## **UNOFFICIAL COPY OF SENATE BILL 913**

F1 51r2933 SB 618/04 - EHE

By: Senators McFadden, Hollinger, Gladden, Hafer, Hooper, Jones, and

Schrader

Introduced and read first time: February 22, 2005

Assigned to: Rules

## A BILL ENTITLED

1 AN ACT concerning	
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- 2 Education Compulsory Attendance and Parental Responsibility Age
  Limits
- 4 FOR the purpose of raising the age of compulsory school attendance; providing an
- 5 exception for a minor who has obtained a high school diploma or certificate;
- 6 raising the age up to which a parent or guardian is responsible for a child's
- 7 attendance at school or certain authorized instruction; raising the age at which
- 8 an individual may receive a high school diploma by examination; and generally
- 9 relating to the age of compulsory school attendance.
- 10 BY repealing and reenacting, with amendments,
- 11 Article Education
- 12 Section 7-206(a) and 7-301(a), (c), and (e)
- 13 Annotated Code of Maryland
- 14 (2004 Replacement Volume and 2004 Supplement)
- 15 BY repealing and reenacting, without amendments,
- 16 Article Education
- 17 Section 7-301(d)
- 18 Annotated Code of Maryland
- 19 (2004 Replacement Volume and 2004 Supplement)
- 20 SECTION 1. BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF
- 21 MARYLAND, That the Laws of Maryland read as follows:
- 22 Article Education
- 23 7-206.
- 24 (a) An individual may obtain a high school diploma by examination as
- 25 provided in this section if the individual:
- 26 (1) Has not obtained a high school certificate or diploma;

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		as resided in this State or on a federal reservation in this State for that the State Board may waive this residence requirement justified;	
4	(3) Is	[16] 18 years old or older; and	
	program for at least 3 m	as withdrawn from a regular full-time public or private school onths, except that the State Board may waive the 3-month if the State Board considers the waiver justified.	
8	7-301.		
11 12	resides in this State and school regularly during	is 5 years old or older and under [16] 18 shall attend a public the entire school year unless the child is otherwise receiving ction during the school year in the studies usually taught in	
	(II) A CHILD UNDER THE AGE OF 18 YEARS WHO HAS OBTAINED AS HIGH SCHOOL CERTIFICATE OR DIPLOMA IS NOT SUBJECT TO THE PROVISIONS OF THIS SUBSECTION.		
19 20	(2) In accordance with regulations of the State Board of Education, a child who resides in this State and is 5 years old may be exempted from mandatory school attendance for 1 year if the child's parent or guardian files a written request with the local school system asking that the child's attendance be delayed due to the child's level of maturity.		
24 25	the State Board of Educ kindergarten program ro grade unless the child is	except as provided in subsection (f) of this section or in regulations of eation, each child who resides in this State shall attend a egularly during the school year prior to entering the first so otherwise receiving regular, thorough instruction in the y taught in a kindergarten program of a public school.	
	Each person who has legal custody or care and control of a child who is 5 years old or older and under [16] 18 shall see that the child attends school or receives instruction as required by this section.		
30 31	) (d) (1) T physical handicap.	his section applies to any child who has a mental, emotional, or	
32	(2)   T	his section does not apply to a child:	
33 34	(i instruction detrimental	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
35 36	is harm to others.	i) Whose presence in school presents a danger of serious physical	

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3	(3) With the advice of the school principal, supervisor, pupil personnel supervisor, or visiting teacher and with the written recommendation of a licensed physician or a State Department of Education certified or licensed psychologist, the county superintendent may:
5 6	(i) Make other appropriate provisions for the free education of any student excepted from attendance under paragraph (2) of this subsection; or
9	(ii) Permit the parents or guardians of that student to withdraw him from public school, for as long as the attendance of the child in a public school would be detrimental to his progress or his presence in school would present a danger of serious physical harm to others.
11 12	(4) If a child is withdrawn from a public school under this subsection, the county board shall make other appropriate provisions for the education of the child.
	(5) If an appropriate educational placement is not available immediately, the county board shall make interim provisions for the education of the child until an appropriate placement becomes available.
18 19	(e) (1) Any person who induces or attempts to induce a child to absent himself unlawfully from school or employs or harbors any child who is absent unlawfully from school while school is in session is guilty of a misdemeanor and on conviction is subject to a fine not to exceed \$500 or imprisonment not to exceed 30 days, or both.
	(2) Any person who has legal custody or care and control of a child who is 5 years old or older and under [16] 18 who fails to see that the child attends school or receives instruction under this section is guilty of a misdemeanor and:
24 25	(i) For a first conviction is subject to a fine not to exceed \$50 per day of unlawful absence or imprisonment not to exceed 10 days, or both; and
	(ii) For a second or subsequent conviction is subject to a fine not to exceed \$100 per day of unlawful absence or imprisonment not to exceed 30 days, or both.
31 32	(3) As to any sentence imposed under this section, the court may suspend the fine or the prison sentence and establish terms and conditions which would promote the child's attendance. The suspension authority provided for in this subsection is in addition to and not in limitation of the suspension authority under § 6-221 of the Criminal Procedure Article.
34 35	SECTION 2. AND BE IT FURTHER ENACTED, That this Act shall take effect July 1, 2005.