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2000 Regular Session (0lr0177)

ENROLLED BILL

-- Judicial Proceedings/Judiciary --

Introduced by The President (Administration) and Senators Miller, Forehand, and Hogan

SECTION 1. BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF

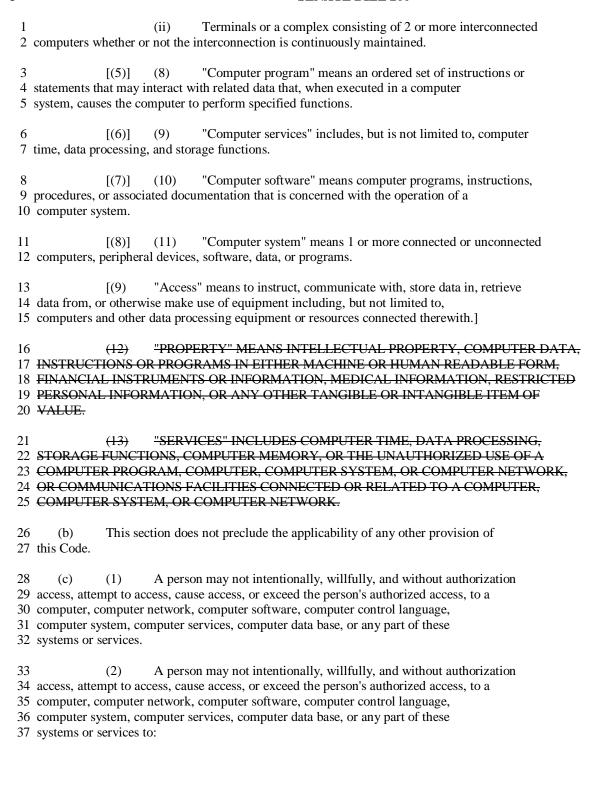
14 MARYLAND, That the Laws of Maryland read as follows:

| Read and Examined by Proofreaders: | |
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| | Proofreader. |
| Sealed with the Great Seal and presented to the Governor, for his approval this day of at o'clock,M. | Proofreader. |
| | President. |
| CHAPTER | |
| 1 AN ACT concerning | |
| 2 Crimes - Computer Piracy | |
| FOR the purpose of revising provisions of law concerning computer-related crimes; providing that certain computer-related crimes resulting in losses above a certain amount constitute a felony; establishing certain penalties; defining eertain terms; a certain term; altering a certain definition; relating to computer-related crimes. | |
| 8 BY repealing and reenacting, with amendments, 9 Article 27 - Crimes and Punishments 10 Section 146 11 Annotated Code of Maryland 12 (1996 Replacement Volume and 1999 Supplement) | |

35 media; and

1 **Article 27 - Crimes and Punishments** 2 146. 3 (a) (1) In this section the following words have the meanings indicated. "ACCESS" MEANS TO INSTRUCT, COMMUNICATE WITH, STORE DATA 4 (2) 5 IN, RETRIEVE, INTERCEPT DATA FROM, OR OTHERWISE USE THE RESOURCES OF A 6 COMPUTER PROGRAM, COMPUTER SYSTEM, OR COMPUTER NETWORK. "AGGREGATE AMOUNT" MEANS ANY DIRECT OR INDIRECT LOSS 7 (3) (I) 8 OF PROPERTY OR SERVICES INCURRED BY A VICTIM. 9 (II)"AGGREGATE AMOUNT" INCLUDES THE VALUE OF ANY MONEY, 10 PROPERTY, OR SERVICE LOST, STOLEN, OR RENDERED UNRECOVERABLE BY THE 11 OFFENSE, OR ANY ACTUAL REASONABLE EXPENDITURE INCURRED BY THE VICTIM 12 TO VERIFY THAT WHETHER A COMPUTER PROGRAM, COMPUTER, COMPUTER 13 SYSTEM, OR COMPUTER NETWORK WAS NOT ALTERED, ACQUIRED, DAMAGED, 14 DELETED, DISRUPTED, OR DESTROYED BY THE ACCESS. 15 "Computer" means an electronic, magnetic, optical, [(1)](4) (i) 16 organic, or other data processing device or system that performs logical, arithmetic, 17 memory, or storage functions. 18 (ii) "Computer" includes any property, data storage facility, or 19 communications facility that is directly related to or operated in conjunction with that 20 device or system. 21 (iii) "Computer" does not include an automated typewriter, or 22 typesetter, or a portable calculator. 23 "Computer control language" means any ordered statements [(2)](5) 24 that direct a computer to perform specific functions. 25 "Computer data base" means a representation of information, [(3)]26 knowledge, facts, concepts, or instructions that: Are being prepared or have been prepared in a formalized 28 manner or are or have been produced by a computer, computer system, or computer 29 network; and 30 (ii) Are intended for use in a computer, computer system, or 31 computer network. "Computer network" means the interconnection of 1 or more 32 [(4)](7) 33 computers through: 34 (i) The use of a satellite, microwave, line, or other communication

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| | (i) Cause the malfunction or interrupt the operation of a computer, computer network, computer software, computer control language, computer system, computer services, computer data base, or any part of these systems or services; or |
|----------|---|
| | (ii) Alter, damage, or destroy data or a computer program stored, maintained, or produced by a computer, computer network, computer system, computer services, computer data base, or any part of these systems or services. |
| 7 | (3) A person may not intentionally, willfully, and without authorization: |
| 8 9 | (i) Possess, identify, or attempt to identify any valid access codes; or |
| 10 11 | (ii) Distribute or publicize any valid access codes to any unauthorized person. |
| | (d) (1) Any person who violates any provision of subsection (c)(1) of this section is guilty of a misdemeanor and on conviction is subject to a fine not exceeding \$1,000 or imprisonment not exceeding 3 years or both. |
| 17 | (2) (I) Any person who violates any provision of subsection (c)(2) or (c)(3) of this section WHERE THE AGGREGATE AMOUNT OF THE LOSS IS LESS THAN \$5,000 \$10,000 is guilty of a misdemeanor and on conviction is subject to a fine not exceeding \$5,000 or imprisonment not exceeding 5 years or both. |
| 21 22 | (II) ANY PERSON WHO VIOLATES ANY PROVISION OF SUBSECTION (C)(2) OR (C)(3) OF THIS SECTION WHERE THE AGGREGATE AMOUNT OF THE LOSS IS $\$5,000 \ \$10,000$ OR GREATER IS GUILTY OF A FELONY AND ON CONVICTION IS SUBJECT TO A FINE NOT EXCEEDING \$10,000 OR IMPRISONMENT NOT EXCEEDING $15 \ \underline{10}$ YEARS OR BOTH. |
| 26 27 | (e) (1) When illegal access to a computer, computer network, computer control language, computer system, computer services, computer software, computer data base, or any part of these systems or services is committed in violation of this section pursuant to 1 scheme or continuing course of conduct, the conduct may be considered as 1 offense. |
| | (2) A court of competent jurisdiction in this State may try a person who allegedly violates any provision of subsection (c) of this section in any county in this State where: |
| 32 | (i) The person performs the act; or |
| 33 | (ii) The accessed computer is located. |
| 34 35 | SECTION 2. AND BE IT FURTHER ENACTED, That this Act shall take effect October 1, 2000. |