Q3 5lr0660

By: Delegates Rosenberg and Cardin

Introduced and read first time: February 10, 2005

Assigned to: Ways and Means

1 AN ACT concerning

2

Income Tax Credit for Green Buildings

A BILL ENTITLED

- 3 FOR the purpose of altering certain requirements for certain buildings to be eligible
- 4 for certain tax credits; making certain tax credits for certain buildings and
- building components refundable under certain circumstances; allowing an
- 6 individual or business entity to transfer certain tax credits to another individual
- 7 or business entity under certain circumstances; authorizing an individual or
- 8 business entity to whom a certain credit is transferred to claim a credit against
- 9 the Maryland income tax under certain circumstances; altering the maximum
- annual and aggregate amount of initial credit certificates that the Maryland
- 11 Energy Administration may issue; defining a certain term; providing for the
- 12 application of this Act; and generally relating to credits against the Maryland
- income tax for certain buildings and building components that meet certain
- energy efficiency and environmental standards.
- 15 BY repealing and reenacting, with amendments,
- 16 Article Tax General
- 17 Section 10-722(a), (b), and (k)(1)
- 18 Annotated Code of Maryland
- 19 (2004 Replacement Volume)
- 20 SECTION 1. BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF
- 21 MARYLAND, That the Laws of Maryland read as follows:
- 22 Article Tax General
- 23 10-722.
- 24 (a) (1) In this section the following words have the meanings indicated.
- 25 (2) "Administration" means the Maryland Energy Administration.
- 26 (3) (i) "Allowable costs" means amounts properly chargeable to capital
- 27 account, other than for land, that are paid or incurred on or after July 1, 2001, for:
- 28 1. construction or rehabilitation;

1		2.	commissioning costs;	
2 3	rehabilitation period;	3.	interest paid or incurred during the construction or	
4 5	allocable to construction or rel	4. nabilitatio	architectural, engineering, and other professional fees on;	
6 7	loans;	5.	closing costs for construction, rehabilitation, or mortgage	
8 9	construction or rehabilitation;	6. and	recording taxes and filing fees incurred with respect to	
	adopted by the Administration wiring, and ventilation.	7. n under th	finishes and furnishings consistent with the regulations is section, lighting, plumbing, electrical	
13	(ii)	"Allowa	ble costs" does not include:	
14 15	electrical wiring costs;	1.	the cost of telephone systems and computers, other than	
16		2.	legal fees allocable to construction or rehabilitation;	
17 18	demolition costs, and fencing	3. and secur	site costs, including temporary electric wiring, scaffolding, rity facilities;	
19 20	regulations adopted by the Ad	4. Iministrat	finishes or furnishings that are not consistent with the ion under this section; or	
21 22	turbines, or photovoltaic mode	5. ules.	the cost of purchasing or installing fuel cells, wind	
25	(4) "Applicable energy efficiency standards" means ASHRAE/IESNA Standard 90.1-1999, Energy Standard for Buildings Except Low-Rise Residential Buildings, published by the American Society of Heating, Refrigerating and Air-Conditioning Engineers.			
29 30 31	27 (5) "Base building" means all areas of a building not intended for occupancy by a tenant or owner, including the structural components of the building, exterior walls, floors, windows, roofs, foundations, chimneys and stacks, parking areas, mechanical rooms and mechanical systems, and owner-controlled or operated service spaces, sidewalks, main lobby, shafts and vertical transportation mechanisms, stairways, and corridors.			
33	(6) "BUSIN	IESS EN	TITY" MEANS:	
34 35	(I) IN THE STATE; OR	A PERS	ON CONDUCTING OR OPERATING A TRADE OR BUSINESS	

1 2	FROM TAXATION U	(II) UNDER	AN ORGANIZATION OPERATING IN THE STATE THAT IS EXEMPT § 501(C)(3) OF THE INTERNAL REVENUE CODE.
3	[(6)]	(7)	"Commissioning" means:
	air-conditioning syste adherence to design c		the testing and fine-tuning of heat, ventilating, and ther systems to assure proper functioning and ad
7 8	maintenance personne	(ii) el.	the preparation of system operation manuals and instruction of
9	[(7)]	(8)	"Credit allowance year" means the later of:
10		(i)	the taxable year during which:
11 12	which the credit allow	ved unde	1. the property, construction, completion, or rehabilitation on r this section is based is originally placed in service; or
13 14	constitutes a qualifying	ng alterna	2. a fuel cell, wind turbine, or photovoltaic module ate energy source and is fully operational; or
15 16	under the initial credi	(ii) t certifica	the earliest taxable year for which the credit may be claimed ate issued under subsection (k) of this section.
17	[(8)]	(9)	"Eligible building" means a building located in the State that:
18 19	the building contains	(i) at least [1. is a building used primarily for nonresidential purposes if 20,000] 10,000 square feet of interior space;
20 21	dwelling units that co	ontains at	2. is a residential multifamily building with at least 12 least [20,000] 10,000 square feet of interior space; or
22 23	this item;		3. is any combination of buildings described in item 1 or 2 of
24 25	certificate of occupar	(ii) acy was n	in the case of a newly constructed building for which a ot issued before July 1, 2001:
26 27	Article 83A, § 5-140	1 of the C	1. is located on a qualified brownfields site, as defined under Code; or
28 29	of the State Finance a	and Procu	2. A. is located in a priority funding area under § 5-7B-02 arement Article; and
30 31	a permit under § 404	of the fee	B. is not located on wetlands, the alteration of which requires deral Clean Water Act, 33 U.S.C. § 1344; and
32		(iii)	in the case of a rehabilitation of a building:

	the State Finance and Procurer defined under Article 83A, § 5	1. is located in a priority funding area under § 5-7B-02 of ment Article or on a qualified brownfields site as -1401 of the Code; or
4 5	of the building.	2. is not an increase of more than 25% in the square footage
6 7	[(9)] (10) from hydrogen or hydrocarbor	"Fuel cell" means a device that produces electricity directly fuel through a noncombustive electrochemical process.
8 9	[(10)] (11) eligible building and meets the	"Green base building" means a base building that is part of an requirements set out in subsection (i) of this section.
10 11		"Green whole building" means a building for which the base ng and all tenant space is green tenant space.
		"Green tenant space" means tenant space in a building if the g and the tenant space meets the requirements of
15 16	[(13)] (14) means:	"Incremental cost of building-integrated photovoltaic modules"
19 20	associated inverter, additional photovoltaic modules, or addi	the cost of building-integrated photovoltaic modules and any wiring or other electrical equipment for the tional mounting or structural materials, less the cost of ag material that would have been used if hic modules were not installed;
22 23	` '	incremental labor costs properly allocable to on-site ginal installation of photovoltaic modules; and
	` '	incremental costs of architectural and engineering services and ated to the construction or installation of photovoltaic
	building-integrated and nonbu	"Qualifying alternate energy sources" means idding-integrated photovoltaic modules, wind ed to serve the base building or tenant space that:
30	(i)	have the capability to monitor their actual power output;
31 32	(ii) thereafter, to ensure that the s	are fully commissioned upon installation, and annually ystems meet their design specifications; and
33 34	(iii) ordinances.	in the case of wind turbines, meet any applicable noise

	[(15)] (16) "Tenant improvements" means improvements that are necessary or appropriate to support or conduct the business of a tenant or occupying owner.
4 5	[(16)] (17) "Tenant space" means the portion of a building intended for occupancy by a tenant or occupying owner.
	(b) (1) An individual or [a corporation] BUSINESS ENTITY may claim a credit against the State income tax as provided under this section for green buildings and green building components.
11	(2) (I) If the credit allowed under this section IN ANY TAXABLE YEAR exceeds the State income tax PAYABLE BY THE INDIVIDUAL OR BUSINESS ENTITY FOR THAT TAXABLE YEAR, [any unused credit may be carried forward and applied for succeeding taxable years until the earlier of:
13	(i) the full amount of the credit is used; or
	(ii) the expiration of the 10th year after the taxable year for which the credit was allowed] THE INDIVIDUAL OR BUSINESS ENTITY MAY CLAIM A REFUND IN THE AMOUNT OF THE EXCESS.
17 18	(II) A REFUND PAYABLE UNDER SUBPARAGRAPH (I) OF THIS PARAGRAPH:
	1. OPERATES TO REDUCE THE INCOME TAX REVENUE FROM CORPORATIONS IF THE PERSON ENTITLED TO THE REFUND IS A CORPORATION SUBJECT TO THE INCOME TAX UNDER TITLE 10 OF THE TAX - GENERAL ARTICLE; AND
22 23	2. OPERATES TO REDUCE THE INCOME TAX REVENUE FROM INDIVIDUALS IF THE PERSON ENTITLED TO THE REFUND IS:
24 25	A. AN INDIVIDUAL SUBJECT TO THE INCOME TAX UNDER TITLE 10 OF THE TAX - GENERAL ARTICLE; OR
26 27	B. AN ORGANIZATION EXEMPT FROM TAXATION UNDER $\$$ 501(C)(3) OF THE INTERNAL REVENUE CODE.
28 29	(3) For each of the credits under subsections (c) through (h) of this section, the credit may not be allowed for any taxable year unless:
30 31	(i) the taxpayer has obtained and filed an initial credit certificate and an eligibility certificate issued under subsection (k) of this section;
32	(ii) a certificate of occupancy for the building has been issued; and
33 34	(iii) the property with respect to which the credit is claimed is in service during the taxable year.

	al amount allowed in the aggregate for all credits under this aximum set forth in the initial credit certificate obtained ction.		
4 (5) In deter 5 paid or incurred may not be the	mining the amount of the credits under this section, a cost e basis for more than one credit.		
6 (6) (I) SUBJECT TO THE LIMITATIONS OF THIS PARAGRAPH, AN 7 INDIVIDUAL OR BUSINESS ENTITY ENTITLED TO CLAIM A TAX CREDIT AS PROVIDED 8 UNDER THIS SECTION FOR GREEN BUILDINGS AND GREEN BUILDING COMPONENTS 9 MAY TRANSFER THE ENTIRE AMOUNT OF THE CREDIT ALLOWED UNDER THIS 10 SECTION TO AN INDIVIDUAL OR BUSINESS ENTITY.			
11 (II) 12 UNLESS THE INDIVIDUAL 13 ALLOWABLE UNDER THI	A CREDIT MAY NOT BE TRANSFERRED UNDER THIS PARAGRAPH OR BUSINESS ENTITY TRANSFERRING A CREDIT S SECTION:		
14 15 CREDIT;	1. HAS NOT CLAIMED THE CREDIT OR ANY PORTION OF THE		
16	2. TRANSFERS THE ENTIRE AMOUNT OF THE CREDIT; AND		
17 18 THE EFFECTIVE DATE OF 19 COMPTROLLER IN REGUI	3. NOTIFIES THE ADMINISTRATION WITHIN 30 DAYS AFTER THE TRANSFER ON A FORM APPROVED BY THE LATION.		
20 (III) 21 TRANSFERRED BY AN IN	AN INDIVIDUAL OR BUSINESS ENTITY TO WHOM ANY CREDIT IS DIVIDUAL OR BUSINESS ENTITY UNDER THIS PARAGRAPH:		
	1. MAY CLAIM A CREDIT AGAINST THE STATE INCOME TAX THE AMOUNT OF THE CREDIT TRANSFERRED UNDER THIS WITH ITS TAX RETURN A COPY OF THE FORM EVIDENCING AX CREDIT; AND		
	2. IS SUBJECT TO THE SAME REQUIREMENTS AND NG THE CREDIT UNDER THIS SECTION THAT WOULD HAVE IE INDIVIDUAL OR BUSINESS ENTITY TRANSFERRING THE		
	On application by a taxpayer, the Administration shall issue an axpayer has made a showing that the taxpayer is likely ace in service property for which a credit under this		
34 (ii)	The initial credit certificate issued under this paragraph:		
35 36 may be claimed and an expira	1. shall state the earliest taxable year for which the credit tion date; and		

12 the expiration date.	2. shall apply only to property p	placed in service on or before
3 (iii) 4 discretion may extend the	To avoid unwarranted hardship, the A piration date stated under an initial credit	
5 (iv) 6 credit allowable in the agg	The initial credit certificate shall state gate for all credits allowed under this sec	
7 (v) 8 the aggregate, for more th	The Administration may not issue init [\$25,000,000] \$35,000,000 worth of cred	
9 (vi) 10 initial credit certificates s	Except as provided in subparagraph (value limited in their applicability, as follows:	
11 Credits in the aggregate in 12 not be allowed for more to 13 \$1 million 2003 14 \$2 million 2004 15 \$3 million 2005 16 \$4 million 2006 17 \$5 million 2007 18 [\$4] \$5 million 2007 19 [\$3] \$5 million 200 20 [\$2] \$5 million 201 21 [\$1] \$5 million 201 20 [\$2] \$5 million 201 21 [\$1] \$5 million 201 21 21 [\$1] \$5 million 201 21 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 20 20 20 20 20 20 20		
(vii) As of the end of a calendar year, if certificates for credit amounts totaling less than the amount permitted with respect to taxable years beginning in that calendar year have been issued, the maximum amount that may be allowed for taxable years beginning in the subsequent calendar year shall be increased by the amount of the preceding year's shortfall.		
27 (vii 28 after December 31, 2011.	The Administration may not issue an i	nitial credit certificate
(ix) On January 1, 2004, and each year thereafter, the Administration shall provide to the Comptroller a list of all taxpayers in the prior taxable year that have been issued an initial credit certificate and shall specify for each taxpayer the earliest taxable year for which the credit may be claimed and the maximum amount of the credit allowable in the aggregate for all credits allowed under this section. SECTION 2. AND BE IT FURTHER ENACTED, That this Act shall take effect July 1, 2005, and shall be applicable to all taxable years beginning after December 31, 2004.		