By: Delegates Petzold, Amedori, Dumais, Eckardt, Kirk, Lee, Madaleno, Mandel, Menes, Montgomery, Murray, O'Donnell, Rudolph, and Stern

Introduced and read first time: February 6, 2003 Assigned to: Judiciary

A BILL ENTITLED

1 AN ACT concerning

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Criminal Law - Sexual Crimes and Reporting Requirements - Person in Position of Authority

4 FOR the purpose of establishing that it is a felony for a certain person in a position of

- 5 authority to engage in a sexual act, sexual contact, or vaginal intercourse with a
- 6 minor or to take advantage of or unjustly or improperly use a minor for certain
- 7 purposes; providing that a sentence imposed for a certain crime may be separate
- 8 from and consecutive to or concurrent with a sentence for certain crimes;

9 establishing that it is a misdemeanor for a person who has reason to believe that

10 a certain crime has been committed not to report that crime to a local law

11 enforcement agency except under certain circumstances; establishing certain

12 penalties; making certain provisions relating to sexual crimes applicable to a

13 certain crime; defining a certain term; altering a certain definition; and

14 generally relating to sexual crimes and reporting requirements.

- 15 BY renumbering
- 16 Article Criminal Law
- 17 Section 3-314 through 3-323, respectively
- 18 to be Section 3-316 through 3-325, respectively
- 19 Annotated Code of Maryland
- 20 (2002 Volume)

21 BY repealing and reenacting, without amendments,

- 22 Article Criminal Law
- 23 Section 3-301(e) and (g)
- 24 Annotated Code of Maryland
- 25 (2002 Volume)
- 26 BY repealing and reenacting, with amendments,
- 27 Article Criminal Law
- 28 Section 3-301(f)
- 29 Annotated Code of Maryland

- 1 (2002 Volume) 2 BY adding to 3 Article - Criminal Law 4 Section 3-314 and 3-315 5 Annotated Code of Maryland 6 (2002 Volume) 7 BY repealing and reenacting, with amendments, Article - Criminal Law 8 9 Section 3-318 through 3-322 Annotated Code of Maryland 10 11 (2002 Volume) 12 (As enacted by Section 1 of this Act) 13 SECTION 1. BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF 14 MARYLAND, That Section(s) 3-314 through 3-323, respectively, of Article - Criminal 15 Law of the Annotated Code of Maryland be renumbered to be Section(s) 3-316 16 through 3-325, respectively. 17 SECTION 2. AND BE IT FURTHER ENACTED, That the Laws of Maryland 18 read as follows: 19 **Article - Criminal Law** 20 3-301. 21 "Sexual act" means any of the following acts, regardless of whether (e) (1) 22 semen is emitted: 23 (i) analingus; 24 (ii) cunnilingus; fellatio; 25 (iii) 26 (iv) anal intercourse, including penetration, however slight, of the 27 anus; or 28 (v) an act: 29 in which an object penetrates, however slightly, into 1. 30 another individual's genital opening or anus; and that can reasonably be construed to be for sexual arousal 31 2. 32 or gratification, or for the abuse of either party.
- 33 (2) "Sexual act" does not include:

3	HOUSE BILL 592			
1		(i)	vaginal intercourse; or	
2 3 ope	ning or anus for a	(ii) an accept	an act in which an object penetrates an individual's genital ed medical purpose.	
	other intimate are	is an inter	I contact", as used in §§ 3-307 [and 3-308], 3-308, AND 3-314 ntional touching of the victim's or actor's genital, anal, aal arousal or gratification, or for the abuse of either	
8	(2)	"Sexua	l contact" includes an act:	
	tongue, penetrate 1s; and	(i) s, howeve	in which a part of an individual's body, except the penis, mouth, er slightly, into another individual's genital opening or	
12 13 gra	tification, or for	(ii) the abuse	that can reasonably be construed to be for sexual arousal or of either party.	
14	(3)	"Sexua	l contact" does not include:	
15		(i)	a common expression of familial or friendly affection; or	
16		(ii)	an act for an accepted medical purpose.	
17 18 ser	(g) (1) nen is emitted.	"Vagin	al intercourse" means genital copulation, whether or not	
19 20 vaş	(2) gina.	"Vagin	al intercourse" includes penetration, however slight, of the	
21 3-3	314.			
22	(A) IN TH	IS SECT	ION, "PERSON IN A POSITION OF AUTHORITY":	
	(1) 7 POSITION OR 7 ER A MINOR; 7	OCCUPA	IS A PERSON AT LEAST 21 YEARS OF AGE AND WHO, BECAUSE ATIONAL STATUS, EXERCISES SUPERVISION OR INFLUENCE	
26 27 IN	(2) STITUTION TH		JDES A PAID OR UNPAID WORKER AT AN EDUCATIONAL NOR ATTENDS OR ATTENDED.	
28	(B) A PER	SON IN	A POSITION OF AUTHORITY MAY NOT:	
29 30 IN	(1) TERCOURSE W		GE IN SEXUAL CONTACT, A SEXUAL ACT, OR VAGINAL IINOR; OR	
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31(2)TAKE ADVANTAGE OF OR IMPROPERLY USE A MINOR FOR THE32PERSON'S OWN SEXUAL PLEASURE, AMUSEMENT, GRATIFICATION, OR INTEREST.

(C) (1) A PERSON WHO VIOLATES THIS SECTION IS GUILTY OF A FELONY
 AND ON CONVICTION IS SUBJECT TO IMPRISONMENT NOT EXCEEDING 10 YEARS OR A
 FINE NOT EXCEEDING \$10,000 OR BOTH.

4 (2) A SENTENCE IMPOSED UNDER THIS SECTION MAY BE SEPARATE
5 FROM AND CONSECUTIVE TO OR CONCURRENT WITH A SENTENCE FOR ANY CRIME
6 BASED ON THE ACT OR ACTS ESTABLISHING THE VIOLATION OF THIS SECTION.

7 3-315.

8 (A) EXCEPT AS PROVIDED IN SUBSECTION (B) OF THIS SECTION, A PERSON
9 WHO HAS REASON TO BELIEVE THAT A MINOR HAS BEEN SUBJECTED TO A
10 VIOLATION OF § 3-314 OF THIS SUBTITLE SHALL NOTIFY A LOCAL LAW
11 ENFORCEMENT UNIT.

12 (B) (1) A PERSON IS NOT REQUIRED TO PROVIDE NOTICE UNDER 13 SUBSECTION (A) OF THIS SECTION:

14(I)IN VIOLATION OF A PRIVILEGE UNDER § 9-108 OF THE COURTS15 ARTICLE;

16 (II) IF THE NOTICE WOULD DISCLOSE MATTER COMMUNICATED IN
17 CONFIDENCE BY A CLIENT TO THE CLIENT'S ATTORNEY OR OTHER INFORMATION
18 RELATING TO THE REPRESENTATION OF A CLIENT; OR

19(III)IN VIOLATION OF ANY CONSTITUTIONAL RIGHT TO ASSISTANCE20 OF COUNSEL.

(2) A MINISTER, CLERGYMAN, OR PRIEST OF AN ESTABLISHED CHURCH
 OF ANY DENOMINATION IS NOT REQUIRED TO PROVIDE NOTICE UNDER SUBSECTION
 (A) OF THIS SECTION IF THE NOTICE WOULD DISCLOSE MATTER IN RELATION TO ANY
 COMMUNICATION DESCRIBED IN § 9-111 OF THE COURTS ARTICLE AND:

(I) THE COMMUNICATION WAS MADE TO THE MINISTER,
CLERGYMAN, OR PRIEST IN A PROFESSIONAL CHARACTER IN THE COURSE OF
DISCIPLINE ENJOINED BY THE CHURCH TO WHICH THE MINISTER, CLERGYMAN, OR
PRIEST BELONGS; AND

(II) THE MINISTER, CLERGYMAN, OR PRIEST IS BOUND TO
MAINTAIN THE CONFIDENTIALITY OF THAT COMMUNICATION UNDER CANON LAW,
CHURCH DOCTRINE, OR PRACTICE.

32 (C) A PERSON WHO VIOLATES THIS SECTION IS GUILTY OF A MISDEMEANOR
 33 AND ON CONVICTION IS SUBJECT TO A FINE NOT EXCEEDING \$ 1,000.

34 3-318.

35 If a person is transported with the intent to violate a provision of §§ 3-303

36 through 3-312, § 3-314, [or § 3-315] § 3-316, OR § 3-317 of this subtitle, and the

37 intent is followed by actual violation of a provision of §§ 3-303 through 3-312, §

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1 3-314, [or § 3-315] § 3-316, OR § 3-317 of this subtitle, the defendant may be tried in

2 the appropriate court in a county where the transportation was offered, solicited,

3 begun, continued, or ended.

4 3-319.

5 (a) An indictment, information, or warrant for a crime under §§ 3-303 through 6 3-312 [or § 3-314], § 3-314, OR § 3-316 of this subtitle is sufficient if it substantially 7 states:

8 "(name of defendant) on (date) in (county) committed a rape or sexual offense on 9 (name of victim) in violation of (section violated) against the peace, government, and 10 dignity of the State.".

11 (b) In a case in which the general form of indictment, information, or warrant 12 described in subsection (a) of this section is used, the defendant is entitled to a bill of 13 particulars specifically setting forth the allegations against the defendant.

14 3-320.

(a) Except as provided in subsections (b) and (c) of this section, a person may
not be prosecuted under § 3-303, § 3-304, § 3-307, [or] § 3-308, OR § 3-314 of this
subtile for a crime against a victim who was the person's legal spouse at the time of
the alleged rape or sexual offense.

19 (b) A person may be prosecuted under § 3-303(a), § 3-304(a)(1), [or] § 20 3-307(a)(1)(i) and (ii)1 or 2, OR § 3-314 of this subtitle for a crime against the person's 21 legal spouse if:

22 (1) at the time of the alleged crime the person and the person's legal23 spouse have lived apart, without cohabitation and without interruption:

24 (i) under a written separation agreement executed by the person 25 and the spouse; or

26 (ii) for at least 3 months immediately before the alleged rape or 27 sexual offense; or

(2) the person in committing the crime uses force and the act is without29 the consent of the spouse.

30 (c) A person may be prosecuted under § 3-303, § 3-304, § 3-307, [or] § 3-308, 31 OR § 3-314 of this subtile for a crime against the person's legal spouse if at the time of 32 the alleged crime the person and the spouse live apart, without cohabitation and 33 without interruption, under a decree of limited divorce.

34 3-321.

(a) Evidence relating to a victim's reputation for chastity and opinion evidence
 relating to a victim's chastity may not be admitted in a prosecution for rape, a sexual

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offense in the first or second degree, attempted rape, [or] an attempted sexual
 offense in the first or second degree, OR A VIOLATION OF § 3-314 OF THIS SUBTITLE.
 (b) Evidence of a specific instance of a victim's prior sexual conduct may be

4 admitted in a prosecution for rape, a sexual offense in the first or second degree,
5 attempted rape, [or] an attempted sexual offense in the first or second degree, OR A
6 VIOLATION OF § 3-314 OF THIS SUBTITLE only if the judge finds that:

7 (1) the evidence is relevant;

8 (2) the evidence is material to a fact in issue in the case;

9 (3) the inflammatory or prejudicial nature of the evidence does not 10 outweigh its probative value; and

11 (4) the evidence:

12 (i) is of the victim's past sexual conduct with the defendant;

13 (ii) is of a specific instance of sexual activity showing the source or 14 origin of semen, pregnancy, disease, or trauma;

15 (iii) supports a claim that the victim has an ulterior motive to 16 accuse the defendant of the crime; or

17 (iv) is offered for impeachment after the prosecutor has put the 18 victim's prior sexual conduct in issue.

19 (c) (1) Evidence described in subsection (a) or (b) of this section may not be 20 referred to in a statement to a jury or introduced in a trial unless the court has first 21 held a closed hearing under paragraph (2) of this subsection and determined that the 22 evidence is admissible.

23 (2) The court may reconsider a ruling excluding the evidence and hold an
24 additional closed hearing if new information is discovered during the course of the
25 trial that may make the evidence admissible.

26 3-322.

In a criminal prosecution under §§ 3-303 through 3-312, § 3-314, [or § 3-315] 8 § 3-316, OR § 3-317 of this subtitle, a judge may not instruct the jury:

29 (1) to examine the testimony of the prosecuting witness with caution,30 solely because of the nature of the charge;

31 (2) that the charge is easily made or difficult to disprove, solely because 32 of the nature of the charge; or

33 (3) to follow another similar instruction, solely because of the nature of34 the charge.

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- 1 SECTION 3. AND BE IT FURTHER ENACTED, That this Act shall take effect 2 October 1, 2003.