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2003 Regular Session 3lr0814

By: Senators Pinsky, Britt, Frosh, Green, Grosfeld, Hollinger, Kelley, and Middleton

Introduced and read first time: January 31, 2003

Assigned to: Budget and Taxation

	A BILL ENTITLED							
1	AN ACT concerning							
2	Corporate Income Tax - Apportionment of Income of Multistate Corporations - Throwback Rule							
4 5 6 7 8	the application of this Act; and generally relating to the apportionment of							
9 0 1 2	Section 10-402(c) Annotated Code of Maryland							
5	SECTION 1. BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF MARYLAND, That the Laws of Maryland read as follows:							
6	Article - Tax - General							
7	10-402.							
20	(c) (1) Except as provided in paragraph (2) of this subsection, if the trade or business is a unitary business, the part of the corporation's Maryland modified income derived from or reasonably attributable to trade or business carried on in the State shall be determined using a 3-factor apportionment fraction:							
22	(i) the numerator of which is the sum of the property factor, the payroll factor, and twice the sales factor; and							
24	(ii) the denominator of which is 4.							
25	(2) (i) In this paragraph:							

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3 4	1. "manufacturing corporation" means a domestic or foreign corporation which is primarily engaged in activities that, in accordance with the North American Industrial Classification System (NAICS), United States Manual, United States Office of Management and Budget, 1997 Edition, would be included in Sector 11, 31, 32, or 33; and						
6 7	2. "manufacturing corporation" does not include a refiner, as defined in § 10-101 of the Business Regulation Article.						
10 11 12	(ii) If a manufacturing corporation carries on its trade or business in and out of the State and the trade or business is a unitary business, the part of the corporation's Maryland modified income derived from or reasonably attributable to trade or business carried on in the State shall be determined using a single sales factor apportionment formula, by multiplying its Maryland modified income by 100% of the sales factor.						
	(iii) In filing its tax return for each year, a manufacturing corporation shall certify that the NAICS Code reported on its Maryland return is consistent with that reported to other government agencies.						
19	(iv) If the Comptroller determines that a corporation has submitted information that incorrectly classifies the corporation as a manufacturing corporation under subparagraph (i) of this paragraph, the Comptroller shall reclassify the corporation in an appropriate manner.						
	(v) The Comptroller, in consultation with the Department of Business and Economic Development, shall adopt regulations necessary to carry out the provisions of this subsection.						
26 27	(vi) As part of its tax return for a taxable year beginning after December 31, 2000 but before January 1, 2003, each manufacturing corporation that has more than 25 employees and apportions its income under this paragraph shall submit a report, in the form that the Comptroller requires by regulation, that describes for each taxable year as of the last day of the taxable year the following:						
31	1. the difference in tax owed as a result of using single sales factor apportionment method under this paragraph as compared to the tax owed using the 3-factor double weighted sales factor apportionment method in effect for the last taxable year beginning on or before December 31, 2000;						
33	2. volume of sales in the State and worldwide;						
34	3. taxable income in the State and worldwide; and						
35 36	4. book value of plant, land, and equipment in the State and worldwide.						
	(vii) On or before October 1, 2003 and October 1, 2004, and notwithstanding any confidentiality requirements, the Comptroller shall prepare and subject to 8 2-1246 of the State Government Article, to						

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	the General Assembly, a comprehensive report on the use of single sales factor apportionment by manufacturing corporations that provides, at a minimum:						
5		and the n	umber of	the number of corporations filing tax returns for the eding calendar year that use single sales f such corporations having a Maryland income			
9	and the aggregate amo	ount of M	laryland i	the number of corporations paying less in Maryland sult of using single sales factor apportionment income tax savings for all such corporations g single sales factor apportionment; and			
13 14	and the aggregate am	ount of a	dditional	the number of corporations paying more in Maryland sult of using single sales factor apportionment Maryland income tax owed by those esult of using single sales factor			
16 17	(3) include:	The prop	perty fact	tor under paragraph (1) of this subsection shall			
18		(i)	rented a	nd owned real property; and			
19 20	trade or business.	(ii)	tangible	e personal property located in the State and used in the			
	(4) INCLUDED IN THE PARAGRAPH (2) O		RATOR (OF TANGIBLE PERSONAL PROPERTY SHALL BE OF THE SALES FACTOR UNDER PARAGRAPH (1) OR TION IF:			
				THE PROPERTY IS DELIVERED OR SHIPPED TO A JNITED STATES GOVERNMENT, WITHIN THE STATE, IT OR OTHER CONDITIONS OF THE SALE; OR			
27 28	WAREHOUSE, FAC	CTORY, (2. OR OTH	THE PROPERTY IS SHIPPED FROM AN OFFICE, STORE, ER PLACE OF STORAGE IN THIS STATE AND:			
29 30	OR		A.	THE PURCHASER IS THE UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT;			
31 32	THE PURCHASER.		B.	THE CORPORATION IS NOT TAXABLE IN THE STATE OF			
33 34	CORPORATION IS			JRPOSES OF SUBPARAGRAPH (I) OF THIS PARAGRAPH, A STATE IF:			
				IN THAT STATE THE CORPORATION IS SUBJECT TO A NET MEASURED BY NET INCOME, A FRANCHISE TAX FOR ESS, OR A CORPORATE STOCK TAX; OR			

- 1 2. THAT STATE HAS JURISDICTION TO SUBJECT THE
- 2 TAXPAYER TO A NET INCOME TAX, REGARDLESS OF WHETHER, IN FACT, THE STATE
- 3 IMPOSES A TAX.
- 4 SECTION 2. AND BE IT FURTHER ENACTED, That this Act shall take effect
- 5 July 1, 2003, and shall be applicable to all taxable years beginning after December 31,
- 6 2002.