HOUSE BILL 1269

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By: Delegates Walkup, Barve, Cardin, Feldman, Franchot, Haddaway,		
Hubbard, Kaiser, McMillan, Montgomery, Petzold, Smigiel, Sossi,		
Taylor, Trueschler, and Vaughn		
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Assigned to: Economic Matters

Committee Report: Favorable with amendments

House action: Adopted

Read second time: March 23, 2004

CHAPTER

1 AN ACT concerning

- 2 **Electric Companies - Net Energy Metering - Wind Electric Generating** 3 **Facilities**
- 4 FOR the purpose of expanding the provisions of law relating to net energy metering
- with respect to electricity generated by electric company customers who own 5
- solar electric generating facilities to include eligible customers who own certain 6
- 7 wind electric generating facilities; altering the definition of an "eligible
- 8 customer-generator" by repealing certain limitations; requiring wind electric
- 9 generating systems used by eligible customers to meet certain safety and
- 10 performance standards; prohibiting an electric company from requiring eligible
- customers who own and operate wind electric generating facilities to meet 11
- 12 certain additional requirements; and generally relating to net energy metering
- in connection with wind electric generating facilities. 13
- 14 BY repealing and reenacting, with amendments,
- Article Public Utility Companies 15
- 16 Section 7-306
- 17 Annotated Code of Maryland
- 18 (1998 Volume and 2003 Supplement)
- 19 SECTION 1. BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF
- 20 MARYLAND, That the Laws of Maryland read as follows:

1 **Article - Public Utility Companies** 2 7-306. 3 (a) (1) In this section the following words have the meanings indicated. (2) "Eligible customer-generator" means a customer that[: 4 5 is served by an electric company at: (i) 6 1. a single-family dwelling which is: 7 A. a residence of the customer on a residential service tariff; 8 or 9 B. the principal residence of the customer on a general 10 service tariff: 11 2. a public or nonpublic elementary or secondary school; or 12 3. a public or nonpublic institution of postsecondary 13 education: and 14 owns and operates a solar electrical generating facility OR A (ii)] 15 WIND ELECTRIC GENERATING FACILITY that: 16 (I) has a capacity of not more than 80 kilowatts; 2. 17 (II) is located on the customer's premises; 18 3. (III)is interconnected and operated in parallel with an 19 electric company's transmission and distribution facilities; and 20 is intended primarily to offset all or part of the (IV) 21 customer's own electricity requirements. "Net energy metering" means measurement of the difference between 22 (3) 23 the electricity that is supplied by an electric company and the electricity that is 24 generated by an eligible customer-generator and fed back to the electric company 25 over the eligible customer-generator's billing period. The General Assembly finds and declares that a program to provide net 26 27 energy metering for eligible customer-generators is a means to encourage private 28 investment in renewable energy resources, stimulate in-State economic growth, 29 enhance continued diversification of the State's energy resource mix, and reduce costs 30 of interconnection and administration. 31 (c) An electric company serving an eligible customer-generator shall ensure 32 that the meter installed for net energy metering is capable of measuring the flow of 33 electricity in two directions.

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3 4	(d) The Commission shall require electric utilities to develop a standard contract or tariff for net energy metering and make it available to eligible customer-generators on a first-come, first-served basis until the rated generating capacity owned and operated by eligible customer-generators in the State reaches 34.722 megawatts, 0.2% of the State's adjusted peak-load forecast for 1998.
	(e) (1) A net energy metering contract or tariff shall be identical, in energy rates, rate structure, and monthly charges, to the contract or tariff that the customer would be assigned if the customer were not an eligible customer-generator.
11	(2) (i) A net energy metering contract or tariff may not include charges that would raise the eligible customer-generator's minimum monthly charge above that of customers of the rate class to which the eligible customer-generator would otherwise be assigned.
13 14	(ii) Charges prohibited by this paragraph include new or additional demand charges, standby charges, customer charges, and minimum monthly charges.
15 16	(f) The electric company shall calculate net energy metering, subject to the following:
17 18	(1) net energy produced or consumed on a monthly basis shall be measured in accordance with standard metering practices;
	(2) if electricity supplied by the grid exceeds electricity generated by the eligible customer-generator during a month, the eligible customer-generator shall be billed for the net energy supplied in accordance with subsection (e) of this section; and
24	(3) if electricity generated by the eligible customer-generator exceeds the electricity supplied by the grid, the eligible customer-generator shall be required to pay only customer charges for that month in accordance with subsection (e) of this section.
28 29	(g) (1) A solar-electric generating system OR A WIND ELECTRIC GENERATING SYSTEM used by an eligible customer-generator shall meet all applicable safety and performance standards established by the National Electrical Code, the Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers, and Underwriters Laboratories.
	(2) The Commission may adopt by regulation additional control and testing requirements for eligible customer-generators that the Commission determines are necessary to protect public safety and system reliability.
	(3) An electric company may not require an eligible customer-generator whose solar-electric generating system OR WIND ELECTRIC GENERATING SYSTEM meets the standards of paragraphs (1) and (2) of this subsection to:
37	(i) install additional controls;
38	(ii) perform or pay for additional tests; or

- (iii) purchase additional liability insurance. 1
- 2 SECTION 2. AND BE IT FURTHER ENACTED, That this Act shall take effect 3 October 1, 2004.