Unofficial Copy M3 2002 Regular Session 2lr3014

By: Delegate Baldwin

Introduced and read first time: March 4, 2002 Assigned to: Rules and Executive Nominations

## A BILL ENTITLED

1	A TAT		•
1	AN	ACL	concerning
_			

## 2 Environment - Ambient Air Quality - Class I Areas

- 3 FOR the purpose of authorizing the Department of the Environment to represent the
- 4 State when assessing certain demonstrations submitted by a certain person
- 5 under a certain federal act alleging that emissions of a criteria pollutant from a
- 6 proposed major new source or a major modification of a source will have an
- 7 adverse impact on any specifically defined air quality-related value of certain
- 8 areas; requiring the Department to concur in demonstrations under certain
- 9 conditions; requiring a demonstration to be received and the Department to
- make a determination within a certain time; requiring the Department to
- provide certain written notice of determination; providing for an appeal of the
- 12 Department's determination; defining certain terms; and generally relating to
- certain demonstrations alleging that emissions of a criteria pollutant from a
- proposed major new source or a major modification of a source will have an
- 15 adverse impact in certain areas.
- 16 BY repealing and reenacting, with amendments,
- 17 Article Environment
- 18 Section 2-101
- 19 Annotated Code of Maryland
- 20 (1996 Replacement Volume and 2001 Supplement)
- 21 BY adding to
- 22 Article Environment
- 23 Section 2-407
- 24 Annotated Code of Maryland
- 25 (1996 Replacement Volume and 2001 Supplement)
- 26 SECTION 1. BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF
- 27 MARYLAND, That the Laws of Maryland read as follows:

1		Article - Environment
2	2-101.	
3	(a)	In this title the following words have the meanings indicated.
4 5	(b) substance that	"Air pollution" means the presence in the outdoor atmosphere of any t is present in such quantities and is of such duration that it:
6 7	property or to	(1) May be predicted with reasonable certainty to be injurious to human, plant, or animal life; or
8 9	others becaus	(2) Unreasonably interferes with the proper enjoyment of the property of e of the emission of odors, solids, vapors, liquids, or gases.
12	OF A CLAS WHICH TH	(1) "AIR QUALITY-RELATED VALUE" MEANS A FEATURE OR PROPERTY S I FEDERAL AREA THAT WAS FUNDAMENTAL TO THE PURPOSE FOR E AREA WAS ESTABLISHED OR DESIGNATED AND WHICH MAY BE BY AIR POLLUTION.
14 15		(2) "AIR QUALITY-RELATED VALUE" INCLUDES FLORA, FAUNA, FEATURES, AND CULTURAL RESOURCES.
	AN AREA (	EXCEPT AS OTHERWISE PROVIDED IN THIS TITLE, "CLASS I AREA" MEANS OF LAND THAT HAS BEEN DESIGNATED AS "CLASS I" UNDER SECTION 162 OF EAL CLEAN AIR ACT.
19	(E)	"Council" means the Air Quality Control Advisory Council.
20	[(d)]	(F) "Emergency" means:
21 22	immediate re	(1) A condition of such public gravity and urgency that it requires sponse; or
23 24	require immo	(2) A condition that is predicted to a reasonable degree of certainty to ediate action to carry out the provisions of this title.
25 26	[(e)] quantity, qua	(G) (1) "Emission standard" means a requirement that limits the lity, rate, or concentration of emissions from a source.
27 28	operation or	(2) "Emission standard" includes any requirement that relates to the maintenance of a source to assure continuous emission reduction.
29 30	[(f)] agency, bure	(H) "Person" includes any public or municipal corporation and any au, department, or instrumentality of federal, State, or local government.
31 32	[(g)] this State.	(I) "Political subdivision" means a county or municipal corporation of
33 34	[(h)] year, of any	(J) "Regulated emissions" means the actual rate of emissions, in tons per registered pollutant emitted by a source, to be calculated using criteria

## **HOUSE BILL 1423**

- 1 consistent with 40 CFR 70 (operating permit program), and subject to a limit of 4,000
- 2 tons per year of any single pollutant.
- 3 (K) "SCIENTIFICALLY RELIABLE EVIDENCE" MEANS EVIDENCE SHOWN BY A
- 4 METHODOLOGY THAT:
- 5 (1) IS GENERALLY ACCEPTED WITHIN THE RELEVANT SCIENTIFIC
- 6 COMMUNITY;
- 7 (2) HAS BEEN SUBJECTED TO PEER REVIEW AND PUBLICATION;
- 8 (3) IS CAPABLE OF AND HAS BEEN TESTED;
- 9 (4) IS SUBJECT TO ESTABLISHED CONTROL STANDARDS OF
- 10 PERFORMANCE; AND
- 11 (5) HAS A KNOWN OR POTENTIAL RATE OF ERROR THAT IS WITHIN A
- 12 RANGE ACCEPTABLE TO THE RELEVANT SCIENTIFIC COMMUNITY.
- 13 [(i)] (L) "Source" means any person or property that contributes to air
- 14 pollution.
- 15 2-407.
- 16 (A) THE DEPARTMENT MAY REPRESENT THE STATE AS PROVIDED IN THIS
- 17 SECTION WHEN ASSESSING DEMONSTRATIONS SUBMITTED BY A FEDERAL LAND
- 18 MANAGER UNDER SECTION 165(D)(2)(C)(II) OF THE FEDERAL CLEAN AIR ACT.
- 19 (B) WHEN A FEDERAL LAND MANAGER SENDS A WRITTEN DEMONSTRATION
- 20 TO THE DEPARTMENT UNDER THE AUTHORITY OF SECTION 165(D)(2)(C)(II) OF THE
- 21 FEDERAL CLEAN AIR ACT ALLEGING THAT EMISSIONS OF A CRITERIA POLLUTANT
- 22 FROM A PROPOSED MAJOR NEW SOURCE OR A MAJOR MODIFICATION OF A SOURCE
- 23 WILL HAVE AN ADVERSE IMPACT ON ANY SPECIFICALLY DEFINED AIR
- 24 QUALITY-RELATED VALUE OF A CLASS I AREA, THE DEPARTMENT SHALL CONCUR IN
- 25 THE DEMONSTRATION ONLY IF THE DEMONSTRATION ESTABLISHES THE
- 26 FOLLOWING BY A PREPONDERANCE OF THE EVIDENCE:
- 27 (1) FOR AN AREA THAT WAS DESIGNATED AS CLASS I UNDER SECTION
- 28 162 OF THE FEDERAL CLEAN AIR ACT, THAT EMISSIONS OF A SPECIFIC CRITERIA
- 29 POLLUTANT FROM THE PROPOSED NEW SOURCE OR MODIFICATION WILL RESULT IN
- 30 A SIGNIFICANT, ACTUAL ADVERSE IMPACT ON AN AIR QUALITY-RELATED VALUE
- 31 THAT WAS FUNDAMENTAL TO THE PURPOSE FOR WHICH THE AREA WAS
- 32 ESTABLISHED AND PRESERVED BY CONGRESS;
- 33 (2) FOR AN AREA THAT WAS REDESIGNATED AS CLASS I UNDER SECTION
- 34 164 OF THE FEDERAL CLEAN AIR ACT, THAT EMISSIONS OF A CRITERIA POLLUTANT
- 35 FROM THE PROPOSED NEW SOURCE OR MODIFICATION WILL RESULT IN A
- 36 SIGNIFICANT, ACTUAL ADVERSE IMPACT ON AN AIR QUALITY-RELATED VALUE THAT
- 37 WAS CONSIDERED AN IMPORTANT ATTRIBUTE IN THE DECISION TO REDESIGNATE
- 38 THE AREA AS CLASS I; OR

- 1 (3) THAT AN ADVERSE EFFECT OF ANY SPECIFIC POLLUTANT ON ANY
- 2 SPECIFIC AIR QUALITY-RELATED VALUE IS ESTABLISHED BY SCIENTIFICALLY
- 3 RELIABLE EVIDENCE THAT DEMONSTRATES THE ALLEGED ADVERSE EFFECT WILL
- 4 RESULT FROM CONCENTRATIONS THAT ARE LIKELY TO OCCUR AS A RESULT OF
- 5 EMISSIONS INTO THE AMBIENT AIR.
- 6 (C) TO BE CONSIDERED BY THE DEPARTMENT, A DEMONSTRATION UNDER
- 7 SUBSECTION (B) OF THIS SECTION MUST BE RECEIVED BY THE DEPARTMENT NO
- 8 LATER THAN 30 DAYS AFTER THE MAILING OF WRITTEN NOTICE TO THE FEDERAL
- $9\,$  LAND MANAGER OF ANY PERMIT APPLICATION FOR A PROPOSED MAJOR SOURCE OR
- 10 MAJOR MODIFICATION.
- 11 (D) (1) THE DEPARTMENT SHALL DETERMINE WITHIN 30 DAYS OF RECEIPT
- 12 OF A DEMONSTRATION MADE UNDER SUBSECTION (B) OF THIS SECTION WHETHER
- 13 THE DEMONSTRATION MEETS THE REQUIREMENTS OF THAT SUBSECTION.
- 14 (2) THE DEPARTMENT SHALL NOTIFY THE FEDERAL LAND MANAGER
- 15 AND THE OWNER OR OPERATOR OF THE PROPOSED NEW MAJOR STATIONARY
- 16 SOURCE OR MODIFICATION WITHIN 10 DAYS, IN WRITING, OF THE DETERMINATION
- 17 MADE UNDER PARAGRAPH (1) OF THIS SUBSECTION.
- 18 (E) IF THE DEPARTMENT DETERMINES THAT THE PROPOSED NEW MAJOR
- 19 SOURCE OR MAJOR MODIFICATION WILL HAVE A SIGNIFICANT ADVERSE IMPACT ON
- 20 AN AIR QUALITY-RELATED VALUE, THE DEPARTMENT MAY NOT ISSUE A PERMIT
- 21 UNLESS THE OWNER OR OPERATOR OF THE PROPOSED NEW MAJOR SOURCE OR
- 22 MODIFICATION DEMONSTRATES TO THE DEPARTMENT THAT IT HAS MITIGATED
- 23 THAT ADVERSE IMPACT BY OBTAINING ENFORCEABLE AND PERMANENT EMISSIONS
- 24 REDUCTIONS TO OFFSET THE ADVERSE IMPACT.
- 25 (F) THE OWNER OR OPERATOR OF THE PROPOSED NEW MAJOR SOURCE OR
- 26 MAJOR MODIFICATION:
- 27 (1) HAS THE BURDEN OF ESTABLISHING THE SUFFICIENCY OF THE
- 28 MITIGATION UNDER SUBSECTION (E) OF THIS SECTION BY RELIABLE SCIENTIFIC
- 29 EVIDENCE; AND
- 30 (2) MAY APPEAL THE DEPARTMENT'S DETERMINATION UNDER THE
- 31 PROVISIONS OF § 2-607 OF THIS ARTICLE.
- 32 SECTION 2. AND BE IT FURTHER ENACTED, That this Act shall take effect
- 33 October 1, 2002.