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By: **Senators Van Hollen, Conway, and Frosh** Introduced and read first time: February 1, 2002 Assigned to: Education, Health, and Environmental Affairs

Committee Report: Favorable Senate action: Adopted Read second time: March 6, 2002

CHAPTER_____

1 AN ACT concerning

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Maryland Water Conservation Act

3 FOR the purpose of requiring certain public water systems and sewage treatment

- 4 plants to include a description of certain water conservation practices when
- 5 applying for a new or expanded water appropriation or wastewater discharge
- 6 permit; requiring the Department of the Environment to consider certain
- 7 matters in reviewing and approving certain water appropriation or wastewater

8 discharge permit applications; requiring the Department to issue guidelines on

9 certain water conservation practices by a certain date; specifying a certain State

10 policy; defining certain terms; and generally relating to water conservation

11 practices of public water systems and sewage treatment plants.

- 12 BY adding to
- 13 Article Environment
- Section 5-5B-01 through 5-5B-05, inclusive, to be under the new subtitle
 "Subtitle 5B. Maryland Water Conservation"
- 16 Annotated Code of Maryland
- 17 (1996 Replacement Volume and 2001 Supplement)
- 18

Preamble

19 WHEREAS, Greater efficiency in water use and conservation can reduce the

20 financial costs associated with treatment, storage, and transmission of water and

21 wastewater necessary for Maryland's growing population, thus making better use of

22 the limited financial resources available for such improvements; and

WHEREAS, Data compiled by the State and published by the United States Environmental Protection Agency show that in the next 20 years, more than

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1 \$2,000,000,000 will have to be invested by public water systems, wastewater

2 treatment plants, and State agencies in order to accommodate growth and to improve

3 the quality of drinking water and the treatment, storage, and transmission of

4 wastewater; and

5 WHEREAS, Improvements in efficient use of water and overall water 6 conservation measures will limit negative environmental impacts on Maryland's 7 aquatic resources, which are associated with withdrawing surface water and 8 groundwater and discharging wastewater; and

WHEREAS, More efficient use of limited financial resources available for
improving wastewater treatment will accelerate achievement of water quality goals,
including the goals of the Chesapeake Bay Agreements; now, therefore,

12 SECTION 1. BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF 13 MARYLAND, That the Laws of Maryland read as follows:

14

Article - Environment

15 SUBTITLE 5B. MARYLAND WATER CONSERVATION.

16 5-5B-01.

17 (A) IN THIS SUBTITLE THE FOLLOWING WORDS HAVE THE MEANINGS18 INDICATED.

19(B)"PUBLIC WATER SYSTEM" HAS THE MEANING STATED IN § 9-401 OF THIS20ARTICLE AND IS A WATER SYSTEM LOCATED IN THE STATE.

(C) "SEWAGE TREATMENT PLANT" MEANS ANY PUBLICLY OR PRIVATELY
 OWNED FACILITY CONSTRUCTED TO RECEIVE AND TREAT HUMAN SEWAGE THAT IS
 SUBJECT TO A STATE DISCHARGE PERMIT AND DISCHARGES AT LEAST 1,000,000
 GALLONS PER DAY.

(D) "NATIONAL POLLUTANT DISCHARGE ELIMINATION SYSTEM" HAS THE
MEANING STATED IN § 9-101 OF THIS ARTICLE AND IS A POLLUTANT DISCHARGE
SYSTEM LOCATED IN THE STATE.

28 (E) "WATER CONSERVATION" MEANS THE USE OF PRACTICES, TECHNIQUES, 29 AND TECHNOLOGIES THAT:

30 (1) REDUCE THE CONSUMPTION, LOSS, OR WASTE OF WATER;

31 (2) IMPROVE EFFICIENCY IN THE USE OF WATER; OR

32 (3) MAKE MORE EFFICIENT USE OF WATER OR WASTEWATER33 TREATMENT INFRASTRUCTURE.

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1 5-5B-02.

2 THIS SUBTITLE APPLIES TO PUBLIC WATER SYSTEMS SERVING AT LEAST 10,000
3 INDIVIDUALS AND SEWAGE TREATMENT PLANTS DISCHARGING AT LEAST 1,000,000
4 GALLONS PER DAY THAT:

5 (1) APPLY FOR A NEW, RENEWED, OR AMENDED WATER APPROPRIATION;

6 (2) DO NOT HAVE AN APPROPRIATION PERMIT;

7 (3) APPLY FOR A NEW OR AMENDED NATIONAL POLLUTANT DISCHARGE 8 ELIMINATION SYSTEM (NPDES) PERMIT; OR

9 (4) APPLY FOR STATE FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE INCLUDING THE 10 MARYLAND WATER QUALITY REVOLVING LOAN FUND AS PROVIDED IN § 9-1605 OF 11 THIS ARTICLE AND ANY OTHER STATE FUNDING SOURCE.

12 5-5B-03.

13 IT IS THE POLICY OF THE STATE OF MARYLAND TO:

14 (1) ENCOURAGE INVESTMENT IN COST-EFFECTIVE MEASURES THAT
15 IMPROVE THE EFFICIENCY WITH WHICH WATER AND WASTEWATER ARE USED,
16 TREATED, STORED, AND TRANSMITTED IN THE STATE;

17 (2) REDUCE COSTS ASSOCIATED WITH TREATING, STORING, AND 18 TRANSMITTING WATER AND WASTEWATER; AND

19(3)PROTECT THE STATE'S NATURAL RESOURCES, INCLUDING THE FISH20AND WILDLIFE OF THE POTOMAC RIVER, THE CHESAPEAKE BAY, AND ALL OTHER21WATERS AND WATERWAYS OF THE STATE.

22 5-5B-04.

(A) WHEN APPLYING FOR A NEW OR EXPANDED WATER APPROPRIATION OR
WASTEWATER DISCHARGE PERMIT, OR STATE FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE, PUBLIC
WATER SYSTEMS AND SEWAGE TREATMENT PLANTS SHALL INCLUDE A
DESCRIPTION OF BEST MANAGEMENT PRACTICES CURRENTLY IN USE, OR TO BE
IMPLEMENTED, FOR IMPROVING WATER CONSERVATION AND THE EFFICIENCY WITH
WHICH WATER OR WASTEWATER IS USED, TREATED, STORED, AND TRANSMITTED.
THE APPLICATION SHALL ALSO INCLUDE A SCHEDULE FOR THE IMPLEMENTATION
OF BEST MANAGEMENT PRACTICES.

31 (B) BEST MANAGEMENT PRACTICES MAY INCLUDE THE FOLLOWING:

(1) PRACTICES DESIGNED TO MEASURE THE AMOUNT OF WATER
 33 CONVEYED THROUGH THE SYSTEM'S INFRASTRUCTURE TO WATER USERS, SUCH AS
 34 UNIVERSAL METERING;

35 (2) AUDITS OF LARGE-VOLUME USERS;

1		SENATE BILL 549
1 2	(3) NONRESIDENTIAL	REUSE AND RECYCLING OF WATER FOR NONPOTABLE, APPLICATIONS;
3	(4)	MANAGEMENT OF SYSTEM PRESSURE TO REDUCE USAGE;
4	(5)	RETROFIT PROGRAMS;
5	(6)	EFFICIENCY IN LANDSCAPE DESIGN AND IRRIGATION TECHNIQUES;
6	(7)	WASTEWATER RECLAMATION AND RECYCLING PROGRAMS;
7	(8)	FIXTURE REPLACEMENT PROGRAMS;
8 9	(9) IMPROVED EFFICII	WATER AND WASTEWATER PRICING STRUCTURES THAT ENCOURAGE ENCY;
10	(10)	REBATES AND OTHER FINANCIAL INCENTIVES;
11 12		AN EDUCATION PROGRAM FOR USERS DESIGNED TO PROMOTE IENCY AND CONSERVATION; AND
13	()	PROMOTION OR ADOPTION OF LOCAL WATER-USE ORDINANCES

14 THAT ENCOURAGE WATER CONSERVATION.

15 5-5B-05.

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16 (A) IN REVIEWING REQUESTS FOR NEW, RENEWED, OR EXPANDED WATER
17 APPROPRIATION OR WASTEWATER DISCHARGE PERMITS BY PUBLIC WATER SYSTEMS
18 OR SEWAGE TREATMENT PLANTS, AS DEFINED BY THIS SUBTITLE, THE DEPARTMENT
19 SHALL CONSIDER EXISTING LOCAL INITIATIVES AND VOLUNTARY EFFORTS AND
20 BEST MANAGEMENT PRACTICES SET FORTH FOR IMPLEMENTATION WITHIN A
21 PERMIT APPLICATION.

(B) IN REVIEWING AND PRIORITIZING REQUESTS BY PUBLIC WATER SYSTEMS
OR SEWAGE TREATMENT PLANTS, AS DEFINED BY THIS SUBTITLE, FOR STATE
FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE THROUGH THE MARYLAND WATER QUALITY REVOLVING
LOAN FUND UNDER § 9-1605 OF THIS ARTICLE AND OTHER STATE FUNDING
SOURCES, THE DEPARTMENT SHALL CONSIDER LOCAL INITIATIVES AND VOLUNTARY
EFFORTS, AND THE BEST MANAGEMENT PRACTICES SET FORTH FOR
IMPLEMENTATION WITHIN A FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE APPLICATION.

(C) ON OR BEFORE OCTOBER 1, 2003, THE DEPARTMENT SHALL ISSUE
GUIDELINES TO PUBLIC WATER SYSTEMS AND SEWAGE TREATMENT PLANTS ON
BEST MANAGEMENT PRACTICES FOR IMPROVING WATER CONSERVATION AND
EFFICIENCY IN WATER AND WASTEWATER USE, TREATMENT, STORAGE, AND
TRANSMISSION, INCLUDING:

(1) COSTS AND COST-SAVINGS ASSOCIATED WITH IMPLEMENTING
 35 EXAMPLES OF SPECIFIC BEST MANAGEMENT PRACTICES;

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1 (2) WATER CONSERVATION ASSOCIATED WITH IMPLEMENTING 2 SPECIFIC BEST MANAGEMENT PRACTICES; AND

3 (3) PRIORITY ELIGIBILITY FOR FUNDING THROUGH STATE FINANCIAL
4 RESOURCES FOR DRINKING WATER AND WASTEWATER TREATMENT IMPROVEMENTS
5 INCLUDING THE MARYLAND WATER QUALITY REVOLVING LOAN FUND UNDER §
6 9-1605 OF THIS ARTICLE AND OTHER STATE OR FEDERAL FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE
7 WHEN BEST MANAGEMENT PRACTICES ARE IMPLEMENTED.

8 SECTION 2. AND BE IT FURTHER ENACTED, That this Act shall take 9 effect October 1, 2002.