

BY: Health and Government Operations Committee

AMENDMENTS TO HOUSE BILL NO. 1067

(First Reading File Bill)

AMENDMENT NO. 1

On page 1, in the sponsor line, strike “and V. Turner” and substitute “V. Turner, Hurson, Hammen, Boteler, Boutin, Bromwell, Costa, Donoghue, Elliott, Kach, McDonough, Morhaim, Oaks, Rosenberg, Rudolph, Smigiel, and Weldon”; in line 2, strike “Task Force on the Prevention and Elimination of” and substitute “State Council on Cancer Control -”; in lines 2, 4, and 12, in each instance, after “Cancer” insert “Committee of the Maryland Comprehensive Cancer Control Plan”; in line 3, strike “Task Force on the Prevention and Elimination of”; strike beginning with “providing” in line 4 down through “expenses” in line 8 and substitute “requiring the Department of Health and Mental Hygiene to staff the Committee”; strike beginning with “Task” in line 8 down through the first “Force” in line 9 and substitute “Committee”; in line 9, strike “Task Force to submit an annual report” and substitute “Committee to present certain findings and recommendations”; strike beginning with “Task” in line 11 down through “of” in line 12; in line 15, strike “Task Force on the Prevention and Elimination of”; and in line 16, after “Cancer” insert “Committee of the Maryland Comprehensive Cancer Control Plan”.

AMENDMENT NO. 2

On page 1, after line 12, insert:

“Preamble

WHEREAS, Cervical cancer is the tenth most common cancer among females in the United States; and

WHEREAS, Cervical cancer disproportionately affects minorities since the rate of new cases of cervical cancer is higher among females from racial and ethnic groups than among white females; and

(Over)

WHEREAS, The Centers for Disease Control and Prevention estimates that 12,200 new cases of cervical cancer were diagnosed in 2003 and that of the women diagnosed, 4,100 will die of the disease; and

WHEREAS, Routine screening for cervical cancer can prevent the disease, although between 2 and 3 million of the approximately 50 million pap tests performed in the United States annually produce inconclusive results, leading to no treatment or inappropriate treatment; and

WHEREAS, Examining methods of preventing and providing for the earlier detection of cervical cancer will help to ensure that the most current technologies and best practices are used in Maryland to prevent cervical cancer as well as to provide optimal care and lifesaving measures for women with the disease; now, therefore,”.

AMENDMENT NO. 3

On pages 1 and 2, strike in their entirety the lines beginning with line 17 on page 1 through line 23 on page 2, inclusive.

On page 2, in line 24, strike “(e)” and substitute “(b)” ; and in line 25, strike “Task Force” and substitute “Committee”.

On pages 2 and 3, strike in their entirety the lines beginning with line 26 on page 2 through line 3 on page 3, inclusive.

On page 3, in line 4, strike “(h)” and substitute “(c)”; in lines 4, 21, and 29, in each instance, strike “Task Force” and substitute “Committee”; in line 8, strike the comma and substitute “:

(i)”;

in line 11, after “education;” insert “and

(ii) examine new and emerging medicines, including vaccines, that are being developed in an effort to cure cervical cancer;”;

in line 29, strike “(i)” and substitute “(d)”; in the same line, strike “an” and substitute “in the”; in the same line, strike “on” and substitute “of the State Council on Cancer Control”; in line 34, strike

“Task Force” and substitute “Cervical Cancer Committee of the Maryland Comprehensive Cancer Control Plan”; and in line 35, strike “Task Force” and substitute “Committee”.