Unofficial Copy P1

## By: Delegate Kopp

Introduced and read first time: February 9, 2001 Assigned to: Appropriations

### A BILL ENTITLED

1 AN ACT concerning

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#### State's Right of Recovery - Grant Programs - Local Government Exemptions

3 FOR the purpose of exempting counties, Baltimore City, and municipal corporations

- 4 from the State's right to recover, under certain circumstances, certain funds
- 5 disbursed to certain grant programs; and generally relating to exempting local
- 6 government from the State's right to recover certain funds disbursed to certain
- 7 grant programs.

8 BY repealing and reenacting, with amendments,

- 9 Article 70B Department of Aging
- 10 Section 30
- 11 Annotated Code of Maryland
- 12 (1998 Replacement Volume and 2000 Supplement)
- 13 BY repealing and reenacting, with amendments,
- 14 Article 83C Juvenile Justice
- 15 Section 4-106
- 16 Annotated Code of Maryland
- 17 (1998 Replacement Volume and 2000 Supplement)
- 18 BY repealing and reenacting, with amendments,
- 19 Article Health General
- 20 Section 24-606 and 24-706
- 21 Annotated Code of Maryland
- 22 (2000 Replacement Volume)
- 23 SECTION 1. BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF
- 24 MARYLAND, That the Laws of Maryland read as follows:

2	HOUSE BILL 924					
1	Article 70B - Department of Aging					
2	30.					
3	(a) (1) Under the conditions of subsection (b) of this section, the State may recover State grant funds.					
7	5 (2) THE STATE MAY NOT RECOVER STATE GRANT FUNDS UNDER THE 5 CONDITIONS OF SUBSECTION (B) OF THIS SECTION FROM A COUNTY, BALTIMORE 7 CITY, OR MUNICIPAL CORPORATION THAT IS THE LESSOR OF PROPERTY ON WHICH A 8 PROJECT IS CONSTRUCTED OR A FACILITY IS OPERATED.					
9 1	9 (b) The State may recover State grant funds if, within 15 years of the 0 completion of a project:					
1 12	1 (1) An interest in property with respect to which funds have been paid 2 under this Program is assigned, transferred, or conveyed:					
11 14	3 (i) To any person, agency, or organization which has not been 4 approved by the Board of Public Works as transferee; or					
1	5 (ii) For use other than as a senior citizen activities center; or					
1 1	6 (2) Property with respect to which funds have been paid under this 7 Program ceases to be operated as a senior citizen activities center.					
1	3 (c) The amount of State recovery shall be:					
	An amount bearing the same ratio to the then current value of so much of the property as constituted a project, as the amount of State funds bore to the total cost of all eligible work; plus					
	22 (2) All costs and reasonable attorney fees incurred by the State in 23 recovery proceedings.					
	4 (d) (1) Before the payment of State funds under this Program, the grantee 5 shall record the notice of the State's right to recovery in the land records of the 6 jurisdiction in which the senior center is or will be located.					
2 2	7 (2) The grantee shall provide evidence of the recordation to the office 8 prior to the payment of State funds.					
2	(3) The recording of the notice:					
3	(i) Does not create any lien against the property; but					
	(ii) Shall constitute notice to any potential transferee, potential creditor, or other interested party of the possibility that the State may obtain a lien under §§ 26 through 32 of this subtitle.					

#### Article 83C - Juvenile Justice

2 4-106.

3 (A) (1) SUBJECT TO SUBSECTIONS (B) OR (D) OF THIS SECTION, THE STATE 4 MAY RECOVER STATE FUNDS DISBURSED UNDER THIS TITLE.

# 5 (2) THE STATE MAY NOT RECOVER FUNDS UNDER THE CONDITIONS OF 6 SUBSECTIONS (B) OR (D) OF THIS SECTION FROM A COUNTY, BALTIMORE CITY, OR 7 MUNICIPAL CORPORATION THAT IS THE LESSOR OF PROPERTY ON WHICH A PROJECT 8 IS CONSTRUCTED OR A FACILITY IS OPERATED.

9 [(a)] (B) If, within 30 years after completion of a project, a juvenile program, 10 with respect to which funds have been paid under this title is sold or transferred to 11 any person, agency, or organization that would not qualify as an applicant under this 12 title, or that is not approved as a transferee by the Board of Public Works, or if, within 13 the same period, such a juvenile program ceases to be a "facility" as defined in this 14 title, the State may recover from either the transferor or transferee or, in the case of 15 a juvenile program that has ceased to be a facility as defined in this title, from the 16 owner, an amount bearing the same ratio to the then current value of so much of the 17 property as constituted an approved project as the amount of the State participation 18 bore to the total eligible cost of the approved project, together with all costs and 19 reasonable attorneys' fees incurred by the State in the recovery proceedings.

20 [(b)] (C) (1) The Department shall cause a notice of this right of recovery to 21 be recorded in the land records of the county or Baltimore City in which the property 22 is located before the State makes any funds available for the approved project.

23 (2) The recording of the notice:

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(i) Does not create any lien against the property; but

(ii) Shall constitute notice to any potential transferee, potential
creditor, or other interested party of the possibility that the State may obtain a lien
under this title.

[(c)] (D) (1) In the event of an alleged sale or transfer as described above or in the event that a property is alleged to have ceased to be a facility as defined in this title, the Secretary of the Board of Public Works may file, in the circuit court for the county or Baltimore City in which the property is located, a claim under this title, styled as a civil action against the owner of the property and any other interested parties, including any transferor that the State wishes to make a party, together with sworn affidavits stating facts on which the allegations of default are based, as well as a detailed justification of the amount claimed.

36 (2) If the circuit court determines from the State's initial filing that 37 there is probable cause to believe that a default has occurred, the court shall 38 authorize a temporary lien on the property, in the amount of the State's claim, plus 39 any additional amount estimated to be necessary to cover the costs and reasonable

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1 attorney's fees incurred by the State, or in such other amount as the court determines 2 to be reasonable, pending full determination of the State's claim.

3 (3) The temporary lien takes effect on the date of the court's 4 authorization if the Secretary of the Board of Public Works records a notice of 5 temporary lien in the land records of the county or Baltimore City in which the 6 property is located within 10 days thereafter; otherwise, the temporary lien takes 7 effect on the date a notice of temporary lien is recorded. While the temporary lien is in 8 effect, neither the owner nor any person who acquired an interest in the property 9 after the State first made funds available in connection with the property under this 10 title may take any action that would affect the title to the property or institute any 11 proceedings, to enforce a security interest or other similar rights in the property 12 without the prior written consent of the State.

13 (4) The owner of the property or any other interested party may obtain 14 release of this temporary lien at any time by filing with the court a bond securing the 15 payment in full of the State's claim and any additional amount necessary to cover the 16 costs and reasonable attorneys' fees incurred by the State. The owner or other 17 interested party may cause the release to be recorded in the land records.

18 [(d)] (E) (1) Proceedings to determine the State's right to recover and the 19 amount of its recovery under this title shall have priority over other civil proceedings 20 in the circuit courts.

(2) At the conclusion of full adversary proceedings on the issue of default
and on any disputes over the amount of the State's recovery, the circuit court shall, if
it finds that a default has occurred, issue a final judgment for the amount it finds to
be recoverable by the State. All parties involved in the default, including in every case
the owner of the property, shall be held jointly and severally liable to the State for the
amount of the judgment. This amount, if it remains unpaid after the expiration of 30
days following the court's final order, shall be a lien on the property, superior (except
as the State may by written subordination agreement provide otherwise) to the lien or
other interest of any mortgagee, pledge, purchaser, or judgment creditor whose
interest became perfected against third persons after the State first made funds
available in connection with the property under this title.

32 (3) This lien takes effect on the 31st day following the court's final order 33 if the Secretary of the Board of Public Works records a notice of lien in the land 34 records of the county or Baltimore City in which the property is located on or before 35 the 41st day following the final order; otherwise, the lien takes effect on the date a 36 notice of lien is recorded. At the time this lien takes effect, any temporary lien then in 37 effect shall be automatically and fully released, and the recorded notice of this lien 38 shall constitute notice of the release of the temporary lien.

39 (4) This lien may be enforced and foreclosed in accordance with the
40 procedures prescribed in the Maryland Rules, except that neither the State nor any
41 agent appointed by the State to sell the property need file a bond.

1 (5) The owner or any other interested party may obtain release of this

2 lien at any time by paying to the State the full amount of the judgment rendered by

3 the circuit court, together with interest from the date of judgment. On payment in

4 full, the Secretary of the Board of Public Works shall cause a release to be recorded in 5 the land records.

5 the land records.

6 (6) If the circuit court finds that there has been no default or if the full 7 amount of the court's judgment is paid to the State within 30 days after the court's 8 final order, any temporary lien then in effect shall be released immediately and the 9 Secretary of the Board of Public Works shall cause the release to be recorded in the 10 land records.

11 [(e)] (F) All funds recovered as a result of this right of recovery shall be 12 deposited in the Annuity Bond Fund and applied to the debt service requirements of 13 the State. The Board of Public Works may waive the State's right of recovery if the 14 Board determines that there is good cause for releasing the transferor, transferee, or 15 owner from this obligation.

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#### Article - Health - General

17 24-606.

18 (a) In accordance with this section, the [State] STATE:

19(1)[shall] SHALL have the right to recover funds disbursed under this20 subtitle; AND

(2) MAY NOT RECOVER FUNDS DISBURSED UNDER THIS SUBTITLE FROM
 A COUNTY, BALTIMORE CITY, OR MUNICIPAL CORPORATION THAT IS THE LESSOR OF
 PROPERTY ON WHICH A PROJECT IS CONSTRUCTED OR A FACILITY IS OPERATED.

24 (b) In the event of failure to complete a project or failure to commence

25 operation of a facility, the State may recover from the recipient of the funds disbursed

26 for the project or facility or the owner of the property an amount equal to the amount

27 of State funds disbursed for the project, together with all costs and reasonable

28 attorneys' fees incurred by the State in the recovery proceedings.

29 (c) If, within 30 years after completion of a project, a community mental

30 health facility, addiction facility, or developmental disabilities facility with respect to 31 which funds have been paid under this subtitle is sold or transferred to any person,

32 agency, or organization that would not qualify as an applicant under this subtitle, or

33 that is not approved as a transferee by the Board of Public Works, or if, within the

34 same period, a community mental health facility, addiction facility, or developmental

35 disabilities facility ceases to be a "facility" as defined in this subtitle, then the State

36 may recover from either the transferor or transferee or, in the case of a community

37 mental health facility, addiction facility, or developmental disabilities facility that has

38 ceased to be a "facility" as defined in this subtitle, from the owner, an amount bearing 39 the same ratio to the then current fair market value of so much of the property as

40 constituted an approved project as the amount of the State participation bore to the

1 total eligible cost of the approved project, together with all costs and reasonable2 attorneys' fees incurred by the State in the recovery proceedings.

3 (d) (1) The Department shall cause notice of the State's right of recovery to 4 be recorded in the land records of the county or Baltimore City in which the property 5 is located before the State makes any funds available for the approved project.

6 (2) The recording of the notice shall not create any lien against the 7 property; however, it shall constitute notice to any potential transferee, potential 8 creditor, or other interested party of the possibility that the State may obtain a lien 9 under this subtitle.

10 (e) (1) In the event of a failure to complete the project or commence 11 operations of the facility as described in subsection (b) of this section, or in the event 12 of an alleged sale or transfer as described in subsection (c) of this section, or in the 13 event that a property is alleged to have ceased to be a "facility" as defined in this 14 subtitle, the Secretary of the Board of Public Works may authorize the Department to 15 file, in the circuit court of the county or Baltimore City in which the property is 16 located, a claim under this subtitle (styled as a civil action against the owner of the 17 property and any other interested parties, including any transferor that the State 18 wishes to make a party), together with a sworn affidavit stating facts on which the 19 allegations of default are based, as well as a detailed justification of the amount 20 claimed.

(2) If the circuit court determines from the State's initial filing that
there is probable cause to believe that a default has occurred, the court shall
authorize a temporary lien on the property, in the amount of the State's claim, plus
any additional amount estimated to be necessary to cover the costs and reasonable
attorney's fees incurred by the State, or other amounts as the court determines to be
reasonable, pending full determination of the State's claim.

(3) The temporary lien takes effect on the date of the court's authorization if the State records a notice of temporary lien in the land records of the county or Baltimore City in which the property is located within 10 days thereafter; otherwise, the temporary lien takes effect on the date a notice of temporary lien is recorded. While the temporary lien is in effect, neither the owner nor any person who acquired an interest in the property after the State first made funds available in connection with the property under this subtitle may take any action that would affect the title to the property or institute any proceedings to enforce a security interest or other similar rights in the property, without the prior written consent of the State.

(4) The owner of the property or any other interested party may obtain
release of this temporary lien at any time by filing with the court a bond securing the
payment in full of the State's claim any additional amount necessary to cover the
costs and reasonable attorneys' fees incurred by the State. The owner or other
interested party may cause the release to be recorded in the land records.

1 (f) (1) Proceedings to determine the State's right to recover and the amount 2 of its recovery under this subtitle shall have priority over other civil proceedings in 3 the circuit courts.

4 (2) At the conclusion of full adversary proceedings on the issue of default 5 and on any disputes over the amount of the State's recovery, the circuit court shall, if 6 it finds that a default has occurred, issue a final judgment for the amount it finds to 7 be recoverable by the State. All parties involved in the default, including in every case 8 the owner of the property, shall be held jointly and severally liable to the State for the 9 amount of the judgment. This amount, if it remains unpaid after the expiration of 30 10 days following the court's final order, shall be a lien on the property, superior (except 11 as the State may by written subordination agreement provide otherwise) to the lien or 12 other interest of any mortgagee, pledgee, purchaser, or judgment creditor whose 13 interest became perfected against third persons after the State first made funds 14 available in connection with the property under this subtitle.

15 (3) This lien takes effect on the 31st day following the court's final order 16 if the State records a notice of lien in the land records of the county or Baltimore City 17 in which the property is located on or before the 41st day following the final order; 18 otherwise, the lien takes effect on the date a notice of lien is recorded. At the time this 19 lien takes effect, any temporary lien then in effect shall be automatically and fully 20 released, and the recorded notice of this lien shall constitute notice of the release of 21 the temporary lien.

(4) This lien may be enforced and foreclosed in accordance with the
procedures prescribed in the Maryland Rules, except that neither the State nor any
agent appointed by the State to sell the property need file a bond.

(5) The owner or any other interested party may obtain release of this
lien at any time by paying the State the full amount of the judgment rendered by the
circuit court, together with interest from the date of judgment. On payment in full,
the State shall cause a release to be recorded in the land records.

29 (6) If the circuit court finds that there has been no default or if the full 30 amount of the court's judgment is paid to the State within 30 days after the court's 31 final order, any temporary lien then in effect shall be released immediately and the 32 State shall cause a release to be recorded in the land records.

(g) (1) All funds recovered as a result of the State's right of recovery shall be
 deposited in the Annuity Bond Fund and applied to the debt service requirements of
 the State.

36 (2) The Board of Public Works may waive the State's right of recovery if
37 the Board determines that there is good cause for releasing the transferor, transferee,
38 or owner from this obligation.

39 24-706.

40 (A) (1) SUBJECT TO SUBSECTIONS (B) OR (D) OF THIS SECTION, THE STATE 41 MAY RECOVER STATE FUNDS DISBURSED UNDER THIS SUBTITLE.

#### 1 (2)THE STATE MAY NOT RECOVER FUNDS UNDER THE CONDITIONS OF 2 SUBSECTIONS (B) OR (D) OF THIS SECTION FROM A COUNTY, BALTIMORE CITY, OR 3 MUNICIPAL CORPORATION THAT IS THE LESSOR OF PROPERTY ON WHICH A PROJECT 4 IS CONSTRUCTED OR A FACILITY IS OPERATED.

5 If, within 30 years after completion of a project, a property with **(B)** [(a)] 6 respect to which funds have been paid under this subtitle is sold or transferred to any person, agency, or organization that would not qualify as an applicant under this 7 8 subtitle, or that is not approved as a transferee by the Board of Public Works, or if, 9 within the same period, the property ceases to be a "facility" as defined in this 10 subtitle, then the State may recover from either the transferor or transferee or, in the 11 case of a property that has ceased to be a "facility" as defined in this subtitle, from the 12 owner, an amount bearing the same ratio to the then-current value of so much of the 13 property as constituted an approved project as the amount of the State participation 14 bore to the total eligible cost of the approved project, together with all costs and 15 reasonable attorneys' fees incurred by the State in the recovery proceedings.

16 [(b)] Before the State makes any funds available for an approved (C) (1)project, the Department shall cause a notice of this right of recovery to be recorded in 17 18 the land records of the county or Baltimore City in which the property is located.

- 19 (2)

The recording of the notice:

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Does not create any lien against the property; but (i)

21 Shall constitute notice to any potential transferee, potential (ii) 22 transferor, potential creditor, or other interested party of the possibility that the State 23 may obtain a lien under this subtitle.

24 [(c)] (D) (1)In the event of an alleged sale or transfer as described in 25 subsection [(b)] (C) of this section, or in the event that a property is alleged to have 26 ceased to be a "facility" as defined in this subtitle, the Secretary of the Board of Public 27 Works may file, in the circuit court for the county or Baltimore City in which the 28 property is located, a claim under this subtitle (styled as a civil action against the 29 owner of the property and any other interested parties, including any transferor that 30 the State wishes to make a party), together with sworn affidavits stating facts on 31 which the allegations of default are based, as well as a detailed justification of the 32 amount claimed.

33 If the circuit court determines from the State's initial filing that (2)34 there is probable cause to believe that a default has occurred, the court shall 35 authorize a temporary lien on the property, in the amount of the State's claim (plus 36 any additional amount estimated to be necessary to cover the costs and reasonable 37 attorneys' fees incurred by the State) or in other amounts as the court determines to 38 be reasonable, pending full determination of the State's claim.

39 The temporary lien shall take effect on the date of the court's (3)40 authorization if the Secretary of the Board of Public Works records a notice of 41 temporary lien in the land records of the county or Baltimore City in which the 42 property is located within 10 days thereafter, otherwise, the temporary lien shall take

1 effect on the date a notice of temporary lien is recorded. While the temporary lien is in

2 effect, neither the owner nor any person who acquired an interest in the property

3 after the State first made funds available in connection with the property under this

4 subtitle, may take any action that would affect the title to the property or institute

 $5\,$  any proceedings to enforce a security interest or other similar rights in the property,

6 without the prior written consent of the State.

7 (4) The owner of the property or any other interested party may obtain 8 release of this temporary lien at any time by filing with the court a bond securing the 9 payment in full of the State's claim and any additional amount necessary to cover the 10 costs and reasonable attorneys' fees incurred by the State. The owner or other 11 interested party may cause the release to be recorded in the land records.

12	[(d)]	(E)	(1)	Proceedings to determine the State's right to recover and the
13	amount of i	ts reco	very under	this subtitle shall have priority over other civil
14	proceeding	s in the	circuit cou	irts.

15 (2) At the conclusion of full adversary proceedings on the issue of default 16 and on any disputes over the amount of the State's recovery, the circuit court shall, if 17 it finds that a default has occurred, issue a final judgment for the amount it finds to 18 be recoverable by the State. All parties involved in the default, including in every case 19 the owner of the property, shall be held jointly and severally liable to the State for the 20 amount of the judgment. This amount, if it remains unpaid after the expiration of 30 21 days following the court's final order, shall be a lien on the property, superior (except 22 as the State may by written subordination agreement provide otherwise) to the lien or 23 other interest of any mortgagee, pledgee, purchaser, or judgment creditor whose 24 interest became perfected against third persons after the State first made funds 25 available in connection with the property under this subtitle.

(3) This lien takes effect on the 31st day following the court's final order if the Secretary of the Board of Public Works records a notice of lien in the land records of the county or Baltimore City in which the property is located on or before the 41st day following the final order, otherwise, the lien takes effect on the date a notice of lien is recorded. At the time this lien takes effect, any temporary lien then in effect shall be automatically and fully released, and the recorded notice of this lien shall constitute notice of the release of the temporary lien.

(4) This lien may be enforced and foreclosed in accordance with the
procedures prescribed in the Maryland Rules, except that neither the State nor any
agent appointed by the State to sell the property need file a bond.

36 (5) The owner or any other interested party may obtain release of this 37 lien at any time by paying to the State the full amount of the judgment rendered by 38 the circuit court, together with interest from the date of judgment. On payment in 39 full, the Secretary of the Board of Public Works shall cause a release to be recorded in 40 the land records.

41 (6) If the circuit court finds that there has been no default or if the full 42 amount of the court's judgment is paid to the State within 30 days after the court's

1 final order, any temporary lien then in effect shall be released immediately and the

2 Secretary of the Board of Public Works shall cause the release to be recorded in the 3 land records.

4 [(e)] (F) (1) All funds recovered as a result of this right of recovery shall be 5 deposited in the Annuity Bond Fund and applied to the debt service requirements of 6 the State.

7 (2) The Board of Public Works may waive the State's right of recovery if
8 the Board determines that there is good cause for releasing the transferor, transferee,
9 or owner from this obligation.

10 SECTION 2. AND BE IT FURTHER ENACTED, That this Act shall take effect 11 October 1, 2001.