HOUSE BILL 888

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By: Delegate McHale

Introduced and read first time: February 7, 2002

Assigned to: Economic Matters

A BILL ENTITLED

1	AN ACI	concerning		

- 2 Commercial Law Uniform Commercial Code Secured Transactions Scope
- 4 FOR the purpose of exempting certain claims or rights to receive compensation for
- 5 injuries or sickness and certain claims or rights to receive benefits under certain
- 6 special needs trusts from certain provisions governing the assignment of certain
- 7 rights under Title 9 of the Maryland Uniform Commercial Code.
- 8 BY repealing and reenacting, with amendments,
- 9 Article Commercial Law
- 10 Section 9-406 and 9-408
- 11 Annotated Code of Maryland
- 12 (1997 Replacement Volume and 2001 Supplement)
- 13 SECTION 1. BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF
- 14 MARYLAND, That the Laws of Maryland read as follows:
- 15 Article Commercial Law
- 16 9-406.
- 17 (a) Subject to subsections (b) through (j), an account debtor on an account,
- 18 chattel paper, or a payment intangible may discharge its obligation by paying the
- 19 assignor until, but not after, the account debtor receives a notification, authenticated
- 20 by the assignor or the assignee, that the amount due or to become due has been
- 21 assigned and that payment is to be made to the assignee. After receipt of the
- 22 notification, the account debtor may discharge its obligation by paying the assignee
- 23 and may not discharge the obligation by paying the assignor.
- 24 (b) Subject to subsection (h), notification is ineffective under subsection (a):
- 25 (1) If it does not reasonably identify the rights assigned;
- 26 (2) To the extent that an agreement between an account debtor and a
- 27 seller of a payment intangible limits the account debtor's duty to pay a person other
- 28 than the seller and the limitation is effective under law other than this article; or

1 (3)At the option of an account debtor, if the notification notifies the 2 account debtor to make less than the full amount of any installment or other periodic 3 payment to the assignee, even if: 4 (A) Only a portion of the account, chattel paper, or payment 5 intangible has been assigned to that assignee; 6 (B) A portion has been assigned to another assignee; or 7 (C) The account debtor knows that the assignment to that assignee 8 is limited. 9 (c) Subject to subsection (h), if requested by the account debtor, an assignee 10 shall seasonably furnish reasonable proof that the assignment has been made. Unless 11 the assignee complies, the account debtor may discharge its obligation by paying the 12 assignor, even if the account debtor has received a notification under subsection (a). 13 Except as otherwise provided in subsection (e) and §§ 2A-303 of this article 14 and 9-407, and subject to subsection (h), a term in an agreement between an account 15 debtor and an assignor or in a promissory note is ineffective to the extent that it: 16 Prohibits, restricts, or requires the consent of the account debtor or person obligated on the promissory note to the assignment or transfer of, or the 17 18 creation, attachment, perfection, or enforcement of a security interest in, the account, 19 chattel paper, payment intangible, or promissory note; or 20 Provides that the assignment or transfer or the creation, attachment, 21 perfection, or enforcement of the security interest may give rise to a default, breach, 22 right of recoupment, claim, defense, termination, right of termination, or remedy 23 under the account, chattel paper, payment intangible, or promissory note. 24 (e) Subsection (d) does not apply to the sale of a payment intangible or 25 promissory note. 26 Except as otherwise provided in §§ 2A-303 of this article and 9-407, and subject to subsections (h) and (i) of this section, a rule of law, statute, or regulation 27 28 that prohibits, restricts, or requires the consent of a government, governmental body 29 or official, or account debtor to the assignment or transfer of, or creation of a security 30 interest in, an account or chattel paper is ineffective to the extent that the rule of law, 31 statute, or regulation: 32 Prohibits, restricts, or requires the consent of the government, 33 governmental body or official, or account debtor to the assignment or transfer of, or 34 the creation of a security interest in, the account or chattel paper; or 35 Provides that the assignment or transfer or the creation, attachment, 36 perfection, or enforcement of a security interest may give rise to a default, breach,

37 right of recoupment, claim, defense, termination, right of termination, or remedy

38 under the account or chattel paper.

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(2)

HOUSE BILL 888 1 Subject to subsection (h), an account debtor may not waive or vary its (g) 2 option under subsection (b)(3). 3 (h) This section is subject to law other than this title which establishes a 4 different rule for an account debtor who is an individual and who incurred the 5 obligation primarily for personal, family, or household purposes. This section does not apply to an assignment of a health-care-insurance 6 (i) 7 receivable. 8 [This section prevails over any inconsistent statute of this State.] 9 EXCEPT AS PROVIDED IN PARAGRAPH (2), THIS SECTION PREVAILS OVER ANY 10 INCONSISTENT STATUTE OF THIS STATE, UNLESS THE PROVISION IS CONTAINED IN 11 A STATUTE OF THIS STATE, REFERS EXPRESSLY TO THIS SECTION, AND STATES THAT 12 THE PROVISION PREVAILS OVER THIS SECTION. 13 (2) SUBSECTIONS (D) AND (F) DO NOT APPLY TO: 14 A CLAIM OR RIGHT TO RECEIVE AMOUNTS UNDER A WORKERS' (A) 15 COMPENSATION ACT AS COMPENSATION FOR AN ACCIDENTAL INJURY OR AN 16 OCCUPATIONAL DISEASE: 17 A CLAIM OR RIGHT TO RECEIVE AMOUNTS, WHETHER BY SUIT (B) 18 OR AGREEMENT AND WHETHER AS LUMP SUMS OR AS PERIODIC PAYMENTS, FOR 19 DAMAGES ARISING FROM PERSONAL INJURIES: AND 20 A CLAIM OR RIGHT TO RECEIVE BENEFITS FROM A SPECIAL 21 NEEDS TRUST DESCRIBED IN 42 U.S.C. § 1396P(D)(4), AS AMENDED FROM TIME TO 22 TIME. 23 9-408. 24 Except as otherwise provided in subsection (b), a term in a promissory note 25 or in an agreement between an account debtor and a debtor which relates to a 26 health-care-insurance receivable or a general intangible, including a contract, 27 permit, license, or franchise, and which term prohibits, restricts, or requires the 28 consent of the person obligated on the promissory note or the account debtor to, the 29 assignment or transfer of, or creation, attachment, or perfection of a security interest 30 in, the promissory note, health-care-insurance receivable, or general intangible, is 31 ineffective to the extent that the term: 32 Would impair the creation, attachment, or perfection of a security (1) 33 interest: or

Provides that the assignment or transfer or the creation, attachment,

35 or perfection of the security interest may give rise to a default, breach, right of 36 recoupment, claim, defense, termination, right of termination, or remedy under the

37 promissory note, health-care-insurance receivable, or general intangible.

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- 1 (b) Subsection (a) applies to a security interest in a payment intangible or 2 promissory note only if the security interest arises out of a sale of the payment 3 intangible or promissory note. 4 A rule of law, statute, or regulation that prohibits, restricts, or requires the 5 consent of a government, governmental body or official, person obligated on a 6 promissory note, or account debtor to the assignment or transfer of, or creation of a security interest in, a promissory note, health-care-insurance receivable, or general 8 intangible, including a contract, permit, license, or franchise between an account 9 debtor and a debtor, is ineffective to the extent that the rule of law, statute, or 10 regulation: 11 (1) Would impair the creation, attachment, or perfection of a security 12 interest; or 13 (2) Provides that the assignment or transfer or the creation, attachment, 14 or perfection of the security interest may give rise to a default, breach, right of 15 recoupment, claim, defense, termination, right of termination, or remedy under the 16 promissory note, health-care-insurance receivable, or general intangible. 17 (d) To the extent that a term in a promissory note or in an agreement between 18 an account debtor and a debtor which relates to a health-care-insurance receivable 19 or general intangible or a rule of law, statute, or regulation described in subsection (c) 20 would be effective under law other than this title but is ineffective under subsection 21 (a) or (c), the creation, attachment, or perfection of a security interest in the 22 promissory note, health-care-insurance receivable, or general intangible: 23 Is not enforceable against the person obligated on the promissory (1) 24 note or the account debtor; 25 (2) Does not impose a duty or obligation on the person obligated on the 26 promissory note or the account debtor; 27 Does not require the person obligated on the promissory note or the (3) 28 account debtor to recognize the security interest, pay or render performance to the
- secured party, or accept payment or performance from the secured party;
- Does not entitle the secured party to use or assign the debtor's rights 30 31 under the promissory note, health-care-insurance receivable, or general intangible,
- 32 including any related information or materials furnished to the debtor in the
- 33 transaction giving rise to the promissory note, health-care-insurance receivable, or
- 34 general intangible;
- 35 Does not entitle the secured party to use, assign, possess, or have
- 36 access to any trade secrets or confidential information of the person obligated on the
- 37 promissory note or the account debtor; and
- 38 (6) Does not entitle the secured party to enforce the security interest in
- 39 the promissory note, health-care-insurance receivable, or general intangible.

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- 1 (e) (1) This section prevails over any inconsistent statute of this State 2 EXCEPT AS PROVIDED IN PARAGRAPH (2). SUBSECTIONS (A) AND (C) DO NOT APPLY TO: 3 (2) 4 A CLAIM OR RIGHT TO RECEIVE AMOUNTS UNDER A WORKERS' (A) 5 COMPENSATION ACT AS COMPENSATION FOR AN ACCIDENTAL INJURY OR AN 6 OCCUPATIONAL DISEASE; 7 A CLAIM OR RIGHT TO RECEIVE AMOUNTS. WHETHER BY SUIT (B)
- 8 OR AGREEMENT AND WHETHER AS LUMP SUMS OR AS PERIODIC PAYMENTS, FOR
- 9 DAMAGES ARISING FROM PERSONAL INJURIES; AND
- 10 (C) A CLAIM OR RIGHT TO RECEIVE BENEFITS FROM A SPECIAL 11 NEEDS TRUST DESCRIBED IN 42 U.S.C. § 1396P(D)(4), AS AMENDED FROM TIME TO 12 TIME.
- 13 SECTION 2. AND BE IT FURTHER ENACTED, That this Act shall take effect 14 October 1, 2002.