Q1 5lr1602

By: Delegates Gordon, V. Clagett, C. Davis, Feldman, Goldwater, Healey, Howard, Hubbard, James, Kaiser, King, and Vaughn

Introduced and read first time: February 10, 2005

Assigned to: Ways and Means

	A BILL ENTITLED
1	AN ACT concerning
2	Land Value Taxation - Funding for the Bridge to Excellence in Public Schools Act
4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13	requiring the Board of Public Works to certify certain State property tax rates; repealing certain obsolete provisions of law; providing for the application of this Act; and generally relating to imposition of a State property tax for education
15 16 17 18	Section 8-134 Annotated Code of Maryland
20 21 22 23 24	Section 6-201, 6-301, 7-301, and 8-101 Annotated Code of Maryland
25	Preamble
26	WHEREAS, During the 2002 Session, the General Assembly passed legislation

27 that essentially codified the recommendations of the Commission on Education

28 Finance, Equity, and Excellence (The Thornton Commission); and

2	UNOFFICIAL COPY OF HOUSE BILL 846							
3	WHEREAS, In order to help the State achieve the goals of the legislation that was enacted into law and entitled the "Bridge to Excellence in Public Schools Act", the General Assembly finds and declares that this Act is necessary to help generate revenues required to fund the 2002 enactment; and							
5 6	WHEREAS, The Maryland Constitution guarantees to all Maryland school children an adequate education; and							
	WHEREAS, Article 15 of the Maryland Declaration of Rights recognizes that there are different classes of property which may be taxed namely land, improvements to land, and personal property; and							
10	WHEREAS, What is taxed is as important as how much is taxed; and							
11 12	WHEREAS, Land value taxation creates no negative impact on the economy and encourages efficient land use; and							
15 16	WHEREAS, Land value is created by society and community, by natural qualities of land endowed by the Creator, and by salubrious governmental functions for the common good such that it is fitting to collect a portion of that value to be used for a common good such as the adequate education of all Maryland school children; and							
18 19	8 WHEREAS, The General Assembly reaffirms its support for the principle of equal educational opportunity; now, therefore,							
20 21	SECTION 1. BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF MARYLAND, That the Laws of Maryland read as follows:							
22	Article - State Finance and Procurement							
23	8-134.							
	(a) (1) Subject to the provisions of subsection (b) of this section, on or before May 1 of each year, the Board shall certify to the governing body of each county the rates of State tax on assessable property needed:							
	(I) to meet the debt service requirements during the next taxable year on all the State bonds that the Board anticipates will be outstanding during that year; AND							
30 31	(II) TO PROVIDE THE TOTAL FUNDING AS DETERMINED BY THE BOARD TO BE REQUIRED TO PROVIDE AN ADEQUATE EDUCATION FOR CHILDREN							

32 ATTENDING PUBLIC SCHOOLS IN THE STATE IN PREKINDERGARTEN THROUGH 33 GRADE 12, THROUGH IMPLEMENTATION OF THE PROGRAMS COMMONLY KNOWN AS 34 THE BRIDGE TO EXCELLENCE IN PUBLIC SCHOOLS ACT, FIRST ENACTED BY CHAPTER

Each governing body immediately shall collect the tax at the rates

35 288 OF THE ACTS OF THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF 2002.

37 the Board certifies under this section.

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	(b) If, on or before May 1 of any year, the Comptroller certifies to the Board that the General Assembly has appropriated enough money to meet the debt service requirements during the next taxable year on an issue of State bonds:
	(1) the Board, by resolution, may determine that the tax otherwise required by the enabling act under which those State bonds are issued need not be imposed for that year; and
	(2) the Governor, by proclamation issued under the resolution, shall declare that the taxes otherwise required by the enabling act may not be collected during that year.
10	Article - Tax - Property
11	6-201.
12 13	(a) Except as otherwise provided in this article, the State may impose State property tax on the assessment of property that is subject to the State property tax.
16 17 18 19	(B) AN ANNUAL STATE TAX IS IMPOSED ON ALL ASSESSABLE PROPERTY IN THE STATE IN RATE AND AMOUNT SUFFICIENT TO PROVIDE THE TOTAL FUNDING NEEDED TO PROVIDE AN ADEQUATE EDUCATION FOR CHILDREN ATTENDING PUBLIC SCHOOLS IN THE STATE IN PREKINDERGARTEN THROUGH GRADE 12, THROUGH IMPLEMENTATION OF THE PROGRAMS COMMONLY KNOWN AS THE BRIDGE TO EXCELLENCE IN PUBLIC SCHOOLS ACT, FIRST ENACTED BY CHAPTER 288 OF THE ACTS OF THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF 2002.
	[(b)] (C) The Mayor and City Council of Baltimore City or the governing body of a county is not required to pass any law to incorporate the State property tax in the property tax bill or to collect the State property tax.
24	6-301.
	[(a) Except as provided in subsection (b) of this section, the] THE Board of Public Works annually shall set the rates for State property tax for the next taxable year as authorized by the General Assembly.
	[(b) (1) Intangible personal property is subject to State property tax as otherwise provided in this title at the rate set annually by the Board of Public Works under subsection (a) of this section, if:
31 32	(i) the intangible personal property has paid interest or dividends during the 12 months that precede the date of finality;
	(ii) interest or dividends were withheld on the intangible personal property during the 12 months that precede the date of finality to avoid the tax under this subsection;
36 37	(iii) the intangible personal property consists of newly issued bonds, certificates of indebtedness, or evidences of debt on which interest is not in default; or

1 a stock dividend has been declared on the intangible personal (iv) 2 property during the 12 months that precede the date of finality. The State property tax rate for the intangible personal property may 4 not exceed 15 cents for each \$100 of an assessment.] 5 7-301. (A) All personal property is exempt from the State property tax. 6 (B) ALL IMPROVEMENTS TO LAND, EXCEPT FOR IMPROVEMENTS THAT ARE 7 8 PART OF OPERATING REAL PROPERTY AS DESCRIBED IN § 8-109(B) OF THIS ARTICLE. ARE EXEMPT FROM THE STATE PROPERTY TAX. 10 (C) THE FIRST \$15,000 OF LAND VALUE FOR AGRICULTURAL LAND, AS 11 DESCRIBED IN § 8-101(B)(1) OF THIS ARTICLE, IS EXEMPT FROM THE STATE PROPERTY 12 TAX. 13 THE FIRST \$40,000 OF LAND VALUE FOR LAND USED AS A PRINCIPAL (D) 14 PLACE OF RESIDENCE, AS DESCRIBED IN § 8-101(B)(7) OF THIS ARTICLE, IS EXEMPT 15 FROM THE STATE PROPERTY TAX. 16 8-101. [For] CONSISTENT WITH ARTICLE 15 OF THE MARYLAND DECLARATION 17 (a) 18 OF RIGHTS, FOR assessment purposes, property shall be divided into classes and 19 subclasses. 20 (b) [Real property] LAND is a class of property and is divided into the 21 following subclasses: 22 land that is actively devoted to farm or agricultural use, assessed (1) 23 under § 8-209 of this title; 24 (2) marshland, assessed under § 8-210 of this title; 25 (3) woodland, assessed under § 8-211 of this title; land of a country club or golf course, assessed under §§ 8-212 through 26 (4) 27 8-217 of this title; 28 (5) land that is used for a planned development, assessed under §§ 8-220 29 through 8-225 of this title; 30 (6) LAND THAT IS rezoned real property that is used for residential 31 purposes, assessed under §§ 8-226 through 8-228 of this title; 32 (7) LAND THAT IS USED AS A PRINCIPAL PLACE OF RESIDENCE; LAND THAT IS USED AS operating real property of a railroad; 33 [(7)](8)

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1 2	utility; and	[(8)]	(9)	LAND THAT IS USED AS operating real property of a public				
3 4	be assessed.	[(9)]	(10)	all other [real property] LAND that is directed by this article to				
5 6	(C) THE FOLLO			VEMENTS TO LAND IS A CLASS OF PROPERTY AND IS DIVIDED INTO UBCLASSES:				
7 8	OF A RAILI	(1) ROAD;	IMPROVEMENTS TO LAND THAT ARE USED AS OPERATING PROPERTY					
9 10	OF A PUBI	(2) LIC UTIL		IMPROVEMENTS TO LAND THAT ARE USED AS OPERATING PROPERTY ITY; AND				
11 12	ARTICLE T	(3) TO BE A		ALL OTHER IMPROVEMENTS TO LAND THAT ARE DIRECTED BY THIS SESSED.				
13 14	[(c)] (D) Personal property is a class of property and is divided into the following subclasses:							
15		(1)	stock in	business;				
16		(2)	distilled spirits;					
17		(3)	operatin	g personal property of a railroad;				
18 19	(4) operating personal property of a public utility that is machinery or equipment used to generate electricity or steam for sale;							
20		(5)	all other	operating personal property of a public utility;				
21 22	1 (6) machinery and equipment, other than operating personal property of a public utility, that is used to generate:							
23			(i)	electricity or steam for sale; or				
24 25	building; an	d	(ii)	hot or chilled water for sale that is used to heat or cool a				
26 27	assessed.	(7)	all other	personal property that is directed by this article to be				
	(E) NOTHING IN THIS SECTION SHALL PREVENT LAND, IMPROVEMENTS TO LAND, AND PERSONAL PROPERTY FROM BEING TAXED AT DIFFERENT RATES FOR COUNTY PROPERTY TAX PURPOSES.							
	SECTION 2. AND BE IT FURTHER ENACTED, That this Act shall take effect 2 October 1, 2005, and shall be applicable to all taxable years beginning after June 30, 3 2006.							