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Assigned to: Judicial Proceedings

Committee Report: Favorable Senate action: Adopted Read second time: March 20, 2001

CHAPTER\_\_\_\_\_

1 AN ACT concerning

2

### **Firearms Offenses - Project Exile**

3 FOR the purpose of making it a felony to possess and intend to use a firearm, display

4 a firearm in a threatening manner, or attempt to use a firearm on school

5 property; requiring that a person convicted of a certain felony be subject to a 6 certain penalty; altering certain criminal penalties for a person who is convicted

of possessing a regulated firearm after having been previously convicted of a

crime of violence or felony; prohibiting a District Court commissioner from

9 authorizing the pretrial release of a defendant charged with a certain crime;

10 requiring a judge to consider as a rebuttable presumption that a defendant

11 charged with a certain crime will flee and pose a danger to another person or the

12 community; allowing the court or District Court commissioner to consider

13 including certain requirements as conditions of pretrial release; allowing the

14 State to appeal from a certain decision of the District Court or to apply to the

15 Court of Special Appeals for leave to appeal an order of the circuit court setting

16 the amount and conditions of bail claimed to be insufficient before trial or after

17 conviction; and generally relating to the penalties and conditions for pretrial

18 release for certain firearms offenses.

19 BY repealing and reenacting, with amendments,

- 20 Article 27 Crimes and Punishments
- 21 Section 36A
- 22 Annotated Code of Maryland

- 1 (1996 Replacement Volume and 2000 Supplement)
- 2 BY repealing and reenacting, without amendments,
- 3 Article 27 Crimes and Punishments
- 4 Section 281A(b) and 445(d)(1)
- 5 Annotated Code of Maryland
- 6 (1996 Replacement Volume and 2000 Supplement)
- 7 BY repealing
- 8 Article 27 Crimes and Punishments
- 9 Section 449(e)
- 10 Annotated Code of Maryland
- 11 (1996 Replacement Volume and 2000 Supplement)
- 12 BY adding to
- 13 Article 27 Crimes and Punishments
- 14 Section 449(e)
- 15 Annotated Code of Maryland
- 16 (1996 Replacement Volume and 2000 Supplement)
- 17 BY repealing and reenacting, with amendments,
- 18 Article Criminal Procedure
- 19 Section 5-202(c)
- 20 Annotated Code of Maryland
- (As enacted by Chapter \_\_\_\_\_ (S.B. \_\_\_\_\_) (1lr0739) of the Acts of the
   General Assembly of 2001)
- 23 BY repealing and reenacting, with amendments,
- 24 Article Courts and Judicial Proceedings
- 25 Section 3-707 and 12-401(b)
- 26 Annotated Code of Maryland
- 27 (1998 Replacement Volume and 2000 Supplement)
- 28

# Preamble

29 WHEREAS, Project Exile is a legislative initiative designed to make gun

30 carrying criminals face immediate prosecution, stiff mandatory prison sentences, and

31 reduced opportunities for prison release -- in effect to "exile" criminals to prison for

32 at least 5 years; and

WHEREAS, The goal of Project Exile is to reduce the incidence of gun violence and the firearm "carry rate" -- the frequency with which persons arrested for felonies are found to be carrying firearms; and

1 WHEREAS, "Project Exile" has proven to be a highly successful program 2 operating in Richmond, Virginia, involving federal, state, and local law enforcement 3 agencies, resulting in greatly reduced homicide, armed robbery, and carry rates; and 4 WHEREAS, It would benefit the residents of Maryland to design a Project Exile 5 program for this State; now, therefore, SECTION 1. BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF 6 7 MARYLAND, That the Laws of Maryland read as follows: 8 Article 27 - Crimes and Punishments 9 36A. 10 (a) [No person, unless otherwise excepted in this section, shall] EXCEPT AS 11 PROVIDED IN SUBSECTION (B) OF THIS SECTION, A PERSON: 12 (1)MAY NOT carry or possess any rifle, gun, knife, or deadly weapon of 13 any kind on any public school property in this State; OR ON PUBLIC SCHOOL PROPERTY, MAY NOT POSSESS AND INTEND TO 14 (2)15 USE A FIREARM, DISPLAY A FIREARM IN A THREATENING MANNER, OR ATTEMPT TO 16 USE A FIREARM. 17 (b) Nothing in this section shall be construed to apply to: 18 (1)Law enforcement officers in the regular course of their duty; 19 (2)Persons hired by the boards of education in the counties and 20 Baltimore City specifically for the purpose of guarding public school property; 21 Persons engaged in organized shooting activity for educational (3)22 purposes; or 23 Persons who, with a written invitation from the school principal, (4)24 display or engage in historical demonstrations using weapons or replicas of weapons 25 for educational purposes.

26 (c) (1) [Any] A person who violates SUBSECTION (A)(1) OF this section [shall 27 be] IS guilty of a misdemeanor and on conviction [shall be sentenced] IS SUBJECT to

27 be a sentenced is SUBJE 28 [pay] a fine of no more than \$1,000 or [shall be sentenced to the Maryland

29 Department of Correction for a period] IMPRISONMENT of not more than 3 years. Any

30 such person who shall be found to carry a handgun in violation of this section, shall be

31 sentenced as provided in § 36B of this article.

32(2)(I)A PERSON WHO VIOLATES SUBSECTION (A)(2) OF THIS SECTION33IS GUILTY OF A FELONY AND ON CONVICTION IS SUBJECT TO IMPRISONMENT OF NOT34LESS THAN 5 YEARS OR MORE THAN 20 YEARS.

1 (II) IT IS MANDATORY ON THE COURT TO IMPOSE NOT LESS THAN 2 THE MINIMUM SENTENCE OF 5 YEARS.
3(III)THE SENTENCE IMPOSED UNDER THIS PARAGRAPH IS TO BE4SERVED CONSECUTIVELY TO ANY OTHER SENTENCE.
5 (IV) EXCEPT AS OTHERWISE PROVIDED IN § 4-305 OF THE 6 CORRECTIONAL SERVICES ARTICLE, THE PERSON IS NOT ELIGIBLE FOR PAROLE IN 7 LESS THAN 5 YEARS.
8 281A.
9 (b) During and in relation to any drug trafficking crime, a person who 10 possesses a firearm under sufficient circumstances to constitute a nexus to the drug 11 trafficking crime or who uses, wears, carries, or transports a firearm is guilty of a 12 separate felony and on conviction shall, in addition to the sentence provided for the 13 drug trafficking crime, be sentenced as follows:
14 (1) (i) For a first offense, for a term of not less than 5 nor more than 20 15 years.
16 (ii) It is mandatory upon the court to impose no less than the 17 minimum sentence of 5 years, no part of which may be suspended and the person may 18 not be eligible for parole except in accordance with the provisions of § 4-305 of the 19 Correctional Services Article; and
20(2)(i)For a second or subsequent offense, for a term of not less than2110 nor more than 20 years.For a second or subsequent offense, for a term of not less than
22 (ii) It is mandatory upon the court to impose no less than a 23 minimum consecutive sentence of 10 years, no part of which may be suspended and 24 the person may not be eligible for parole except in accordance with the provisions of § 25 4-305 of the Correctional Services Article.
<ul> <li>26 (iii) The sentence shall be served consecutively and not concurrently</li> <li>27 to any other sentence imposed by virtue of the commission of the drug trafficking</li> <li>28 crime.</li> </ul>
29 445.
30 (d) A person may not possess a regulated firearm if the person:
31 (1) Has been convicted of:
32 (i) A crime of violence;
33 (ii) Any violation classified as a felony in this State;
34 (iii) Any violation classified as a misdemeanor in this State that 35 carries a statutory penalty of more than 2 years; or

5	SENATE BILL 475
1 2 person received a te	(iv) Any violation classified as a common law offense where the m of imprisonment of more than 2 years.
3 449.	
<ul> <li>5 § 441(e) of this artic</li> <li>6 who is in illegal pos</li> <li>7 article, is guilty of a</li> <li>8 5 years, no part of w</li> </ul>	on who was previously convicted of a crime of violence as defined in le or convicted of a violation of § 286 or § 286A of this article, and session of a firearm as defined in § $445(d)(1)(i)$ and (ii) of this felony and upon conviction shall be imprisoned for not less than hich may be suspended and the person may not be eligible for n shall be considered a separate offense.]
	(I) A PERSON WHO VIOLATES § 445(D)(1)(I) OF THIS SUBHEADING IS LONY AND ON CONVICTION IS SUBJECT TO IMPRISONMENT OF NOT ARS OR MORE THAN 20 YEARS.
13 14 THE MINIMUM S	(II) IT IS MANDATORY ON THE COURT TO IMPOSE NOT LESS THAN ENTENCE OF 5 YEARS.
15 16 SERVED CONSEC	(III) THE SENTENCE IMPOSED UNDER THIS PARAGRAPH IS TO BE UTIVELY TO ANY OTHER SENTENCE.
17 18 CORRECTIONAL 19 LESS THAN 5 YE	(IV) EXCEPT AS OTHERWISE PROVIDED IN § 4-305 OF THE SERVICES ARTICLE, THE PERSON IS NOT ELIGIBLE FOR PAROLE IN ARS.
	(I) A PERSON WHO VIOLATES § 445(D)(1)(II) OF THIS SUBHEADING IS SDEMEANOR AND ON CONVICTION IS SUBJECT TO IMPRISONMENT AN 2 YEARS OR MORE THAN 10 YEARS.
23 24 THE MINIMUM S	(II) IT IS MANDATORY ON THE COURT TO IMPOSE NOT LESS THAN ENTENCE OF 2 YEARS.
25 26 SERVED CONSEC	(III) THE SENTENCE IMPOSED UNDER THIS PARAGRAPH IS TO BE UTIVELY TO ANY OTHER SENTENCE.
27 28 CORRECTIONAL 29 LESS THAN 2 YE	(IV) EXCEPT AS OTHERWISE PROVIDED IN § 4-305 OF THE SERVICES ARTICLE, THE PERSON IS NOT ELIGIBLE FOR PAROLE IN ARS.
30	Article - Criminal Procedure
31 5-202.	
32 (c) (1) 33 of a defendant char 34 convicted:	A District Court commissioner may not authorize the pretrial release ged with a crime of violence [if the defendant has been previously
35	(i) in this State of a crime of violence; or

1 in any other jurisdiction of a crime that would be a crime of (ii) violence if committed in this State] OR POSSESSION OF A FIREARM IN VIOLATION OF 2 3 ARTICLE 27, § 36A, § 281A(B), OR § 445(D) OF THE CODE. 4 A judge may authorize the pretrial release of a defendant (2)(i) 5 described in paragraph (1) of this subsection on: 6 1. suitable bail; 2. 7 any other conditions that will reasonably ensure that the 8 defendant will not flee or pose a danger to another person or the community; or 9 3. both bail and other conditions described under item 2 of 10 this subparagraph. 11 (ii) When a defendant described in paragraph (1) of this subsection 12 is presented to the court under Maryland Rule 4-216(g), the judge shall order the 13 continued detention of the defendant if the judge determines that neither suitable 14 bail nor any condition or combination of conditions will reasonably ensure that the 15 defendant will not flee or pose a danger to another person or the community before 16 the trial. 17 There is a rebuttable presumption that a defendant described in (3) 18 paragraph (1) of this subsection will flee and pose a danger to another person or the 19 community. IN ADDITION TO THE CONDITIONS OF PRETRIAL RELEASE SPECIFIED 20 (4) 21 ELSEWHERE IN THIS SECTION, THE COURT OR DISTRICT COURT COMMISSIONER MAY 22 CONSIDER INCLUDING AS A CONDITION OF PRETRIAL RELEASE A REQUIREMENT 23 THAT THE DEFENDANT: 24 (I) MAINTAIN EMPLOYMENT OR, IF UNEMPLOYED, ACTIVELY SEEK 25 EMPLOYMENT: MAINTAIN OR BEGIN AN EDUCATIONAL PROGRAM; 26 (II) 27 (III) AVOID ALL CONTACT WITH AN ALLEGED VICTIM OF THE CRIME 28 AND WITH ANY POTENTIAL WITNESS WHO MAY TESTIFY CONCERNING THE CRIME; 29 (IV) COMPLY WITH A SPECIFIED CURFEW; REFRAIN FROM POSSESSING A FIREARM, DESTRUCTIVE 30 (V) 31 DEVICE, OR OTHER DANGEROUS WEAPON; REFRAIN FROM USE OF ALCOHOL OR CONTROLLED 32 (VI) 33 DANGEROUS SUBSTANCES; OR 34 (VII) SUBMIT TO DRUG OR ALCOHOL TESTING UNTIL THE 35 DISPOSITION OF THE DEFENDANT'S CASE.

## **SENATE BILL 475 Article - Courts and Judicial Proceedings** 2 3-707. (a) If a judge refuses to issue a writ of habeas corpus sought for the purpose of 4 determining the right to bail, or if a judge sets bail claimed to be excessive prior to 5 trial or after conviction, but prior to final judgment, a petitioner may apply to the 6 Court of Special Appeals for leave to appeal from the refusal. (b) A petitioner shall file the application for leave to appeal within ten (1)8 days after the denial or grant of habeas corpus relief stating briefly why the order of the lower court should be reversed or modified. (2)The record on the application for leave to appeal shall contain a copy 11 of the petition for habeas corpus, the State's answer, if any, the order of the court, and 12 the memorandum of reasons issued by the judge. (3)If the Court grants the application, it may order the preparation of a 14 transcript of any proceedings related to the habeas corpus petition. The Court of Special Appeals may grant or deny the application for (c) (1)16 leave to appeal. If the Court grants the application, it may affirm, reverse, or modify the order of the lower court granting or denying the relief sought by the writ. (2)If the Court determines that the lower court was wrong in refusing to 19 admit to bail or that the bail set is not appropriate, it may determine the proper 20 amount of bail. This determination is binding on the lower court, unless a change of 21 circumstances warrants a different decision. THE STATE MAY APPLY TO THE COURT OF SPECIAL APPEALS FOR LEAVE (D) 23 TO APPEAL AN ORDER OF THE CIRCUIT COURT SETTING THE AMOUNT AND 24 CONDITIONS OF BAIL CLAIMED TO BE INSUFFICIENT BEFORE TRIAL OR AFTER 25 CONVICTION.

26 12-401.

In a criminal case: 27 (b)

28 (1)The State may appeal from [a]:

29 A DECISION OF THE DISTRICT COURT SETTING THE AMOUNT (I) 30 AND CONDITIONS OF BAIL; OR

31 (II)A final judgment entered in the District Court:

32 1. If the State alleges that the trial judge failed to impose the [(i)] 33 sentence specifically mandated by the Code; or

[(ii)] 2. 34 Granting a motion to dismiss, or quashing or dismissing a 35 charging document.

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- 1 (2) The defendant may appeal even from a final judgment entered in the 2 District Court though imposition or execution of sentence has been suspended.
- 3 SECTION 2.4 October 1, 2001. SECTION 2. AND BE IT FURTHER ENACTED, That this Act shall take effect