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By: Delegates Rosenberg, Montague, Cole, Zirkin, and Grosfeld Grosfeld, Gladden, Vallario, and Griffith Introduced and read first time: January 30, 2002 Assigned to: Judiciary Committee Report: Favorable with amendments House action: Adopted Read second time: February 20, 2002	
1 AN ACT concerning	
 Criminal Procedure - DNA Evidence - Preservation of Scientific Identification Evidence 	
FOR the purpose of requiring the State to preserve scientific identification evidence without regard to the State's knowledge that the evidence contains DNA; altering the period of time that the State must preserve certain evidence; and generally relating to the preservation of scientific identification evidence.	
8 BY repealing and reenacting, with amendments, 9 Article - Criminal Procedure 10 Section 8-201(i) 11 Annotated Code of Maryland 12 (2001 Volume)	
13 Preamble	
WHEREAS, The Court of Appeals has adopted a change to the Maryland Rules effective January 1, 2002, allowing a motion for a new trial to be "filed at any time if the motion is based on DNA identification testing or other generally accepted scientific techniques the results of which, if proven, would show that the defendant is innocent of the crime of which the defendant was convicted"; and	

WHEREAS, Current law requires the State to preserve DNA evidence

20 generally only for 3 years after sentence; and

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	WHEREAS, To allow the destruction of evidence while allowing the defendant the right to a new trial would make the right virtually meaningless 3 years after the sentence was imposed; now, therefore,
4	SECTION 1. BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF MARYLAND, That the Laws of Maryland read as follows:
6	Article - Criminal Procedure
7	8-201.
8	(i) The State shall preserve scientific identification evidence that:
9	(i) {the State has reason to know} contains DNA material; and
10 11	(ii) is secured in connection with an offense described in subsection (b) of this section.
12 13	(2) The State shall preserve scientific identification evidence described in paragraph (1) of this subsection for[:
14	(i) a period of 3 years after the imposition of sentence; or
17 18 19	(ii) a period beyond 3 years that is required pursuant to an order issued within 3 years after the imposition of sentence by the Court of Appeals or Court of Special Appeals that is specific to a single offense and specific scientific identification evidence relating to that offense] THE TIME OF THE SENTENCE, INCLUDING ANY CONSECUTIVE SENTENCE IMPOSED IN CONNECTION WITH THE OFFENSE.
21 22	(3) The State shall make the scientific identification evidence available to parties in the case under terms that are mutually agreed on between them.
	(4) If an agreement cannot be reached, the party requesting the testing may file an application in the circuit court that entered the judgment for an order setting the terms under which the evidence will be made available for testing.
26 27	SECTION 2. AND BE IT FURTHER ENACTED, That this Act shall take effect October 1, 2002.