E1 HB 521/04 - JUD

By: Delegates Kelley, Anderson, Benson, Bobo, Cane, Carter, C. Davis, Dumais, Gaines, Goldwater, Gutierrez, Healey, Heller, Hixson, Holmes, Howard, Hubbard, Jones, Kaiser, Kirk, Lee, Madaleno, Mandel, Marriott, McIntosh, Menes, Montgomery, Nathan-Pulliam, Niemann, Oaks, Paige, Parker, Patterson, Petzold, Proctor, Rosenberg, Stern, Taylor, V. Turner, and Vaughn Introduced and read first time: February 11, 2005

Assigned to: Judiciary

A BILL ENTITLED

1 AN ACT concerning

2

Criminal Law - Death Penalty - Repeal

3 FOR the purpose of repealing the death penalty; repealing procedures and

- 4 requirements related to the death penalty; providing that certain inmates who
- 5 have been sentenced to death may not be executed and shall be considered as
- 6 having received a sentence of life imprisonment without the possibility of parole
- 7 under certain circumstances; providing that in certain cases in which the State
- 8 has filed a notice to seek a sentence of death the notice shall be considered
- 9 withdrawn and it shall be considered a notice to seek a sentence of life
- 10 imprisonment without the possibility of parole under certain circumstances;
- 11 providing that certain persons serving life sentences are not eligible persons for
- 12 Patuxent Institution under certain circumstances; altering the circumstance
- 13 concerning parole for persons serving life sentences when the State sought a
- 14 certain penalty; making conforming and clarifying changes; and generally
- 15 relating to the repeal of the death penalty.

16 BY repealing

- 17 Article Correctional Services
- 18 Section 3-901 through 3-909 and the subtitle "Subtitle 9. Death Penalty
- 19 Procedures"
- 20 Annotated Code of Maryland
- 21 (1999 Volume and 2004 Supplement)

22 BY repealing

- 23 Article Criminal Procedure
- Section 7-201 through 7-204 and the subtitle "Subtitle 2. Proceedings After
 Death Sentences"; 8-108, and 11-404
- 26 Annotated Code of Maryland
- 27 (2001 Volume and 2004 Supplement)

- 1 BY repealing and reenacting, with amendments,
- 2 Article Correctional Services
- 3 Section 4-101(e)(2), 4-305(b)(2), 6-112(c), 7-301(d)(2), and 7-601(a)
- 4 Annotated Code of Maryland
- 5 (1999 Volume and 2004 Supplement)
- 6 BY repealing and reenacting, with amendments,
- 7 Article Courts and Judicial Proceedings
- 8 Section 8-210, 8-301, 9-204, and 12-307
- 9 Annotated Code of Maryland
- 10 (2002 Replacement Volume and 2004 Supplement)
- 11 BY repealing and reenacting, with amendments,
- 12 Article Criminal Procedure
- 13 Section 7-101, 7-103(b), and 7-107(b)
- 14 Annotated Code of Maryland
- 15 (2001 Volume and 2004 Supplement)
- 16 BY repealing and reenacting, with amendments,
- 17 Article Criminal Law
- 18 Section 2-201(b), 2-304(a), 2-305, and 14-101
- 19 Annotated Code of Maryland
- 20 (2002 Volume and 2004 Supplement)
- 21 BY repealing
- 22 Article Criminal Law
- 23 Section 2-202, 2-301, 2-303, and 2-401
- 24 Annotated Code of Maryland
- 25 (2002 Volume and 2004 Supplement)
- 26 BY repealing and reenacting, with amendments,
- 27 Article Health General
- 28 Section 8-505(b)
- 29 Annotated Code of Maryland
- 30 (2000 Replacement Volume and 2004 Supplement)
- 31 SECTION 1. BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF
- 32 MARYLAND, That Section(s) 3-901 through 3-909 and the subtitle "Subtitle 9.
- 33 Death Penalty Procedures" of Article Correctional Services of the Annotated Code of
- 34 Maryland be repealed.
- 35 SECTION 2. AND BE IT FURTHER ENACTED, That Section(s) 7-201 through
- 36 7-204 and the subtitle "Subtitle 2. Proceedings After Death Sentences"; 8-108, and

1 11-404 of Article - Criminal Procedure of the Annotated Code of Maryland be
 2 repealed.

3 SECTION 3. AND BE IT FURTHER ENACTED, That the Laws of Maryland 4 read as follows:

Article - Correctional Services

6 4-101.

5

7 (e) (2) "Eligible person" does not include an individual who:

8 (i)	is serving two or more sentences of imprisonment for life under
9 § 2-201, FORMER § 2-303, o	r § 2-304 of the Criminal Law Article;

10 (ii) is serving one or more sentences of imprisonment for life when a 11 court or jury has found under FORMER § 2-303 of the Criminal Law Article, beyond a 12 reasonable doubt, that one or more aggravating circumstances existed; or

13 (iii) has been convicted of murder in the first degree, rape in the 14 first degree, or a sexual offense in the first degree, unless the sentencing judge, at the 15 time of sentencing or in the exercise of the judge's revisory power under the Maryland

16 Rules, recommends that the individual be referred to the Institution for evaluation.

17 4-305.

18 (b) (2) An inmate sentenced to life imprisonment as a result of a proceeding

19 under FORMER § 2-303 or § 2-304 of the Criminal Law Article is not eligible for

 $20\,$ parole consideration until the inmate has served 25 years or the equivalent of 25

21 years when considering allowances for diminution of the inmate's period of

22 confinement as provided under Title 3, Subtitle 7 of this article and § 6-218 of the

23 Criminal Procedure Article.

24 6-112.

25 (c) (1) The Division shall complete a presentence investigation report in

26 each case in which [the death penalty or] imprisonment for life without the

27 possibility of parole is requested under [§ 2-202 or] § 2-203 of the Criminal Law28 Article.

29 (2) The report shall include a victim impact statement as provided under 30 § 11-402 of the Criminal Procedure Article.

31 (3) The court or jury before which the separate sentencing proceeding is
32 conducted under [§ 2-303 or] § 2-304 of the Criminal Law Article shall consider the
33 report.

4

1 7-301.

2 (d) (2)An inmate who has been sentenced to life imprisonment as a result of 3 a proceeding under FORMER § 2-303 or § 2-304 of the Criminal Law Article is not 4 eligible for parole consideration until the inmate has served 25 years or the 5 equivalent of 25 years considering the allowances for diminution of the inmate's term 6 of confinement under § 6-218 of the Criminal Procedure Article and Title 3, Subtitle 7 7 of this article. 8 7-601.

9 On giving the notice required by the Constitution, the Governor may: (a)

10 (1)[commute or change a sentence of death into a period of confinement 11 that the Governor considers expedient;

12 pardon an individual convicted of a crime subject to any conditions (2)] 13 the Governor requires; or

14 remit any part of a sentence of imprisonment subject to any [(3)] (2)15 conditions the Governor requires, without the remission operating as a full pardon.

16 **Article - Courts and Judicial Proceedings**

17 8-210.

18 (a) Any person summoned for jury service may be excused by the jury judge if 19 the person shows that undue hardship, extreme inconvenience, or public necessity 20 require his excuse, but only for the period the jury judge deems necessary. At the 21 conclusion of this period the person shall be summoned again for jury service under

22 the provisions of § 8-208 of this title.

23 Any person summoned for jury service may be excused from a particular (b) 24 jury:

25 In accordance with rule or law if more jurors are summoned than are (1)26 required to be impaneled in a particular case;

27 By the court after a determination that the person may be unable to (2)28 render impartial jury service or that his service would be likely to disrupt the 29 proceedings;

30 (3)By the court after a determination that the juror's service may 31 threaten the secrecy of the proceedings or otherwise adversely affect the integrity of 32 the jury deliberations; but a person may not be excused on this ground unless the 33 court states on the record its reasons for the excuse and its determination that the 34 excuse is warranted and will not be inconsistent with §§ 8-102 and 8-103 of this title;

35 By a party upon peremptory challenge as provided by rule or law; or (4)

5

1

(5) By the court upon a challenge by a party for good cause shown.

2 (c) [A person may not be disqualified, excused, or excluded from service in a
3 particular case as a juror of the State by reason of his beliefs against capital
4 punishment unless such belief would prevent his returning an impartial verdict
5 according to law.

6 (d)] No person or class of person may be disqualified, excused, or exempted 7 from service as a juror except under this section or § 8-209 of this title.

8 [(e)] (D) Any person excused from jury service or from a particular jury 9 under [subsection (a), (b), or (c)] SUBSECTION (A) OR (B) of this section is eligible to sit 10 on another jury if the basis for his excuse is not relevant to his ability to serve on the 11 other jury.

12 [(f)] (E) When a person is disqualified or excused from jury service, the jury 13 commissioner or clerk shall note the specific reason in the space provided on his juror 14 qualification form or on the juror's card drawn from the qualified jury wheel.

15 8-301.

(a) [In a trial in which the defendant is subject, on any single count, to a
sentence of death because notice of intention to seek a sentence of death has been
given under § 2-202 of the Criminal Law Article, each defendant is permitted 20
peremptory challenges and the State is permitted 10 peremptory challenges for each
defendant.

(b)] In a criminal trial in which the defendant is subject, on any single count, to
a sentence of life imprisonment, [including a case in which notice of intention to seek
a sentence of death has not been given under § 2-202 of the Criminal Law Article,]
except for common law offenses for which no specific penalty is provided by statute,
each defendant is permitted 20 peremptory challenges and the State is permitted 10
peremptory challenges for each defendant.

[(c)] (B) Except as provided in [subsections (a) and (b)] SUBSECTION (A) of
this section, in a criminal trial in which the defendant is subject, on any single count,
to a sentence of 20 years or more, except for common law offenses for which no specific
penalty is provided by statute, each defendant is permitted 10 peremptory challenges
and the State is permitted 5 peremptory challenges for each defendant.

32 [(d)] (C) In all other criminal cases, each party is permitted 4 peremptory 33 challenges.

34 [(e)] (D) The clerk of the court shall provide a sufficient number of 35 prospective jurors to allow the parties to exercise the peremptory challenges 36 permitted by this section or the Maryland Rules.

1 9-204.

2 [(a)] The court which issued an execution on a forfeited recognizance for a 3 witness who failed to appear may discharge the witness from execution upon motion 4 showing good and sufficient cause for the failure.

5 [(b) This section does not apply in a case if capital punishment may be 6 involved.]

7 12-307.

8 The Court of Appeals has:

9 (1) Jurisdiction to review a case or proceeding pending in or decided by 10 the Court of Special Appeals in accordance with Subtitle 2 of this title;

11 (2) Jurisdiction to review a case or proceeding decided by a circuit court, 12 in accordance with § 12-305 of this subtitle; AND

13(3)Exclusive appellate jurisdiction with respect to a question of law14certified to it under the Uniform Certification of Questions of Law Act[; and

15 (4) Exclusive appellate jurisdiction over a criminal case in which the 16 death penalty is imposed and any appellate proceeding under § 3-904 of the 17 Correctional Services Article].

18

Article - Criminal Procedure

19 7-101.

20 This title applies to a person convicted in any court in the State who is:

21 (1) confined under sentence of [death or] imprisonment; or

22 (2) on parole or probation.

23 7-103.

24 (b) [(1)] Unless extraordinary cause is shown, [in a case in which a sentence 25 of death has not been imposed,] a petition under this subtitle may not be filed more 26 than 10 years after the sentence was imposed.

27 [(2) In a case in which a sentence of death has been imposed, Subtitle 2 of 28 this title governs the time of filing a petition.]

29 7-107.

30 (b) (1) In a case in which a person challenges the validity of confinement 31 under a sentence of [death or] imprisonment by seeking the writ of habeas corpus or 32 the writ of coram nobis or by invoking a common law or statutory remedy other than

 this title, a person m Appeals. 	ay not ap	peal to the Court of Appeals or the Court of Special
3 (2)	This su	btitle does not bar an appeal to the Court of Special Appeals:
4 5 article; or	(i)	in a habeas corpus proceeding begun under § 9-110 of this
8 sentence of [death o	r] impriso	in any other proceeding in which a writ of habeas corpus is n to challenge the legality of a conviction of a crime or ment for the conviction of the crime, including roceeding under Title 4 of the Correctional Services
11		Article - Criminal Law
12 2-201.		
13 (b) (1) 14 felony and on conv		on who commits a murder in the first degree is guilty of a ll be sentenced to:
15	(i)	[death;
16	(ii)]	imprisonment for life without the possibility of parole; or
17	[(iii)]	(II) imprisonment for life.
20 without the possibil	otitle 3 of ity of pare	a [sentence of death is imposed in compliance with § 2-202 of this title, or a] sentence of imprisonment for life ole is imposed in compliance with § 2-203 of this subtitle entence shall be imprisonment for life.
22 [2-202.		
23 (a) A defe 24 death only if:	ndant fou	nd guilty of murder in the first degree may be sentenced to
25 (1) 26 defendant of:	at least	30 days before trial, the State gave written notice to the
27	(i)	the State's intention to seek a sentence of death; and
28 29 rely;	(ii)	each aggravating circumstance on which the State intends to
30 (2) 31 and (vii) of this title	(i) e, the defe	with respect to § 2-303(g) of this title, except for § 2-303(g)(1)(i) ndant was a principal in the first degree; or
3233 officer, as defined i	(ii) n § 2-303	with respect to $ 2-303(g)(1)(i) $ of this title, a law enforcement (a) of this title, was murdered and the defendant was:

8			UNOFF	ICIAL (COPY OF HOUSE BILL 1159
1				1.	a principal in the first degree; or
2				2.	a principal in the second degree who:
3 4	the death of t	he law er		A. nt officer	willfully, deliberately, and with premeditation intended
5				B.	was a major participant in the murder; and
6 7	and			C.	was actually present at the time and place of the murder;
8 9	title.	(3)	the sente	nce of de	eath is imposed in accordance with § 2-303 of this
10	(b)	(1)	In this su	ubsection	, a defendant is "mentally retarded" if:
			n by an in	telligenc	ndant had significantly below average intellectual e quotient of 70 or below on an individually and an impairment in adaptive behavior; and
14 15	years.		(ii)	the ment	tal retardation was manifested before the age of 22
			without t	the possil	not be sentenced to death, but shall be sentenced to bility of parole subject to the requirements of § nt for life, if the defendant:
19			(i)	was und	er the age of 18 years at the time of the murder; or
20 21	the murder t	he defend			y a preponderance of the evidence that at the time of retarded.]
22	[2-301.				
23 24	(a) of each:	The Stat	e's Attorn	ey shall	file with the Clerk of the Court of Appeals a copy
25		(1)	notice of	intent to	seek a sentence of death; and
26		(2)	withdraw	val of not	tice of intent to seek a sentence of death.
29		peals und	ler subsec	tion (a)	orney to give timely notice to the Clerk of the 1) of this section does not affect the validity of death that is served on the defendant in a
31	[2-303.				
32	(2)	(1)	In this se	oction the	following words have the meanings indicated

8

32 (a) (1) In this section the following words have the meanings indicated.

9			UNOFF	IAL COPY OF HOUS	SE BILL 1159
1 2	article.	(2)	(i)	Correctional facility" has	the meaning stated in § 1-101 of this
3			(ii)	Correctional facility" inc	ludes:
4 5	charged with	or adjud	icated as	an institution for ing delinquent; and	the confinement or detention of juveniles
6 7	a court exerci	sing crin	ninal juri	-	ch a person is confined under an order of
			(i) v Enforce		" means a law enforcement officer as ats, § 3-101 of the Public
11			(ii)	aw enforcement officer	" includes:
12 13	State;			a law enforcement	nt officer of a jurisdiction outside of the
14				an officer serving	g in a probationary status;
15				a parole and prob	pation officer; and
18 19	security offic Article if the	law enfo city or is	orcement	officer under Title 3, Su ficer is wearing the unif	nt officer while privately employed as a btitle 3 of the Public Safety orm worn while acting in an s official badge or other
22 23	 (b) If the State gave notice under § 2-202(a)(1) of this title, a separate sentencing proceeding shall be held as soon as practicable after a defendant is found guilty of murder in the first degree to determine whether the defendant shall be sentenced to death. 				
25 26	(c) conducted:	The sent	encing p	eeding under subsectior	n (b) of this section shall be
27		(1)	before th	ury that determined the	defendant's guilt;
28		(2)	before a	ry impaneled for purpos	es of the proceeding if:
29			(i)	e defendant was convict	ed based on a guilty plea;
30 31	without a jur	y;	(ii)	e defendant was convict	ed after a trial by a court sitting
32	defendant: or	r	(iii)	e court, for good cause,	discharged the jury that convicted the

33 defendant; or

1 2	resentencing followir	(iv) ng a revie	a court of competent jurisdiction remanded the case for w of the original sentence of death; or
3 4	(3) proceeding.	before t	he court, if the defendant waives a jury sentencing
5 6	(d) (1) jury for any proceedi		shall appoint at least two alternate jurors when impaneling a
7 8	death penalty may be	(i) imposed	in which the defendant is being tried for a crime for which the ; or
9		(ii)	that is held under this section.
10 11	(2) under any restriction		ernate jurors shall be retained throughout the proceedings judge imposes.
14	jury begins its delibe	es incapac crations of	to paragraph (4) of this subsection, if a juror dies, is sitated, or is discharged for any other reason before the n sentencing, an alternate juror becomes a juror in the all respects as a juror selected on the regular trial panel.
	(4) the actual deliberation sentencing.		rnate juror may not replace a juror who is discharged during jury on the guilt or innocence of the defendant or on
19 20	(e) (1) proceeding:	The foll	lowing type of evidence is admissible in a sentencing
21 22	under subsection (h)	(i) of this se	evidence relating to a mitigating circumstance that is listed ection;
23		(ii)	evidence relating to an aggravating circumstance:
24			1. that is listed under subsection (g) of this section; and
25 26	of this title;		2. of which the State provided notice under § 2-202(a)(1)(ii)
			evidence of a prior criminal conviction, guilty plea, plea of nolo any prior convictions or pleas, to the same extent that sible in other sentencing procedures;
30 31	investigation report;	(iv) and	subject to paragraph (2) of this subsection, any presentence
	relevance to sentence	(v) ing, if the	any other evidence the court finds to have probative value and defendant has a fair opportunity to rebut any

34 statement.

	recommendation in a presentence investigation repo le in a sentencing proceeding.	rt as to a
	he State and the defendant or counsel for the defenda against the sentence of death.	nt may
5 (f) (1) 4 6 proceeding, the court sl	fter the evidence is presented to the jury in the senter all:	icing
7 () give any appropriate instructions allowed by l	aw; and
8 (i) instruct the jury as to:	
	1. the findings that the jury must make hall be sentenced to death, imprisonment for life with imprisonment for life; and	
12 13 subsection (g)(2) or (i)	2. the burden of proof applicable to the 1) and (2) of this section.	findings under
	he court may not instruct the jury that the jury is to as nment is for the natural life of the defendant.	ssume that a
	a determining a sentence under subsection (b) of this s consider whether any of the following aggravating yond a reasonable doubt:	section, the
) one or more persons committed the murder of ile the officer was performing the officer's duties;	a law
21 22 correctional facility;	i) the defendant committed the murder while co	nfined in a
	ii) the defendant committed the murder in further to escape from, or an attempt to evade lawful arrest,	
26	1. a guard or officer of a correctional fa	cility; or
27	2. a law enforcement officer;	
	v) the victim was taken or attempted to be taken ag, or an attempt to abduct or kidnap;	in the course of
30 (31 this article;	(v) the victim was a child abducted in violation o	f § 3-503(a)(1) of
-	i) the defendant committed the murder under an on or promise of remuneration to commit the murder;	

12	UNOFE	FICIAL COPY OF HOUSE BILL 1159
 murder and the murde remuneration or prom 		the defendant employed or engaged another to commit the mmitted under an agreement or contract for muneration;
4 5 death or imprisonmen	(viii) t for life;	the defendant committed the murder while under a sentence of
6 7 degree arising out of t	(ix) the same	the defendant committed more than one murder in the first incident; or
89 attempting to commit	(x) :	the defendant committed the murder while committing, or
10		1. arson in the first degree;
11		2. carjacking or armed carjacking;
12		3. rape in the first degree;
13		4. robbery under § 3-402 or § 3-403 of this article; or
14		5. sexual offense in the first degree.
15 (2) 16 circumstances exist b		ourt or jury does not find that one or more of the aggravating reasonable doubt:
17	(i)	it shall state that conclusion in writing; and
18	(ii)	a death sentence may not be imposed.
19 (h) (1)	In this s	ubsection, "crime of violence" means:
20	(i)	abduction;
21	(ii)	arson in the first degree;
22	(iii)	carjacking or armed carjacking;
23	(iv)	escape in the first degree;
24	(v)	kidnapping;
25	(vi)	mayhem;
26	(vii)	murder;
27	(viii)	rape in the first or second degree;
28	(ix)	robbery under § 3-402 or § 3-403 of this article;
29	(x)	sexual offense in the first or second degree;

13

1	(xi)	manslaughter other than involuntary manslaughter;		
2 3 of this paragraph; or	(xii)	an attempt to commit any crime listed in items (i) through (xi)		
4 5 crime of violence.	(xiii)	the use of a handgun in the commission of a felony or other		
6 (2) If the court or jury finds beyond a reasonable doubt that one or more 7 of the aggravating circumstances under subsection (g) of this section exist, it then 8 shall consider whether any of the following mitigating circumstances exists based on 9 a preponderance of the evidence:				
10	(i)	the defendant previously has not:		
11		1. been found guilty of a crime of violence;		
1213 charge of a crime of	violence	2. entered a guilty plea or a plea of nolo contendere to a ; or		
14		3. received probation before judgment for a crime of violence;		
1516 consented to the act	(ii) that caus	the victim was a participant in the conduct of the defendant or ed the victim's death;		
 17 (iii) the defendant acted under substantial duress, domination, or 18 provocation of another, but not so substantial as to constitute a complete defense to 19 the prosecution; 				
	law was s	the murder was committed while the capacity of the defendant of the defendant's conduct or to conform that conduct to substantially impaired due to emotional disturbance, capacity;		
24	(v)	the defendant was of a youthful age at the time of the murder;		
2526 victim's death;	(vi)	the act of the defendant was not the sole proximate cause of the		
2728 activity that would be	(vii) be a conti	it is unlikely that the defendant will engage in further criminal nuing threat to society; or		
2930 writing as a mitigati	29 (viii) any other fact that the court or jury specifically sets forth in 30 writing as a mitigating circumstance in the case.			
33 preponderance of th	r subsecti e evidenc	ourt or jury finds that one or more of the mitigating on (h) of this section exists, it shall determine by a e whether the aggravating circumstances under outweigh the mitigating circumstances.		

35 (2) If the court or jury finds that the aggravating circumstances:

14

1 (i) 2 be imposed; or) outweigh the mitigating circumstances, a death sentence shall
3 (ii 4 may not be imposed.	i) do not outweigh the mitigating circumstances, a death sentence
	the determination is by a jury, a decision to impose a death nous and shall be signed by the jury foreperson.
7 (4) A 8 specifically:	court or jury shall put its determination in writing and shall state
9 (i)) each aggravating circumstance found;
10 (ii	i) each mitigating circumstance found;
	ii) whether any aggravating circumstances found under subsection eigh the mitigating circumstances found under subsection (h)
14(iv15(g) of this section do not16subsection (h) of this sec	t outweigh the mitigating circumstances found under
17 (v 18 or paragraphs (1) and (2	
	a jury determines that a death sentence shall be imposed under the n, the court shall impose a death sentence.
	, within a reasonable time, the jury is unable to agree as to whether e imposed, the court may not impose a death sentence.
	the sentencing proceeding is conducted before a court without a ermine whether a death sentence shall be imposed under the n.
27 imposed and the State g	the court or jury determines that a death sentence may not be ave notice under 2-203(1) of this title, a determination shall prisonment for life without the possibility of parole under §
	the court or jury determines that a death sentence may not be did not give notice under § $2-203(1)$ of this title, the court of imprisonment for life.
33 (k) (1) In	nmediately after the imposition of a death sentence:
34 (i)) the clerk of the court in which sentence is imposed, if different

34 (i) the clerk of the court in which sentence is imposed, if different
35 from the court where the indictment or information was filed, shall certify the

proceedings to the clerk of the court where the indictment or information was filed;
 and

3 (ii) the clerk of the court where the indictment or information was
4 filed shall copy the docket entries in the inmate's case, sign the copies, and deliver
5 them to the Governor.

6 (2) The docket entries shall show fully the sentence of the court and the 7 date that the sentence was entered.

8 (1) If the defendant is sentenced to death, the court before which the 9 defendant is tried and convicted shall sentence the defendant to death by intravenous 10 administration of a lethal quantity of an ultrashort-acting barbiturate or other 11 similar drug in combination with a chemical paralytic agent.]

12 2-304.

13 (a) [(1)] If the State gave notice under § 2-203(1) of this title, [but did not 14 give notice of intent to seek the death penalty under § 2-202(a)(1) of this title,] the 15 court shall conduct a separate sentencing proceeding as soon as practicable after the 16 defendant is found guilty of murder in the first degree to determine whether the 17 defendant shall be sentenced to imprisonment for life without the possibility of parole 18 or to imprisonment for life.

19 [(2) If the State gave notice under both §§ 2-202(a)(1) and 2-203(1) of this 20 title but the equation of the dettermines that the dettermines of the improved

20 title, but the court or jury determines that the death sentence may not be imposed, 21 that court or jury shall determine whether the defendant shall be sentenced to

22 imprisonment for life without the possibility of parole or to imprisonment for life.]

23 2-305.

24 The Court of Appeals may adopt:

25(1)rules of procedure to govern the conduct of sentencing proceedings26under [§§ 2-303 and 2-304] § 2-304 of this subtitle; and

27 (2) forms for a court or jury to use in making written findings and 28 sentence determinations.

29 [2-401.

30 (a) (1) After a death sentence is imposed and the judgment becomes final, 31 the Court of Appeals shall review the sentence on the record.

32 (2) The Court of Appeals shall consolidate an appeal from the verdict33 with the sentence review.

34 (b) The clerk of the trial court shall send to the Clerk of the Court of Appeals:

(1) the entire record and the transcript of the sentencing proceeding
within 10 days after receiving the transcript;

1	(2)	the determination and written findings of the court or jury; and
2	(3)	a report of the trial court that:
3 4 of Appeals;	and	(i) is in the form of a standard questionnaire supplied by the Court
5 6 death senter	nce is just	(ii) includes a recommendation by the trial court as to whether the tified.
7 (c) 8 arguments to		fendant and the State may submit briefs and present oral urt of Appeals within the time allowed by the Court.
9 (d) 10 Court of Ap	(1) opeals sh	In addition to any error properly before the Court on appeal, the all consider the imposition of the death sentence.
11 12 determine v	(2) whether:	With regard to the death sentence, the Court of Appeals shall
13 14 prejudice, c	or any oth	(i) the imposition of the death sentence was influenced by passion, her arbitrary factor;
15 16 statutory ag	gravatin	(ii) the evidence supports the finding by the court or jury of a g circumstance under § 2-303(g) of this title; and
17 18 aggravating 19 and (i)(1) o		(iii) the evidence supports a finding by the court or jury that the stances outweigh the mitigating circumstances under § 2-303(h) e.
20 21 death sente	(3) nce, the (In addition to its review under any direct appeal, with regard to the Court of Appeals shall:
22		(i) affirm the death sentence;
2324 sentencing	proceedi	(ii) set the death sentence aside and remand the case for a new ng under § 2-303 of this title; or
25 26 modificatio	on of the s	(iii) set the death sentence aside and remand the case for sentence to imprisonment for life.
27 (e) 28 review of d		ourt of Appeals may adopt rules of procedure for the expedited ences under this section.]
29 14-101.		
30 (a)	In this	section, "crime of violence" means:
31	(1)	abduction;
32	(2)	arson in the first degree;

17		UNOFFICIAL COPY OF HOUSE BILL 1159
1	(3)	kidnapping;
2	(4)	manslaughter, except involuntary manslaughter;
3	(5)	mayhem;
4 5 and 386 of t	(6) the Code;	maiming, as previously proscribed under former Article 27, §§ 385
6	(7)	murder;
7	(8)	rape;
8	(9)	robbery under § 3-402 or § 3-403 of this article;
9	(10)	carjacking;
10	(11)	armed carjacking;
11	(12)	sexual offense in the first degree;
12	(13)	sexual offense in the second degree;
13 14 violence;	(14)	use of a handgun in the commission of a felony or other crime of
15 16 through (14	(15) 4) of this	an attempt to commit any of the crimes described in items (1) subsection;
17	(16)	assault in the first degree;
18	(17)	assault with intent to murder;
19	(18)	assault with intent to rape;
20	(19)	assault with intent to rob;
21	(20)	assault with intent to commit a sexual offense in the first degree; and
22	(21)	assault with intent to commit a sexual offense in the second degree.
23 (b)	[This se	ection does not apply if a person is sentenced to death.
26 three separa	ate terms nvictions	Except as provided in [subsection (g)] SUBSECTION (F) of this on for a fourth time of a crime of violence, a person who has served of confinement in a correctional facility as a result of three of any crime of violence shall be sentenced to life imprisonment ty of parole.
20	$\langle 0 \rangle$	New Martin Parameters 1. Annual Martin Calify a freedom and

29 (2) Notwithstanding any other law, the provisions of this subsection are30 mandatory.

		Except as provided in [subsection (g)] SUBSECTION (F) of this ird time of a crime of violence, a person shall be r the term allowed by law but not less than 25 years, if
5 6 occasions:	(i)	has been convicted of a crime of violence on two prior separate
7 8 there has been a char	rging doc	1. in which the second or succeeding crime is committed after ument filed for the preceding occasion; and
9 10 incident; and		2. for which the convictions do not arise from a single
 11 12 facility as a result of 	(ii) f a convic	has served at least one term of confinement in a correctional tion of a crime of violence.
13 (2) 14 sentence required un		urt may not suspend all or part of the mandatory 25-year subsection.
15 (3)16 except in accordance17 Article.		on sentenced under this subsection is not eligible for parole e provisions of § 4-305 of the Correctional Services
		On conviction for a second time of a crime of violence committed a person shall be sentenced to imprisonment for the term han 10 years, if the person:
2122 including a convicti	(i) on for a c	has been convicted on a prior occasion of a crime of violence, crime committed before October 1, 1994; and
2324 conviction.	(ii)	served a term of confinement in a correctional facility for that
25 (2) 26 sentence required un		urt may not suspend all or part of the mandatory 10-year subsection.
	section, it	State intends to proceed against a person as a subsequent shall comply with the procedures set forth in the tment and trial of a subsequent offender.
30[(g)](F)31granted parole if the	(1) e person:	A person sentenced under this section may petition for and be
32	(i)	is at least 65 years old; and
3334 section.	(ii)	has served at least 15 years of the sentence imposed under this
35 (2) 36 implement this subs		aryland Parole Commission shall adopt regulations to

1

19

Article - Health - General

2 8-505.

3 (b) [Except in a capital case, on] ON consideration of the nature of the charge, 4 the court:

5 (1) May require or permit an examination to be conducted on an 6 outpatient basis; and

7 (2) If an outpatient examination is authorized, shall set bail for the 8 defendant or authorize the release of the defendant on personal recognizance.

9 SECTION 4. AND BE IT FURTHER ENACTED, That an inmate who has been 10 sentenced to death before the effective date of this Act and who has not been executed 11 may not be executed and shall be considered as having received a sentence of life 12 imprisonment without the possibility of parole.

SECTION 5. AND BE IT FURTHER ENACTED, That in any case in which the
State has properly filed notice that it intended to seek a sentence of death under §
2-202 of the Criminal Law Article in which a sentence has not been imposed, the
notice of intention to seek a sentence of death shall be considered withdrawn and it
shall be considered that the State properly filed notice under § 2-203 of the Criminal
Law Article to seek a sentence of life imprisonment without the possibility of parole.

19 SECTION 6. AND BE IT FURTHER ENACTED, That this Act shall take effect 20 October 1, 2005.