E4 6lr1439

By: Senators Frosh, Garagiola, Green, and Jimeno Introduced and read first time: February 1, 2006 Assigned to: Judicial Proceedings

	A BILL ENTITLED
1	AN ACT concerning
2	Law Enforcement Officers' Bill of Rights - Hearing Boards - Binding Arbitration
4 5 6 7 8	FOR the purpose of repealing prohibitions against making certain actions regarding the formation of a law enforcement officers' hearing board and certain decisions by a hearing board the subject of binding arbitration under certain circumstances; and generally relating to hearing boards for complaints against law enforcement officers.
10 11 12 13	Section 3-107 and 3-108 Annotated Code of Maryland (2003 Volume and 2005 Supplement)
14 15	SECTION 1. BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF MARYLAND, That the Laws of Maryland read as follows:
16	Article - Public Safety
17	3-107.
20 21 22	(a) (1) Except as provided in paragraph (2) of this subsection and § 3-111 of this subtitle, if the investigation or interrogation of a law enforcement officer results in a recommendation of demotion, dismissal, transfer, loss of pay, reassignment, or similar action that is considered punitive, the law enforcement officer is entitled to a hearing on the issues by a hearing board before the law enforcement agency takes that action.
24 25	(2) A law enforcement officer who has been convicted of a felony is not entitled to a hearing under this section.
26 27	(b) (1) The law enforcement agency shall give notice to the law enforcement officer of the right to a hearing by a hearing board under this section.

2	place of the hearing and the issues involved.
	(c) (1) Except as provided in paragraph (4) of this subsection and in § 3-111 of this subtitle, the hearing board authorized under this section shall consist of at least three members who:
8	(i) are appointed by the chief and chosen from law enforcement officers within that law enforcement agency, or from law enforcement officers of another law enforcement agency with the approval of the chief of the other agency; and
10 11	(ii) have had no part in the investigation or interrogation of the law enforcement officer.
12 13	(2) At least one member of the hearing board shall be of the same rank as the law enforcement officer against whom the complaint is filed.
	(3) (i) If the chief is the law enforcement officer under investigation, the chief of another law enforcement agency in the State shall function as the law enforcement officer of the same rank on the hearing board.
	(ii) If the chief of a State law enforcement agency is under investigation, the Governor shall appoint the chief of another law enforcement agency to function as the law enforcement officer of the same rank on the hearing board.
22	(iii) If the chief of a law enforcement agency of a county or municipal corporation is under investigation, the official authorized to appoint the chief's successor shall appoint the chief of another law enforcement agency to function as the law enforcement officer of the same rank on the hearing board.
26	(iv) If the chief of a State law enforcement agency or the chief of a law enforcement agency of a county or municipal corporation is under investigation, the official authorized to appoint the chief's successor, or that official's designee, shall function as the chief for purposes of this subtitle.
30	(4) (i) A law enforcement agency or the agency's superior governmental authority that has recognized and certified an exclusive collective bargaining representative may negotiate with the representative an alternative method of forming a hearing board.
32 33	(ii) A law enforcement officer may elect the alternative method of forming a hearing board if:
34 35	1. the law enforcement officer works in a law enforcement agency described in subparagraph (i) of this paragraph; and
36 37	2. the law enforcement officer is included in the collective bargaining unit.

3		re a heari ve method	The law enforcement agency shall notify the law enforcement ng board is formed that the law enforcement officer I of forming a hearing board if one has been .		
5 6	that method shall be u		If the law enforcement officer elects the alternative method, m the hearing board.		
	not require a law enfo hearing board.		An agency or exclusive collective bargaining representative may officer to elect an alternative method of forming a		
10 11			If the law enforcement officer has been offered summary hod of forming a hearing board may not be used.		
12 13	subject to binding arb		[This] IF AUTHORIZED BY LOCAL LAW, THIS paragraph is [not]		
	4 (d) (1) In connection with a disciplinary hearing, the chief or hearing board 5 may issue subpoenas to compel the attendance and testimony of witnesses and the 6 production of books, papers, records, and documents as relevant or necessary.				
17 18	(2) The subpoenas may be served without cost in accordance with the 8 Maryland Rules that relate to service of process issued by a court.				
19 20	(3) subpoena or order und		ty may request the chief or hearing board to issue a ubtitle.		
23 24	1 (4) In case of disobedience or refusal to obey a subpoena served under 2 this subsection, the chief or hearing board may apply without cost to the circuit court 3 of a county where the subpoenaed party resides or conducts business, for an order to 4 compel the attendance and testimony of the witness or the production of the books, 5 papers, records, and documents.				
26 27	On a finding that the attendance and testimony of the witness or the production of the books, papers, records, and documents is relevant or necessary:				
	8 (i) the court may issue without cost an order that requires the attendance and testimony of witnesses or the production of books, papers, records, and documents; and				
31 32	contempt.	(ii)	failure to obey the order may be punished by the court as		
33	(e) (1)	The hear	ing shall be conducted by a hearing board.		
	()		ing board shall give the law enforcement agency and law ortunity to present evidence and argument about the		

2	represented b	y counse		enforcement agency and law enforcement officer may be
3 4	(4) Each party has the right to cross-examine witnesses who testify and each party may submit rebuttal evidence.			
	(f) (1) Evidence with probative value that is commonly accepted by reasonable and prudent individuals in the conduct of their affairs is admissible and shall be given probative effect.			
	by law and sl evidence.	(2) hall exclu		ring board shall give effect to the rules of privilege recognized npetent, irrelevant, immaterial, and unduly repetitious
11 12	(3) Each record or document that a party desires to use shall be offered and made a part of the record.			
13 14	3 (4) Documentary evidence may be received in the form of copies or 4 excerpts, or by incorporation by reference.			
15	(g)	(1)	The hear	ring board may take notice of:
16			(i)	judicially cognizable facts; and
17 18	knowledge.		(ii)	general, technical, or scientific facts within its specialized
19		(2)	The hear	ring board shall:
20 21		or by ref	(i) erence in	notify each party of the facts so noticed either before or during preliminary reports or otherwise; and
22 23	the facts so i	noticed.	(ii)	give each party an opportunity and reasonable time to contest
24 25	The hearing board may utilize its experience, technical competence, and specialized knowledge in the evaluation of the evidence presented.			
26 27	6 (h) (1) With respect to the subject of a hearing conducted under this subtitle, 7 the chief shall administer oaths or affirmations and examine individuals under oath.			
28 29	board may a	(2) dminister		ection with a disciplinary hearing, the chief or a hearing
30 31	(i) testimony in	(1) a circuit		fees and mileage, if claimed, shall be allowed the same as for
			ance of v	fees, mileage, and the actual expenses necessarily incurred witnesses and their testimony shall be itemized and gency.

1 2	(j) hearing.					
3	3-108.					
4 5	(a) 3-107 of this	(1) subtitle	A decision, order, or action taken as a result of a hearing under § shall be in writing and accompanied by findings of fact.			
6 7	in the case.	(2)	The find	ings of fact shall consist of a concise statement on each issue		
8		(3)	A findin	g of not guilty terminates the action.		
9		(4)	If the he	aring board makes a finding of guilt, the hearing board shall:		
10			(i)	reconvene the hearing;		
11			(ii)	receive evidence; and		
12 13		nt inform	(iii) ation as f	consider the law enforcement officer's past job performance and actors before making recommendations to the chief.		
14 15	written reco	(5) mmendat		of the decision or order, findings of fact, conclusions, and action shall be delivered or mailed promptly to:		
16 17	counsel or re	epresenta	(i) tive of re	the law enforcement officer or the law enforcement officer's cord; and		
18			(ii)	the chief.		
21	(b) (1) After a disciplinary hearing and a finding of guilt, the hearing board may recommend the penalty it considers appropriate under the circumstances, including demotion, dismissal, transfer, loss of pay, reassignment, or other similar action that is considered punitive.					
23		(2)	The reco	ommendation of a penalty shall be in writing.		
24 25	(-)	(1) board as		standing any other provision of this subtitle, the decision of s of fact and any penalty is final if:		
26			(i)	a chief is an eyewitness to the incident under investigation; or		
				a law enforcement agency or the agency's superior reed with an exclusive collective bargaining ertified under applicable law that the decision is final.		
30 31	accordance	(2) with § 3-		sion of the hearing board then may be appealed in s subtitle.		
32 33		(3) on is [no		ph] IF AUTHORIZED BY LOCAL LAW, PARAGRAPH (1)(ii) of to binding arbitration.		

1 2	(d) board, the chie		Within 3	00 days after receipt of the recommendations of the hearing
3 4	hearing board	; and	(i)	review the findings, conclusions, and recommendations of the
5			(ii)	issue a final order.
6 7				l order and decision of the chief is binding and then may be 3-109 of this subtitle.
8 9	on the chief.	(3)	The reco	ommendation of a penalty by the hearing board is not binding
10 11				of shall consider the law enforcement officer's past job imposing a penalty.
12 13	board only if			of may increase the recommended penalty of the hearing ally:
14 15	board;		(i)	reviews the entire record of the proceedings of the hearing
16 17	enforcement	officer to	(ii) o be hear	meets with the law enforcement officer and allows the law d on the record;
20	discloses and provides in writing to the law enforcement officer at least 10 days before the meeting, any oral or written communication not included in the record of the hearing board on which the decision to consider increasing the penalty is wholly or partly based; and			
22 23	support the ir	ncrease o	(iv) of the reco	states on the record the substantial evidence relied on to ommended penalty.
24 25	SECTION October 1, 20		D BE IT	FURTHER ENACTED, That this Act shall take effect