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2003 Regular Session 31r0686 CF 3lr0685

By: Senators Stone and Hughes (Committee to Revise Article 27 - Crimes and Punishments)

Introduced and read first time: January 29, 2003

Assigned to: Judicial Proceedings

A BILL ENTITLED

1 AN ACT concerning

2 **Criminal Procedure - Restitution**

3 FOR the purpose of requiring the Secretary of Public Safety and Correctional Services

- to adopt certain regulations relating to the collection and distribution of the 4
- 5 earnings of inmates under the custody, jurisdiction, or supervision of the
- 6 Department of Public Safety and Correctional Services; altering the definition of
- 7 crime for purposes of restitution to include all statutory crimes with a certain
- exception; altering the definition of victim to include a person who suffers death 8
- 9 as a result of a crime or delinquent act; expanding the circumstances under
- which a judge may order a defendant or child respondent to make restitution; 10
- 11 providing that in a certain proceeding a written statement or bill is legally
- 12 sufficient evidence of certain facts; providing for the allocation of the burden of
- proof if certain evidence is challenged; providing that a certain restitution 13 14 amount is the absolute limit for each child's acts arising out of a single incident;
- 15 adding a person who has paid an expense on behalf of a victim to the list of
- 16 third-party payors to whom the court may order restitution be paid; providing
- 17 that a payment of restitution to a victim has priority over payments owed to the
- 18 State for reimbursement on behalf of a child; repealing certain provisions
- 19 relating to compliance with a judgment of restitution; requiring that certain fees
- that a restitution obligor is required to pay be remitted to the State Comptroller 20
- for deposit into the State Victims of Crime Fund; requiring the Division of 21
- Correction or the Department of Juvenile Justice to take certain actions when a 22
- 23 restitution obligor's restitution payment is overdue under certain
- circumstances; removing a certain qualifier that a judgment of restitution must 24
- 25 be recorded and indexed in the civil judgment index before certain actions can be
- 26 taken and certain rights exercised; requiring a judgment of restitution ordered
- 27 by the District Court to be recorded and indexed by the Clerk of the District
- 28 Court; prohibiting a court from assessing costs against a certain person or
- 29 governmental unit under certain circumstances for filing a notice of satisfaction;
- 30 limiting to certain orders certain provisions of law relating to the termination of
- 31 a probation before a judgment of restitution has been recorded and indexed as a
- 32 money judgment; altering certain provisions relating to the execution on a
- 33 judgment of restitution if a certain motion has been filed; providing that any
- 34 money not claimed from a judgment of restitution after a certain notice be

- remitted to the State Comptroller for deposit into the State Victims of Crime
- Fund; providing that a court may make an exception to the prohibition against
- 3 the Central Collection Unit compromising and settling a judgment of restitution
- 4 without the consent of the victim; requiring certain persons to notify the Central
- 5 Collection Unit of certain facts under certain circumstances; making certain
- 6 technical changes; providing that certain notes contained in this Act are not law;
- 7 and generally relating to restitution and the earnings of inmates.
- 8 BY adding to
- 9 Article Correctional Services
- 10 Section 2-119
- 11 Annotated Code of Maryland
- 12 (1999 Volume and 2002 Supplement)
- 13 BY repealing and reenacting, without amendments,
- 14 Article Correctional Services
- 15 Section 11-604
- 16 Annotated Code of Maryland
- 17 (1999 Volume and 2002 Supplement)
- 18 BY repealing and reenacting, with amendments,
- 19 Article Criminal Law
- 20 Section 6-301(d)
- 21 Annotated Code of Maryland
- 22 (2002 Volume)
- 23 BY repealing and reenacting, with amendments,
- 24 Article Criminal Procedure
- 25 Section 11-601, 11-603, 11-604, 11-606 through 11-608, 11-610 through
- 26 11-614, 11-616, and 11-617
- 27 Annotated Code of Maryland
- 28 (2001 Volume and 2002 Supplement)
- 29 BY repealing and reenacting, without amendments,
- 30 Article Criminal Procedure
- 31 Section 11-609
- 32 Annotated Code of Maryland
- 33 (2001 Volume and 2002 Supplement)
- 34 BY adding to
- 35 Article Criminal Procedure
- 36 Section 11-603.1
- 37 Annotated Code of Maryland
- 38 (2001 Volume and 2002 Supplement)

3	SENATE BILL 227
1 2 3 4 5	BY repealing Article - Criminal Procedure Section 11-615 Annotated Code of Maryland (2001 Volume and 2002 Supplement)
6 7	SECTION 1. BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF MARYLAND, That the Laws of Maryland read as follows:
8	Article - Correctional Services
9	2-119.
12	THE SECRETARY SHALL ADOPT REGULATIONS REGARDING THE COLLECTION AND DISTRIBUTION OF THE EARNINGS OF INMATES UNDER THE CUSTODY, JURISDICTION, OR SUPERVISION OF THE DEPARTMENT IN ACCORDANCE WITH TITLE 10, SUBTITLE 1 OF THE STATE GOVERNMENT ARTICLE.
16 17	COMMITTEE NOTE (COMMITTEE TO REVISE ARTICLE 27): The recommended addition of this section is in response to the Correctional Services Article Review Committee note following § 11-604 of the Correctional Services Article which states that there are inconsistencies in the Code that need to be addressed relating to the disposition of inmate earnings.
19	11-604.
20	(a) The Department shall collect an inmate's earnings.
21	(b) From an inmate's earnings, the Department shall:
22 23	(1) reimburse the county or State for the cost of providing food, lodging, and clothing to the inmate in a local correctional facility;
24	(2) pay court ordered payments for support of dependents; and
25	(3) pay court ordered payments for restitution.
26	(c) The Department shall:
27 28	(1) credit to the inmate's account any balance that remains after paying the items in subsection (b)(1) through (3) of this section; and

 $\,$ (2) $\,$ pay the balance in the inmate's account to the inmate within 15 days $30\,$ after the inmate is released.

4	SENATE BILL 221						
1	1 Article - Criminal Law						
2	6-301.						
	(d) (1) For purposes of this subsection, an act of "graffiti" means a permanent drawing, permanent painting, or a permanent mark or inscription on the property of another without the permission of the owner of the property.						
	(2) In addition to the penalties set forth in subsections (b) and (c) of this section, the court shall order a person convicted of causing malicious destruction by an act of graffiti to pay restitution or perform community service or both.						
11	(3) IN MAKING A DISPOSITION ON A FINDING THAT A CHILD AT LEAST 13 YEARS OLD HAS COMMITTED AN ACT OF GRAFFITI UNDER THIS SUBSECTION, THE COURT SHALL ORDER THE CHILD TO PERFORM COMMUNITY SERVICE OR PAY RESTITUTION OR BOTH.						
13 14	(4) Title 11, Subtitle 6 of the Criminal Procedure Article applies to an order of restitution under this subsection.						
	COMMITTEE NOTE (COMMITTEE TO REVISE ARTICLE 27): Subsection (d)(3) of this section is transferred without changes from former § 11-603(d) of the Criminal Procedure Article.						
18	Article - Criminal Procedure						
19	11-601.						
20	(a) In Part I of this subtitle the following words have the meanings indicated.						
21 22	(b) "Central Collection Unit" means the Central Collection Unit in the Department of Budget and Management.						
23	(c) "Child" means a person under the age of 18 years.						
24 25	(d) (1) "Crime" means an act committed by a person in the State that is a crime under:						
26	(i) common law;						
27	(ii) [this article;						
28 29	Title 1, Subtitle 3, Title 3, Subtitle 7, or § 4-123.1 of the Agriculture Article;						
30 31	(iv) Title 19, Subtitle 2 or Subtitle 3 of the Business Regulation Article;						
32 33	(v) Title 14, Subtitle 29, § 11-810, § 14-1316, or § 14-1317 of the Commercial Law Article;						

3 11-706(b)(8), § 11-7	08(b)(8)(§ 3-218, § 3-305(c)(2), § 3-409(a) or (c), § 3-803(b), § 3-807(i), § § 8-802, § 9-602(e), § 11-702(d)(8), § 11-703(d)(5)(iii), § ii), § 11-711(h)(2), § 11-712(c)(6)(ii), § 11-714(c)(6), § § 11-723(b)(8), or § 11-726 of the Correctional Services
6 7 or § 10-614;	(vii)	the Criminal Law Article other than Title 8, Subtitle 2, Part II
8	(viii)	Title 5, Subtitle 10A of the Environment Article;
9	(ix)	§ 5-503 of the Family Law Article;
10 11 Article;	(x)	Title 20, Subtitle 7 or § 21-259.1 of the Health - General
12 13 or § 8-740.1 of the	(xi) Natural R	§ 8-713.1, § 8-724.1, § 8-725.5, § 8-725.6, § 8-726.1, § 8-738.1, esources Article;
14	(xii)	§ 14-127 of the Real Property Article;
15	(xiii)	Article 2B, Title 22 or § 18-104 of the Code;
16	(xiv)	Article 24, § 11-512, § 11-513, or § 11-514 of the Code;
17	(xv)]	§ 109 of the Code of Public Local Laws of Caroline County;
18 19 County; [or]	[(xvi)]	(III) § 4-103 of the Code of Public Local Laws of Carroll
20 21 OR	[(xvii)]	(IV) § 8A-1 of the Code of Public Local Laws of Talbot County;
22 23 IN THE CODE.	(V)	EXCEPT AS PROVIDED IN PARAGRAPH (2) OF THIS SUBSECTION,
24 (2) 25 Transportation Artic		" [includes] DOES NOT INCLUDE a violation of the NOT punishable by a term of confinement.
26 (e) "Defer	dant" me	ans a person:
27 (1)	who ha	s received probation before judgment;
28 (2) 29 found not criminally		s been found guilty of a crime, even if the defendant has been ble; or
30 (3) 31 court.	whose j	plea of nolo contendere to a crime has been accepted by the
32 (f) "Divisi	on" mean	s the Division of Parole and Probation.

	(g) or an order for probation.			stitution" means a direct order for payment of restitution it it it it it it it it it is a condition of probation in an order of		
4	(h)	"Liable	parent" n	neans a parent:		
5		(1)	whose c	hild has committed a crime or delinquent act; and		
6 7	subtitle.	(2)	who has	s been ordered to pay restitution under § 11-604 of this		
8 9	(i) against whor			gor" means a defendant, child respondent, or liable parent estitution has been entered.		
10	(j)	"Victim	" means:			
11 12		(1) oss as a d		n who suffers DEATH, personal [injury] INJURY, or property alt of a crime or delinquent act; or		
13 14	the person.	(2)	if the pe	erson is deceased, the personal representative of the estate of		
17 18 19 20 21 22	COMMITTEE NOTE (COMMITTEE TO REVISE ARTICLE 27): The current definition of crime is too narrow and may exclude victims who should receive a judgment of restitution. The court indicated in <i>Coles v. State</i> , <i>290 MD 296 (1981)</i> that a judge is not limited to the statute regarding the award of restitution as a condition of probation, however, without other offenses being listed in the restitution statute there would not be uniformity to enforce restitution which is ordered. The Committee to Revise Article 27 believes that it is more appropriate that all restitution should be subject to the provisions of Title 11, Subtitle 6 of the Criminal Procedure Article so that all the statutory remedies attach. Further, pursuant to § 11-607(a) of the Criminal Procedure Article, any restitution ordered is a condition of probation.					
26 27	child respon	dent to n	nake resti	er a judgment of restitution that orders a defendant or itution in addition to any other penalty for the inquent act, if:		
		damaged	, destroye	ect result of the crime or delinquent act, property of the victim ed, converted, or unlawfully obtained, or its value		
32 33		(2) SONABI		ect result of the crime or delinquent act, the victim suffered LY TO SUFFER FUTURE:		
34 35	expenses;		(i)	[actual] medical, dental, hospital, counseling, funeral, or burial		
36			(ii)	[any other] direct out-of-pocket loss; [or]		

1	(iii) loss of earnings; OR
2	(IV) EXPENSES INCURRED WITH REHABILITATION;
3 4	(3) the victim incurred medical expenses that were paid by the Department of Health and Mental Hygiene or any other governmental unit;
	(4) a governmental unit incurred expenses in removing, towing, transporting, preserving, storing, selling, or destroying an abandoned vehicle as defined in § 25-201 of the Transportation Article;
8 9	(5) the Criminal Injuries Compensation Board paid benefits to a victim; or
10 11	(6) the Department of Health and Mental Hygiene or other governmental unit paid expenses incurred under Subtitle 2, Part II of this title.
12 13	(b) A victim is presumed to have a right to restitution under subsection (a) of this section if:
14	(1) the victim or the State requests restitution; and
15 16	(2) the court is presented with competent evidence of any item listed in subsection (a) of this section.
19	(c) (1) A judgment of restitution does not preclude the property owner or the victim who suffered personal physical or mental injury, out-of-pocket loss of earnings, or support from bringing a civil action to recover damages from the restitution obligor.
21 22	(2) A civil verdict shall be reduced by the amount paid under the criminal judgment of restitution.
	[(d) In making a disposition on a finding that a child at least 13 years old has committed an act of graffiti under § 6-301(d) of the Criminal Law Article, the court shall order the child to perform community service or pay restitution or both.]
28	COMMITTEE NOTE (COMMITTEE TO REVISE ARTICLE 27): The proposed change to subsection (a)(2) of this section will reverse <i>In re John M., 129 Md. App. 165 (1999)</i> . Subsection (d) of this section is transferred without changes to § 6-301(d)(3) of the Criminal Law Article.
30	11-603.1.
33	(A) IN A RESTITUTION HEARING HELD UNDER § 11-603 OF THIS SUBTITLE, A WRITTEN STATEMENT OR BILL IS LEGALLY SUFFICIENT EVIDENCE OF THE AMOUNT FAIRNESS, AND REASONABLENESS OF THE CHARGES AND THE NECESSITY OF THE SERVICES OR MATERIALS PROVIDED.
35 36	(B) IF THE BILL HAS BEEN PAID, A PERSON WHO CHALLENGES THE FAIRNESS AND REASONABLENESS OF THE AMOUNT ON THE STATEMENT OR BILL OR THE

33

35

34 SUBTITLE:

(II)

36 [under Part I of this subtitle]; OR

1.

SENATE BILL 227 1 NECESSITY FOR THE SERVICES OR MATERIALS HAS THE BURDEN OF PROVING THAT 2 THE AMOUNT IS NOT FAIR AND REASONABLE OR THE SERVICES AND MATERIALS ARE 3 NOT NECESSARY. 4 COMMITTEE NOTE (COMMITTEE TO REVISE ARTICLE 27): This section is 5 transferred with changes from former § 11-615 of the Criminal Procedure Article. 6 Although there are differences in the weight accorded to the evidence in this section 7 and in §§ 10-104 and 10-105 of the Courts Article, the changes are designed to 8 provide for the authenticity and admissibility of writings and records in the same 9 manner as provided under § 10-104 of the Courts Article. The Committee deleted the 10 laundry list of types of expenses from former § 11-615 to expand coverage to all areas 11 of restitution. 12 11-604. 13 (a) [Notwithstanding] SUBJECT TO SUBSECTION (B) OF THIS SECTION AND 14 NOTWITHSTANDING any other law, if a child is the defendant or child respondent, the 15 court may order the child, the child's parent, or both to pay restitution [to a victim]. 16 A judgment of restitution for \$10,000 issued under Part I of this subtitle is 17 the absolute limit for [all] EACH CHILD'S acts arising out of a single incident [and is 18 the absolute limit against one child, the child's parent, or both]. 19 A HEARING UNDER THIS SECTION MAY BE HELD AS PART OF THE 20 SENTENCING OR DISPOSITION HEARING. A court may not enter a judgment of restitution against a parent 22 under Part I of this subtitle unless the parent has been afforded a reasonable 23 opportunity to be heard and to present evidence. 24 [(2)]A hearing under this subsection may be held as part of the sentencing 25 or disposition hearing.] 26 11-606. 27 The court may order that restitution be paid to: (a) 28 (1) the victim; 29 (2) the Department of Health and Mental Hygiene, the Criminal Injuries 30 Compensation Board, or any other governmental unit; or a third-party payor, [including] INCLUDING: 31 (3)32 (I) an insurer[,]; or

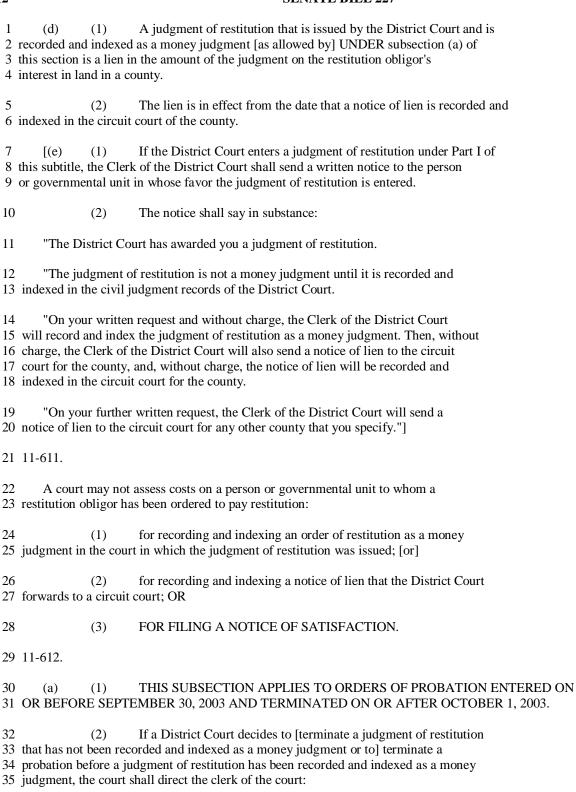
any other person that [has] HAS, UNDER PART I OF THIS

compensated the victim for a property or pecuniary loss

1				2.	PAID AN EXPENSE ON BEHALF OF A VICTIM.
2	(b)	(1)	Paymen	t of restit	aution to the victim has priority over:
3	Hygiene or o	ther gove	(i) ernmenta		t of restitution to the Department of Health and Mental
5 6	PAYMENTS	S MADE	(II) ON BEH		ENTS OWED TO THE STATE FOR REIMBURSEMENT OF A CHILD; and
7 8	restitution to	a third-p	[(ii)] arty payo	(III) or.	subject to paragraph (2) of this subsection, payment of
			court ma	ay issue a	been fully compensated for the victim's loss by a judgment of restitution that directs the third-party payor.
12	11-607.				
13 14	` /	(1) complian			nt of restitution has been entered under § 11-603 of CE with [the] A judgment of restitution:
15 16	disposition i	n a juven	(i) iile delind		a requirement in the judgment of conviction or roceeding;
17 18	OR		(ii)]	if work	release is ordered, shall be a condition of work release;
19			[(iii)]	(II)	if probation is ordered, shall be a condition of probation:
20				1.	in addition to a sentence or disposition; or
21 22	judgment un	ıder § 6-2	220 of thi	2. s article.	[instead of a sentence] if the probation is ordered before
	Justice shall the collection		ne Social		l law, the Department or the Department of Juvenile number of the restitution obligor to facilitate
					bligor shall make restitution to the Division or the ne terms and conditions of the judgment of
29		(2)	The Div	ision or t	the Department of Juvenile Justice:
30 31	satisfaction	of the jud	(i) Igment of		ep records of payments or return of property in on;
32 33	indgment of	restitutio	(ii) on and Pa		ward property or payments in accordance with the is subtitle to:

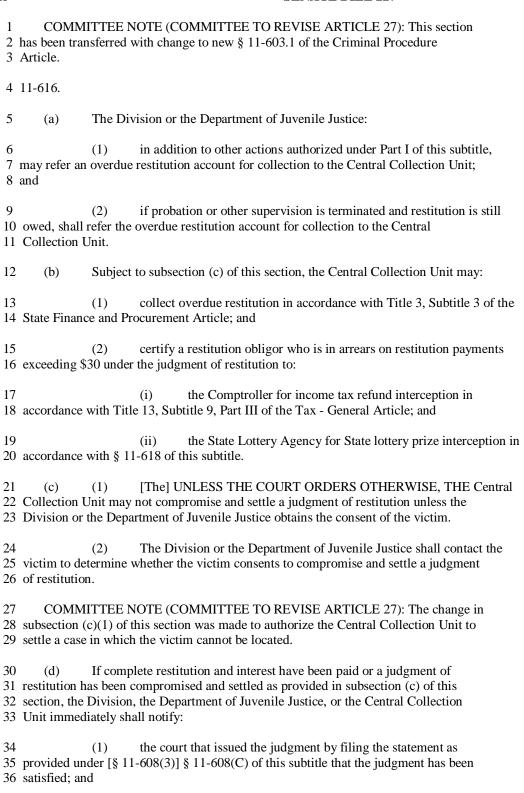
1	1. the victim;	
2 3	2. the Department of Health and Mental Hygiene or other governmental unit; or	
4	3. the third-party payor; and	
7	(iii) may require the restitution obligor to pay additional fees not exceeding 2% of the amount of the judgment of restitution to [pay] BE REMITTED TO THE COMPTROLLER FOR DEPOSIT INTO THE STATE VICTIMS OF CRIME FUND for the administrative costs of collecting payments or property.	
11	(c) (1) Whenever a restitution [obligor fails to make] OBLIGOR'S restitution [as ordered] PAYMENT, AS ORDERED BY THE COURT OR ESTABLISHED BY THE DIVISION, IS OVERDUE, the Division or the Department of Juvenile Justice [shall] SHALL:	
13	(I) notify the court; AND	
	(II) IF AN EARNINGS WITHHOLDING ORDER IS NOT IN EFFECT AN THE RESTITUTION OBLIGOR IS EMPLOYED, REQUEST AN EARNINGS WITHHOLDING ORDER.	D
17 18	(2) The court may hold a hearing to determine whether the restitution obligor is in contempt of court or has violated the terms of the probation.	
	(3) If the court finds that the restitution obligor intentionally became impoverished to avoid payment of the restitution, the court may find the restitution obligor in contempt of court or in violation of probation.	
	COMMITTEE NOTE (COMMITTEE TO REVISE ARTICLE 27): The term overdue is used in subsection (c) of this section to mirror the terminology in § 11-616(e) of the Criminal Procedure Article.	
25	11-608.	
26 27	(A) [If a judgment of restitution that requires the payment of money is recorded and indexed in the civil judgment index:	
	(1) the] THE judgment of restitution is a money judgment in favor of the person, governmental unit, or third-party payor to whom the restitution obligor has been ordered to pay [restitution] RESTITUTION.[;	
33	(2)] (B) [the] THE judgment of restitution may be enforced by the person, governmental unit, or third-party payor to whom the restitution obligor has been ordered to pay restitution in the same manner as a money judgment in a civil [action] ACTION.[; and	
35 36	(3)] (C) [except] EXCEPT as otherwise expressly provided under Part I of this subtitle, a person, governmental unit, or third-party payor to whom a	

- 1 restitution obligor has been ordered to pay restitution has all the rights and
- 2 obligations of a money judgment creditor under the Maryland Rules, including the
- 3 obligation under Maryland Rule 2-626 or 3-626 on receiving all amounts due under
- 4 the judgment to file a statement that the judgment has been satisfied.
- 5 COMMITTEE NOTE (COMMITTEE TO REVISE ARTICLE 27): The condition
- 6 to record and index in the civil judgment index is not required in § 11-613(d) of the
- 7 Criminal Procedure Article and adding it here causes confusion.
- 8 11-609.
- 9 (a) A judgment of restitution that a circuit court orders under Part I of this
- 10 subtitle shall be recorded and indexed in the civil judgment index by the clerk of the
- 11 circuit court as a money judgment as the Maryland Rules provide.
- 12 (b) A judgment of restitution that is recorded and indexed in the civil
- 13 judgment index as a money judgment under subsection (a) of this section:
- 14 (1) in the county of entry of the judgment, is a lien from the date of entry
- 15 in the amount of the judgment on the restitution obligor's interest in land located in
- 16 the county of the entry of the judgment; but
- in a county other than the county of entry of the judgment, is a lien
- 18 from the date of recording in the amount of the judgment on the restitution obligor's
- 19 interest in land located in that county.
- 20 11-610.
- 21 (a) A judgment of restitution that the District Court orders under Part I of this
- 22 subtitle [may not] SHALL be recorded and indexed BY THE CLERK OF THE DISTRICT
- 23 COURT as a money judgment in the District Court [until the person or governmental
- 24 unit to whom the restitution obligor has been ordered to pay restitution files with the
- 25 Clerk of the District Court a written request for the recording and indexing].
- 26 (b) [If] ONCE a judgment of restitution is recorded and indexed as a money
- 27 judgment under subsection (a) of this section:
- 28 (1) the Clerk of the District Court shall immediately forward a notice of
- 29 lien of judgment to the circuit court for the county of entry of judgment; and
- 30 (2) [on the receipt of the written statement from the person or
- 31 governmental unit to whom a restitution obligor has been ordered to pay restitution,]
- 32 the Clerk of the District Court shall forward a notice of lien of judgment to the circuit
- 33 court of any other county as the Maryland Rules provide.
- 34 (c) Whenever the Clerk of the District Court forwards a notice of lien under
- 35 subsection (b) of this section to a circuit court, the clerk of the circuit court shall
- 36 record and index the notice of lien as the Maryland Rules provide.



			to record and index the judgment of restitution as a money of lien to the circuit court of the county of entry of			
3	judgment before t	erminating th	e judgment of restitution and probation; and			
4 5	to whom the resti	(ii) tution obligor	to forward a written notice to the person or governmental unit was ordered to pay restitution.			
6	[(2)]	(3)	The written notice shall state that:			
7 8	money judgment	(i) in the District	the judgment of restitution has been recorded and indexed as a t Court; and			
9 10	county of entry o	(ii) f judgment.	a notice of lien has been forwarded to the circuit court of the			
13	(b) Subject to the Maryland Rules, unless a restitution obligor pays complete restitution, termination of [a judgment of restitution or] probation by a court does not affect a money judgment that has been recorded and indexed under Part I of this subtitle.					
	COMMITTEE NOTE (COMMITTEE TO REVISE ARTICLE 27): The Committee deleted the language in this section relating to "terminating a judgement of restitution" as it is superfluous language that has no real authority.					
18	11-613.					
21	9 (a) Notwithstanding any other provision of Part I of this subtitle and except as 0 provided in subsection (b) of this section, a victim or other person or governmental 1 unit may not execute on a judgment recorded and indexed under Part I of this subtitle 2 if the restitution obligor:					
	3 (1) files a motion under the Maryland Rules to stay execution of 4 [sentence or] the judgment of restitution [that] AND THE MOTION has not been 5 [determined] DECIDED by the court; and					
26	(2)	challeng	es the conviction, sentence, or judgment of restitution by:			
27		(i)	filing an appeal in a State court or in federal court;			
28 29	court;	(ii)	applying for leave to appeal following a plea of guilty in a circuit			
30 31	court under the M	(iii) Iaryland Rule	filing a motion for exercise of revisory power by the sentencing es;			
32 33	8 of this article; of	(iv)	filing an application for review of criminal sentence under Title			
34		(v)	filing a notice for in banc review under the Maryland Rules.			

- 1 (b) If a restitution obligor [files an action described in] HAS COMPLIED WITH
- 2 THE REQUIREMENTS OF subsection (a) of this section AND THE COURT HAS NOT YET
- 3 RULED ON THE REQUEST FOR A STAY, a person or governmental unit may not execute
- 4 on a judgment recorded and indexed under Part I of this subtitle until a court issues
- 5 a final judgment that upholds the conviction, sentence, or judgment of restitution.
- 6 (c) A person or governmental unit may not execute on a judgment recorded
- 7 and indexed under Part I of this subtitle until the time has expired in which a
- 8 restitution obligor may file any of the actions listed under subsection (a)(2)(i) through
- 9 (v) of this section.
- 10 (d) The judgment of restitution may be enforced in the same way that a 11 monetary judgment is enforced.
- 12 COMMITTEE NOTE (COMMITTEE TO REVISE ARTICLE 27): The change to
- 13 subsection (b) of this section clarifies that subsection (b) requires that the restitution
- 14 obligor comply with the provisions of subsection (a). The court has the authority to
- 15 stay under Maryland Rule 4-348(d) or Rule 8-422.
- 16 11-614.
- 17 (a) If practicable, the State's Attorney should:
- 18 (1) notify an eligible victim of the victim's right to request restitution;
- 19 and
- 20 (2) help the victim to prepare the request and advise the victim as to the 21 steps for collecting restitution that is awarded.
- 22 (b) (1) If a victim cannot be located, all money collected from a judgment of
- 23 restitution shall be treated as abandoned property under Title 17 of the Commercial
- 24 Law Article.
- 25 (2) NOTWITHSTANDING § 17-317(A) OF THE COMMERCIAL LAW ARTICLE,
- 26 ANY MONEY NOT CLAIMED FROM A JUDGMENT OF RESTITUTION AFTER NOTICE
- 27 UNDER TITLE 17 OF THE COMMERCIAL LAW ARTICLE SHALL BE REMITTED TO THE
- 28 COMPTROLLER FOR DEPOSIT INTO THE STATE VICTIMS OF CRIME FUND.
- 29 [11-615.
- 30 (a) In a restitution hearing held under § 11-603 of this subtitle, a written
- 31 statement or bill for medical, dental, hospital, counseling, funeral, or burial expenses
- 32 is legally sufficient evidence that a charge shown on the written statement or bill is a
- 33 fair and reasonable charge for the services or materials provided.
- 34 (b) A person who challenges the fairness and reasonableness of the amount on
- 35 the statement or bill has the burden of proving that the amount is not fair and
- 36 reasonable.]



1 2	earnings with	(2) holding			ployer of a restitution obligor to terminate an § 11-617 of this subtitle.
3	(e) not paid:	(1)	Restituti	on is over	due if the restitution or a restitution payment is
5			(i)	by the da	te that the court orders; or
6			(ii)	if no date	is ordered, by the later of:
	Justice direct payment; or	s the rest	itution ob		he date the Division or the Department of Juvenile ay restitution or make a restitution
10				2.	30 days after the court enters a judgment of restitution.
	restitution or paid or recei		d any inte	erest allow	erdue, the amount of the arrearage is the amount of yed by law, minus any amount previously estitution.
14	11-617.				
	· /		y enter ar	immedia	judgment of restitution under § 11-603 of this te and continuing earnings withholding restitution.
18		(2)	The cour	rt may ent	er the order:
19			(i)	at the sen	tencing or disposition hearing;
20 21	release or pro	obation;	(ii) or	when the	defendant or child respondent is placed on work
22			(iii)	when the	payment of restitution is overdue.
23 24	(b) withholding		to federal	law, the	order of priority of execution of an earnings
25 26	Family Law		first, an	earnings v	vithholding order issued under § 10-128 of the
27		(2)	second,	an earning	s withholding order issued under this section; and
28		(3)	lastly, ar	ny other li	en or legal process.
29 30	(c) withholding	(1) order un			plies whenever a court orders an earnings
31		(2)	On entry	of the ord	ler, the clerk of the court immediately shall:

1 2	restitution obligor, if l	(i) known; a	serve a copy on any current or subsequent employer of the nd		
3	or place of incarcerati	(ii) on or con	mail a copy to the restitution obligor at the last known address nmitment of the restitution obligor.		
5 6	(3) CENTRAL COLLEC		ntion obligor immediately shall notify the court [and], THE NIT, AND the Division or Department of Juvenile Justice of:		
7		(i)	any objection to an earnings withholding order;		
8		(ii)	the current home address of the restitution obligor;		
9		(iii)	the name of the employer;		
10		(iv)	the work address of the restitution obligor; and		
11 12	restitution obligor.	(v)	any change of employer, home address, or work address of the		
		ely shall	loyer who is served with an earnings withholding order under notify the court [and], THE CENTRAL COLLECTION Department of Juvenile Justice of:		
16 17	earnings withholding	(i) order;	any justification for the employer's inability to comply with the		
18 19	employment;	(ii)	the home address of the restitution obligor on the termination of		
20 21	restitution obligor; or	(iii)	information regarding the new place of employment of the		
22		(iv)	the employer's reemployment of the restitution obligor.		
25	Unless the information has been provided to the court, the Division, Uppartment of Juvenile Justice, or the Central Collection Unit shall notify the court of a current or subsequent home address of the restitution obligor and the employer and work address of the restitution obligor.				
27 28	(d) (1) order issued under the		as otherwise provided in this section, an earnings withholding shall:		
29 30	through (c) of the Far	(i) nily Law	comply with the requirements of §§ 10-128(a) and 10-129(a) Article; and		
	a restitution obligor uviolating this section.		set forth the obligations and responsibilities of an employer and earnings withholding order and the consequences of		

29 October 1, 2003.

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1 (2)Each amount withheld in an earnings withholding order under this 2 section is payable to the Division or Department of Juvenile Justice. An earnings withholding order is binding on each present and future 3 4 employer of the restitution obligor who is served with the order. 5 Subject to paragraphs (2) and (3) of this subsection, the payment 6 amount under an earnings withholding order under this section is 20% of the earnings of a restitution obligor less other deductions required by law to be paid out of 8 any funds earned under a work release plan. 9 If the restitution obligation of the restitution obligor is overdue, the 10 court may impose a payment exceeding the amount allowed in paragraph (1) of this 11 subsection. 12 (3) (i) The amount of an earnings withholding order issued under this 13 section may not exceed the limits of the federal Consumer Credit Protection Act. 14 The court shall reduce an amount of an earnings withholding (ii) 15 order that exceeds the limits of the federal Consumer Credit Protection Act to the 16 maximum allowed under the Act. This subsection applies to a restitution obligor and the employer of a 17 (f) (1) restitution obligor. 18 19 (2) A person who violates this section is subject to a fine not exceeding 20 \$250. 21 A fine collected under this section shall be distributed in the same (3) 22 way as costs are distributed under § 7-409 of the Courts Article. 23 (4) In addition to a fine imposed under this subsection, an employer is 24 liable for damages for the failure to deduct the earnings of a restitution obligor or 25 failure to make a timely payment as required in the earnings withholding order. 26 SECTION 2. AND BE IT FURTHER ENACTED, That the Committee Notes contained in this Act are not law. 27 28 SECTION 3. AND BE IT FURTHER ENACTED, That this Act shall take effect