By: Delegates Mandel, Barkley, Boschert, Bronrott, V. Clagett, Doory, Dumais, Eckardt, Feldman, Franchot, Gutierrez, Heller, Jones, Kach, Kaiser, King, Madaleno, Marriott, McIntosh, McKee, Menes, Moe, Murray, Nathan-Pulliam, Niemann, Patterson, Pendergrass, Petzold, Rosenberg, Rudolph, and Simmons

Introduced and read first time: February 5, 2003
Assigned to: Judiciary

## A BILL ENTITLED

## Election of Circuit Court Judges - Nonpartisan Elections

FOR the purpose of establishing a method of electing judges to the circuit court on a nonpartisan basis, without regard to political party affiliation; establishing a primary election for candidates for nomination for a circuit court judgeship to be administered in a certain manner; authorizing any registered voter, with or without any political party affiliation, to participate in such a primary; prohibiting candidates from appearing on primary ballots under certain circumstances; establishing that a candidate for a circuit court judgeship may not be nominated by petition; and generally relating to the nonpartisan nomination and election of circuit court judges.

BY repealing and reenacting, without amendments,
Article - Election Law
Section 5-203 and 5-301(a)
Annotated Code of Maryland
(2003 Volume)
BY repealing and reenacting, with amendments,
Article - Election Law
Section 5-703(a), 5-706, and 9-210(a)
Annotated Code of Maryland
(2003 Volume)
BY adding to
Article - Election Law
Section 8-901 through 8-905, inclusive, to be under the new subtitle "Subtitle 9. Elections of Circuit Court Judges"
Annotated Code of Maryland
(2003 Volume)

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5 5-203.

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10 party, an individual may not be a candidate for: (i) an office of that political party; or

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13 by that political party.
14 (b) The requirements for party affiliation specified under subsection (a) of this 15 section do not apply to a candidate for:

| 16 | (1) | a judicial office; or |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 17 | (2) | a county board of education. |

18 5-301.
19 (a) An individual may become a candidate for a public or party office only if:
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21 subtitle; and (1) The individual files a certificate of candidacy in accordance with this
20
(a) An individual may become a candidate for a public or party office only if:
(1) $\quad$ The individual files a certificate of candidacy in accordance with this
title; and

21 subtitle; and
22
235 of this title.
24 5-703.
25 (a) Except for a candidate for CIRCUIT COURT JUDGE OR a county board of
26 education, this section applies to any candidate for public office subject to this title.
27 5-706.
(a) This section does not apply to:

## Article - Election Law

(a) (1) This subsection does not apply to a candidate for:
(i) President or Vice President of the United States; or
(ii) any federal office who seeks nomination by petition.
(2) Unless the individual is a registered voter affiliated with the political (ii) except as provided in subsection (b) of this section, nomination
(2) The individual does not file a certificate of withdrawal under Subtitle of this title. 29
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(1) [a candidate for the office of judge of the circuit court;

1 (2)] a candidate selected by a political party to fill a vacancy in
2 nomination under Subtitle 9 or Subtitle 10 of this title; or
[(3)] (2) a candidate defeated in a presidential preference primary.
4 (b) The name of a candidate who is defeated for the nomination for a public 5 office may not appear on the ballot at the next succeeding general election as a 6 candidate for any office.

8 8-901.
9 EXCEPT AS OTHERWISE PROVIDED IN THIS SUBTITLE, THE PROVISIONS OF THIS 10 ARTICLE RELATING TO THE NOMINATION AND ELECTION OF CANDIDATES TO PUBLIC 1 OFFICE SHALL GOVERN THE NOMINATION AND ELECTION OF JUDGES OF THE 2 CIRCUIT COURTS.

3 8-902.
14 (A) (1) JUDGES OF THE CIRCUIT COURTS SHALL BE ELECTED ON A 15 NONPARTISAN BASIS.
(2) IN A PRIMARY ELECTION TO NOMINATE CIRCUIT COURT JUDGE 17 CANDIDATES, ANY REGISTERED VOTER OF THE COUNTY, REGARDLESS OF PARTY 8 AFFILIATION OR LACK OF PARTY AFFILIATION, IS ELIGIBLE TO VOTE IN THOSE 19 CONTESTS FOR NOMINATION FOR THE NUMBER OF CANDIDATES FOR WHICH THERE 20 ARE OFFICES TO BE FILLED.
(1) FILE CERTIFICATES OF CANDIDACY;
(2) BE CERTIFIED TO THE BALLOT;

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(3) APPEAR ON THE BALLOT;
(4) BE VOTED ON; AND

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(5) BE NOMINATED AND ELECTED.

28 8-903.
29 (A) (1) EXCEPT AS PROVIDED IN PARAGRAPH (2) OF THIS SUBSECTION, IN 30 EACH YEAR THAT ONE OR MORE JUDGES ARE TO BE ELECTED TO THE CIRCUIT 31 COURT FOR A COUNTY, CANDIDATES SHALL BE NOMINATED AT THE PRIMARY 32 ELECTION.

33 (2) IF AFTER THE DEADLINE FOR WITHDRAWAL AS PROVIDED IN § 5-503
34 OF THIS ARTICLE, THE NUMBER OF CANDIDATES HAVING FILED CERTIFICATES OF

1 CANDIDACY IN ANY CONTEST DOES NOT EXCEED TWICE THE NUMBER OF OFFICES
2 TO BE FILLED, A CERTIFICATE OF NOMINATION SHALL BE ISSUED TO EACH 3 CANDIDATE. THE NAMES OF THE CANDIDATES AND THE OFFICE SHALL BE OBVIOUS 4 FROM THE PRIMARY BALLOT.

5 (B) (1) IF A CANDIDATE DIES OR BECOMES DISQUALIFIED BEFORE THE 6 BALLOTS ARE PRINTED, OR AT A TIME WHEN THE BALLOTS CAN BE REPRINTED, THE 7 NAME OF THE CANDIDATE MAY NOT APPEAR ON THE BALLOT.
(2) IF A CANDIDATE DIES OR BECOMES DISQUALIFIED AFTER THE 9 BALLOTS ARE PRINTED AND TOO LATE FOR THE BALLOT TO BE REPRINTED, ANY 10 VOTES CAST FOR THAT CANDIDATE MAY NOT BE COUNTED.

[^0](2) IF TWO OR MORE CANDIDATES EACH RECEIVE THE LOWEST NUMBER OF VOTES NECESSARY TO QUALIFY FOR NOMINATION, CREATING A TIE FOR THE LAST NOMINATION FOR THE OFFICE TO BE FILLED, EACH SHALL BE A NOMINATED CANDIDATE.

8 8-904.
(A) AFTER THE PRIMARY ELECTION BUT BEFORE THE GENERAL ELECTION, IF A NOMINEE DIES, DECLINES THE NOMINATION, OR BECOMES DISQUALIFIED BEFORE 1 THE BALLOTS ARE PRINTED OR AT A TIME WHEN THE BALLOTS CAN BE REPRINTED, 22 THE NAME OF THE NOMINEE MAY NOT APPEAR ON THE BALLOT.

3 (B) IF A NOMINEE DIES, DECLINES THE NOMINATION, OR IS DISQUALIFIED 4 AFTER THE BALLOTS ARE PRINTED AND TOO LATE FOR THE BALLOT TO BE 5 REPRINTED, AND IF THAT NOMINEE RECEIVES SUFFICIENT VOTES TO HAVE BEEN 6 ELECTED, THE OFFICE SHALL BE DEEMED VACANT AND SHALL BE FILLED AS IF THE VACANCY HAD OCCURRED DURING THE TERM OF OFFICE.

8-905.
(A) IN A GENERAL ELECTION FOR JUDGE OF THE CIRCUIT COURT FOR A COUNTY, A VOTER MAY VOTE FOR A NUMBER OF NOMINEES EQUAL TO THE NUMBER OF JUDGES TO BE ELECTED IN THAT COUNTY'S ELECTION.
(B) (1) THE NOMINEES, EQUAL IN NUMBER TO THE NUMBER OF OFFICES TO BE FILLED, WHO RECEIVE THE LARGEST NUMBER OF VOTES IN THE GENERAL ELECTION SHALL BE DECLARED ELECTED.
(2) (I) IF TWO OR MORE NOMINEES EACH RECEIVE THE LOWEST 36 NUMBER OF VOTES NECESSARY TO QUALIFY FOR ELECTION, CREATING A TIE FOR 37 THE LAST OFFICE TO BE FILLED, THE OFFICE SHALL BE CONSIDERED VACANT.

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2 PARAGRAPH SHALL BE FILLED:

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4 OFFICE FOR WHICH THE ELECTION IS BEING HELD; AND

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6 IN THE GENERAL ELECTION.

7 9-210.
8 (a) The offices to be voted on shall be arranged on the ballot in the following 9 order, as applicable:

| 10 | (1) public offices for which voters of the entire State may vote, in the |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 11 following order: |  | (i) President of the United States, or President and Vice President

19 October 1, 2003.


[^0]:    (C) (1) THE CANDIDATES, EQUAL IN NUMBER TO TWICE THE NUMBER OF OFFICES TO BE FILLED, WHO RECEIVE THE LARGEST NUMBER OF VOTES IN THE PRIMARY ELECTION SHALL BE THE NOMINATED CANDIDATES.

