UNOFFICIAL COPY OF SENATE BILL 74

D4 SB 367/05 - JPR 6lr0752 CF 6lr0751

By: Senators Grosfeld, Britt, Currie, Forehand, Garagiola, Giannetti, Gladden, Jones, Kelley, Klausmeier, Pinsky, and Teitelbaum

Introduced and read first time: January 16, 2006 Assigned to: Judicial Proceedings

Committee Report: Favorable with amendments Senate action: Adopted Read second time: February 14, 2006

CHAPTER_____

1 AN ACT concerning

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Family Law - Child Support - Deviation from Child Support Guidelines

3 FOR the purpose of establishing certain factors adding a certain factor that a court is

- 4 required <u>authorized</u> to consider when determining whether the application of
- 5 the child support guidelines would be unjust or inappropriate in a particular
- 6 case; and generally relating to the child support guidelines.

7 BY repealing and reenacting, with amendments,

- 8 Article Family Law
- 9 Section 12-202(a)
- 10 Annotated Code of Maryland
- 11 (2004 Replacement Volume and 2005 Supplement)

12 SECTION 1. BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF

13 MARYLAND, That the Laws of Maryland read as follows:

14 Article - Family Law

15 12-202.

16 (a) (1) Subject to the provisions of paragraph (2) of this subsection, in any

17 proceeding to establish or modify child support, whether pendente lite or permanent,

18 the court shall use the child support guidelines set forth in this subtitle.

19 (2) (i) There is a rebuttable presumption that the amount of child 20 support which would result from the application of the child support guidelines set

21 forth in this subtitle is the correct amount of child support to be awarded.

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1 2	(ii) The presumption may be rebutted by evidence that the application of the guidelines would be unjust or inappropriate in a particular case.	
3 4	(iii) In determining whether the application of the guidelines would be unjust or inappropriate in a particular case, the court may consider:	
7 8 9 10	1. the terms of any existing separation or property settlement agreement or court order, including any provisions for payment of nortgages or marital debts, payment of college education expenses, the terms of any use and possession order or right to occupy to the family home under an agreement, any direct payments made for the benefit of the children required by agreement or order, or any other financial considerations set out in an existing separation or property settlement agreement or court order; [and]	
	2. the presence in the household of either parent of other children to whom that parent owes a duty of support and the expenses for whom that parent is directly contributing; <u>AND</u>	
15 16	3. THE VALUE OF ALL OF THE ASSETS IN WHICH EITHER PARENT HAS AN INTEREST ; AND	
	4. THE ENTITLEMENT OF THE CHILD TO A STANDARD OF LIVING THAT IS SUBSTANTIALLY SIMILAR TO THAT WHICH THE CHILD WOULD HAVE HAD IF THE PARENTS HAD REMAINED TOGETHER.	
22	(iv) The presumption may not be rebutted solely on the basis of evidence of the presence in the household of either parent of other children to whom that parent owes a duty of support and the expenses for whom that parent is directly contributing.	
26	(v) 1. If the court determines that the application of the guidelines would be unjust or inappropriate in a particular case, the court shall make a written finding or specific finding on the record stating the reasons for departing from the guidelines.	
28	2. The court's finding shall state:	
29 30	A. the amount of child support that would have been required under the guidelines;	
31	B. how the order varies from the guidelines;	
32	C. how the finding serves the best interests of the child; and	
	D. in cases in which items of value are conveyed instead of a portion of the support presumed under the guidelines, the estimated value of the items conveyed.	

36 SECTION 2. AND BE IT FURTHER ENACTED, That this Act shall take effect 37 October 1, 2006.