By: **Senators Grosfeld, Britt, Gladden, Kelley, and Lawlah** Introduced and read first time: January 31, 2003 Assigned to: Judicial Proceedings

A BILL ENTITLED

1 AN ACT concerning

2

Criminal Law - Death Penalty - Repeal

3 FOR the purpose of repealing the death penalty; repealing procedures and

- 4 requirements related to the death penalty; providing that certain inmates who
- 5 have been sentenced to death may not be executed and shall be considered as
- 6 having received a sentence of life imprisonment without the possibility of parole
- 7 under certain circumstances; providing that in certain cases in which the State
- 8 has filed a notice to seek a sentence of death the notice shall be considered
- 9 withdrawn and it shall be considered a notice to seek a sentence of life
- 10 imprisonment without the possibility of parole under certain circumstances;
- 11 providing that certain persons serving life sentences are not eligible persons for
- 12 Patuxent Institution under certain circumstances; altering the circumstance

13 concerning parole for persons serving life sentences when the State sought a

14 certain penalty; making conforming and clarifying changes; and generally

- 15 relating to the repeal of the death penalty.
- 16 BY repealing
- 17 Article Correctional Services
- 18 Section 3-901 through 3-909 and the subtitle "Subtitle 9. Death Penalty
- 19 Procedures"
- 20 Annotated Code of Maryland
- 21 (1999 Volume and 2002 Supplement)
- 22 BY repealing
- 23 Article Criminal Procedure
- 24 Section 7-201 through 7-204 and the subtitle "Subtitle 2. Proceedings After
- 25 Death Sentences"; 8-108, and 11-404
- 26 Annotated Code of Maryland
- 27 (2001 Volume and 2002 Supplement)
- 28 BY repealing and reenacting, with amendments,
- 29 Article Correctional Services
- 30 Section 4-101(e)(2), 4-305(b)(2), 6-112(c), 7-301(d)(2), and 7-601(a)
- 31 Annotated Code of Maryland

- 1 (1999 Volume and 2002 Supplement)
- 2 BY repealing and reenacting, with amendments,
- 3 Article Courts and Judicial Proceedings
- 4 Section 8-210, 8-301, 9-204, and 12-307
- 5 Annotated Code of Maryland
- 6 (2002 Replacement Volume)
- 7 BY repealing and reenacting, with amendments,
- 8 Article Criminal Procedure
- 9 Section 7-101, 7-103(b), and 7-107(b)
- 10 Annotated Code of Maryland
- 11 (2001 Volume and 2002 Supplement)
- 12 BY repealing and reenacting, with amendments,
- 13 Article Criminal Law
- 14 Section 2-201(b), 2-304(a), 2-305, and 14-101
- 15 Annotated Code of Maryland
- 16 (2002 Volume)
- 17 BY repealing
- 18 Article Criminal Law
- 19 Section 2-202, 2-301, 2-303, and 2-401
- 20 Annotated Code of Maryland
- 21 (2002 Volume)
- 22 BY repealing and reenacting, with amendments,
- 23 Article Health General
- 24 Section 8-505(b)
- 25 Annotated Code of Maryland
- 26 (2000 Replacement Volume and 2002 Supplement)
- 27 SECTION 1. BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF
- 28 MARYLAND, That Section(s) 3-901 through 3-909 and the subtitle "Subtitle 9.
- 29 Death Penalty Procedures" of Article Correctional Services of the Annotated Code of

30 Maryland be repealed.

31 SECTION 2. AND BE IT FURTHER ENACTED, That Section(s) 7-201 through

32 7-204 and the subtitle "Subtitle 2. Proceedings After Death Sentences"; 8-108, and33 11-404 of Article - Criminal Procedure of the Annotated Code of Maryland be

34 repealed.

35 SECTION 3. AND BE IT FURTHER ENACTED, That the Laws of Maryland 36 read as follows:

3	SENATE BILL 544
1	Article - Correctional Services
2	4-101.
3	(e) (2) "Eligible person" does not include an individual who:
4 5	(i) is serving two or more sentences of imprisonment for life under § 2-201, FORMER § 2-303, or § 2-304 of the Criminal Law Article;
	(ii) is serving one or more sentences of imprisonment for life when a court or jury has found under FORMER § 2-303 of the Criminal Law Article, beyond a reasonable doubt, that one or more aggravating circumstances existed; or
11	(iii) has been convicted of murder in the first degree, rape in the first degree, or a sexual offense in the first degree, unless the sentencing judge, at the time of sentencing or in the exercise of the judge's revisory power under the Maryland Rules, recommends that the individual be referred to the Institution for evaluation.
13	4-305.
16 17 18	(b) (2) An inmate sentenced to life imprisonment as a result of a proceeding under FORMER § 2-303 or § 2-304 of the Criminal Law Article is not eligible for parole consideration until the inmate has served 25 years or the equivalent of 25 years when considering allowances for diminution of the inmate's period of confinement as provided under Title 3, Subtitle 7 of this article and § 6-218 of the Criminal Procedure Article.
20	6-112.
23	(c) (1) The Division shall complete a presentence investigation report in each case in which [the death penalty or] imprisonment for life without the possibility of parole is requested under [§ 2-202 or] § 2-203 of the Criminal Law Article.
25 26	(2) The report shall include a victim impact statement as provided under § 11-402 of the Criminal Procedure Article.
	(3) The court or jury before which the separate sentencing proceeding is conducted under [§ 2-303 or] § 2-304 of the Criminal Law Article shall consider the report.
30	7-301.
33 34 35	(d) (2) An inmate who has been sentenced to life imprisonment as a result of a proceeding under FORMER § 2-303 or § 2-304 of the Criminal Law Article is not eligible for parole consideration until the inmate has served 25 years or the equivalent of 25 years considering the allowances for diminution of the inmate's term of confinement under § 6-218 of the Criminal Procedure Article and Title 3, Subtitle 7 of this article.

1	7-601

2 (a) On giving the notice required by the Constitution, the Governor may:

3 (1) [commute or change a sentence of death into a period of confinement 4 that the Governor considers expedient;

5 (2)] pardon an individual convicted of a crime subject to any conditions 6 the Governor requires; or

7 [(3)] (2) remit any part of a sentence of imprisonment subject to any 8 conditions the Governor requires, without the remission operating as a full pardon.

9

Article - Courts and Judicial Proceedings

10 8-210.

(a) Any person summoned for jury service may be excused by the jury judge if
the person shows that undue hardship, extreme inconvenience, or public necessity
require his excuse, but only for the period the jury judge deems necessary. At the
conclusion of this period the person shall be summoned again for jury service under
the provisions of § 8-208 of this title.

16 (b) Any person summoned for jury service may be excused from a particular 17 jury:

18 (1) In accordance with rule or law if more jurors are summoned than are 19 required to be impaneled in a particular case;

20 (2) By the court after a determination that the person may be unable to 21 render impartial jury service or that his service would be likely to disrupt the 22 proceedings;

23 (3) By the court after a determination that the juror's service may 24 threaten the secrecy of the proceedings or otherwise adversely affect the integrity of 25 the jury deliberations; but a person may not be excused on this ground unless the 26 court states on the record its reasons for the excuse and its determination that the 27 excuse is warranted and will not be inconsistent with §§ 8-102 and 8-103 of this title;

28 (4) By a party upon peremptory challenge as provided by rule or law; or

29 (5) By the court upon a challenge by a party for good cause shown.

30 (c) [A person may not be disqualified, excused, or excluded from service in a

31 particular case as a juror of the State by reason of his beliefs against capital

32 punishment unless such belief would prevent his returning an impartial verdict

33 according to law.

34 (d)] No person or class of person may be disqualified, excused, or exempted 35 from service as a juror except under this section or § 8-209 of this title.

1 [(e)] (D) Any person excused from jury service or from a particular jury 2 under [subsection (a), (b), or (c)] SUBSECTION (A) OR (B) of this section is eligible to sit 3 on another jury if the basis for his excuse is not relevant to his ability to serve on the 4 other jury.

5 [(f)] (E) When a person is disqualified or excused from jury service, the jury 6 commissioner or clerk shall note the specific reason in the space provided on his juror 7 qualification form or on the juror's card drawn from the qualified jury wheel.

8 8-301.

9 (a) [In a trial in which the defendant is subject, on any single count, to a 10 sentence of death because notice of intention to seek a sentence of death has been 11 given under § 2-202 of the Criminal Law Article, each defendant is permitted 20 12 peremptory challenges and the State is permitted 10 peremptory challenges for each 13 defendant.

(b)] In a criminal trial in which the defendant is subject, on any single count, to
a sentence of life imprisonment, [including a case in which notice of intention to seek
a sentence of death has not been given under § 2-202 of the Criminal Law Article,]
except for common law offenses for which no specific penalty is provided by statute,
each defendant is permitted 20 peremptory challenges and the State is permitted 10
peremptory challenges for each defendant.

20 [(c)] (B) Except as provided in [subsections (a) and (b)] SUBSECTION (A) of 21 this section, in a criminal trial in which the defendant is subject, on any single count, 22 to a sentence of 20 years or more, except for common law offenses for which no specific 23 penalty is provided by statute, each defendant is permitted 10 peremptory challenges 24 and the State is permitted 5 peremptory challenges for each defendant.

25 [(d)] (C) In all other criminal cases, each party is permitted 4 peremptory 26 challenges.

27 [(e)] (D) The clerk of the court shall provide a sufficient number of 28 prospective jurors to allow the parties to exercise the peremptory challenges 29 permitted by this section or the Maryland Rules.

30 9-204.

31 [(a)] The court which issued an execution on a forfeited recognizance for a 32 witness who failed to appear may discharge the witness from execution upon motion 33 showing good and sufficient cause for the failure.

34 [(b) This section does not apply in a case if capital punishment may be 35 involved.]

1 12-307.

2 The Court of Appeals has:

3 (1) Jurisdiction to review a case or proceeding pending in or decided by 4 the Court of Special Appeals in accordance with Subtitle 2 of this title;

5 (2) Jurisdiction to review a case or proceeding decided by a circuit court, 6 in accordance with § 12-305 of this subtitle; AND

7 (3) Exclusive appellate jurisdiction with respect to a question of law 8 certified to it under the Uniform Certification of Questions of Law Act[; and

9 (4) Exclusive appellate jurisdiction over a criminal case in which the 10 death penalty is imposed and any appellate proceeding under § 3-904 of the

11 Correctional Services Article].

12 Article - Criminal Procedure

13 7-101.

14 This title applies to a person convicted in any court in the State who is:

15	(1)	confined under sentence of [death or] imprisonment; or
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16 (2) on parole or probation.

17 7-103.

18 (b) [(1)] Unless extraordinary cause is shown, [in a case in which a sentence 19 of death has not been imposed,] a petition under this subtitle may not be filed more 20 than 10 years after the sentence was imposed.

21 [(2) In a case in which a sentence of death has been imposed, Subtitle 2 of 22 this title governs the time of filing a petition.]

23 7-107.

(b) (1) In a case in which a person challenges the validity of confinement
under a sentence of [death or] imprisonment by seeking the writ of habeas corpus or
the writ of coram nobis or by invoking a common law or statutory remedy other than
this title, a person may not appeal to the Court of Appeals or the Court of Special
Appeals.

29 (2) This subtitle does not bar an appeal to the Court of Special Appeals:
30 (i) in a habeas corpus proceeding begun under § 9-110 of this
31 article; or

32 (ii) in any other proceeding in which a writ of habeas corpus is 33 sought for a purpose other than to challenge the legality of a conviction of a crime or

7	SENATE BILL 544				
	sentence of [death or] imprisonment for the conviction of the crime, including confinement as a result of a proceeding under Title 4 of the Correctional Services Article.				
4	Article - Criminal Law				
5 2-201.					
6 (b) (1) 7 felony and on convi	A person who commits a murder in the first degree is guilty of a iction shall be sentenced to:				
8	(i) [death;				
9	(ii)] imprisonment for life without the possibility of parole; or				
10	[(iii)] (II) imprisonment for life.				
13 without the possibi	Unless a [sentence of death is imposed in compliance with § 2-202 of btitle 3 of this title, or a] sentence of imprisonment for life lity of parole is imposed in compliance with § 2-203 of this subtitle title, the sentence shall be imprisonment for life.				
15 [2-202.					
16 (a) A defe 17 death only if:	endant found guilty of murder in the first degree may be sentenced to				
18 (1) 19 defendant of:	at least 30 days before trial, the State gave written notice to the				
20	(i) the State's intention to seek a sentence of death; and				
21 22 rely;	(ii) each aggravating circumstance on which the State intends to				
23 (2) 24 and (vii) of this titl	(i) with respect to § 2-303(g) of this title, except for § 2-303(g)(1)(i) e, the defendant was a principal in the first degree; or				
2526 officer, as defined in	(ii) with respect to § 2-303(g)(1)(i) of this title, a law enforcement in § 2-303(a) of this title, was murdered and the defendant was:				
27	1. a principal in the first degree; or				
28	2. a principal in the second degree who:				
2930 the death of the law	A. willfully, deliberately, and with premeditation intended v enforcement officer;				
31	B. was a major participant in the murder; and				

8					SENATE BILL 544
1 2	and			C.	was actually present at the time and place of the murder;
3 4	title.	(3)	the sente	ence of d	eath is imposed in accordance with § 2-303 of this
5	(b)	(1)	In this s	ubsectior	n, a defendant is "mentally retarded" if:
				telligenc	ndant had significantly below average intellectual e quotient of 70 or below on an individually nd an impairment in adaptive behavior; and
9 10	years.		(ii)	the men	tal retardation was manifested before the age of 22
			without	the possi	not be sentenced to death, but shall be sentenced to bility of parole subject to the requirements of § nt for life, if the defendant:
14			(i)	was und	ler the age of 18 years at the time of the murder; or
15 16	the murder t	he defend	(ii) lant was		by a preponderance of the evidence that at the time of retarded.]
17	[2-301.				
18 19	(a) of each:	The Stat	e's Attor	ney shall	file with the Clerk of the Court of Appeals a copy
20		(1)	notice o	f intent to	b seek a sentence of death; and
21		(2)	withdray	wal of no	tice of intent to seek a sentence of death.
24	Court of Ap	peals und ntent to se	ler subsec	ction (a)(torney to give timely notice to the Clerk of the 1) of this section does not affect the validity of death that is served on the defendant in a
26	[2-303.				
27	(a)	(1)	In this s	ection the	e following words have the meanings indicated.
28 29	article.	(2)	(i)	"Correc	tional facility" has the meaning stated in § 1-101 of this
30			(ii)	"Correc	tional facility" includes:
31 32	charged with	h or adjuc	licated as	1. s being de	an institution for the confinement or detention of juveniles elinquent; and

1 2 a court exercising cr	iminal jur	2. a hospital in which a person is confined under an order of isdiction.
3 (3) 4 defined under the La 5 Code.	(i) w Enforce	"Law enforcement officer" means a law enforcement officer as ement Officers' Bill of Rights, Article 27, § 727 of the
6	(ii)	"Law enforcement officer" includes:
7 8 State;		1. a law enforcement officer of a jurisdiction outside of the
9		2. an officer serving in a probationary status;
10		3. a parole and probation officer; and
13 the Code if the law	enforceme	4. a law enforcement officer while privately employed as a ce officer under Article 41, §§ 4-901 through 4-913 of ent officer is wearing the uniform worn while acting in an ang prominently the officer's official badge or other
17 sentencing proceedi	ng shall b	notice under § 2-202(a)(1) of this title, a separate e held as soon as practicable after a defendant is found egree to determine whether the defendant shall be
20 (c) The set 21 conducted:	ntencing p	roceeding under subsection (b) of this section shall be
22 (1)	before t	he jury that determined the defendant's guilt;
23 (2)	before a	jury impaneled for purposes of the proceeding if:
24	(i)	the defendant was convicted based on a guilty plea;
25 26 without a jury;	(ii)	the defendant was convicted after a trial by a court sitting
2728 defendant; or	(iii)	the court, for good cause, discharged the jury that convicted the
2930 resentencing follows	(iv) ing a revie	a court of competent jurisdiction remanded the case for ew of the original sentence of death; or
31 (3) 32 proceeding.	before t	he court, if the defendant waives a jury sentencing
33(d)(1)34jury for any proceed		shall appoint at least two alternate jurors when impaneling a

10			SENATE BILL 544
1 2 c	leath penalty may be	(i) imposed	in which the defendant is being tried for a crime for which the ; or
3		(ii)	that is held under this section.
4 5 เ	(2) under any restrictions		ernate jurors shall be retained throughout the proceedings judge imposes.
8 j	ury begins its deliber	s incapac ations or	to paragraph (4) of this subsection, if a juror dies, is itated, or is discharged for any other reason before the a sentencing, an alternate juror becomes a juror in the ll respects as a juror selected on the regular trial panel.
	(4) the actual deliberatio sentencing.		nate juror may not replace a juror who is discharged during jury on the guilt or innocence of the defendant or on
13 14	(e) (1) proceeding:	The fol	owing type of evidence is admissible in a sentencing
15 16	under subsection (h)	(i) of this se	evidence relating to a mitigating circumstance that is listed action;
17		(ii)	evidence relating to an aggravating circumstance:
18			1. that is listed under subsection (g) of this section; and
19 20	of this title;		2. of which the State provided notice under § 2-202(a)(1)(ii)
			evidence of a prior criminal conviction, guilty plea, plea of nolo any prior convictions or pleas, to the same extent that sible in other sentencing procedures;
24 25	investigation report;	(iv) and	subject to paragraph (2) of this subsection, any presentence
	relevance to sentenci statement.	(v) ing, if the	any other evidence the court finds to have probative value and defendant has a fair opportunity to rebut any
29 30	(2) sentence is not admis		nmendation in a presentence investigation report as to a a sentencing proceeding.
31 32	(3) present argument for		te and the defendant or counsel for the defendant may st the sentence of death.
33 34	(f) (1) proceeding, the court		e evidence is presented to the jury in the sentencing
35		(i)	give any appropriate instructions allowed by law: and

35

(i) give any appropriate instructions allowed by law; and

SENATE BILL 544 1 (ii) instruct the jury as to: 2 1. the findings that the jury must make to determine 3 whether the defendant shall be sentenced to death, imprisonment for life without the 4 possibility of parole, or imprisonment for life; and 5 the burden of proof applicable to the findings under 2. 6 subsection (g)(2) or (i)(1) and (2) of this section. The court may not instruct the jury that the jury is to assume that a 7 (2)sentence of life imprisonment is for the natural life of the defendant. 8 9 (g) (1)In determining a sentence under subsection (b) of this section, the 10 court or jury first shall consider whether any of the following aggravating

12 (i) one or more persons committed the murder of a law 13 enforcement officer while the officer was performing the officer's duties;

14 the defendant committed the murder while confined in a (ii) 15 correctional facility;

16 the defendant committed the murder in furtherance of an (iii) escape from, an attempt to escape from, or an attempt to evade lawful arrest, custody, 17 18 or detention by:

19 1. a guard or officer of a correctional facility; or

20 2. a law enforcement officer;

circumstances exists beyond a reasonable doubt:

21 (iv) the victim was taken or attempted to be taken in the course of 22 an abduction, kidnapping, or an attempt to abduct or kidnap;

23 the victim was a child abducted in violation of § 3-503(a)(1) of (v) 24 this article;

25 (vi) the defendant committed the murder under an agreement or 26 contract for remuneration or promise of remuneration to commit the murder;

27 the defendant employed or engaged another to commit the (vii) 28 murder and the murder was committed under an agreement or contract for 29 remuneration or promise of remuneration;

the defendant committed the murder while under a sentence of 30 (viii) 31 death or imprisonment for life;

32 the defendant committed more than one murder in the first (ix) 33 degree arising out of the same incident; or

34 the defendant committed the murder while committing, or (x) 35 attempting to commit:

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12			SENATE BILL 544
1			1. arson in the first degree;
2			2. carjacking or armed carjacking;
3			3. rape in the first degree;
4			4. robbery under § 3-402 or § 3-403 of this article; or
5			5. sexual offense in the first degree.
6 7	(2) circumstances exist b		ourt or jury does not find that one or more of the aggravating reasonable doubt:
8		(i)	it shall state that conclusion in writing; and
9		(ii)	a death sentence may not be imposed.
10	(h) (1)	In this s	subsection, "crime of violence" means:
11		(i)	abduction;
12		(ii)	arson in the first degree;
13		(iii)	carjacking or armed carjacking;
14		(iv)	escape in the first degree;
15		(v)	kidnapping;
16		(vi)	mayhem;
17		(vii)	murder;
18		(viii)	rape in the first or second degree;
19		(ix)	robbery under § 3-402 or § 3-403 of this article;
20		(x)	sexual offense in the first or second degree;
21		(xi)	manslaughter other than involuntary manslaughter;
22 23	of this paragraph; or	(xii)	an attempt to commit any crime listed in items (i) through (xi)
24 25	crime of violence.	(xiii)	the use of a handgun in the commission of a felony or other
		rcumstar	burt or jury finds beyond a reasonable doubt that one or more acces under subsection (g) of this section exist, it then the following mitigating circumstances exists based on

- 28 shall consider whether any of the following mitigating circumstances exists based on
 29 a preponderance of the evidence:

13			SENATE BILL 544
1	(i)	the def	endant previously has not:
2		1.	been found guilty of a crime of violence;
34 charge of a crime of	violence;	2. or	entered a guilty plea or a plea of nolo contendere to a
5		3.	received probation before judgment for a crime of violence;
6 7 consented to the act	(ii) that cause		im was a participant in the conduct of the defendant or tim's death;
89 provocation of anot10 the prosecution;	(iii) her, but no		endant acted under substantial duress, domination, or tantial as to constitute a complete defense to
	law was	of the def substantia	rder was committed while the capacity of the defendant endant's conduct or to conform that conduct to ally impaired due to emotional disturbance,
15	(v)	the def	endant was of a youthful age at the time of the murder;
16 17 victim's death;	(vi)	the act	of the defendant was not the sole proximate cause of the
18 19 activity that would	(vii) be a conti		ikely that the defendant will engage in further criminal eat to society; or
20 21 writing as a mitigat	(viii) ing circun		er fact that the court or jury specifically sets forth in n the case.
24 preponderance of the	er subsecti ne evidenc	on (h) of e whethe	ry finds that one or more of the mitigating this section exists, it shall determine by a or the aggravating circumstances under the mitigating circumstances.
26 (2)	If the c	ourt or ju	ry finds that the aggravating circumstances:
2728 be imposed; or	(i)	outweig	gh the mitigating circumstances, a death sentence shall
2930 may not be imposed	(ii) d.	do not	outweigh the mitigating circumstances, a death sentence
31(3)32sentence must be u			tion is by a jury, a decision to impose a death be signed by the jury foreperson.
33 (4) 34 specifically:	A court	t or jury s	hall put its determination in writing and shall state

14		SENATE BILL 544
1	(i)	each aggravating circumstance found;
2	(ii)	each mitigating circumstance found;
3 4 (g) of this section out 5 of this section;	(iii) weigh th	whether any aggravating circumstances found under subsection e mitigating circumstances found under subsection (h)
6 7 (g) of this section do 8 subsection (h) of this		whether the aggravating circumstances found under subsection eigh the mitigating circumstances found under and
9 10 or paragraphs (1) and	(v) d (2) of th	the sentence determined under subsection $(g)(2)$ of this section his subsection.
11 (j) (1) 12 provisions of this sec		determines that a death sentence shall be imposed under the court shall impose a death sentence.
13 (2) 14 a death sentence sha		in a reasonable time, the jury is unable to agree as to whether osed, the court may not impose a death sentence.
15(3)16 jury, the court shall of17 provisions of this sec	letermine	entencing proceeding is conducted before a court without a e whether a death sentence shall be imposed under the
	te gave no imprison	purt or jury determines that a death sentence may not be otice under § 2-203(1) of this title, a determination shall ment for life without the possibility of parole under §
22 (5)23 imposed and if the S24 shall impose a senter	tate did n	ourt or jury determines that a death sentence may not be not give notice under § 2-203(1) of this title, the court prisonment for life.
25 (k) (1)	Immedi	ately after the imposition of a death sentence:
	e the indi	the clerk of the court in which sentence is imposed, if different ctment or information was filed, shall certify the e court where the indictment or information was filed;
3031 filed shall copy the c32 them to the Governo		the clerk of the court where the indictment or information was tries in the inmate's case, sign the copies, and deliver
33 (2)34 date that the sentence		extet entries shall show fully the sentence of the court and the ered.
		is sentenced to death, the court before which the ed shall sentence the defendant to death by intravenous

1 administration of a lethal quantity of an ultrashort-acting barbiturate or other

2 similar drug in combination with a chemical paralytic agent.]

3 2-304.

4 (a) [(1)] If the State gave notice under § 2-203(1) of this title, [but did not 5 give notice of intent to seek the death penalty under § 2-202(a)(1) of this title,] the 6 court shall conduct a separate sentencing proceeding as soon as practicable after the 7 defendant is found guilty of murder in the first degree to determine whether the 8 defendant shall be sentenced to imprisonment for life without the possibility of parole 9 or to imprisonment for life.

10 [(2) If the State gave notice under both \$ 2-202(a)(1) and 2-203(1) of this

11 title, but the court or jury determines that the death sentence may not be imposed,

12 that court or jury shall determine whether the defendant shall be sentenced to

13 imprisonment for life without the possibility of parole or to imprisonment for life.]

14 2-305.

15 The Court of Appeals may adopt:

16(1)rules of procedure to govern the conduct of sentencing proceedings17under [§§ 2-303 and 2-304]§ 2-304 of this subtitle; and

18 (2) forms for a court or jury to use in making written findings and 19 sentence determinations.

20 [2-401.

21 (a) (1) After a death sentence is imposed and the judgment becomes final,22 the Court of Appeals shall review the sentence on the record.

23 (2) The Court of Appeals shall consolidate an appeal from the verdict24 with the sentence review.

25 (b) The clerk of the trial court shall send to the Clerk of the Court of Appeals:

26 (1) the entire record and the transcript of the sentencing proceeding 27 within 10 days after receiving the transcript;

28 (2) the determination and written findings of the court or jury; and

29 (3) a report of the trial court that:

30 (i) is in the form of a standard questionnaire supplied by the Court 31 of Appeals; and

32 (ii) includes a recommendation by the trial court as to whether the 33 death sentence is justified.

16			SENATE BILL 544				
1 2	(c) The defendant and the State may submit briefs and present oral arguments to the Court of Appeals within the time allowed by the Court.						
3 4	(d) Court of App	(1) peals sha	In addition to any error properly before the Court on appeal, the l consider the imposition of the death sentence.				
5 6	determine w	(2) hether:	With regard to the death sentence, the Court of Appeals shall				
7 8	prejudice, or	any othe	(i) the imposition of the death sentence was influenced by passion, r arbitrary factor;				
9 10	statutory ag	gravating	(ii) the evidence supports the finding by the court or jury of a circumstance under § 2-303(g) of this title; and				
			(iii) the evidence supports a finding by the court or jury that the ances outweigh the mitigating circumstances under § 2-303(h).				
14 15		(3) nce, the C	In addition to its review under any direct appeal, with regard to the ourt of Appeals shall:				
16	i		(i) affirm the death sentence;				
17 18		proceedir	(ii) set the death sentence aside and remand the case for a new g under § 2-303 of this title; or				
19 20	19 (iii) set the death sentence aside and remand the case for 20 modification of the sentence to imprisonment for life.						
21 22			art of Appeals may adopt rules of procedure for the expedited nces under this section.]				
23	14-101.						
24	(a)	In this s	ection, "crime of violence" means:				
25		(1)	abduction;				
26	i	(2)	arson in the first degree;				
27		(3)	kidnapping;				
28		(4)	manslaughter, except involuntary manslaughter;				
29		(5)	mayhem;				
30 31	the Code;	(6)	maiming, as previously proscribed under Article 27, §§ 385 and 386 of				
27		(7)					

32 (7) murder;

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17			SENATE BILL 544
1	(8)) r	ape;
2	(9)) r	obbery under § 3-402 or § 3-403 of this article;
3	(10	0) c	arjacking;
4	(11	1) a	rmed carjacking;
5	(12	2) s	exual offense in the first degree;
6	(13	3) s	exual offense in the second degree;
7 8 vie	(14 olence;	4) u	se of a handgun in the commission of a felony or other crime of
9 10 th	(15 15 rough (14) of		n attempt to commit any of the crimes described in items (1) ossection;
11	(16	6) a	assault in the first degree;
12	(17	7) a	ssault with intent to murder;
13	(18	8) ;	assault with intent to rape;
14	(19	9) a	assault with intent to rob;
15	(20	0) a	ssault with intent to commit a sexual offense in the first degree; and
16	(21	1) a	ssault with intent to commit a sexual offense in the second degree.
17	(b) [Tł	his secti	ion does not apply if a person is sentenced to death.
20 co	onfinement in a rime of violence	f a crime a correc	Except as provided in subsection (g) of this section, on conviction for e of violence, a person who has served three separate terms of ctional facility as a result of three separate convictions of any be sentenced to life imprisonment without the possibility of
23 24 m	(2) aandatory.) N	Notwithstanding any other law, the provisions of this subsection are
27 se		viction	(1) Except as provided in [subsection (g)] SUBSECTION (F) of this for a third time of a crime of violence, a person shall be nent for the term allowed by law but not less than 25 years, if
29 30 oo	ccasions:	(i) has been convicted of a crime of violence on two prior separate
31 32 th	iere has been a	a chargi	1. in which the second or succeeding crime is committed after ng document filed for the preceding occasion; and

1 2	incident; and	2.	for which the convictions do not arise from a single	
3 4	(ii facility as a result of a co		ed at least one term of confinement in a correctional time of violence.	
5 6	(2) The court may not suspend all or part of the mandatory 25-year sentence required under this subsection.			
	(3) A person sentenced under this subsection is not eligible for parole except in accordance with the provisions of § 4-305 of the Correctional Services Article.			
	10 [(e)] (D) (1) On conviction for a second time of a crime of violence committed 11 on or after October 1, 1994, a person shall be sentenced to imprisonment for the term 12 allowed by law, but not less than 10 years, if the person:			
13 14			convicted on a prior occasion of a crime of violence, mitted before October 1, 1994; and	
15 16	(ii) conviction.) served a	term of confinement in a correctional facility for that	
17 18	(2) The court may not suspend all or part of the mandatory 10-year sentence required under this subsection.			
	9 [(f)] (E) If the State intends to proceed against a person as a subsequent 0 offender under this section, it shall comply with the procedures set forth in the 1 Maryland Rules for the indictment and trial of a subsequent offender.			
22 23	[(g)] (F) (1 granted parole if the pers	· 1	n sentenced under this section may petition for and be	
24	(i)	is at leas	t 65 years old; and	
25 26	(ii) section.) has serv	ed at least 15 years of the sentence imposed under this	
27 28	(2) The Maryland Parole Commission shall adopt regulations to implement this subsection.			
29			Article - Health - General	
30	8-505.			
31 32	(b) [Except in a capital case, on] ON consideration of the nature of the charge, the court:			
33 34	(1) Ma outpatient basis: and	ay require or po	ermit an examination to be conducted on an	

34 outpatient basis; and

1 (2) If an outpatient examination is authorized, shall set bail for the 2 defendant or authorize the release of the defendant on personal recognizance.

3 SECTION 4. AND BE IT FURTHER ENACTED, That an inmate who has been 4 sentenced to death before the effective date of this Act and who has not been executed 5 may not be executed and shall be considered as having received a sentence of life 6 imprisonment without the possibility of parole.

SECTION 5. AND BE IT FURTHER ENACTED, That in any case in which the
State has properly filed notice that it intended to seek a sentence of death under §
2-202 of the Criminal Law Article in which a sentence has not been imposed, the
notice of intention to seek a sentence of death shall be considered withdrawn and it
shall be considered that the State properly filed notice under § 2-203 of the Criminal
Law Article to seek a sentence of life imprisonment without the possibility of parole.

13 SECTION 6. AND BE IT FURTHER ENACTED, That this Act shall take effect 14 October 1, 2003.