Unofficial Copy E2 HB 924/03 - JUD

By: Delegate Menes (Special Committee on Drug and Alcohol Abuse) and Delegates Anderson, Boschert, Bronrott, Burns, Dumais, Eckardt, Hennessy, Kelley, Nathan-Pulliam, and Petzold

Introduced and read first time: January 28, 2004 Assigned to: Judiciary

Committee Report: Favorable with amendments House action: Adopted Read second time: February 24, 2004

CHAPTER_____

1 AN ACT concerning

Probation before Judgment - Driving While Impaired by or under the Influence of Alcohol and Drugs - Evaluation Required Alcohol- or Drug-Related Offenses - Evaluation

5 FOR the purpose of requiring <u>authorizing</u> a court, before imposing a period of

6 probation before judgment in a case where judgment is being stayed for certain

7 alcohol- or drug-related driving offenses, to order the Department of Health

8 and Mental Hygiene to evaluate the defendant as to whether the defendant

9 needs or would benefit from certain treatment; requiring the court to review the

10 evaluation prior to before imposing a period of probation; and generally relating

11 to probation before judgment in cases involving driving while impaired by or

12 under the influence of alcohol and drugs for certain alcohol- or drug-related

13 <u>offenses</u>.

14 BY repealing and reenacting, with amendments,

- 15 Article Criminal Procedure
- 16 Section 6-220
- 17 Annotated Code of Maryland
- 18 (2001 Volume and 2003 Supplement)

19 BY repealing and reenacting, without amendments,

- 20 Article Transportation
- 21 Section 21-902
- 22 Annotated Code of Maryland
- 23 (2002 Replacement Volume and 2003 Supplement)

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1 2	SECTION 1. BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF MARYLAND, That the Laws of Maryland read as follows:
3	Article - Criminal Procedure
4	5-220.
5	(a) In this section, "custodial confinement" means:
6	(1) home detention;
9	(2) a corrections options program established under law which requires he individual to participate in home detention, inpatient treatment, or other similar program involving terms and conditions that constitute the equivalent of confinement; or
11	(3) inpatient drug or alcohol treatment.
	(b) (1) When a defendant pleads guilty or nolo contendere or is found guilty of a crime, a court may stay the entering of judgment, defer further proceedings, and place the defendant on probation subject to reasonable conditions if:
15 16	(i) the court finds that the best interests of the defendant and the public welfare would be served; and
17 18	(ii) the defendant gives written consent after determination of guilt or acceptance of a nolo contendere plea.
19 20	(2) Subject to paragraphs (3) and (4) of this subsection, the conditions may include an order that the defendant:
21 22	(i) pay a fine or monetary penalty to the State or make restitution; or
23 24	(ii) participate in a rehabilitation program, the parks program, or a voluntary hospital program.
27	(3) Before the court orders a fine, monetary penalty, or restitution, the defendant is entitled to notice and a hearing to determine the amount of the fine, monetary penalty, or restitution, what payment will be required, and how payment will be made.
29 30	(4) Any fine or monetary penalty imposed as a condition of probation shall be within the amount set by law for a violation resulting in conviction.
31 32	(5) As a condition of probation, the court may order a person to a term of custodial confinement or imprisonment.

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When the crime for which the judgment is being stayed is for a

2 violation of § 21-902 of the Transportation Article or § 2-503, § 2-504, § 2-505, § 3 2-506, or § 3-211 of the Criminal Law Article, the court shall [impose]: 4 PRIOR TO BEFORE IMPOSING a period of probation, MAY ORDER **(I)** 5 THE DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND MENTAL HYGIENE TO EVALUATE THE 6 DEFENDANT IN ACCORDANCE WITH § 8-505 OF THE HEALTH - GENERAL ARTICLE; 7 AND AFTER REVIEW OF THE EVALUATION IF AN EVALUATION WAS 8 (II)9 ORDERED UNDER ITEM (I) OF THIS PARAGRAPH, SHALL REVIEW THE EVALUATION 10 BEFORE IMPOSING A PERIOD OF PROBATION; AND 11 (III) SHALL IMPOSE A PERIOD OF PROBATION and, as a condition of 12 the probation: 13 [(i)] 1. shall require the defendant to participate in an alcohol or 14 drug treatment or education program approved by the Department of Health and 15 Mental Hygiene, unless the court finds and states on the record that the interests of 16 the defendant and the public do not require the imposition of this condition; and 17 may prohibit the defendant from operating a motor vehicle 2. [(ii)] 18 unless the motor vehicle is equipped with an ignition interlock system under § 27-107 of the Transportation Article. 19 20 (2)When the crime for which the judgment is being stayed is for a 21 violation of any provision of Title 5 of the Criminal Law Article, the court shall impose 22 a period of probation and, as a condition of probation, require the defendant to 23 participate in a drug treatment or education program approved by the Department of 24 Health and Mental Hygiene, unless the court finds and states on the record that the 25 interests of the defendant and the public do not require the imposition of this 26 condition. 27 Notwithstanding subsections (b) and (c) of this section, a court may not (d) 28 stay the entering of judgment and place a defendant on probation for: 29 (1)a violation of § 21-902 of the Transportation Article or § 2-503, § 30 2-504, § 2-505, § 2-506, or § 3-211 of the Criminal Law Article, if within the 31 preceding 5 years the defendant has been convicted under § 21-902 of the 32 Transportation Article or § 2-503, § 2-504, § 2-505, § 2-506, or § 3-211 of the 33 Criminal Law Article, or has been placed on probation in accordance with this section, 34 after being charged with a violation of § 21-902 of the Transportation Article or § 35 2-503, § 2-504, § 2-505, § 2-506, or § 3-211 of the Criminal Law Article; a second or subsequent controlled dangerous substance crime under 36 (2)37 Title 5 of the Criminal Law Article; or

38 (3) a violation of any of the provisions of §§ 3-303 through 3-307 of the
39 Criminal Law Article for a crime involving a person under the age of 16 years.

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(c)

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1(e)(1)By consenting to and receiving a stay of entering of the judgment as2provided by subsections (b) and (c) of this section, the defendant waives the right to3appeal at any time from the judgment of guilt.

4 (2) Before granting a stay, the court shall notify the defendant of the 5 consequences of consenting to and receiving a stay of entry of judgment under 6 paragraph (1) of this subsection.

7 (f) On violation of a condition of probation, the court may enter judgment and 8 proceed as if the defendant had not been placed on probation.

9 (g) (1) On fulfillment of the conditions of probation, the court shall 10 discharge the defendant from probation.

11 (2) The discharge is a final disposition of the matter.

12 (3) Discharge of a defendant under this section shall be without 13 judgment of conviction and is not a conviction for the purpose of any disqualification 14 or disability imposed by law because of conviction of a crime.

(i) If an individual violates the terms of probation, any time served by the
individual in custodial confinement shall be credited against any sentence of
incarceration imposed by the court.

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Article - Transportation

19 21-902.

20 (a) (1) A person may not drive or attempt to drive any vehicle while under 21 the influence of alcohol.

22 (2) A person may not drive or attempt to drive any vehicle while the 23 person is under the influence of alcohol per se.

24 (b) A person may not drive or attempt to drive any vehicle while impaired by 25 alcohol.

26 (c) (1) A person may not drive or attempt to drive any vehicle while he is so 27 far impaired by any drug, any combination of drugs, or a combination of one or more 28 drugs and alcohol that he cannot drive a vehicle safely.

(2) It is not a defense to any charge of violating this subsection that the
person charged is or was entitled under the laws of this State to use the drug,

31 combination of drugs, or combination of one or more drugs and alcohol, unless the

32 person was unaware that the drug or combination would make the person incapable

33 of safely driving a vehicle.

34 (d) A person may not drive or attempt to drive any vehicle while the person is 35 impaired by any controlled dangerous substance, as that term is defined in § 5-101 of

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1 the Criminal Law Article, if the person is not entitled to use the controlled dangerous2 substance under the laws of this State.

3 (e) For purposes of the application of subsequent offender penalties under § 4 27-101 of this article, a conviction for a crime committed in another state or federal 5 jurisdiction that, if committed in this State, would constitute a violation of subsection 6 (a), (b), (c), or (d) of this section shall be considered a violation of subsection (a), (b), 7 (c), or (d) of this section.

8 SECTION 2. AND BE IT FURTHER ENACTED, That this Act shall take effect 9 October 1, 2004.