#### SENATE BILL 876

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## By: Senator Bromwell

Introduced and read first time: February 28, 2001 Assigned to: Rules Re-referred to: Economic and Environmental Affairs, March 5, 2001

Committee Report: Favorable with amendments Senate action: Adopted Read second time: March 20, 2001

CHAPTER\_\_\_\_\_

1 AN ACT concerning

#### 2

## **Recognition of American Sign Language**

3 FOR the purpose of establishing that American Sign Language is a recognized form of

- 4 communication and a fully developed language for the deaf and
- 5 hearing impaired hard of hearing; identifying the deaf and hearing impaired
- 6 <u>hard of hearing as a cultural minority group; defining a certain term; and</u>
- 7 generally relating to the use of American Sign Language by the deaf and
- 8 hearing-impaired.

9 BY repealing and reenacting, with amendments,

- 10 Article 30 Deaf, Mute or Blind
- 11 Section 31
- 12 Annotated Code of Maryland
- 13 (1997 Replacement Volume and 2000 Supplement)
- 14 BY adding to
- 15 Article 30 Deaf, Mute or Blind
- 16 Section 34
- 17 Annotated Code of Maryland
- 18 (1997 Replacement Volume and 2000 Supplement)
- 19

### Preamble

- 20 WHEREAS, American Sign Language is a fully developed language, with
- 21 distinct grammar, syntax, and art forms and one of hundreds of naturally occurring
- 22 signed languages of the world; and

1 WHEREAS, American Sign Language is the third most common non-English 2 language spoken in the United States; and

WHEREAS, Maryland has over 80,000 500,000 individuals with hearing loss 3 4 and American Sign Language is a language used by citizens with hearing loss, 5 citizens who are deaf-blind, or others as a means of communication; and

6 WHEREAS, The right to communicate is fundamental for all human beings, 7 because without the ability to receive and express language, the individual cannot 8 develop the most basic of human skills, including the ability to convey thoughts to others, socialize, and develop basic reading and writing skills; and 9

10 WHEREAS, Without effective communication, the individual cannot become a 11 productive adult and is more likely to be forced to rely on government assistance,

12 which in turn increases the financial burden of the State; and

13 WHEREAS, Maryland is committed to providing pertinent education programs 14 for deaf and hearing impaired students that include American Sign Language rich 15 environments with educational professionals proficient in American Sign Language 16 and with an American Sign Language peer group; and

17 WHEREAS, Current linguistic research indicates early acquisition and fluency 18 in American Sign Language for deaf and hearing-impaired hard of hearing children 19 enhances their mastery of English and dramatically improves their literacy skills; 20 and

21 WHEREAS, Thirty state legislatures have supported the rights of deaf and 22 hearing-impaired hard of hearing citizens and adopted legislation recognizing 23 American Sign Language as a language, now, therefore,

SECTION 1. BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF 24 25 MARYLAND, That the Laws of Maryland read as follows:

26

# Article 30 - Deaf, Mute or Blind

27 31.

28 (A) Whenever in this article or in any other laws of this State reference shall 29 be made to the term, "deaf, dumb and blind", the same shall hereafter be taken to 30 mean "deaf, mute or blind".

31 (B) "DEAF" MEANS PERMANENT HEARING LOSS:

THAT IS SEVERE ENOUGH TO NECESSITATE THE USE OF 32 (1)33 AMPLIFICATION DEVICES TO HEAR ORAL COMMUNICATION; OR

THAT IS SO SEVERE THAT AMPLIFICATION DEVICES ARE 34 (2)35 INEFFECTIVE.

1 34.

3

2 (A) IN THE STATE OF MARYLAND, THOSE INDIVIDUALS WHO ARE DEAF OR
3 HEARING-IMPAIRED HARD OF HEARING ARE IDENTIFIED AS A CULTURAL MINORITY
4 WITH SPECIALIZED COMMUNICATION NEEDS.

5 (B) AMERICAN SIGN LANGUAGE IS RECOGNIZED AS A LANGUAGE SYSTEM
6 DESIGNED TO MEET THE SPECIALIZED COMMUNICATION NEEDS OF THE DEAF AND
7 HEARING IMPAIRED HARD OF HEARING. AMERICAN SIGN LANGUAGE IS A
8 VISUAL-SPATIAL METHOD OF COMMUNICATION THAT IS A SEPARATE AND DISTINCT
9 LANGUAGE INVOLVING THE HANDS, ARMS, FACIAL MARKERS, AND BODY
10 MOVEMENTS TO COMMUNICATE WITH OTHERS, INCLUDING THE CONVEYANCE OF
11 THOUGHTS, WORDS, EMOTIONS, AND GRAMMATICAL INFORMATION.

12 SECTION 2. AND BE IT FURTHER ENACTED, That this Act shall take effect 13 October 1, 2001.