Unofficial Copy N2

By: **Delegate Dembrow**

Introduced and read first time: January 17, 2001 Assigned to: Judiciary

A BILL ENTITLED

1 AN ACT concerning

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Estates and Trusts - Guardian - Medical Procedures

3 FOR the purpose of allowing the court to authorize a guardian to make decisions

- 4 regarding medical procedures that involve a substantial risk to the life of a
- 5 disabled person without further court authorization when the guardian is
- 6 within one of certain classes of individuals and the court determines the
- 7 guardian is familiar with the certain circumstances of the disabled person; and
- 8 generally relating to allowing the court to authorize a guardian to make
- 9 decisions regarding medical procedures that involve a substantial risk to life.

10 BY repealing and reenacting, with amendments,

- 11 Article Estates and Trusts
- 12 Section 13-708
- 13 Annotated Code of Maryland
- 14 (1991 Replacement Volume and 2000 Supplement)
- 15 BY repealing and reenacting, without amendments,
- 16 Article Health General
- 17 Section 5-605(a)(2) and (3)
- 18 Annotated Code of Maryland
- 19 (2000 Replacement Volume)

20 SECTION 1. BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF

21 MARYLAND, That the Laws of Maryland read as follows:

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Article - Estates and Trusts

23 13-708.

24(a)(1)The court may grant to a guardian of a person only those powers25necessary to provide for the demonstrated need of the disabled person.

26 (2) The court may appoint a guardian of the person of a disabled person 27 for the limited purpose of making one or more decisions related to the health care of 28 that person.

1 (b) Subject to subsection (a) of this section, the rights, duties, and powers 2 which the court may order include, but are not limited to:

3 (1) The same rights, powers, and duties that a parent has with respect to 4 an unemancipated minor child, except that the guardian is not liable solely by reason 5 of the guardianship to third persons for any act of the disabled person;

6 (2) The right to custody of the disabled person and to establish his place 7 of abode within and without the State, provided there is court authorization for any 8 change in the classification of abode, except that no one may be committed to a 9 mental facility without an involuntary commitment proceeding as provided by law;

10 (3) The duty to provide for care, comfort, and maintenance, including 11 social, recreational, and friendship requirements, and, if appropriate, for training and 12 education of the disabled person;

13 (4) The duty to take reasonable care of the clothing, furniture, vehicles,
14 and other personal effects of the disabled person, and, if other property requires
15 protection, the power to commence protective proceedings;

16 (5) If a guardian of the estate of the disabled person has not been 17 appointed, the right to commence proceedings to compel performance by any person of 18 his duty to support the disabled person, and to apply the estate to the support, care, 19 and education of the disabled person, except that the guardian of the person may not 20 obtain funds from the estate for room and board that the guardian, his spouse, 21 parent, or child provide without a court order approving the charge, and the duty to 22 exercise care to conserve any excess estate for the needs of the disabled person;

23 (6) If a guardian of the estate has been appointed, the duty to control the 24 custody and care of the disabled person, to receive reasonable sums for room and 25 board provided to the disabled person, and to account to the guardian of the estate for 26 funds expended, and the right to ask the guardian of the estate to expend the estate 27 in payment of third persons for care and maintenance of the disabled person;

(7) The duty to file an annual report with the court indicating the present place of residence and health status of the ward, the guardian's plan for preserving and maintaining the future well-being of the ward, and the need for continuance or cessation of the guardianship or for any alteration in the powers of the guardian. The court shall renew the appointment of the guardian if it is satisfied that the grounds for the original appointment stated in § 13-705(b) above continue to exist. If the court believes such grounds may not exist, it shall hold a hearing, similar to that provided for in § 13-705 above, at which the guardian shall be required to prove that such grounds exist. If the court does not make these findings, it shall order the discontinuance of the guardianship of the person. If the guardian declines to participate in the hearing, the court may appoint another guardian to replace him pursuant to the priorities in § 13-707(a); and

40 (8) The power to give necessary consent or approval for:

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1 Medical or other professional care, counsel, treatment, or (i) 2 service, including admission to a hospital or nursing home or transfer from one 3 medical facility to another; 4 Withholding medical or other professional care, counsel, (ii) 5 treatment, or service; and Withdrawing medical or other professional care, counsel, 6 (iii) 7 treatment, or service. Notwithstanding the powers conferred to a guardian under 8 (c) (1)subsection (b)(8) of this section, and except as provided in paragraph (2) of this 9 10 subsection, where a medical procedure involves, or would involve, a substantial risk 11 to the life of a disabled person, the court must authorize a guardian's consent or 12 approval for: 13 (i) The medical procedure; 14 Withholding the medical procedure; or (ii) 15 Withdrawing the medical procedure that involves, or would (iii) 16 involve, a substantial risk to the life of the disabled person. 17 The court may, upon such conditions as the court considers (2)18 appropriate, authorize a guardian to make a decision regarding medical procedures 19 that involve a substantial risk to life without further court authorization, if: 20 The disabled person has executed an advance directive in (i) 21 accordance with Title 5, Subtitle 6 of the Health - General Article that authorizes the 22 guardian to consent to the provision, withholding or withdrawal of a medical 23 procedure that involves a substantial risk to life but does not appoint a health care 24 agent; or 25 The guardian is: [also the disabled person's spouse, adult child, (ii) 26 parent, adult brother or sister, or adult grandchild.] 27 1. WITHIN A CLASS OF INDIVIDUALS SPECIFIED IN § 28 5-605(A)(2) OF THE HEALTH - GENERAL ARTICLE AS AUTHORIZED TO MAKE HEALTH 29 CARE DECISIONS FOR THE DISABLED PERSON; AND DETERMINED BY THE COURT TO BE FAMILIAR WITH THE 30 2. 31 PERSONAL BELIEFS, VALUES, AND MEDICAL SITUATION OF THE DISABLED PERSON. A petition seeking the authorization of a court that a life-sustaining 32 (3)33 procedure be withheld or withdrawn is subject to the provisions of §§ 13-711 through 34 13-713 of this subtitle.

35 (d) Notwithstanding subsection (a) of this section, and in addition to the (1)

36 rights, duties, and powers which the court may order under subsection (b) of this

37 section, the court may order the relief provided under this subsection.

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3	maintenance services	provided	If a guardian of the estate has been appointed, a guardian of the f the estate to expend the estate in payment of care and directly to the disabled person by the guardian of the ment established under this subsection.			
	(ii) The guardian of the person shall maintain appropriate records to document the care and maintenance services provided directly to the disabled person to receive any payment under this subsection.					
8	(3)	To impl	ement the provisions of this subsection, the court may:			
	maintenance services person;	(i) s provideo	Adopt guidelines for the rate of reimbursement for care and d directly by the guardian of the person to a disabled			
14	2 (ii) Establish appropriate procedures for records, inspections, 3 audits, or other requirements to monitor care and maintenance services provided 4 directly by the guardian of the person for which the guardian of the person is 5 reimbursed; and					
16 17	person.	(iii)	Order any act necessary for the best interests of the disabled			
18	8 Article - Health - General					
19	5-605.					
 (a) (2) The following individuals or groups, in the specified order of priority, may make decisions about health care for a person who has been certified to be incapable of making an informed decision and who has not appointed a health care agent in accordance with this subtitle. Individuals in a particular class may be consulted to make a decision only if all individuals in the next higher class are unavailable: 						
26	i	(i)	A guardian for the patient, if one has been appointed;			
27	,	(ii)	The patient's spouse;			
28	1	(iii)	An adult child of the patient;			
29)	(iv)	A parent of the patient;			
30)	(v)	An adult brother or sister of the patient; or			
31 32	requirements of para	(vi) graph (3)	A friend or other relative of the patient who meets the of this subsection.			
	33 (3) A friend or other relative may make decisions about health care for a 34 patient under paragraph (2) of this subsection if the person:					

34 patient under paragraph (2) of this subsection if the person:

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1	(i)	Is a competent individual; and		
2	(ii)	Presents an affidavit to the attending physician stating:		
3 4 and		1.	That the person is a relative or close friend of the patient;	
5 6 person has maintaine	d regular	2. contact v	Specific facts and circumstances demonstrating that the with the patient sufficient to be familiar with	

7 the patient's activities, health, and personal beliefs.

8 SECTION 2. AND BE IT FURTHER ENACTED, That this Act shall take effect 9 October 1, 2001.