Unofficial Copy R3 2003 Regular Session 3lr0729

Dru Delegates Manhaim Hutahing Februard Coldwaton Lee Madelane

By: Delegates Morhaim, Hutchins, Eckardt, Goldwater, Lee, Madaleno, Nathan-Pulliam, O'Donnell, Owings, Petzold, and Zirkin

Introduced and read first time: January 29, 2003

Assigned to: Judiciary

A BILL ENTITLED

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- 2 Drunk and Drugged Driving Evidence Certified Statement by Qualified Medical Person
- 4 FOR the purpose of providing for the admissibility in evidence of a certified statement
- by a qualified medical person, who obtained blood from a defendant charged
- 6 with certain alcohol- or drug-related driving offenses, without the presence or
- 7 testimony of the person under certain circumstances; providing for certain
- 8 exceptions; clarifying that certain evidentiary provisions do not preclude a
- 9 defendant from requesting a subpoena for a certain qualified medical person or
- introducing certain other evidence; and generally relating to altering certain
- evidentiary provisions concerning the admissibility of a certain certified
- statement by a qualified medical person under certain circumstances.
- 13 BY repealing and reenacting, without amendments,
- 14 Article Courts and Judicial Proceedings
- 15 Section 10-304(a)(1) and (2)
- 16 Annotated Code of Maryland
- 17 (2002 Replacement Volume)
- 18 BY repealing and reenacting, with amendments,
- 19 Article Courts and Judicial Proceedings
- 20 Section 10-304(c)(1)
- 21 Annotated Code of Maryland
- 22 (2002 Replacement Volume)
- 23 BY adding to
- 24 Article Courts and Judicial Proceedings
- 25 Section 10-304(g)
- 26 Annotated Code of Maryland
- 27 (2002 Replacement Volume)

1 2	SECTION 1. BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF MARYLAND, That the Laws of Maryland read as follows:			
3	Article - Courts and Judicial Proceedings			
4	10-304.			
5	(a) (1) In this section the following words have the meanings indicated.			
6 7	(2) "Qualified medical person" means any person permitted by law to withdraw blood from humans.			
	(c) (1) (i) The blood shall be obtained by a qualified medical person using equipment approved by the toxicologist under the Postmortem Examiners Commission acting at the request of a police officer.			
11 12	(ii) A certified statement by the qualified medical person who obtained the blood [shall]:			
15 16	1. SHALL be prima facie evidence of that person's qualifications and that the blood was obtained in compliance with this section, UNLESS THE DEFENDANT ESTABLISHES BY A PREPONDERANCE OF THE EVIDENCE THAT THE PERSON WAS NOT A QUALIFIED MEDICAL PERSON OR THAT THE BLOOD WAS NOT OBTAINED IN COMPLIANCE WITH THIS SECTION[.]; AND			
18 19	[(iii) 1. A certified statement that complies with the requirements of this paragraph is]			
20 21	2. IS admissible as substantive evidence without the presence or testimony of the qualified medical person who obtained the blood.			
24 25	[2.] (III) If the State decides to offer the certified statement without the testimony of the qualified medical person, the State shall, at least 30 days before trial, notify the defendant or the defendant's attorney in writing of the State's intention and deliver to the defendant or the defendant's attorney a copy of the certified statement to be offered.			
29	[3.] (IV) If the District Court is deprived of jurisdiction under circumstances in which a defendant is entitled to and demands a jury trial, or appeals from the District Court to a circuit court, the State is not required to file a second notice.			
	[(iv) 1. If the defendant desires the qualified medical person to be present and testify at trial, the defendant shall notify the court and the State in writing no later than 20 days before trial.			
36	2. If the District Court is deprived of jurisdiction under circumstances in which a defendant is entitled to and demands a jury trial, or appeals from the District Court to a circuit court, the defendant shall notify the circuit court and the State in writing no later than 20 days before trial.			

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- 1 [3.] (V) [If the timely and proper notice required under this
- 2 subparagraph is provided by the defendant] IF THE STATE DOES NOT COMPLY WITH
- 3 THE PROVISIONS OF ITEM (III) OF THIS PARAGRAPH, the certified statement is
- 4 inadmissible without the testimony of the qualified medical person.
- 5 [4. Failure to give the timely and proper notice constitutes a
- 6 waiver of the defendant's right to the presence and testimony of the qualified medical
- 7 person.]
- 8 (G) NOTHING IN THIS SECTION PRECLUDES A DEFENDANT FROM
- 9 REQUESTING A SUBPOENA FOR A QUALIFIED MEDICAL PERSON WHO WITHDREW
- 10 BLOOD FROM THE DEFENDANT OR INTRODUCING ANY OTHER COMPETENT
- 11 EVIDENCE BEARING ON AN ISSUE AT TRIAL.
- 12 SECTION 2. AND BE IT FURTHER ENACTED, That this Act shall take
- 13 effect October 1, 2003.