## **Department of Legislative Services**

Maryland General Assembly 2005 Session

#### FISCAL AND POLICY NOTE

Senate Bill 294

(Senator Dyson)

**Budget and Taxation** 

# Income Tax - Credit for Preservation and Conservation Easements - Refundability

This bill expands the existing Preservation and Conservation Easement tax credit by making the credit refundable. The amount of refundable credit claimed in each year cannot exceed \$5,000. Any excess amount of credit can be carried forward as provided under current law.

The bill takes effect July 1, 2005 and applies to tax years 2005 and beyond.

# **Fiscal Summary**

**State Effect:** General fund revenues could decrease by approximately \$894,500 in FY 2006. Future revenue losses reflect estimated number of taxpayers claiming the credit. General fund expenditures would increase by approximately \$44,400 in FY 2006 due to one-time tax form changes and computer expenses.

(in dollars)	FY 2006	FY 2007	FY 2008	FY 2009	FY 2010
GF Revenue	(\$894,500)	(\$1,043,600)	(\$1,192,700)	(\$1,341,800)	(\$1,490,900)
GF Expenditure	44,400	0	0	0	0
Net Effect	(\$938,900)	(\$1,043,600)	(\$1,192,700)	(\$1,341,800)	(\$1,490,900)

Note:() = decrease; GF = general funds; FF = federal funds; SF = special funds; - = indeterminate effect

Local Effect: None.

**Small Business Effect:** Meaningful.

### **Analysis**

Current Law: Chapter 676 of 2001 established the Preservation and Conservation Easement tax credit. The amount of the credit allowed is the amount by which the fair market value of the property before the conveyance of the easement exceeds the fair market value of the property after the conveyance of the easement. The fair market value of the property before and after the conveyance of the easement is substantiated by an appraisal prepared by a certified real estate appraiser. The amount of the credit is reduced by the amount of any payment received for the easement. The amount of the credit allowed for any taxable year may not exceed the lesser of: (1) the State income tax liability; or (2) \$5,000. Any unused credit may be carried forward for up to 15 years, but may not exceed the lesser of the State tax or \$5,000 in any taxable year. The credit may not be claimed for a required dedication of open space for the purpose of fulfilling density requirements to obtain a subdivision or building permit.

**Background:** The purpose of the Maryland Agricultural Land Preservation Program, established in 1977 and administered by Maryland Agricultural Land Preservation Foundation (MALPF), is to preserve wood and agricultural land in order to provide sources of agricultural products within the State; control the urban expansion which is encroaching upon the wood and agricultural land of the State; curb the spread of urban blight and deterioration; and protect agricultural land and woodland as open space land. Through July 2004, the program has preserved 235,369 acres. Funding for the program has typically come from the agricultural transfer tax imposed on all transfers of title in agricultural land taken out of production, a portion of the State transfer tax, Greenprint funds, and federal funds.

The Maryland Environmental Trust (MET), which was established by the General Assembly in 1967, is a statewide local land trust governed by a citizen board of trustees. MET works with over 40 private nonprofit land trusts. These land trusts can hold conservation easements independently or jointly with MET. In addition, some of these land trusts acquire and manage land. As of January 20, 2005, the program has preserved 108,400 acres. Land is preserved either by outright donations or purchases of easements. MET does not typically purchase easements, but acts as a conduit for the Rural Legacy Program and the Transportation Enhancement Program within the State Highway Administration.

**Exhibit 1** lists the amount of credits claimed since the inception of the tax credit. An average of \$1,861 of the maximum \$5,000 was claimed per return in tax year 2001 through 2003. If every taxpayer would have claimed the entire \$5,000 credit in tax year 2003, approximately \$1.1 million would have been claimed or \$653,838 more than under current law.

Exhibit 1
Tax Credit for Preservation and Conservation Easements
Credits Claimed in Tax Year 2001 through 2003

Tax Year	Tax Returns	<b>Amount</b>	<u>Average</u>
2001	151	\$189,620	\$1,256
2002	172	384,285	2,234
2003	225	471,162	2,094

**Exhibit 2** lists the number and amount of acres donated or sold via MET in tax years 2001 through 2004. **Exhibit 3** lists the actual number of individuals who sold easements to MALPF in fiscal 2001 through 2004 and the estimated number for fiscal 2005 through 2006. Of the 122 properties that sold easements to MALPF in fiscal 2003, MALPF estimates that 119 properties offered a discount and are eligible for the tax credit. The average discount per property was \$106,192.

Exhibit 2
MET Easement Purchases and Donations
Tax Years 2001 through 2004

Donatio	ns:	<b>Purchases:</b>	
<b>Properties</b>	<u>Acres</u>	<b>Properties</b>	<b>Acres</b>
	• 0.40		10
31	2,940	33	5,540
52	4,029	48	8,639
38	3,223	6	1,147
29	2,525	2	36
	31 52 38	31 2,940 52 4,029 38 3,223	Properties         Acres         Properties           31         2,940         33           52         4,029         48           38         3,223         6

Exhibit 3
MALPF Easement Purchases
Fiscal 2001 through 2006

Fiscal Year	<b>Properties</b>	Acres
2001	99	13,790
2002	158	19,549
2003	122	15,436
2004	18	2,292
2005*	100	13,000
2006*	190	26,300

<sup>\*</sup> Estimated.

Source: 2006, 2005 Budget Books

**State Revenues:** The bill provides that tax credits are refundable beginning with tax year 2005. As a result, general fund revenues could decrease by approximately \$894,500 in fiscal 2006. This estimate is based on the following facts and assumptions.

- In tax year 2003, 225 tax returns claimed the credit.
- The average amount claimed from tax year 2001 to 2003 was \$1,861.
- The number of taxpayers claiming the credit increases by 25 in tax year 2004 and by 50 in tax year 2005 and beyond.
- 5% of taxpayers exhaust the entire amount of the credit in each year.

**State Expenditures:** The Comptroller's Office reports that it would incur a one-time expenditure increase of \$44,400 in fiscal 2006 to move the credit to the 502CR form used for refundable credits. This includes data processing changes to the SMART income tax return processing and imaging systems, and system testing.

**Small Business Effect:** Many farmers are small businesses. These small businesses who transfer the tax credit and receive compensation above and beyond what can be earned from claiming the tax credit will benefit from this bill.

## **Additional Information**

**Prior Introductions:** None.

**Cross File:** HB 532 (Delegate James) – Ways and Means.

**Information Source(s):** Maryland Agricultural Land Preservation Foundation, Comptroller's Office, Maryland Environmental Trust, Department of Legislative Services

**Fiscal Note History:** First Reader - March 10, 2005

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