E1 6lr3217 CF 6lr2822

By: Senator Gladden

Introduced and read first time: February 3, 2006

Assigned to: Judicial Proceedings

A BILL ENTITLED

1	A NI	ΛCT	concerning
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2 Maryland Compassionate Use Act

- 3 FOR the purpose of providing for a certain defense of diagnosis of a terminal or
- 4 debilitating medical condition in certain controlled dangerous substances
- 5 prosecutions; providing that a physician may not be subjected to arrest, criminal
- 6 prosecution, certain disciplinary action, or be denied any right or privilege for
- providing certain counseling; repealing the authorization for a defendant to introduce evidence of medical necessity as a mitigating factor in certain criminal
- proceedings; repealing the maximum penalty that a court may impose in certain
- circumstances; defining certain terms; and generally relating to the use of
- 11 medical marijuana.
- 12 BY repealing and reenacting, with amendments,
- 13 Article Criminal Law
- 14 Section 5-601 and 5-619(c)
- 15 Annotated Code of Maryland
- 16 (2002 Volume and 2005 Supplement)
- 17 BY adding to
- 18 Article Criminal Law
- 19 Section 5-601.1
- 20 Annotated Code of Maryland
- 21 (2002 Volume and 2005 Supplement)
- 22 SECTION 1. BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF
- 23 MARYLAND, That the Laws of Maryland read as follows:
- 24 Article Criminal Law
- 25 5-601.
- 26 (a) Except as otherwise provided in this title, a person may not:

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	(1) unless obtained direct acting in the course of	ly or by p	or administer to another a controlled dangerous substance, prescription or order from an authorized provider onal practice; or
	(2) procure or attempt to by:		r attempt to obtain a controlled dangerous substance, or he administration of a controlled dangerous substance
7		(i)	fraud, deceit, misrepresentation, or subterfuge;
8 9	order;	(ii)	the counterfeiting or alteration of a prescription or a written
10		(iii)	the concealment of a material fact;
11		(iv)	the use of a false name or address;
12 13	manufacturer, distrib	(v) utor, or a	falsely assuming the title of or representing to be a uthorized provider; or
14 15	prescription or writte	(vi) n order.	making, issuing, or presenting a false or counterfeit
			is communicated to a physician in an effort to obtain a e in violation of this section is not a privileged
19 20	(c) (1) CONDITION" INCL		S SUBSECTION, "TERMINAL OR DEBILITATING MEDICAL
21		(I)	CANCER;
22		(II)	SICKLE CELL ANEMIA;
23		(III)	GLAUCOMA;
24		(IV)	POSITIVE STATUS FOR HUMAN IMMUNODEFICIENCY VIRUS;
25		(V)	ACQUIRED IMMUNE DEFICIENCY SYNDROME;
26		(VI)	HEPATITIS C;
27		(VII)	MULTIPLE SCLEROSIS;
28		(VIII)	CROHN'S DISEASE;
29		(IX)	AGITATION OF ALZHEIMER'S DISEASE; AND
		(X) I, SEVEF	SYMPTOMS SUCH AS CACHEXIA, WASTING SYNDROME, SEVERE RE NAUSEA, SEIZURES, AND SEVERE AND PERSISTENT

3 4 5	(2) IT IS A DEFENSE TO THE CRIME OF POSSESSING, ADMINISTERING, OBTAINING OR ATTEMPTING TO OBTAIN, OR PROCURING OR ATTEMPTING TO PROCURE A CONTROLLED DANGEROUS SUBSTANCE THAT THE DEFENDANT HAS BEEN DIAGNOSED WITH A TERMINAL OR DEBILITATING MEDICAL CONDITION AND THE USE OF MEDICAL MARIJUANA MAY ALLEVIATE THE DEFENDANT'S CONDITION OR SYMPTOMS.
	(D) (1) [Except as provided in paragraphs (2) and (3) of this subsection, a] A person who violates this section is guilty of a misdemeanor and on conviction is subject to imprisonment not exceeding 4 years or a fine not exceeding \$25,000 or both.
	(2) A person whose violation of this section involves the use or possession of marijuana is subject to imprisonment not exceeding 1 year or a fine not exceeding \$1,000 or both.
	[(3) (i) In a prosecution for the use or possession of marijuana, the defendant may introduce and the court shall consider as a mitigating factor any evidence of medical necessity.
18	(ii) Notwithstanding paragraph (2) of this subsection, if the court finds that the person used or possessed marijuana because of medical necessity, on conviction of a violation of this section, the maximum penalty that the court may impose on the person is a fine not exceeding \$100.]
20	5-601.1.
	(A) IN THIS SECTION, "PHYSICIAN" MEANS AN INDIVIDUAL WHO HAS A LICENSE TO PRACTICE MEDICINE AND IS LICENSED TO PRESCRIBE DRUGS UNDER TITLE 14 OF THE HEALTH OCCUPATIONS ARTICLE.
26	(B) A PHYSICIAN MAY NOT BE SUBJECTED TO ARREST, CRIMINAL PROSECUTION, OR DISCIPLINARY ACTION BY THE STATE BOARD OF PHYSICIANS, OR BE DENIED ANY RIGHT OR PRIVILEGE, FOR COUNSELING PATIENTS ON THE MEDICAL USE OF MARIJUANA.
28	5-619.
29 30	(c) (1) Unless authorized under this title, a person may not use or possess with intent to use drug paraphernalia to:
	(i) plant, propagate, cultivate, grow, harvest, manufacture, compound, convert, produce, process, prepare, test, analyze, pack, repack, store, contain, or conceal a controlled dangerous substance; or
34 35	(ii) inject, ingest, inhale, or otherwise introduce into the human body a controlled dangerous substance.
36 37	(2) A person who violates this subsection is guilty of a misdemeanor and on conviction is subject to:

UNOFFICIAL COPY OF SENATE BILL 816 1 (i) for a first violation, a fine not exceeding \$500; and 2 for each subsequent violation, imprisonment not exceeding 2 (ii) 3 years or a fine not exceeding \$2,000 or both. A person who is convicted of violating this subsection for the first 4 5 time and who previously has been convicted of violating subsection (d)(4) of this 6 section is subject to the penalty specified under paragraph (2)(ii) of this subsection. 7 (4) [In a prosecution under this subsection involving drug 8 paraphernalia related to marijuana, the defendant may introduce and the court shall consider as a mitigating factor any evidence of medical necessity. 10 (ii) Notwithstanding paragraph (2) of this subsection, if the court 11 finds that the person used or possessed drug paraphernalia related to marijuana 12 because of medical necessity, on conviction of a violation of this subsection, the 13 maximum penalty that the court may impose on the person is a fine not exceeding 14 \$100.] IN THIS PARAGRAPH, "TERMINAL OR DEBILITATING MEDICAL CONDITION" 15 INCLUDES: 16 1. CANCER: 17 2. SICKLE CELL ANEMIA; 18 3. GLAUCOMA; 19 4. POSITIVE STATUS FOR HUMAN IMMUNODEFICIENCY 20 VIRUS; ACQUIRED IMMUNE DEFICIENCY SYNDROME; 21 5. 22 **HEPATITIS C:** 6. 7. MULTIPLE SCLEROSIS; 23 8. CROHN'S DISEASE; 24

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28 PERSISTENT MUSCLE SPASMS.

(II)

SEVERE OR CHRONIC PAIN, SEVERE NAUSEA, SEIZURES, AND SEVERE AND

SECTION 2. AND BE IT FURTHER ENACTED, That this Act shall take effect

30 WITH THE INTENT TO USE DRUG PARAPHERNALIA THAT THE DEFENDANT HAS BEEN DIAGNOSED WITH A TERMINAL OR DEBILITATING MEDICAL CONDITION AND THE USE OF MEDICAL MARIJUANA MAY ALLEVIATE THE DEFENDANT'S CONDITION OR

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33 SYMPTOMS.

35 October 1, 2006.

AGITATION OF ALZHEIMER'S DISEASE; AND

IT IS A DEFENSE TO THE CRIME OF USING OR POSSESSING

SYMPTOMS SUCH AS CACHEXIA, WASTING SYNDROME,