SENATE JOINT RESOLUTION 1

Unofficial Copy M1 2003 Regular Session 3lr1398 CF 3lr1399

By: Senator Hollinger (Chairman, Education, Health, and Environmental Affairs Committee) and Senators Frosh and Stoltzfus (Chesapeake Bay Commission)

Introduced and read first time: January 29, 2003

1 A Senate Joint Resolution concerning

Assigned to: Education, Health, and Environmental Affairs

SENATE JOINT RESOLUTION

2 3	Sewage Treatment Plants - Nitrogen Reduction Technology - Federal Funding

- 4 FOR the purpose of urging the Congress of the United States to enact certain
- 5 legislation in support of certain funding for the installation of certain nitrogen
- 6 reduction technology in certain sewage treatment plants.
- WHEREAS. The Chesapeake Bay and its tributaries are national treasures that
- 8 play a vital role in many sectors of Maryland's economy, including the commercial
- 9 seafood, recreational fishing, and tourism industries; and
- 10 WHEREAS, While significant progress has been made in restoring the
- 11 Chesapeake Bay and its tributaries, they remain in a significantly degraded
- 12 condition; and
- WHEREAS, Nitrogen pollution, the most serious problem facing water quality
- 14 in the Bay today, results in excessive algae growth that clouds water, depletes oxygen,
- 15 and severely impacts vital bay grasses, young fish, and crabs; and
- WHEREAS, Maryland is a signatory to the Chesapeake 2000 Agreement, in
- 17 which the State pledged significant reduction of nitrogen pollution, a reduction that
- 18 would be sufficient to remove the Chesapeake Bay from the United States
- 19 Environmental Protection Agency's impaired waters list by 2010; and
- WHEREAS, Upgrading sewage treatment plants, which currently contribute 61
- 21 million pounds of nitrogen annually to the Bay, is the single most cost-effective step
- 22 we can take to reduce significantly the amount of nitrogen pollution; and
- 23 WHEREAS, Sewage treatment plants in Maryland discharge up to 25
- 24 milligrams of nitrogen per liter of wastewater, while current technology allows that
- 25 discharge to be reduced to only 3 milligrams per liter; and
- WHEREAS, United States Senators Paul Sarbanes and Barbara Mikulski have
- 27 introduced legislation to provide funding to allow Bay watershed sewage treatment
- 28 plants to reduce their nitrogen pollution substantially by installing nitrogen

- 1 reduction technology at no cost to the plants, the State, or ratepayers; now, therefore,
- 2 be it
- 3 RESOLVED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF MARYLAND, That the
- 4 Congress of the United States be urged to enact legislation during the 108th Congress
- 5 in support of funding for the installation of nitrogen reducing technology by
- 6 Chesapeake Bay watershed sewage treatment plants; and be it further
- RESOLVED, That a copy of this Resolution be forwarded by the Department of
- 8 Legislative Services to Vice President Richard B. Cheney, President of the United
- 9 States Senate, Senate Office Building, Washington, D.C. 20510; Speaker J. Dennis
- 10 Hastert, Speaker of the United States House of Representatives, House Office
- 11 Building, Washington, D.C. 20515; Senators Paul S. Sarbanes and Barbara A.
- 12 Mikulski, Senate Office Building, Washington, D.C. 20510; and Representatives
- 13 Wayne T. Gilchrest, C. A. Dutch Ruppersberger III, Benjamin L. Cardin, Albert R.
- 14 Wynn, Steny Hamilton Hoyer, Roscoe G. Bartlett, Elijah E. Cummings, and
- 15 Christopher Van Hollen, Jr., House Office Building, Washington, D.C. 20515; the
- 16 Honorable Robert L. Ehrlich, Jr., Governor of Maryland; the Honorable Thomas V.
- 17 Mike Miller, Jr., President of the Senate of Maryland; and the Honorable Michael E.
- 18 Busch, Speaker of the House of Delegates.