTANCE;

2 (2) IT IS MADE WITHIN A REASONABLE TIME AFTER TENDER OR 3 COMPLETION OF ANY PERMITTED EFFORT TO CURE; AND

4 (3) THE REFUSING PARTY SEASONABLY NOTIFIES THE TENDERING 5 PARTY OF THE REFUSAL.

6 (D) EXCEPT IN A CASE GOVERNED BY SUBSECTION (B) OF THIS SECTION, A
7 PARTY THAT RIGHTFULLY REFUSES TENDER OF A COPY MAY CANCEL THE
8 CONTRACT ONLY IF THE TENDER WAS A MATERIAL BREACH OF THE WHOLE
9 CONTRACT OR THE AGREEMENT SO PROVIDES.

10 21-705. COPY: CONTRACT WITH PREVIOUS VESTED GRANT OF RIGHTS.

IF AN AGREEMENT GRANTS A RIGHT IN OR PERMISSION TO USE
 INFORMATIONAL RIGHTS WHICH PRECEDES OR IS OTHERWISE INDEPENDENT OF
 THE DELIVERY OF A COPY, THE FOLLOWING RULES APPLY:

14 (1) A PARTY MAY REFUSE A TENDER OF A COPY WHICH IS A MATERIAL
15 BREACH AS TO THAT COPY, BUT REFUSAL OF THAT TENDER DOES NOT CANCEL THE
16 CONTRACT.

IN A CASE GOVERNED BY PARAGRAPH (1) OF THIS SUBSECTION, THE
 TENDERING PARTY MAY CURE THE BREACH BY SEASONABLY PROVIDING A
 CONFORMING COPY BEFORE THE BREACH BECOMES MATERIAL AS TO THE WHOLE
 CONTRACT.

(3) A BREACH THAT IS MATERIAL WITH RESPECT TO A COPY ALLOWS
 CANCELLATION OF THE CONTRACT ONLY IF THE BREACH CANNOT BE SEASONABLY
 CURED AND IS A MATERIAL BREACH OF THE WHOLE CONTRACT.

24 21-706. COPY: DUTIES UPON RIGHTFUL REFUSAL.

25 (A) EXCEPT AS OTHERWISE PROVIDED IN THIS SECTION, AFTER RIGHTFUL
26 REFUSAL OR REVOCATION OF ACCEPTANCE OF A COPY, THE FOLLOWING RULES
27 APPLY:

28 (1) IF THE REFUSING PARTY RIGHTFULLY CANCELS THE CONTRACT, §
29 21-802 OF THIS TITLE APPLIES AND ALL CONTRACTUAL USE TERMS CONTINUE.

30 (2) IF THE CONTRACT IS NOT CANCELED, THE PARTIES REMAIN BOUND 31 BY ALL CONTRACTUAL OBLIGATIONS.

32 (B) ON RIGHTFUL REFUSAL OR REVOCATION OF ACCEPTANCE OF A COPY, THE
33 FOLLOWING RULES APPLY TO THE EXTENT CONSISTENT WITH § 21-802 OF THIS
34 TITLE:

35 (1) ANY USE, SALE, DISPLAY, PERFORMANCE, OR TRANSFER OF THE
 36 COPY OR INFORMATION IT CONTAINS, OR ANY FAILURE TO COMPLY WITH A

CONTRACTUAL USE TERM, IS A BREACH OF CONTRACT. THE LICENSEE SHALL PAY
 THE LICENSOR THE REASONABLE VALUE OF ANY USE. HOWEVER, USE FOR A
 LIMITED TIME WITHIN CONTRACTUAL USE TERMS IS NOT A BREACH, AND IS NOT AN
 ACCEPTANCE UNDER § 21-609(A)(5) OF THIS TITLE, IF IT:
 (A) OCCURS AFTER THE TENDERING PARTY IS SEASONABLY
 NOTIFIED OF REFUSAL;
 (B) IS NOT FOR DISTRIBUTION AND IS SOLELY PART OF MEASURES
 REASONABLE UNDER THE CIRCUMSTANCES TO AVOID OR REDUCE LOSS; AND

9 (C) IS NOT CONTRARY TO INSTRUCTIONS CONCERNING 10 DISPOSITION OF THE COPY RECEIVED FROM THE PARTY IN BREACH.

11 (2) A PARTY THAT REFUSES A COPY SHALL:

12 (A) DELIVER THE COPY AND ALL COPIES MADE OF IT, ALL ACCESS
13 MATERIALS, AND DOCUMENTATION PERTAINING TO THE REFUSED INFORMATION TO
14 THE TENDERING PARTY OR HOLD THEM WITH REASONABLE CARE FOR A
15 REASONABLE TIME FOR DISPOSAL AT THAT PARTY'S INSTRUCTIONS; AND

16 (B) FOLLOW REASONABLE INSTRUCTIONS OF THE TENDERING
17 PARTY FOR RETURNING OR DELIVERING COPIES, ACCESS MATERIAL, AND
18 DOCUMENTATION, BUT INSTRUCTIONS ARE NOT REASONABLE IF THE TENDERING
19 PARTY DOES NOT ARRANGE FOR PAYMENT OF OR REIMBURSEMENT FOR
20 REASONABLE EXPENSES OF COMPLYING WITH THE INSTRUCTIONS.

(3) IF THE TENDERING PARTY DOES NOT GIVE INSTRUCTIONS WITHIN A
 REASONABLE TIME AFTER BEING NOTIFIED OF REFUSAL, THE REFUSING PARTY, IN A
 REASONABLE MANNER TO REDUCE OR AVOID LOSS, MAY STORE THE COPIES, ACCESS
 MATERIAL, AND DOCUMENTATION FOR THE TENDERING PARTY'S ACCOUNT OR SHIP
 THEM TO THE TENDERING PARTY AND IS ENTITLED TO REIMBURSEMENT FOR
 REASONABLE COSTS OF STORAGE AND SHIPMENT.

27 (4) BOTH PARTIES REMAIN BOUND BY ALL CONTRACTUAL USE TERMS
28 THAT WOULD HAVE BEEN ENFORCEABLE HAD THE PERFORMANCE NOT BEEN
29 REFUSED.

30 (5) IN COMPLYING WITH THIS SECTION, THE REFUSING PARTY SHALL
31 ACT IN GOOD FAITH. CONDUCT IN GOOD FAITH UNDER THIS SECTION IS NOT
32 ACCEPTANCE OR CONVERSION AND MAY NOT BE A GROUND FOR AN ACTION FOR
33 DAMAGES UNDER THE CONTRACT.

34 21-707. COPY: REVOCATION OF ACCEPTANCE.

(A) A PARTY THAT ACCEPTS A NONCONFORMING TENDER OF A COPY MAY
REVOKE ACCEPTANCE ONLY IF THE NONCONFORMITY IS A MATERIAL BREACH OF
CONTRACT AND THE PARTY ACCEPTED IT:

1 (1) ON THE REASONABLE ASSUMPTION THAT THE NONCONFORMITY 2 WOULD BE CURED, AND THE NONCONFORMITY WAS NOT SEASONABLY CURED;

3 (2) DURING A CONTINUING EFFORT BY THE PARTY IN BREACH AT 4 ADJUSTMENT AND CURE, AND THE BREACH WAS NOT SEASONABLY CURED; OR

5 (3) WITHOUT DISCOVERY OF THE NONCONFORMITY, IF ACCEPTANCE
6 WAS REASONABLY INDUCED EITHER BY THE OTHER PARTY'S ASSURANCES OR BY
7 THE DIFFICULTY OF DISCOVERY BEFORE ACCEPTANCE.

8 (B) REVOCATION OF ACCEPTANCE IS NOT EFFECTIVE UNTIL THE REVOKING 9 PARTY NOTIFIES THE OTHER PARTY OF THE REVOCATION.

10 (C) REVOCATION OF ACCEPTANCE OF A COPY IS PRECLUDED IF:

(1) IT DOES NOT OCCUR WITHIN A REASONABLE TIME AFTER THE PARTY
 ATTEMPTING TO REVOKE DISCOVERS OR SHOULD HAVE DISCOVERED THE GROUND
 FOR IT;

14 (2) IT OCCURS AFTER A SUBSTANTIAL CHANGE IN CONDITION NOT
15 CAUSED BY DEFECTS IN THE INFORMATION, SUCH AS AFTER THE PARTY
16 COMMINGLES THE INFORMATION IN A MANNER THAT MAKES ITS RETURN
17 IMPOSSIBLE; OR

18 (3) THE PARTY ATTEMPTING TO REVOKE RECEIVED A SUBSTANTIAL
19 BENEFIT OR VALUE FROM THE INFORMATION, AND THE BENEFIT OR VALUE CANNOT
20 BE RETURNED.

(D) A PARTY THAT RIGHTFULLY REVOKES HAS THE SAME DUTIES AND IS
22 UNDER THE SAME RESTRICTIONS AS IF THE PARTY HAD REFUSED TENDER OF THE
23 COPY.

24 REPUDIATION AND ASSURANCES.

25 21-708. ADEQUATE ASSURANCE OF PERFORMANCE.

26 (A) A CONTRACT IMPOSES AN OBLIGATION ON EACH PARTY NOT TO IMPAIR
27 THE OTHER'S EXPECTATION OF RECEIVING DUE PERFORMANCE. IF REASONABLE
28 GROUNDS FOR INSECURITY ARISE WITH RESPECT TO THE PERFORMANCE OF EITHER
29 PARTY, THE AGGRIEVED PARTY MAY:

30 (1) DEMAND IN A RECORD ADEQUATE ASSURANCE OF DUE 31 PERFORMANCE; AND

(2) UNTIL THAT ASSURANCE IS RECEIVED, IF COMMERCIALLY
REASONABLE, SUSPEND ANY PERFORMANCE, OTHER THAN WITH RESPECT TO
CONTRACTUAL USE TERMS, FOR WHICH THE AGREED RETURN PERFORMANCE HAS
NOT BEEN RECEIVED.

(B) BETWEEN MERCHANTS, THE REASONABLENESS OF GROUNDS FOR
 INSECURITY AND THE ADEQUACY OF ANY ASSURANCE OFFERED IS DETERMINED
 ACCORDING TO COMMERCIAL STANDARDS.

4 (C) ACCEPTANCE OF ANY IMPROPER DELIVERY OR PAYMENT DOES NOT 5 IMPAIR AN AGGRIEVED PARTY'S RIGHT TO DEMAND ADEQUATE ASSURANCE OF 6 FUTURE PERFORMANCE.

7 (D) AFTER RECEIPT OF A JUSTIFIED DEMAND UNDER SUBSECTION (A) OF
8 THIS SECTION, FAILURE, WITHIN A REASONABLE TIME NOT EXCEEDING 30 DAYS, TO
9 PROVIDE ASSURANCE OF DUE PERFORMANCE WHICH IS ADEQUATE UNDER THE
10 CIRCUMSTANCES OF THE PARTICULAR CASE IS A REPUDIATION OF THE CONTRACT
11 UNDER § 21-709 OF THIS SUBTITLE.

12 21-709. ANTICIPATORY REPUDIATION.

13 (A) IF A PARTY TO A CONTRACT REPUDIATES A PERFORMANCE NOT YET DUE
14 AND THE LOSS OF PERFORMANCE WILL SUBSTANTIALLY IMPAIR THE VALUE OF THE
15 CONTRACT TO THE OTHER PARTY, THE AGGRIEVED PARTY MAY:

16 (1) AWAIT PERFORMANCE BY THE REPUDIATING PARTY FOR A
17 COMMERCIALLY REASONABLE TIME OR RESORT TO ANY REMEDY FOR BREACH OF
18 CONTRACT, EVEN IF IT HAS URGED THE REPUDIATING PARTY TO RETRACT THE
19 REPUDIATION OR HAS NOTIFIED THE REPUDIATING PARTY THAT IT WOULD AWAIT
20 ITS PERFORMANCE; AND

21(2)IN EITHER CASE, SUSPEND ITS OWN PERFORMANCE OR PROCEED IN22ACCORDANCE WITH § 21-812 OR § 21-813 OF THIS TITLE, AS APPLICABLE.

23 (B) REPUDIATION INCLUDES LANGUAGE THAT ONE PARTY WILL NOT OR
24 CANNOT MAKE A PERFORMANCE STILL DUE UNDER THE CONTRACT OR VOLUNTARY,
25 AFFIRMATIVE CONDUCT THAT REASONABLY APPEARS TO THE OTHER PARTY TO
26 MAKE A FUTURE PERFORMANCE IMPOSSIBLE.

27 21-710. RETRACTION OF ANTICIPATORY REPUDIATION.

28 (A) A REPUDIATING PARTY MAY RETRACT ITS REPUDIATION UNTIL ITS NEXT
29 PERFORMANCE IS DUE UNLESS THE AGGRIEVED PARTY, AFTER THE REPUDIATION,
30 HAS CANCELED THE CONTRACT, MATERIALLY CHANGED ITS POSITION, OR
31 OTHERWISE INDICATED THAT IT CONSIDERS THE REPUDIATION FINAL.

(B) A RETRACTION MAY BE BY ANY METHOD THAT CLEARLY INDICATES TO
THE AGGRIEVED PARTY THAT THE REPUDIATING PARTY INTENDS TO PERFORM THE
CONTRACT. HOWEVER, A RETRACTION MUST CONTAIN ANY ASSURANCE
JUSTIFIABLY DEMANDED UNDER § 21-708 OF THIS SUBTITLE.

36 (C) RETRACTION RESTORES A REPUDIATING PARTY'S RIGHTS UNDER THE
37 CONTRACT WITH DUE EXCUSE AND ALLOWANCE TO THE AGGRIEVED PARTY FOR ANY
38 DELAY CAUSED BY THE REPUDIATION.

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1 2	SUBTITLE 8. REMEDIES; GENERAL; DAMAGES; REMEDIES RELATED TO PERFORMANCE.
3	GENERAL.
4	21-801. REMEDIES IN GENERAL.
5 6	(A) THE REMEDIES PROVIDED IN THIS TITLE ARE CUMULATIVE, BUT A PARTY MAY NOT RECOVER MORE THAN ONCE FOR THE SAME LOSS.
9 10 11 12 13 14	(B) EXCEPT AS OTHERWISE PROVIDED IN §§ 21-803 AND 21-804 OF THIS SUBTITLE, IF A PARTY IS IN BREACH OF CONTRACT, WHETHER OR NOT THE BREACH IS MATERIAL, THE AGGRIEVED PARTY HAS THE REMEDIES PROVIDED IN THE AGREEMENT OR THIS TITLE, BUT THE AGGRIEVED PARTY SHALL CONTINUE TO COMPLY WITH ANY CONTRACTUAL USE TERMS WITH RESPECT TO INFORMATION OR COPIES RECEIVED FROM THE OTHER PARTY WHICH HAVE NOT BEEN RETURNED OR ARE NOT RETURNABLE TO THE OTHER PARTY, BUT THE CONTRACTUAL USE TERMS DO NOT APPLY TO INFORMATION OR COPIES PROPERLY RECEIVED OR OBTAINED FROM ANOTHER SOURCE.
	6 (C) RESCISSION OR A CLAIM FOR RESCISSION OF THE CONTRACT, OR REFUSAL OF THE INFORMATION, DOES NOT PRECLUDE AND IS NOT INCONSISTENT WITH A CLAIM FOR DAMAGES OR OTHER REMEDY.
19	21-802. CANCELLATION.
	(A) AN AGGRIEVED PARTY MAY CANCEL A CONTRACT IF THERE IS A MATERIAL BREACH THAT HAS NOT BEEN CURED OR WAIVED OR THE AGREEMENT ALLOWS CANCELLATION FOR THE BREACH.
25 26 27	(B) CANCELLATION IS NOT EFFECTIVE UNTIL THE CANCELING PARTY GIVES NOTICE OF CANCELLATION TO THE PARTY IN BREACH, UNLESS A DELAY REQUIRED TO NOTIFY THE PARTY WOULD CAUSE OR THREATEN MATERIAL HARM OR LOSS TO THE AGGRIEVED PARTY. THE NOTIFICATION MAY BE IN ANY FORM REASONABLE UNDER THE CIRCUMSTANCES. HOWEVER, IN AN ACCESS CONTRACT, A PARTY MAY CANCEL RIGHTS OF ACCESS WITHOUT NOTICE.
29	(C) ON CANCELLATION, THE FOLLOWING RULES APPLY:
	(1) IF A PARTY IS IN POSSESSION OR CONTROL OF LICENSED INFORMATION, DOCUMENTATION, MATERIALS, OR COPIES OF LICENSED INFORMATION, THE FOLLOWING RULES APPLY:
33 34	(A) A PARTY THAT HAS RIGHTFULLY REFUSED A COPY SHALL COMPLY WITH § 21-706(B) OF THIS TITLE AS TO THE REFUSED COPY.
37	(B) A PARTY IN BREACH OF CONTRACT WHICH WOULD BE SUBJECT TO AN OBLIGATION TO DELIVER UNDER § 21-618 OF THIS TITLE SHALL DELIVER ALL INFORMATION, DOCUMENTATION, MATERIALS, AND COPIES TO THE OTHER PARTY OR HOLD THEM WITH REASONABLE CARE FOR A REASONABLE TIME FOR DISPOSAL

AT THAT PARTY'S INSTRUCTIONS. THE PARTY IN BREACH OF CONTRACT SHALL
 FOLLOW ANY REASONABLE INSTRUCTIONS RECEIVED FROM THE OTHER PARTY.
 EXCEPT AS OTHERWISE PROVIDED IN SUBPARAGE APHS

3 (C) EXCEPT AS OTHERWISE PROVIDED IN SUBPARAGRAPHS (A) AND 4 (B) OF THIS PARAGRAPH, THE PARTY SHALL COMPLY WITH § 21-618 OF THIS TITLE.

5 (2) ALL OBLIGATIONS THAT ARE EXECUTORY ON BOTH SIDES AT THE 6 TIME OF CANCELLATION ARE DISCHARGED, BUT THE FOLLOWING SURVIVE:

7 (A) ANY RIGHT BASED ON PREVIOUS BREACH OR PERFORMANCE; 8 AND

9 (B) THE RIGHTS, DUTIES, AND REMEDIES DESCRIBED IN § 21-616(B) 10 OF THIS TITLE.

(3) CANCELLATION OF A LICENSE BY THE LICENSOR ENDS ANY
 CONTRACTUAL RIGHT OF THE LICENSEE TO USE THE INFORMATION,
 INFORMATIONAL RIGHTS, COPIES, OR OTHER MATERIALS.

(4) CANCELLATION OF A LICENSE BY THE LICENSEE ENDS ANY
 CONTRACTUAL RIGHT TO USE THE INFORMATION, INFORMATIONAL RIGHTS, COPIES,
 OR OTHER MATERIALS, BUT THE LICENSEE MAY USE THE INFORMATION FOR A
 LIMITED TIME AFTER THE LICENSE HAS BEEN CANCELED IF THE USE:

18

(A) IS WITHIN CONTRACTUAL USE TERMS;

19(B)IS NOT FOR DISTRIBUTION AND IS SOLELY PART OF MEASURES20REASONABLE UNDER THE CIRCUMSTANCES TO AVOID OR REDUCE LOSS; AND

21 (C) IS NOT CONTRARY TO INSTRUCTIONS RECEIVED FROM THE 22 PARTY IN BREACH CONCERNING DISPOSITION OF THEM.

(5) THE LICENSEE SHALL PAY THE LICENSOR THE REASONABLE VALUE
OF ANY USE AFTER CANCELLATION PERMITTED UNDER PARAGRAPH (4) OF THIS
SUBSECTION.

(6) THE OBLIGATIONS UNDER THIS SUBSECTION APPLY TO ALL
27 INFORMATION, INFORMATIONAL RIGHTS, DOCUMENTATION, MATERIALS, AND
28 COPIES RECEIVED BY THE PARTY AND ANY COPIES MADE THEREFROM.

29 (D) A TERM PROVIDING THAT A CONTRACT MAY NOT BE CANCELED30 PRECLUDES CANCELLATION BUT DOES NOT LIMIT OTHER REMEDIES.

31 (E) UNLESS A CONTRARY INTENTION CLEARLY APPEARS, AN EXPRESSION
32 SUCH AS "CANCELLATION," "RESCISSION", OR THE LIKE MAY NOT BE CONSTRUED AS
33 A RENUNCIATION OR DISCHARGE OF A CLAIM IN DAMAGES FOR AN ANTECEDENT
34 BREACH.

1 21-803. CONTRACTUAL MODIFICATION OF REMEDY.

2 (A) EXCEPT AS OTHERWISE PROVIDED IN THIS SECTION AND IN § 21-804 OF 3 THIS SUBTITLE:

4 (1) AN AGREEMENT MAY PROVIDE FOR REMEDIES IN ADDITION TO OR IN
5 SUBSTITUTION FOR THOSE PROVIDED IN THIS TITLE AND MAY LIMIT OR ALTER THE
6 MEASURE OF DAMAGES RECOVERABLE UNDER THIS TITLE OR A PARTY'S OTHER
7 REMEDIES UNDER THIS TITLE, SUCH AS BY PRECLUDING A PARTY'S RIGHT TO
8 CANCEL FOR BREACH OF CONTRACT, LIMITING REMEDIES TO RETURNING OR
9 DELIVERING COPIES AND REPAYMENT OF THE CONTRACT FEE, OR LIMITING
10 REMEDIES TO REPAIR OR REPLACEMENT OF THE NONCONFORMING COPIES; AND

11 (2) RESORT TO A CONTRACTUAL REMEDY IS OPTIONAL UNLESS THE 12 REMEDY IS EXPRESSLY AGREED TO BE EXCLUSIVE, IN WHICH CASE IT IS THE SOLE 13 REMEDY.

14 (B) SUBJECT TO SUBSECTION (C) OF THIS SECTION, IF PERFORMANCE OF AN
15 EXCLUSIVE OR LIMITED REMEDY CAUSES THE REMEDY TO FAIL OF ITS ESSENTIAL
16 PURPOSE, THE AGGRIEVED PARTY MAY PURSUE OTHER REMEDIES UNDER THIS
17 TITLE.

(C) FAILURE OR UNCONSCIONABILITY OF AN AGREED EXCLUSIVE OR
 LIMITED REMEDY MAKES A TERM DISCLAIMING OR LIMITING CONSEQUENTIAL OR
 INCIDENTAL DAMAGES UNENFORCEABLE UNLESS THE AGREEMENT EXPRESSLY
 MAKES THE DISCLAIMER OR LIMITATION INDEPENDENT OF THE AGREED REMEDY.

(D) CONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGES AND INCIDENTAL DAMAGES MAY BE
EXCLUDED OR LIMITED BY AGREEMENT UNLESS THE EXCLUSION OR LIMITATION IS
UNCONSCIONABLE. EXCLUSION OR LIMITATION OF CONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGES FOR
PERSONAL INJURY IN A CONSUMER CONTRACT FOR A COMPUTER PROGRAM THAT IS
SUBJECT TO THIS TITLE AND IS CONTAINED IN CONSUMER GOODS IS PRIMA FACIE
UNCONSCIONABLE, BUT EXCLUSION OR LIMITATION OF DAMAGES FOR A
COMMERCIAL LOSS IS NOT UNCONSCIONABLE.

29 21-804. LIQUIDATION OF DAMAGES.

30 (A) DAMAGES FOR BREACH OF CONTRACT BY EITHER PARTY MAY BE31 LIQUIDATED BY AGREEMENT IN AN AMOUNT THAT IS REASONABLE IN LIGHT OF:

32 (1) THE LOSS ANTICIPATED AT THE TIME OF CONTRACTING;

33 (2) THE ACTUAL LOSS; OR

34 (3) THE ACTUAL OR ANTICIPATED DIFFICULTIES OF PROVING LOSS IN 35 THE EVENT OF BREACH.

(B) IF A TERM LIQUIDATING DAMAGES IS UNENFORCEABLE UNDER THIS
SUBSECTION, THE AGGRIEVED PARTY MAY PURSUE THE REMEDIES PROVIDED IN
THIS TITLE, EXCEPT AS LIMITED BY OTHER TERMS OF THE CONTRACT.

(C) IF A PARTY JUSTIFIABLY WITHHOLDS DELIVERY OF COPIES BECAUSE OF
 THE OTHER PARTY'S BREACH OF CONTRACT, THE PARTY IN BREACH IS ENTITLED TO
 RESTITUTION FOR ANY AMOUNT BY WHICH THE SUM OF THE PAYMENTS IT MADE
 FOR THE COPIES EXCEEDS THE AMOUNT OF THE LIQUIDATED DAMAGES PAYABLE TO
 THE AGGRIEVED PARTY IN ACCORDANCE WITH SUBSECTION (A) OF THIS SECTION.
 THE RIGHT TO RESTITUTION IS SUBJECT TO OFFSET TO THE EXTENT THAT THE
 AGGRIEVED PARTY ESTABLISHES:

8 (1) A RIGHT TO RECOVER DAMAGES OTHER THAN UNDER SUBSECTION 9 (A) OF THIS SECTION; AND

10 (2) THE AMOUNT OR VALUE OF ANY BENEFITS RECEIVED BY THE PARTY 11 IN BREACH, DIRECTLY OR INDIRECTLY, BY REASON OF THE CONTRACT.

12 (D) A TERM THAT DOES NOT LIQUIDATE DAMAGES, BUT THAT LIMITS
13 DAMAGES AVAILABLE TO THE AGGRIEVED PARTY, MUST BE EVALUATED UNDER §
14 21-803 OF THIS SUBTITLE.

15 21-805. LIMITATION OF ACTIONS.

16 (A) EXCEPT AS OTHERWISE PROVIDED IN SUBSECTION (B) OF THIS SECTION,
17 AN ACTION FOR BREACH OF CONTRACT MUST BE COMMENCED WITHIN THE LATER
18 OF FOUR YEARS AFTER THE RIGHT OF ACTION ACCRUES OR ONE YEAR AFTER THE
19 BREACH WAS OR SHOULD HAVE BEEN DISCOVERED, BUT NOT LATER THAN FIVE
20 YEARS AFTER THE RIGHT OF ACTION ACCRUES.

21 (B) IF THE ORIGINAL AGREEMENT OF THE PARTIES ALTERS THE PERIOD OF 22 LIMITATIONS, THE FOLLOWING RULES APPLY:

(1) THE PARTIES MAY REDUCE THE PERIOD OF LIMITATION TO NOT
LESS THAN ONE YEAR AFTER THE RIGHT OF ACTION ACCRUES BUT MAY NOT
EXTEND IT.

26 (2) IN A CONSUMER CONTRACT <u>MASS-MARKET TRANSACTION</u>, THE 27 PERIOD OF LIMITATION MAY NOT BE REDUCED.

(C) EXCEPT AS OTHERWISE PROVIDED IN SUBSECTION (D) OF THIS SECTION, A
RIGHT OF ACTION ACCRUES WHEN THE ACT OR OMISSION CONSTITUTING A BREACH
OF CONTRACT OCCURS, EVEN IF THE AGGRIEVED PARTY DID NOT KNOW OF THE
BREACH. A RIGHT OF ACTION FOR BREACH OF WARRANTY ACCRUES WHEN TENDER
OF DELIVERY OF A COPY PURSUANT TO § 21-606 OF THIS TITLE, OR ACCESS TO THE
INFORMATION, OCCURS. HOWEVER, IF THE WARRANTY EXPRESSLY EXTENDS TO
FUTURE PERFORMANCE OF THE INFORMATION OR A COPY, THE RIGHT OF ACTION
ACCRUES WHEN THE PERFORMANCE FAILS TO CONFORM TO THE WARRANTY, BUT
NOT LATER THAN THE DATE THE WARRANTY EXPIRES.

37 (D) IN THE FOLLOWING CASES, A RIGHT OF ACTION ACCRUES ON THE LATER
38 OF THE DATE THE ACT OR OMISSION CONSTITUTING THE BREACH OF CONTRACT
39 OCCURRED OR THE DATE ON WHICH IT WAS OR SHOULD HAVE BEEN DISCOVERED BY

THE AGGRIEVED PARTY, BUT NOT EARLIER THAN THE DATE FOR DELIVERY OF A
 COPY IF THE CLAIM RELATES TO INFORMATION IN THE COPY:

- 3 (1) A BREACH OF WARRANTY AGAINST THIRD-PARTY CLAIMS FOR:
 - (A) INFRINGEMENT OR MISAPPROPRIATION; OR
 - (B) LIBEL, SLANDER, OR THE LIKE;

6 (2) A BREACH OF CONTRACT INVOLVING A PARTY'S DISCLOSURE OR 7 MISUSE OF CONFIDENTIAL INFORMATION; OR

8 (3) A FAILURE TO PROVIDE AN INDEMNITY OR TO PERFORM ANOTHER9 OBLIGATION TO PROTECT OR DEFEND AGAINST A THIRD-PARTY CLAIM.

10 (E) IF AN ACTION COMMENCED WITHIN THE PERIOD OF LIMITATION IS SO
11 CONCLUDED AS TO LEAVE AVAILABLE A REMEDY BY ANOTHER ACTION FOR THE
12 SAME BREACH OF CONTRACT, THE OTHER ACTION MAY BE COMMENCED AFTER
13 EXPIRATION OF THE PERIOD OF LIMITATION IF THE ACTION IS COMMENCED WITHIN
14 SIX MONTHS AFTER CONCLUSION OF THE FIRST ACTION, UNLESS THE ACTION WAS
15 CONCLUDED AS A RESULT OF VOLUNTARY DISCONTINUANCE OR DISMISSAL FOR
16 FAILURE OR NEGLECT TO PROSECUTE.

17 (F) THIS SECTION DOES NOT ALTER THE LAW ON TOLLING OF THE STATUTE
18 OF LIMITATIONS AND DOES NOT APPLY TO A RIGHT OF ACTION THAT ACCRUED
19 BEFORE THE EFFECTIVE DATE OF THIS TITLE.

20 21-806. REMEDIES FOR FRAUD.

REMEDIES FOR MATERIAL MISREPRESENTATION OR FRAUD INCLUDE ALL
 REMEDIES AVAILABLE UNDER THIS TITLE FOR NONFRAUDULENT BREACH OF
 CONTRACT.

24

25 21-807. MEASUREMENT OF DAMAGES IN GENERAL.

(A) EXCEPT AS OTHERWISE PROVIDED IN THE CONTRACT, AN AGGRIEVED
PARTY MAY NOT RECOVER COMPENSATION FOR THAT PART OF A LOSS WHICH COULD
HAVE BEEN AVOIDED BY TAKING MEASURES REASONABLE UNDER THE
CIRCUMSTANCES TO AVOID OR REDUCE LOSS. THE BURDEN OF ESTABLISHING A
FAILURE OF THE AGGRIEVED PARTY TO TAKE MEASURES REASONABLE UNDER THE
CIRCUMSTANCES IS ON THE PARTY IN BREACH OF CONTRACT.

DAMAGES.

32 (B) A PARTY MAY NOT RECOVER:

(1) CONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGES FOR LOSSES RESULTING FROM THE
 CONTENT OF PUBLISHED INFORMATIONAL CONTENT UNLESS THE AGREEMENT
 EXPRESSLY SO PROVIDES; OR

4

(2) DAMAGES THAT ARE SPECULATIVE.

2 (C) THE REMEDY FOR BREACH OF CONTRACT FOR DISCLOSURE OR MISUSE OF
3 INFORMATION THAT IS A TRADE SECRET OR IN WHICH THE AGGRIEVED PARTY HAS A
4 RIGHT OF CONFIDENTIALITY INCLUDES AS CONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGES
5 COMPENSATION FOR THE BENEFIT OBTAINED AS A RESULT OF THE BREACH.

6 (D) FOR PURPOSES OF THIS TITLE, MARKET VALUE IS DETERMINED AS OF 7 THE DATE OF BREACH OF CONTRACT AND THE PLACE FOR PERFORMANCE.

8 (E) DAMAGES OR EXPENSES THAT RELATE TO EVENTS AFTER THE DATE OF
9 ENTRY OF JUDGMENT MUST BE REDUCED TO THEIR PRESENT VALUE AS OF THAT
10 DATE. IN THIS SUBSECTION, "PRESENT VALUE" MEANS THE AMOUNT, AS OF A DATE
11 CERTAIN, OF ONE OR MORE SUMS PAYABLE IN THE FUTURE OR THE VALUE OF ONE
12 OR MORE PERFORMANCES DUE IN THE FUTURE, DISCOUNTED TO THE DATE
13 CERTAIN. THE DISCOUNT IS DETERMINED BY THE INTEREST RATE SPECIFIED BY
14 THE PARTIES IN THEIR AGREEMENT UNLESS THAT RATE WAS MANIFESTLY
15 UNREASONABLE WHEN THE AGREEMENT WAS ENTERED INTO. OTHERWISE, THE
16 DISCOUNT IS DETERMINED BY A COMMERCIALLY REASONABLE RATE THAT TAKES
17 INTO ACCOUNT THE CIRCUMSTANCES OF EACH CASE WHEN THE AGREEMENT WAS
18 ENTERED INTO.

19 21-808. LICENSOR'S DAMAGES.

(A) IN THIS SECTION, "SUBSTITUTE TRANSACTION" MEANS A TRANSACTION
BY THE LICENSOR WHICH WOULD NOT HAVE BEEN POSSIBLE EXCEPT FOR THE
LICENSEE'S BREACH AND WHICH TRANSACTION IS FOR THE SAME INFORMATION OR
INFORMATIONAL RIGHTS WITH THE SAME CONTRACTUAL USE TERMS AS THE
TRANSACTION TO WHICH THE LICENSEE'S BREACH APPLIES.

(B) EXCEPT AS OTHERWISE PROVIDED IN § 21-807 OF THIS SUBTITLE, A
BREACH OF CONTRACT BY A LICENSEE ENTITLES THE LICENSOR TO RECOVER THE
FOLLOWING COMPENSATION FOR LOSSES RESULTING IN THE ORDINARY COURSE
FROM THE BREACH, LESS EXPENSES AVOIDED AS A RESULT OF THE BREACH, TO THE
EXTENT NOT OTHERWISE ACCOUNTED FOR UNDER THIS SUBSECTION:

(1) DAMAGES MEASURED IN ANY COMBINATION OF THE FOLLOWING
WAYS BUT NOT TO EXCEED THE CONTRACT FEE AND THE MARKET VALUE OF OTHER
CONSIDERATION REQUIRED UNDER THE CONTRACT FOR THE PERFORMANCE THAT
WAS THE SUBJECT OF THE BREACH:

34(A)THE AMOUNT OF ACCRUED AND UNPAID CONTRACT FEES AND35THE MARKET VALUE OF OTHER CONSIDERATION EARNED BUT NOT RECEIVED FOR:

36

(I) ANY PERFORMANCE ACCEPTED BY THE LICENSEE; AND

37 (II) ANY PERFORMANCE TO WHICH § 21-604 OF THIS TITLE 38 APPLIES;

80

(B) FOR PERFORMANCES NOT GOVERNED BY SUBPARAGRAPH (A)
 OF THIS PARAGRAPH, IF THE LICENSEE REPUDIATED OR WRONGFULLY REFUSED
 THE PERFORMANCE OR THE LICENSOR RIGHTFULLY CANCELED AND THE BREACH
 MAKES POSSIBLE A SUBSTITUTE TRANSACTION, THE AMOUNT OF LOSS AS
 DETERMINED BY CONTRACT FEES AND THE MARKET VALUE OF OTHER
 CONSIDERATION REQUIRED UNDER THE CONTRACT FEES AND MARKET VALUE OF OTHER
 (I) THE CONTRACT FEES AND MARKET VALUE OF OTHER

7 (I) THE CONTRACT FEES AND MARKET VALUE OF OTHER
8 CONSIDERATION RECEIVED FROM AN ACTUAL AND COMMERCIALLY REASONABLE
9 SUBSTITUTE TRANSACTION ENTERED INTO BY THE LICENSOR IN GOOD FAITH AND
10 WITHOUT UNREASONABLE DELAY; OR

11 (II) THE MARKET VALUE OF A COMMERCIALLY REASONABLE 12 HYPOTHETICAL SUBSTITUTE TRANSACTION;

(C) FOR PERFORMANCES NOT GOVERNED BY SUBPARAGRAPH (A)
 OF THIS PARAGRAPH, IF THE BREACH DOES NOT MAKE POSSIBLE A SUBSTITUTE
 TRANSACTION, LOST PROFIT, INCLUDING REASONABLE OVERHEAD, THAT THE
 LICENSOR WOULD HAVE REALIZED ON ACCEPTANCE AND FULL PAYMENT FOR
 PERFORMANCE THAT WAS NOT DELIVERED TO THE LICENSEE BECAUSE OF THE
 LICENSEE'S BREACH; OR

19 (D) DAMAGES CALCULATED IN ANY REASONABLE MANNER; AND

20 (2) CONSEQUENTIAL AND INCIDENTAL DAMAGES.

21 21-809. LICENSEE'S DAMAGES.

(A) SUBJECT TO SUBSECTION (B) OF THIS SECTION AND EXCEPT AS
OTHERWISE PROVIDED IN § 21-807 OF THIS SUBTITLE, A BREACH OF CONTRACT BY A
LICENSOR ENTITLES THE LICENSEE TO RECOVER THE FOLLOWING COMPENSATION
FOR LOSSES RESULTING IN THE ORDINARY COURSE FROM THE BREACH OR, IF
APPROPRIATE, AS TO THE WHOLE CONTRACT, LESS EXPENSES AVOIDED AS A RESULT
OF THE BREACH TO THE EXTENT NOT OTHERWISE ACCOUNTED FOR UNDER THIS
SECTION:

(1) DAMAGES MEASURED IN ANY COMBINATION OF THE FOLLOWING
WAYS, BUT NOT TO EXCEED THE MARKET VALUE OF THE PERFORMANCE THAT WAS
THE SUBJECT OF THE BREACH PLUS RESTITUTION OF ANY AMOUNTS PAID FOR
PERFORMANCE NOT RECEIVED AND NOT ACCOUNTED FOR WITHIN THE INDICATED
RECOVERY:

34 (A) WITH RESPECT TO PERFORMANCE THAT HAS BEEN ACCEPTED
35 AND THE ACCEPTANCE NOT RIGHTFULLY REVOKED, THE VALUE OF THE
36 PERFORMANCE REQUIRED LESS THE VALUE OF THE PERFORMANCE ACCEPTED AS
37 OF THE TIME AND PLACE OF ACCEPTANCE;

38 (B) WITH RESPECT TO PERFORMANCE THAT HAS NOT BEEN
39 RENDERED OR THAT WAS RIGHTFULLY REFUSED OR ACCEPTANCE OF WHICH WAS
40 RIGHTFULLY REVOKED:

	(I) THE AMOUNT OF ANY PAYMENTS MADE AND THE VALUE OF OTHER CONSIDERATION GIVEN TO THE LICENSOR WITH RESPECT TO THAT PERFORMANCE AND NOT PREVIOUSLY RETURNED TO THE LICENSEE;				
4 5	(II) THE MARKET VALUE OF THE PERFORMANCE LESS THE CONTRACT FEE FOR THAT PERFORMANCE; OR				
8 9 10	(III) THE COST OF A COMMERCIALLY REASONABLE SUBSTITUTE TRANSACTION LESS THE CONTRACT FEE UNDER THE BREACHED CONTRACT, IF THE SUBSTITUTE TRANSACTION WAS ENTERED INTO BY THE LICENSEE IN GOOD FAITH AND WITHOUT UNREASONABLE DELAY FOR SUBSTANTIALLY SIMILAR INFORMATION WITH THE SAME CONTRACTUAL USE TERMS; OR				
12	(C) DAMAGES CALCULATED IN ANY REASONABLE MANNER; AND				
13	(2) INCIDENTAL AND CONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGES.				
16 17	 5 CONTRACT FEES FOR PERFORMANCE BY THE LICENSOR WHICH HAS BEEN 6 ACCEPTED BY THE LICENSEE AND AS TO WHICH THE ACCEPTANCE HAS NOT BEEN 7 RIGHTFULLY REVOKED. 				
18	21-810. RECOUPMENT.				
20 21 22	 (A) EXCEPT AS OTHERWISE PROVIDED IN SUBSECTION (B) OF THIS SECTION, 20 AN AGGRIEVED PARTY, UPON NOTIFYING THE PARTY IN BREACH OF CONTRACT OF 21 ITS INTENTION TO DO SO, MAY DEDUCT ALL OR ANY PART OF THE DAMAGES 22 RESULTING FROM THE BREACH FROM ANY PAYMENTS STILL DUE UNDER THE SAME 23 CONTRACT. 				
26 27 28	 (B) IF A BREACH OF CONTRACT IS NOT MATERIAL WITH REFERENCE TO THE PARTICULAR PERFORMANCE, AN AGGRIEVED PARTY MAY EXERCISE ITS RIGHTS UNDER SUBSECTION (A) OF THIS SECTION ONLY IF THE AGREEMENT DOES NOT REQUIRE FURTHER AFFIRMATIVE PERFORMANCE BY THE OTHER PARTY AND THE AMOUNT OF DAMAGES DEDUCTED CAN BE READILY LIQUIDATED UNDER THE AGREEMENT. 				
30	REMEDIES RELATED TO PERFORMANCE.				
31	21-811. SPECIFIC PERFORMANCE.				

32 (A) SPECIFIC PERFORMANCE MAY BE ORDERED:

IF THE AGREEMENT PROVIDES FOR THAT REMEDY, OTHER THAN AN
 OBLIGATION FOR THE PAYMENT OF MONEY;

35 (2) IF THE CONTRACT WAS NOT FOR PERSONAL SERVICES AND THE
 36 AGREED PERFORMANCE IS UNIQUE; OR

1 (3) IN OTHER PROPER CIRCUMSTANCES.

2 (B) AN ORDER FOR SPECIFIC PERFORMANCE MAY CONTAIN ANY CONDITIONS
3 CONSIDERED JUST AND MUST PROVIDE ADEQUATE SAFEGUARDS CONSISTENT WITH
4 THE CONTRACT TO PROTECT THE CONFIDENTIALITY OF INFORMATION,
5 INFORMATION, AND INFORMATIONAL RIGHTS OF BOTH PARTIES.

6 21-812. COMPLETING PERFORMANCE.

7 (A) ON BREACH OF CONTRACT BY A LICENSEE, THE LICENSOR MAY:

8 (1) IDENTIFY TO THE CONTRACT ANY CONFORMING COPY NOT ALREADY
9 IDENTIFIED IF, AT THE TIME THE LICENSOR LEARNED OF THE BREACH, THE COPY
10 WAS IN ITS POSSESSION;

(2) IN THE EXERCISE OF REASONABLE COMMERCIAL JUDGMENT FOR
 PURPOSES OF AVOIDING LOSS AND EFFECTIVE REALIZATION ON EFFORT OR
 INVESTMENT, COMPLETE THE INFORMATION AND IDENTIFY IT TO THE CONTRACT,
 CEASE WORK ON IT, RELICENSE OR DISPOSE OF IT, OR PROCEED IN ANY OTHER
 COMMERCIALLY REASONABLE MANNER; AND

16 (3) PURSUE ANY REMEDY FOR BREACH THAT HAS NOT BEEN WAIVED.

(B) ON BREACH BY A LICENSEE, BOTH PARTIES REMAIN BOUND BY ALL
 CONTRACTUAL USE TERMS, <u>BUT THE CONTRACTUAL USE TERMS DO NOT APPLY TO</u>
 <u>INFORMATION OR COPIES PROPERLY RECEIVED OR OBTAINED FROM ANOTHER</u>
 <u>SOURCE</u>.

21 21-813. CONTINUING USE.

22 ON BREACH OF CONTRACT BY A LICENSOR, THE FOLLOWING RULES APPLY:

(1) A LICENSEE THAT HAS NOT CANCELED THE CONTRACT MAY
CONTINUE TO USE THE INFORMATION AND INFORMATIONAL RIGHTS UNDER THE
CONTRACT. IF THE LICENSEE CONTINUES TO USE THE INFORMATION OR
INFORMATIONAL RIGHTS, THE LICENSEE IS BOUND BY ALL TERMS OF THE
CONTRACT, INCLUDING CONTRACTUAL USE TERMS, OBLIGATIONS NOT TO COMPETE,
AND OBLIGATIONS TO PAY CONTRACT FEES.

29 (2) THE LICENSEE MAY PURSUE ANY REMEDY FOR BREACH WHICH HAS 30 NOT BEEN WAIVED.

31 (3) THE LICENSOR'S RIGHTS REMAIN IN EFFECT BUT ARE SUBJECT TO
 32 THE LICENSEE'S REMEDY FOR BREACH, INCLUDING ANY RIGHT OF RECOUPMENT OR
 33 SETOFF.

34 21-814. DISCONTINUING ACCESS.

35 (A) ON SUBJECT TO SUBSECTION (B) OF THIS SECTION, ON MATERIAL BREACH
 36 OF AN ACCESS CONTRACT OR IF THE AGREEMENT SO PROVIDES, A PARTY MAY

1 DISCONTINUE ALL CONTRACTUAL RIGHTS OF ACCESS OF THE PARTY IN BREACH AND 2 DIRECT ANY PERSON THAT IS ASSISTING THE PERFORMANCE OF THE CONTRACT TO **3 DISCONTINUE ITS PERFORMANCE.** IN AN ACCESS CONTRACT THAT REOUIRES PERIODIC PAYMENTS OVER 4 (B) 5 TIME, BEFORE OR AT THE TIME OF DISCONTINUATION OF ALL CONTRACTUAL 6 RIGHTS OF ACCESS, A PARTY SHALL NOTIFY THE PARTY IN BREACH IN A RECORD OF: THE DISCONTINUATION OF ALL CONTRACTUAL RIGHTS OF ACCESS 7 (1)8 IN THE ACCESS CONTRACT: 9 EXCEPT AS PROVIDED IN SUBSECTION (C) OF THIS SECTION, BEFORE (B)10 DISCONTINUING ALL CONTRACTUAL RIGHTS OF ACCESS IN AN ACCESS CONTRACT. A 11 PARTY SHALL GIVE NOTICE IN A RECORD TO THE PARTY IN BREACH STATING: 12 THAT THE PARTY INTENDS TO DISCONTINUE ALL CONTRACTUAL (1)13 RIGHTS OF ACCESS IN THE ACCESS CONTRACT ON OR AFTER 3 DAYS FOLLOWING 14 THE DATE NOTICE IS GIVEN; THE NATURE OF THE CLAIMED BREACH THAT ENTITLES THE PARTY 15 (2)16 TO DISCONTINUE ALL CONTRACTUAL RIGHTS OF ACCESS IN THE ACCESS CONTRACT; THE OPPORTUNITY TO CURE AS PROVIDED UNDER § 21-703 OF THIS 17 (3)18 TITLE; AND 19 INFORMATION TO ALLOW FOR COMMUNICATION CONCERNING THE (4)20 CLAIMED BREACH, INCLUDING THE PARTY'S: ADDRESS AND TELEPHONE NUMBER; AND 21 (I) 22 (II) FACSIMILE NUMBER; OR 1. 23 <u>2.</u> E-MAIL ADDRESS. 24 (C)THE NOTICE REQUIRED IN SUBSECTION (B) OF THIS SECTION IS NOT 25 REQUIRED FOR A DISCONTINUATION TO MEET A STATUTORY OR LEGAL 26 REQUIREMENT OR DUE TO A MATERIAL BREACH OF A CONTRACTUAL USE TERM.

27 21-815. RIGHT TO POSSESSION AND PREVENT USE.

28 (A) ON CANCELLATION OF A LICENSE, THE LICENSOR HAS THE RIGHT:

(1) TO POSSESSION OF ALL COPIES OF THE LICENSED INFORMATION IN
THE POSSESSION OR CONTROL OF THE LICENSEE AND ANY OTHER MATERIALS
PERTAINING TO THAT INFORMATION WHICH BY CONTRACT ARE TO BE RETURNED OR
DELIVERED BY THE LICENSEE TO THE LICENSOR; AND

33 (2) TO PREVENT THE CONTINUED EXERCISE OF CONTRACTUAL AND
 34 INFORMATIONAL RIGHTS IN THE LICENSED INFORMATION UNDER THE LICENSE.

(B) EXCEPT AS OTHERWISE PROVIDED IN § 21-814 OF THIS SUBTITLE, A
 LICENSOR MAY EXERCISE ITS RIGHTS UNDER SUBSECTION (A) OF THIS SECTION
 WITHOUT JUDICIAL PROCESS ONLY IF THIS CAN BE DONE:

4 (1) WITHOUT A BREACH OF THE PEACE;

5 (2) WITHOUT A FORESEEABLE RISK OF PERSONAL INJURY OR
6 SIGNIFICANT PHYSICAL DAMAGE TO INFORMATION OR PROPERTY OTHER THAN THE
7 LICENSED INFORMATION; AND

8 (3) IN ACCORDANCE WITH § 21-816 OF THIS SUBTITLE.

9 (C) IN A JUDICIAL PROCEEDING, THE COURT MAY ENJOIN A LICENSEE IN
10 BREACH OF CONTRACT FROM CONTINUED USE OF THE INFORMATION AND
11 INFORMATIONAL RIGHTS AND MAY ORDER THE LICENSOR OR A JUDICIAL OFFICER
12 TO TAKE THE STEPS DESCRIBED IN § 21-618 OF THIS TITLE.

13 (D) A PARTY HAS A RIGHT TO AN EXPEDITED JUDICIAL HEARING ON A
14 REQUEST FOR PREJUDGMENT RELIEF TO ENFORCE OR PROTECT ITS RIGHTS UNDER
15 THIS SECTION.

16 (E) THE RIGHT TO POSSESSION UNDER THIS SECTION IS NOT AVAILABLE TO
17 THE EXTENT THAT THE INFORMATION, BEFORE BREACH OF THE LICENSE AND IN
18 THE ORDINARY COURSE OF PERFORMANCE UNDER THE LICENSE, WAS SO ALTERED
19 OR COMMINGLED THAT THE INFORMATION IS NO LONGER IDENTIFIABLE OR
20 SEPARABLE.

(F) A LICENSEE THAT PROVIDES INFORMATION TO A LICENSOR SUBJECT TO
 CONTRACTUAL USE TERMS HAS THE RIGHTS AND IS SUBJECT TO THE LIMITATIONS
 OF A LICENSOR UNDER THIS SECTION WITH RESPECT TO THE INFORMATION IT
 PROVIDES.

25 21-816. LIMITATIONS ON ELECTRONIC SELF-HELP.

26 (A) IN THIS SECTION, "ELECTRONIC SELF-HELP" MEANS THE USE OF
27 ELECTRONIC MEANS TO EXERCISE A LICENSOR'S RIGHTS UNDER § 21-815(B) OF THIS
28 SUBTITLE.

29(B)NOTWITHSTANDING THE PROVISIONS OF THIS SECTION, ELECTRONIC30SELF-HELP IS PROHIBITED IN MASS-MARKET TRANSACTIONS.

(C) PRIOR TO CANCELLATION OF A LICENSE IN WHICH THE PARTIES HAVE
 AGREED TO PERMIT THE USE OF ELECTRONIC SELF-HELP, THE LICENSOR SHALL
 PROVIDE A LICENSEE WITH THE OPPORTUNITY TO CURE THE CLAIMED BREACH
 GIVING RISE TO THE CANCELLATION AS PROVIDED IN § 21-703 OF THIS TITLE.

35 (B) (D) ON CANCELLATION OF A LICENSE, ELECTRONIC SELF-HELP IS NOT 36 PERMITTED, EXCEPT AS PROVIDED IN THIS SECTION.

1(C)(E)IF THE PARTIES AGREE TO PERMIT ELECTRONIC SELF-HELP, A2LICENSEE SHALL SEPARATELY MANIFEST ASSENT TO A TERM AUTHORIZING USE OF3ELECTRONIC SELF-HELP. THE TERM MUST:

4 (1) PROVIDE FOR NOTICE OF EXERCISE AS PROVIDED IN SUBSECTION 5 (D) (<u>F</u>) OF THIS SECTION;

6 (2) STATE THE NAME OF THE PERSON DESIGNATED BY THE LICENSEE
7 TO WHICH NOTICE OF EXERCISE MUST BE GIVEN AND THE MANNER IN WHICH
8 NOTICE MUST BE GIVEN AND PLACE TO WHICH NOTICE MUST BE SENT TO THAT
9 PERSON; AND

10 (3) PROVIDE A SIMPLE PROCEDURE FOR THE LICENSEE TO CHANGE THE 11 DESIGNATED PERSON OR PLACE.

12 (D) (<u>F</u>) BEFORE RESORTING TO ELECTRONIC SELF-HELP AUTHORIZED BY A 13 TERM OF THE LICENSE, THE LICENSOR SHALL GIVE NOTICE IN A RECORD TO THE 14 PERSON DESIGNATED BY THE LICENSEE STATING:

15 (1) THAT THE LICENSOR INTENDS TO RESORT TO ELECTRONIC
16 SELF-HELP AS A REMEDY ON OR AFTER 45 <u>30</u> DAYS FOLLOWING RECEIPT BY THE
17 LICENSEE OF THE NOTICE;

18 (2) THE NATURE OF THE CLAIMED BREACH THAT ENTITLES THE 19 LICENSOR TO RESORT TO SELF-HELP; AND

20 (3) THE NAME, TITLE, AND ADDRESS, INCLUDING DIRECT TELEPHONE 21 NUMBER, FACSIMILE NUMBER, OR E-MAIL ADDRESS, TO WHICH THE LICENSEE MAY 22 COMMUNICATE CONCERNING THE CLAIMED BREACH.

23 (E) (G) A LICENSEE MAY RECOVER DIRECT AND INCIDENTAL DAMAGES
24 CAUSED BY WRONGFUL USE OF ELECTRONIC SELF-HELP. THE LICENSEE MAY ALSO
25 RECOVER CONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGES FOR WRONGFUL USE OF ELECTRONIC
26 SELF-HELP, WHETHER OR NOT THOSE DAMAGES ARE EXCLUDED BY THE TERMS OF
27 THE LICENSE, IF:

(1) WITHIN THE PERIOD SPECIFIED IN SUBSECTION (D)(1) (F)(1) OF THIS
 SECTION, THE LICENSEE GIVES NOTICE TO THE LICENSOR'S DESIGNATED PERSON
 DESCRIBING IN GOOD FAITH THE GENERAL NATURE AND MAGNITUDE OF DAMAGES;

(2) THE LICENSOR HAS REASON TO KNOW THE DAMAGES OF THE TYPE
 DESCRIBED IN SUBSECTION (F) (H) OF THIS SECTION MAY RESULT FROM THE
 WRONGFUL USE OF ELECTRONIC SELF-HELP; OR

34 (3) THE LICENSOR DOES NOT PROVIDE THE NOTICE REQUIRED IN
 35 SUBSECTION (D) (F) OF THIS SECTION.

36(F)(H)EVEN IF THE LICENSOR COMPLIES WITH SUBSECTIONS (C)(E)AND37(D)(F)OF THIS SECTION, ELECTRONIC SELF-HELP MAY NOT BE USED IF THE38LICENSOR HAS REASON TO KNOW THAT ITS USE WILL RESULT IN SUBSTANTIAL

INJURY OR HARM TO THE PUBLIC HEALTH OR SAFETY OR GRAVE HARM TO THE
 PUBLIC INTEREST SUBSTANTIALLY AFFECTING THIRD PERSONS NOT INVOLVED IN
 THE DISPUTE.

4 (G) (I) A COURT OF COMPETENT JURISDICTION OF THIS STATE SHALL GIVE
5 PROMPT CONSIDERATION TO A PETITION FOR INJUNCTIVE RELIEF AND MAY ENJOIN,
6 TEMPORARILY OR PERMANENTLY, THE LICENSOR FROM EXERCISING ELECTRONIC
7 SELF-HELP EVEN IF AUTHORIZED BY A LICENSE TERM OR ENJOIN THE LICENSEE
8 FROM MISAPPROPRIATION OR MISUSE OF COMPUTER INFORMATION, AS MAY BE
9 APPROPRIATE, UPON CONSIDERATION OF THE FOLLOWING:

(1) GRAVE HARM OF THE KINDS STATED IN SUBSECTION (F) (H) OF THIS
 SECTION, OR THE THREAT THEREOF, WHETHER OR NOT THE LICENSOR HAS REASON
 TO KNOW OF THOSE CIRCUMSTANCES;

13 (2) IRREPARABLE HARM OR THREAT OF IRREPARABLE HARM TO THE 14 LICENSEE OR LICENSOR;

15(3)THAT THE PARTY SEEKING THE RELIEF IS MORE LIKELY THAN NOT16TO SUCCEED UNDER ITS CLAIM WHEN IT IS FINALLY ADJUDICATED;

17 (4) THAT ALL OF THE CONDITIONS TO ENTITLE A PERSON TO THE
 18 RELIEF UNDER THE LAWS OF THIS STATE HAVE BEEN FULFILLED; AND

(5) THAT THE PARTY THAT MAY BE ADVERSELY AFFECTED IS
 ADEQUATELY PROTECTED AGAINST LOSS, INCLUDING A LOSS BECAUSE OF
 MISAPPROPRIATION OR MISUSE OF COMPUTER INFORMATION, THAT IT MAY SUFFER
 BECAUSE THE RELIEF IS GRANTED UNDER THIS TITLE.

23 (H) (J) BEFORE BREACH OF CONTRACT, RIGHTS OR OBLIGATIONS UNDER
 24 THIS SECTION MAY NOT BE WAIVED OR VARIED BY AN AGREEMENT, BUT EXCEPT
 25 <u>THAT THE PARTIES MAY PROHIBIT USE OF ELECTRONIC SELF-HELP AND</u> THE
 26 PARTIES, IN THE TERM REFERRED TO IN SUBSECTION (C) (E) OF THIS SECTION, MAY
 27 SPECIFY ADDITIONAL PROVISIONS MORE FAVORABLE TO THE LICENSEE.

28 (H) (K) THIS SECTION DOES NOT APPLY IF THE LICENSOR OBTAINS
29 POSSESSION OF A COPY WITHOUT A BREACH OF THE PEACE AND THE ELECTRONIC
30 SELF-HELP IS USED SOLELY WITH RESPECT TO THAT COPY.

<u>(L)</u> <u>THIRD PERSONS HARMED BY THE WRONGFUL USE OF ELECTRONIC</u>
 <u>SELF HELP UNDER THIS SECTION MAY RECOVER DAMAGES FROM THE LICENSOR TO</u>
 <u>THE SAME EXTENT AS RECOVERABLE BY THE LICENSEE.</u>

34 <u>Article - Courts and Judicial Proceedings</u>

35 <u>6-103.</u>

36 (a) If jurisdiction over a person is based solely upon this section, he may be

37 <u>sued only on a cause of action arising from any act enumerated in this section.</u>

88		SENATE BILL 142
1 2	<u>(b)</u> an agent:	A court may exercise personal jurisdiction over a person, who directly or by
3 4	<u>the State;</u>	(1) <u>Transacts any business or performs any character of work or service in</u>
5 6	<u>the State;</u>	(2) Contracts to supply goods, food, services, or manufactured products in
7		(3) <u>Causes tortious injury in the State by an act or omission in the State;</u>
10	persistent co	(4) <u>Causes tortious injury in the State or outside of the State by an act or</u> side the State if he regularly does or solicits business, engages in any other purse of conduct in the State or derives substantial revenue from goods, es, or manufactured products used or consumed in the State;
12		(5) <u>Has an interest in, uses, or possesses real property in the State; or</u>
	<u>risk, contrac</u>	(6) <u>Contracts to insure or act as surety for, or on, any person, property,</u> ct, obligation, or agreement located, executed, or to be performed within the time the contract is made, unless the parties otherwise provide in writing.
16 17	<u> </u>	(1) (1) IN THIS SUBSECTION THE FOLLOWING TERMS HAVE THE S INDICATED.
18 19		(II) <u>"COMPUTER INFORMATION" HAS THE MEANING STATED IN §</u> THE COMMERCIAL LAW ARTICLE.
20 21		(III) <u>"COMPUTER PROGRAM" HAS THE MEANING STATED IN § 21-102</u> DMMERICAL LAW ARTICLE.
	<u>INFORMAT</u>	(2) <u>THE PROVISIONS OF THIS SECTION APPLY TO COMPUTER</u> TION AND COMPUTER PROGRAMS IN THE SAME MANNER AS THEY APPLY SAND SERVICES.
	the digital si	ON 2. AND BE IT FURTHER ENACTED, That this Act does not affect ignature requirements of the digital signature pilot program established 04 of the State Government Article.
	Act or the ap	DN 3. AND BE IT FURTHER ENACTED, That if any provision of this pplication thereof to any person or circumstance is held invalid for any court of competent jurisdiction, the invalidity does not affect other

31 provisions or any other application of this Act which can be given effect without the 32 invalid provision or application, and for this purpose the provisions of this Act are

33 declared severable.

SECTION 4. AND BE IT FURTHER ENACTED, That a presently existing
 obligation or contract right may not be impaired in any way by this Act.

2 construed only prospectively and may not be applied or interpreted to have any effect 3 on or application to any right of action that accrues before the effective date of this

4 Act.

- 5 SECTION 6. AND BE IT FURTHER ENACTED, That:
- 6 There is a Joint Technology Oversight Committee. (a)
- 7 (b) The Committee consists of the following ten members:
- 8 five members of the Senate of Maryland, appointed by the President (1) 9 of the Senate; and
- 10 (2)five members of the House of Delegates, appointed by the Speaker.

11 The members of the Committee serve at the pleasure of the presiding (c) 12 officer who appointed them.

- 13 The President and the Speaker shall jointly appoint a Senator and a <u>(d)</u>
- 14 Delegate to serve as co-chairmen who shall alternate in serving as the presiding
- 15 chairman of the Committee each year.

16 <u>(e)</u> (1)The Committee shall:

- review the implementation of the Maryland Uniform Computer 17 (i) 18 Information Transactions Act in this State; and
- 19 recommend to the Governor and the General Assembly any (ii) 20 appropriate changes in State law based on the findings of the Committee.
- 21 The Committee may examine and evaluate additional technology (2)22 related issues as designated by the co-chairmen of the Committee.
- 23 The Committee shall report its findings and recommendations to the (f)
- 24 Governor, the Legislative Policy Committee, the Senate Finance Committee, and the 25
- House Economic Matters Committee on or before December 1 of each year.

SECTION 7. AND BE IT FURTHER ENACTED, That Section 6 of this Act shall 26

- 27 take effect July 1, 2000. It shall remain effective for a period of 5 years and, at the end
- 28 of June 30, 2005, with no further action required by the General Assembly, Section 6
- 29 of this Act shall be abrogated and of no further force and effect.

SECTION 6. 8. AND BE IT FURTHER ENACTED, That this Act shall take 30 31 effect October 1, 2000.