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By: Senators Hoffman, Blount, Colburn, Forehand, Green, Kittleman,
Lawlah, Mooney, Munson, Pinsky, Roesser, Ruben, Teitelbaum, and Van
Hollen

Introduced and read first time: February 1, 2002

Assigned to: Judicial Proceedings

Committee Report: Favorable with amendments

Senate action: Adopted

Read second time: March 13, 2002

CHAPTER____

1 AN ACT concerning

2 Children in Need of Assistance - Drug-Addicted Babies - Modifications

- 3 FOR the purpose of modifying a certain presumption that a child is not receiving
- 4 ordinary and proper care and attention within the definition of "child in need of
- 5 assistance" (CINA) to apply to a child that is born exposed to certain dangerous
- 6 substances as evidenced by certain blood or other appropriate tests of the
- 7 mother or the child and to include a mother that refuses the recommended level
- 8 of drug treatment; altering certain conditions regarding the termination of
- 9 parental rights for certain children to apply to a child that is born exposed to
- 10 certain dangerous substances as evidenced by certain blood or other appropriate
- tests of the mother or the child and to apply to a natural parent that refuses the
- 12 recommended level of drug treatment; expanding the conditions which require a
- 13 CINA petition to be filed in certain intervention systems developed in certain
- 14 counties to include a mother that refuses the recommended level of drug
- 15 treatment; expanding the circumstances under which a local department of
- social services is authorized to take certain action to include a mother that
- 17 refuses the recommended level of drug treatment within a certain time period;
- and generally relating to children exposed to certain dangerous substances and
- a certain presumption, the termination of parental rights, and certain
- 20 intervention systems in certain counties.
- 21 BY repealing and reenacting, with amendments,
- 22 Article Courts and Judicial Proceedings
- 23 Section 3-818
- 24 Annotated Code of Maryland

1	(1998 Replacement Volume and 2001 Supplement)						
2 3 4 5 6	Section 5-313(d), 5-706.3, and 5-710 Annotated Code of Maryland						
7 8	SECTION 1. BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF MARYLAND, That the Laws of Maryland read as follows:						
9	Article - Courts and Judicial Proceedings						
10	3-818.						
	Within 1 year after a child's birth, there is a presumption that a child is not receiving proper care and attention from the mother for purposes of § 3-801(f)(2) of this subtitle if:						
14 15	(1) $\{(i)\}$ The child was born [addicted to or dependent on] EXPOSED TO cocaine, heroin, or a derivative of cocaine or heroin[; or						
18	(ii) The child was born with a significant presence of cocaine, heroin, or a derivative of cocaine or heroin in the child's blood] as evidenced by A toxicology SCREEN OF THE BLOOD OF THE MOTHER OR CHILD or other ANY appropriate tests OF THE MOTHER OR CHILD; OR						
	(II) UPON ADMISSION TO A HOSPITAL FOR DELIVERY OF THE CHILD, THE MOTHER TESTED POSITIVE FOR COCAINE, HEROIN, OR A DERIVATIVE OF COCAINE OR HEROIN AS EVIDENCED BY ANY APPROPRIATE TOXICOLOGY TEST; and						
	(2) Drug treatment is made available to the mother and the mother refuses THE RECOMMENDED LEVEL OF DRUG TREATMENT, or does not successfully complete the RECOMMENDED LEVEL OF drug treatment.						
26	Article - Family Law						
27	5-313.						
30 31	(d) (1) In determining whether it is in the best interest of the child to terminate a natural parent's rights as to the child in a case involving a child who has been adjudicated to be a child in need of assistance, a neglected child, an abused child, or a dependent child, the court shall consider the factors in subsection (c) of this section and whether any of the following continuing or serious conditions or acts exist:						
	(i) the natural parent has a disability that renders the natural parent consistently unable to care for the immediate and ongoing physical or psychological needs of the child for long periods of time;						

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1 2	(ii) toward any child in the famil		ural parent has committed acts of abuse or neglect
5		ter, and ed	ural parent has failed repeatedly to give the child lucation or any other care or control necessary tional health, even though the natural parent
7	(iv)	1.	the child was born[:
8 9	or a derivative thereof [; or	A.	addicted to or dependent on] EXPOSED TO cocaine, heroin,
12	derivative thereof in the chil		with a significant presence of cocaine, heroin, or a as evidenced by A toxicology SCREEN OF THE LD or other ANY appropriate tests OF THE MOTHER
	CHILD, THE MOTHER TE		UPON ADMISSION TO A HOSPITAL FOR DELIVERY OF THE DSITIVE FOR COCAINE, HEROIN, OR A DERIVATIVE OF NCED BY ANY APPROPRIATE TOXICOLOGY TEST; and
19			the natural parent refuses [admission into a drug ENDED LEVEL OF DRUG TREATMENT, or [failed] RECOMMENDED LEVEL OF drug treatment
21	(v)	the nati	ural parent has:
22		1.	subjected the child to:
23		A.	torture, chronic abuse, or sexual abuse; or
24		B.	chronic and life-threatening neglect;
25		2.	been convicted:
28	§ 643B of the Code, against		in this State of a crime of violence, as defined in Article 27, the other natural parent of the child, another on who resides in the household of the natural
32 33	that would be a crime of vio committed in this State again	nst the chi	in any state or in any court of the United States of a crime defined in Article 27, § 643B of the Code, if ld, the other natural parent of the child, any person who resides in the household of the
35 36	crime described in item A or	C.	of aiding or abetting, conspiring, or soliciting to commit a

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1	3. involuntarily lost parental rights of a sibling of the c							
	(2) If a natural parent does not provide specified medical treatment for a child because the natural parent is legitimately practicing religious beliefs, that reason alone does not make the natural parent a negligent parent.							
7 8 9	(3) The court shall consider the evidence under paragraph (1)(i) through (iv) of this subsection regarding continuing or serious conditions or acts and may waive the child placement agency's obligations under subsection (c) of this section if the court, after appropriate evaluation of efforts made and services rendered, finds by clear and convincing evidence that the waiver of those obligations is in the best interest of the child.							
	(4) The court shall waive the child placement agency's obligations under subsection (c) of this section if the court finds that one of the circumstances or acts enumerated in paragraph (1)(v) of this subsection exists.							
16	(5) If the court finds that any of the circumstances or acts enumerated in paragraph (1)(v) of this subsection exists, the court shall make a specific finding, based on facts in the record, as to whether or not the return of the child to the custody of the natural parent poses an unacceptable risk to the future safety of the child.							
18	5-706.3.							
	19 (a) The Department of Human Resources, in cooperation with the Department 20 of Health and Mental Hygiene, shall develop intervention systems in at least four counties designated by the Secretary of Human Resources that:							
22 23	(1) include drug treatment for a mother of a child who is born drug exposed and supportive services for the family of the child; and							
24	(2) serve 300 families.							
25	(b) An intervention shall be initiated when:							
26	(1) a child is born drug exposed; and							
27 28	(2) medical personnel have determined that the child is at a high risk of abuse or neglect.							
	9 (c) Subject to the provisions of subsections (a) and (b) of this section, the local 0 department of social services and the Department of Health and Mental Hygiene 1 shall assist the mother of a child who is born drug exposed in:							
32	(1) obtaining drug treatment; and							
33	(2) providing supportive services to maintain family unity.							
34 35	(d) A CINA petition shall be filed on behalf of a child who is born drug exposed, if:							

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1 2	(1) or does not successfu		ner refuses THE RECOMMENDED LEVEL OF drug treatment, ete THE RECOMMENDED LEVEL OF drug treatment;				
3	(2)	the moth	ner is unable to provide adequate care for the child; and				
4	(3)	the fathe	er is unable to provide adequate care for the child.				
5	5-710.						
8 9	(a) Based on its findings and treatment plan, the local department shall render the appropriate services in the best interests of the child, including, when indicated, petitioning the juvenile court on behalf of the child for appropriate relief, including the added protection to the child that either commitment or custody would provide.						
	(b) (1) practitioner of suspective stigation, the local contraction in	cted negle	y after receiving a report from a hospital or health ect related to drug abuse and conducting an appropriate ment may:				
14 15	under Title 3, Subtitl	(i) e 8 of the	file a petition alleging that the child is in need of assistance Courts Article; and				
16		(ii)	offer the mother admission into a drug treatment program.				
19	(2) The local department may initiate a judicial proceeding to terminate a mother's parental rights, if the local department offers the mother admission into a drug treatment program under this subsection within 90 days after the birth of the child and the mother:						
21 22	within 45 days after	(i) the offer i	does not accept admission to the program or its equivalent is made; [or]				
23 24	TREATMENT WIT	(ii) HIN 45 D	DOES NOT ACCEPT THE RECOMMENDED LEVEL OF DRUG DAYS AFTER THE OFFER IS MADE; OR				
25		(III)	fails to fully participate in the program or its equivalent.				
28 29	If a report has been made to the State's Attorney's office under § 5-706(i) of this subtitle and the State's Attorney's office is not satisfied with the recommendation of the local department, the State's Attorney's office may petition the court, at the time of the report by the representative, to remove the child, if the State's Attorney concludes that the child is in serious physical danger and that an emergency exists.						
31 32	SECTION 2. AN October 1, 2002.	ID BE IT	FURTHER ENACTED, That this Act shall take effect				