6lr0538 D4 SB 260/05 - JPR By: Senators Grosfeld, Britt, Conway, Currie, DeGrange, Dyson, Forehand, Garagiola, Hogan, Hollinger, Jimeno, Jones, Kasemeyer, Kelley, Kramer, Lawlah, McFadden, Pinsky, Ruben, and Teitelbaum Introduced and read first time: January 16, 2006 Assigned to: Judicial Proceedings Committee Report: Favorable Senate action: Adopted Read second time: March 7, 2006 CHAPTER 1 AN ACT concerning 2 Family Law - Protective Orders - Burden of Persuasion 3 FOR the purpose of altering the standard of proof by which a judge in a protective order hearing must find that abuse has occurred before the judge may grant a 4 5 final protective order; and generally relating to the standard of proof in a protective order hearing. 6 7 BY repealing and reenacting, with amendments, Article - Family Law 8 Section 4-506(c) 9 Annotated Code of Maryland 10 11 (2004 Replacement Volume and 2005 Supplement) 12 SECTION 1. BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF 13 MARYLAND, That the Laws of Maryland read as follows: 14 **Article - Family Law** 15 4-506. If the respondent appears before the court at a protective order 16 (c) (1) 17 hearing or has been served with an interim or temporary protective order, or the court 18 otherwise has personal jurisdiction over the respondent, the judge: 19 (i) may proceed with the final protective order hearing; and

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3	(ii) if the judge finds by [clear and convincing] A PREPONDERANCE OF THE evidence that the alleged abuse has occurred, or if the respondent consents to the entry of a protective order, the judge may grant a final protective order to protect any person eligible for relief from abuse.
5 6	(2) A final protective order may be issued only to a person who has filed a petition under § 4-504 of this subtitle.
9	(3) (i) Subject to the provisions of subparagraph (ii) of this paragraph, in cases where both parties file a petition under § 4-504 of this subtitle, the judge may issue mutual protective orders if the judge finds by clear and convincing evidence that mutual abuse has occurred.
11 12	(ii) The judge may issue mutual final protective orders only if the judge makes a detailed finding of fact that:
13	1. both parties acted primarily as aggressors; and
14	2. neither party acted primarily in self-defense.
15 16	SECTION 2. AND BE IT FURTHER ENACTED, That this Act shall take effect