UNOFFICIAL COPY OF SENATE BILL 234

P2 HB 719/04 - HGO 5lr1684 CF 5lr1683

By: Senators Brochin, Britt, Conway, Garagiola, Grosfeld, Klausmeier, and Teitelbaum

Introduced and read first time: January 26, 2005 Assigned to: Education, Health, and Environmental Affairs

Committee Report: Favorable with amendments Senate action: Adopted Read second time: March 9, 2005

CHAPTER_____

1 AN ACT concerning

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Procurement - Debarment - Causes Causes for Debarment - Expansion

3 FOR the purpose of authorizing the debarment of certain persons that are debarred

- 4 under certain federal regulations; authorizing the person debarred to petition
- 5 the Board of Public Works for the removal of the debarment under certain

6 circumstances; and generally relating to debarment from State contracts.

7 BY repealing and reenacting, with amendments,

- 8 Article State Finance and Procurement
- 9 Section 16-203 and 16-310(a) and (b)
- 10 Annotated Code of Maryland
- 11 (2001 Replacement Volume and 2004 Supplement)

12 SECTION 1. BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF

13 MARYLAND, That the Laws of Maryland read as follows:

Article - State Finance and Procurement

15 16-203.

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16 (a) A person may be debarred from entering into a contract with the State if

17 the person, an officer, partner, controlling stockholder or principal of that person, or

 $18\;$ any other person substantially involved in that person's contracting activities has:

19(1)been convicted under the laws of the State, another state or the20United States of:

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1 (i) a criminal offense incident to obtaining, attempting to obtain, or 2 performing a public or private contract, except as provided in § 16-202; or

3 (ii) fraud, embezzlement, theft, forgery, falsification or destruction 4 of records, or receiving stolen property;

5 (2) been convicted of a criminal violation of an antitrust statute of the 6 State, another state, or the United States;

7 (3) been convicted of a violation of the Racketeer Influenced and Corrupt
8 Organization Act, or the Mail Fraud Act, for acts in connection with the submission of
9 bids or proposals for a public or private contract;

10 (4) been convicted of a violation of § 14-308 of this article;

11 (5) been convicted of conspiracy to commit any act or omission that 12 would constitute grounds for conviction under any of the laws or statutes described in 13 paragraphs (1), (2), (3), or (4) of this subsection; or

14 (6) been found civilly liable under an antitrust statute of the State,
15 another state, or the United States for acts or omissions in connection with the
16 submission of bids or proposals for a public or private contract.

17 (b) A person may be debarred from entering into a contract with the State if,

18 during the course of an official investigation or other proceedings, the person, an

19 officer, partner, controlling stockholder or principal of that person, or any other

20 person substantially involved in that person's contracting activities has admitted, in

21 writing or under oath, an act or omission that constitutes grounds for conviction or22 liability under any law or statute described in subsection (a) of this section.

(C) A PERSON MAY BE DEBARRED FROM ENTERING INTO A CONTRACT WITH
THE STATE IF THE PERSON, AN OFFICER, PARTNER, CONTROLLING STOCKHOLDER OR
PRINCIPAL OF THAT PERSON, OR ANY OTHER PERSON SUBSTANTIALLY INVOLVED IN
THAT PERSON'S CONTRACTING ACTIVITIES HAS BEEN DEBARRED FROM FEDERAL
CONTRACTS UNDER THE FEDERAL ACQUISITION REGULATIONS, AS PROVIDED IN 48
C.F.R. CHAPTER 1.

29 [(c)] (D) A person may be debarred from entering into a contract with the 30 State:

(1) if the Board finds that the person was established or operates in a
manner designed to evade the application of this title or to defeat the purpose of this
title;

34 (2) if the person is a successor, assignee, subsidiary, or affiliate of a
35 person who is debarred or suspended;

36 (3) for one of the following violations of a contract provision if the Board
37 believes it to be serious enough to justify debarment:

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1 (i) the deliberate failure, without good cause, to perform in 2 accordance with the specifications, or within the time limit, provided in a contract; or

3 (ii) within the preceding 5 years, the failure to perform or of

4 unsatisfactory performance in accordance with the terms of one or more contracts,

5 unless the failure to perform or unsatisfactory performance was caused by acts

6 beyond the control of the person;

7 (4) if the person is a competing contractor, or any officer, employee,
8 representative, agent, or consultant of any competing contractor who violates §
9 13-211 of this article; or

10 (5) for any other cause that the Board determines to be so serious as to 11 affect the integrity of the procurement process.

12 16-310.

(a) (1) If the conviction that is the basis for a debarment or suspension is
reversed or otherwise rendered void, the debarment or suspension terminates
automatically.

16 (2) IF THE FEDERAL DEBARMENT THAT IS THE BASIS FOR A STATE 17 DEBARMENT OR SUSPENSION IS REVERSED OR OTHERWISE RENDERED VOID, THE 18 PERSON DEBARRED MAY PETITION THE BOARD FOR REMOVAL OF THE DEBARMENT.

19 (b) (1) Any person debarred under § 16-202 of this title may, after a period 20 of 5 years from the date of the debarment, petition the Board for removal of the 21 debarment.

22 (2) Any person debarred under § 16-203(A), (B), OR (D) of this title may 23 petition the Board for removal of the debarment, after the expiration of:

24 (i) one-half of the period of debarment; or

25 (ii) 5 years.

26 SECTION 2. AND BE IT FURTHER ENACTED, That this Act shall take 27 effect October 1, 2005.

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