# By: Delegates Smigiel, Boteler, Boutin, Cryor, Donoghue, Dwyer, Elmore, Goldwater, Haddaway, Hubbard, James, Leopold, McDonough, Morhaim, Nathan-Pulliam, Oaks, Rudolph, Sossi, V. Turner, Walkup, and Weldon 

Introduced and read first time: February 6, 2004
Assigned to: Economic Matters

## A BILL ENTITLED

1 AN ACT concerning
2
Credit Regulation - Residential Mortgages and Deeds of Trust - Prepayment
3 FOR the purpose of repealing a provision that allows a loan contract to expressly 4 prohibit a borrower from prepaying all or part of certain outstanding unpaid 5 indebtedness at any time; authorizing a borrower to prepay all or part of certain 6 outstanding unpaid indebtedness at any time without a penalty; providing for 7 the application of this Act; and generally relating to prepayment of outstanding 8 indebtedness under a loan secured by a mortgage or deed of trust on the 9 borrower's primary residence.

10 BY repealing and reenacting, with amendments,
11 Article - Commercial Law
12 Section 12-126
13 Annotated Code of Maryland
14 (2000 Replacement Volume and 2003 Supplement)
15 SECTION 1. BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF
16 MARYLAND, That the Laws of Maryland read as follows:
Article - Commercial Law
18 12-126.
19 (a) This section applies only to a loan that:
(1) Is secured by a mortgage or deed of trust on the borrower's primary

21 residence; and
(2) Is not a commercial loan.
(b) [Except to the extent expressly provided otherwise in the loan contract, a]

24 A borrower may prepay all or part of outstanding unpaid indebtedness under a loan at
25 any time WITHOUT A PENALTY.

1

9 all originally scheduled or, if deferred, all deferred payment periods, or portions of
10 payment periods, ending subsequent to the date of prepayment. The unearned
1 precomputed interest charge is the total of that which would have been earned for each period, or portion of a period, had the loan not been prepaid, by applying to the 3 unpaid balances of principal, according to the actuarial method, an annual percentage
14 rate based on the precomputed interest charges, assuming that all payments were
15 made as scheduled, or as deferred, if deferred. The lender, at its option, may round
16 this annual percentage rate to the nearest $1 / 4$ of 1 percent; or 8 interest charge. The earned precomputed interest charge shall be determined by 9 applying an annual percentage rate based on the total precomputed interest charge, 20 under the actuarial method, to the unpaid balances for the actual time those balances
21 were unpaid up to the date of prepayment.
22 (d) As used in subsection (c) of this section, the following terms have the 3 meanings indicated.
(1) "Actuarial method" means the method of allocating payments made 5 on a loan between the outstanding principal balance of the loan and interest, by which a payment is applied first to the accumulated interest, and any remainder is subtracted from the outstanding principal balance of the loan.
(2) "Precomputed interest charge" means interest as computed by an add on, discount, or other similar method.
(3) "Payment period" means the time period within which scheduled payments on a loan are due as provided in the agreement, note, or other evidence of the loan.

SECTION 2. AND BE IT FURTHER ENACTED, That this Act shall be construed to apply only prospectively and may not be applied or interpreted to have any effect on or application to any loan contract executed before the effective date of this Act.

SECTION 3. AND BE IT FURTHER ENACTED, That this Act shall take effect October 1, 2004.

