Unofficial Copy E1 2000 Regular Session 0lr0421 CF 0lr0422

By: Senators Jimeno, Stoltzfus, Haines, Astle, DeGrange, Hoffman,

Teitelbaum, Colburn, Ruben, Hooper, Munson, Hafer, Neall, Jacobs, Bromwell, Roesser, Lawlah, Hollinger, Baker, Sfikas, Harris, Dorman, Ferguson, Kasemeyer, Collins, Conway, Dyson, McCabe, McFadden, and Mooney Mooney, Hogan, and Green

Introduced and read first time: February 1, 2000

Assigned to: Judicial Proceedings

Committee Report: Favorable with amendments

Senate action: Adopted

Read second time: March 28, 2000

CHAPTER

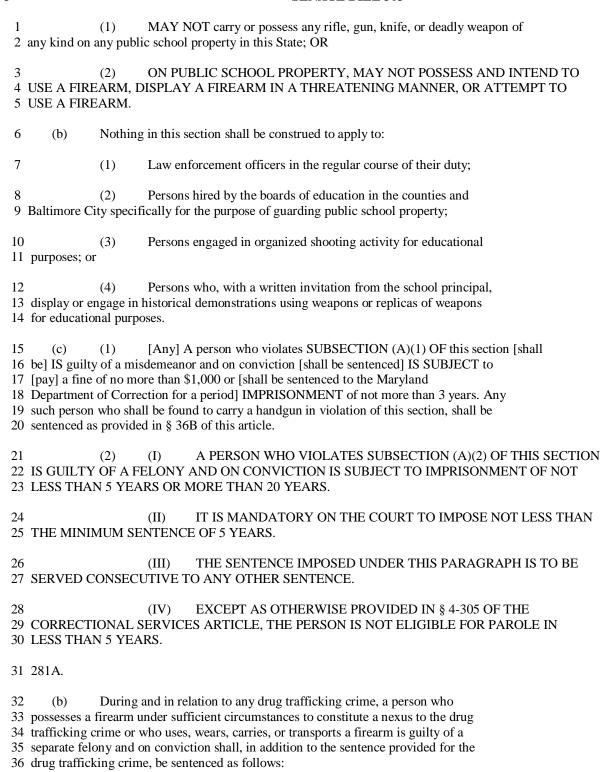
1 AN ACT concerning

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Firearms Offenses - Project Exile

- 3 FOR the purpose of making it a felony to possess and intend to use a firearm, display
- 4 a firearm in a threatening manner, or attempt to use a firearm on school
- 5 property; requiring that a person convicted of a certain felony be subject to a
- 6 certain penalty; increasing certain criminal penalties for a person who is
- 7 convicted of possessing a regulated firearm after having been previously
- 8 convicted of a crime of violence or felony a certain felony under certain
- 9 <u>circumstances</u>; prohibiting a District Court commissioner from authorizing the
- release pretrial of a defendant charged with a certain crime; requiring a judge to
- 11 consider as a rebuttable presumption that a defendant charged with a certain
- crime will flee and pose a danger to another person or the community; allowing
- the court or District Court commissioner to consider including certain
- 14 requirements as conditions of release pretrial; allowing the State to appeal from
- a certain decision of the District Court or to apply to the Court of Special
- 16 Appeals for leave to appeal an order of the circuit court setting the amount and
- 17 conditions of bail claimed to be insufficient before trial or after conviction; and
- generally relating to the penalties and conditions for release pretrial for certain
- 19 firearms offenses.
- 20 BY repealing and reenacting, with amendments,
- 21 Article 27 Crimes and Punishments
- 22 Section 36A, 449(e), and 616 1/2(l)
- 23 Annotated Code of Maryland

1	(1996 Replacement Volume and 1999 Supplement)
2 3 4 5 6	BY repealing and reenacting, without amendments, Article 27 - Crimes and Punishments Section 281A(b) and 445(d)(1) Annotated Code of Maryland (1996 Replacement Volume and 1999 Supplement)
7 8 9 10	BY adding to Article 27 - Crimes and Punishments Section 449(f) and 616 1/2(p) Annotated Code of Maryland (1996 Replacement Volume and 1999 Supplement)
12 13 14 15 16	Section 3-707 and 12-401(b) Annotated Code of Maryland
17	Preamble
20	WHEREAS, Project Exile is a legislative initiative designed to make gun carrying criminals face immediate prosecution, stiff mandatory prison sentences, and reduced opportunities for prison release in effect to "exile" criminals to prison for at least five years; and
	WHEREAS, The goal of Project Exile is to reduce the incidence of gun violence and the firearm "carry rate" the frequency with which persons arrested for felonies are found to be carrying firearms; and
	WHEREAS, "Project Exile" has proven to be a highly successful program operating in Richmond, Virginia, involving federal, state, and local law enforcement agencies, resulting in greatly reduced homicide, armed robbery, and carry rates; and
28 29	WHEREAS, It would benefit the residents of Maryland to design a Project Exile program for this State; now, therefore,
30 31	SECTION 1. BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF MARYLAND, That the Laws of Maryland read as follows:
32	Article 27 - Crimes and Punishments
33	36A.
34 35	(a) [No person, unless otherwise excepted in this section, shall] EXCEPT AS PROVIDED IN SUBSECTION (B) OF THIS SECTION, A PERSON:



1 2	years.	1)	(i)	For a first offense, for a term of not less than 5 nor more than 20			
5		for pare	5 years, i ole excep	It is mandatory upon the court to impose no less than the no part of which may be suspended and the person may t in accordance with the provisions of § 4-305 of the and			
7 8	10 nor more th			For a second or subsequent offense, for a term of not less than			
11		y not be	e sentence e eligible	It is mandatory upon the court to impose no less than a e of 10 years, no part of which may be suspended and for parole except in accordance with the provisions of § ices Article.			
			(iii) imposed	The sentence shall be served consecutively and not concurrently by virtue of the commission of the drug trafficking			
16	445.						
17	(d) A	A persor	n may not	t possess a regulated firearm if the person:			
18	(1)	Has been	n convicted of:			
19			(i)	A crime of violence;			
20			(ii)	Any violation classified as a felony in this State;			
21 22	carries a statu			Any violation classified as a misdemeanor in this State that nore than 2 years; or			
23 24			(iv) n of impr	Any violation classified as a common law offense where the risonment of more than 2 years.			
25	449.						
	GUILTY OF	A FELC		A PERSON WHO VIOLATES § 445(D)(1)(I) OF THIS SUBHEADING IS D ON CONVICTION IS SUBJECT TO IMPRISONMENT OF NOT IORE THAN 20 YEARS.			
29 30	THE MINIM		` /	IT IS MANDATORY ON THE COURT TO IMPOSE NOT LESS THAN OF 5 YEARS.			
31 32	SERVED CO		(III) TIVE T(THE SENTENCE IMPOSED UNDER THIS PARAGRAPH IS TO BE O ANY OTHER SENTENCE.			
	CORRECTIC LESS THAN	NAL S	ÈRVICE	EXCEPT AS OTHERWISE PROVIDED IN § 4-305 OF THE S ARTICLE, THE PERSON IS NOT ELIGIBLE FOR PAROLE IN			

_	(2) (I) A PERSON WHO VIOLATES § 445(D)(1)(II) OF THIS SUBHEADING IS GUILTY OF A MISDEMEANOR AND ON CONVICTION IS SUBJECT TO IMPRISONMENT OF NOT LESS THAN 2 YEARS OR MORE THAN 10 YEARS.
4 5	(II) IT IS MANDATORY ON THE COURT TO IMPOSE NOT LESS THAN THE MINIMUM SENTENCE OF 2 YEARS.
6 7	(III) THE SENTENCE IMPOSED UNDER THIS PARAGRAPH IS TO BE SERVED CONSECUTIVE TO ANY OTHER SENTENCE.
	(IV) EXCEPT AS OTHERWISE PROVIDED IN § 4-305 OF THE CORRECTIONAL SERVICES ARTICLE, THE PERSON IS NOT ELIGIBLE FOR PAROLE IN LESS THAN 2 YEARS.
13 14 15 16	(e) A PERSON WHO WAS PREVIOUSLY CONVICTED OF A CRIME OF VIOLENCE AS DEFINED IN § 441(E) OF THIS ARTICLE OR CONVICTED OF A VIOLATION OF § 286 OR § 286A OF THIS ARTICLE, AND WHO IS IN ILLEGAL POSSESSION OF A FIREARM AS DEFINED IN § 445(D)(1)(I) AND (II) OF THIS ARTICLE, IS GUILTY OF A FELONY AND UPON CONVICTION SHALL BE IMPRISONED FOR NOT LESS THAN 5 YEARS, NO PART OF WHICH MAY BE SUSPENDED AND THE PERSON MAY NOT BE ELIGIBLE FOR PAROLE. EACH VIOLATION SHALL BE CONSIDERED A SEPARATE OFFENSE.
20 21 22	(F) Except as otherwise provided in this section, any dealer or person who knowingly participates in the illegal sale, rental, transfer, purchase, possession, or receipt of a regulated firearm in violation of this subheading shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction shall be fined not more than \$10,000 or imprisoned for not more than 5 years, or both. Each violation shall be considered a separate offense.
25 26 27 28 29	(1) (1) A District Court commissioner may not authorize the release pretrial of a defendant charged with a crime of violence under § 643B of this article OR POSSESSION OF A FIREARM IN VIOLATION OF § 36A, § 281A(B), OR § 445(D) OF THIS ARTICLE [if the defendant has been previously convicted of a crime of violence as defined under § 643B of this article regardless of whether the crime occurred in this State or elsewhere].
31 32	(2) (i) A judge may allow the release pretrial of a defendant described in paragraph (1) of this subsection pending trial on:
33	1. Suitable bail;
34 35	2. Any other conditions that will reasonably assure that the defendant will not flee or pose a danger to another person or the community; or
36 37	3. Both bail and other conditions described under item 2 of this subparagraph.

3 4 5	order the continued deter suitable bail nor any con	After a defendant described in paragraph (1) of this subsection court pursuant to Maryland Rule 4-216(g), the judge shall ation of the defendant if the judge determines that neither dition or combination of conditions will reasonably assure of flee or pose a danger to another person or the community								
	(3) A rebuttable presumption exists that any defendant described in B paragraph (1) of this subsection will flee and pose a danger to another person or the community.									
12	0 (P) IN ADDITION TO THE CONDITIONS OF RELEASE PRETRIAL SPECIFIED 1 ELSEWHERE IN THIS SECTION, THE COURT OR DISTRICT COURT COMMISSIONER MAY 2 CONSIDER INCLUDING AS A CONDITION OF RELEASE PRETRIAL A REQUIREMENT 3 THAT THE DEFENDANT:									
14 15	(1) M EMPLOYMENT;	AINTAIN EMPLOYMENT OR, IF UNEMPLOYED, ACTIVELY SEEK								
16	(2) M	AINTAIN OR BEGIN AN EDUCATIONAL PROGRAM;								
17 18	(- /	VOID ALL CONTACT WITH AN ALLEGED VICTIM OF THE CRIME AND AL WITNESS WHO MAY TESTIFY CONCERNING THE CRIME;								
19	(4) Co	OMPLY WITH A SPECIFIED CURFEW;								
20 21	(5) RI OTHER DANGEROUS	EFRAIN FROM POSSESSING A FIREARM, DESTRUCTIVE DEVICE, OR WEAPON;								
22 23	(6) RI SUBSTANCES; OR	EFRAIN FROM USE OF ALCOHOL OR CONTROLLED DANGEROUS								
24 25	(7) SU THE DEFENDANT'S C	JBMIT TO DRUG OR ALCOHOL TESTING UNTIL THE DISPOSITION OF CASE.								
26		Article - Courts and Judicial Proceedings								
27	3-707.									
30	determining the right to trial or after conviction,	efuses to issue a writ of habeas corpus sought for the purpose of bail, or if a judge sets bail claimed to be excessive prior to but prior to final judgment, a petitioner may apply to the s for leave to appeal from the refusal.								
		petitioner shall file the application for leave to appeal within ten grant of habeas corpus relief stating briefly why the order of e reversed or modified.								

	(2) The record on the application for leave to appeal shall contain a copy of the petition for habeas corpus, the State's answer, if any, the order of the court, and the memorandum of reasons issued by the judge.									
4 5	(3) transcript of any pr	If the Court grants the application, it may order the preparation of a proceedings related to the habeas corpus petition.								
		he Court gr	The Court of Special Appeals may grant or deny the application for e Court grants the application, it may affirm, reverse, or modify er court granting or denying the relief sought by the writ.							
11	(2) If the Court determines that the lower court was wrong in refusing to admit to bail or that the bail set is not appropriate, it may determine the proper amount of bail. This determination is binding on the lower court, unless a change of circumstances warrants a different decision.									
15	TO APPEAL AN	ORDER O	THE C	LY TO THE COURT OF SPECIAL APPEALS FOR LEAVE IRCUIT COURT SETTING THE AMOUNT AND TO BE INSUFFICIENT BEFORE TRIAL OR AFTER						
17	12-401.									
18	(b) In a c	riminal cas	e:							
19	(1)	The Sta	te may a _l	ppeal from [a]:						
20 21	AND CONDITIO	(I) NS OF BAI		SISION OF THE DISTRICT COURT SETTING THE AMOUNT						
22		(II)	A final	judgment entered in the District Court:						
23 24	sentence specifical	[(i)] lly mandate	1. d by the	If the State alleges that the trial judge failed to impose the Code; or						
25 26	charging documen	[(ii)] t.	2.	Granting a motion to dismiss, or quashing or dismissing a						
27 28	(2) District Court thou			nay appeal even from a final judgment entered in the ecution of sentence has been suspended.						
29 30	SECTION 2. A October 1, 2000.	AND BE IT	FURTH	IER ENACTED, That this Act shall take effect						