E1 6lr0926

By: Senator Gladden

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(i)

Introduced and read first time: January 23, 2006 Assigned to: Judicial Proceedings

	A BILL ENTITLED
1	AN ACT concerning
2	Controlled Dangerous Substances - Penalties for Use or Possession of Methamphetamine
4 5 6 7 8 9	FOR the purpose of increasing the penalty for possession or administration to another, obtaining or attempting to obtain, or procuring or attempting to procure the administration of a controlled dangerous substance, when the violation involves the use or possession of methamphetamine; requiring the Judicial Institute of the Judiciary to provide certain education to judges regarding methamphetamine; and generally relating to penalties for illegal use or possession of methamphetamine.
11 12 13 14	BY repealing and reenacting, with amendments, Article - Criminal Law Section 5-601 Annotated Code of Maryland (2002 Volume and 2005 Supplement)
16 17	SECTION 1. BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF MARYLAND, That the Laws of Maryland read as follows:
18	Article - Criminal Law
19	5-601.
20	(a) Except as otherwise provided in this title, a person may not:
	(1) possess or administer to another a controlled dangerous substance, unless obtained directly or by prescription or order from an authorized provider acting in the course of professional practice; or
	(2) obtain or attempt to obtain a controlled dangerous substance, or procure or attempt to procure the administration of a controlled dangerous substance by:

fraud, deceit, misrepresentation, or subterfuge;

2 **UNOFFICIAL COPY OF SENATE BILL 188** 1 (ii) the counterfeiting or alteration of a prescription or a written 2 order; 3 (iii) the concealment of a material fact; 4 (iv) the use of a false name or address; falsely assuming the title of or representing to be a 5 (v) 6 manufacturer, distributor, or authorized provider; or 7 making, issuing, or presenting a false or counterfeit (vi) prescription or written order. 8 9 (b) Information that is communicated to a physician in an effort to obtain a 10 controlled dangerous substance in violation of this section is not a privileged communication. 12 (c) (1) Except as provided in paragraphs [(2) and (3)] (2), (3), AND (4) of this 13 subsection, a person who violates this section is guilty of a misdemeanor and on 14 conviction is subject to imprisonment not exceeding 4 years or a fine not exceeding 15 \$25,000 or both. 16 A person whose violation of this section involves the use or possession (2)of marijuana is subject to imprisonment not exceeding 1 year or a fine not exceeding 18 \$1,000 or both. 19 (i) In a prosecution for the use or possession of marijuana, the 20 defendant may introduce and the court shall consider as a mitigating factor any 21 evidence of medical necessity. 22 Notwithstanding paragraph (2) of this subsection, if the court (ii) 23 finds that the person used or possessed marijuana because of medical necessity, on 24 conviction of a violation of this section, the maximum penalty that the court may 25 impose on the person is a fine not exceeding \$100. 26 A PERSON WHOSE VIOLATION OF THIS SECTION INVOLVES THE USE 27 OR POSSESSION OF METHAMPHETAMINE IS SUBJECT TO IMPRISONMENT NOT

28 EXCEEDING 8 YEARS OR A FINE NOT EXCEEDING \$50,000 OR BOTH.

30 the Judiciary shall provide education to judges regarding the growing problem of 31 methamphetamine addiction and the associated dangers to surrounding

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32 communities.

34 October 1, 2006.

SECTION 2. AND BE IT FURTHER ENACTED, That the Judicial Institute of

SECTION 3. AND BE IT FURTHER ENACTED, That this Act shall take effect