Department of Legislative Services

Maryland General Assembly 2006 Session

FISCAL AND POLICY NOTE

House Bill 1421

(Delegate Smigiel)

Ways and Means

Cecil County - Property Tax - Homestead Tax Credit Percentage

This bill prohibits the maximum homestead tax credit percentage in Cecil County from exceeding 5% for any taxable year.

The bill takes effect October 1, 2006 and applies to all taxable years beginning after June 30, 2007.

Fiscal Summary

State Effect: None.

Local Effect: Cecil County and municipal property tax revenues could decrease by approximately \$2.1 million in FY 2008 and by approximately \$7.9 million in FY 2011. Local expenditures would not be affected. **This bill imposes a mandate on a unit of local government.**

Small Business Effect: None.

Analysis

Current Law: Cecil County's homestead tax credit percentage is 8%; however, the homestead tax credit percentage for municipal tax purposes is 5% in the Town of Elkton and 10% in the Town of Port Deposit. The remaining six municipalities have the same homestead tax credit percentage as the county.

Background: The Homestead Tax Credit Program (assessment caps) provides tax credits against State, county, and municipal real property taxes for owner-occupied residential properties for the amount of real property taxes resulting from an annual assessment increase that exceeds a certain percentage or "cap" in any given year. The State requires the cap on assessment increases to be set at 10% for State property tax purposes; however, local governments have the authority to lower the rate. In fiscal 2007, 15 of the 24 local jurisdictions have assessment caps below 10% as illustrated in **Exhibit 1**. In addition, several municipalities have also lowered assessment caps below 10%.

The homestead tax credit program has provided significant local property tax relief in recent years. This foregone revenue for county governments is estimated at \$622.4 million in fiscal 2007 and \$902.2 million in fiscal 2008. While the State has set the assessment cap at 10%, many jurisdictions have an assessment cap below 10%. The tax relief associated with an assessment cap below 10% is estimated at \$97.1 million in fiscal 2007 and \$187.4 million in fiscal 2008. The extent to which the homestead tax credit program may actually restrict the ability of a local government to raise property tax revenues depends on the locality's need for revenues from the property tax and other legal and practical limitations. For example, a county impacted by a charter-imposed property tax limitation measure would presumably reduce tax rates to offset the impact of rising assessments in the absence of the homestead credit.

Exhibit 1 Counties with Assessment Caps Below 10% in Fiscal 2007

County	<u>Cap</u>	County	<u>Cap</u>	County	<u>Cap</u>
Anne Arundel	2%	Dorchester	5%	Prince George's	3%
Baltimore City	4%	Frederick	5%	Queen Anne's	5%
Baltimore	4%	Garrett	5%	St. Mary's	5%
Carroll	7%	Howard	5%	Talbot	0%
Cecil	8%	Kent	5%	Worcester	3%

Source: State Department of Assessments and Taxation

Local Fiscal Effect: Reducing the maximum homestead tax credit percentage in Cecil County to 5% would result in a significant decrease in county and municipal property tax revenue. **Exhibit 2** shows the current county and municipal homestead tax credit percentages as well as the county and municipal property tax rates. **Exhibit 3** shows the

estimated revenue decrease associated with reducing the homestead tax credit percentage. To the extent that the county and/or municipalities increase tax rates to compensate for the reduction in the homestead tax credit percentage, the revenue losses would be mitigated.

Exhibit 2 Current Homestead Tax Credit Percentages and Property Tax Rates

	Current Cap	Tax Rate		Current Cap	Tax Rate
Cecil County	8%	\$0.980			
Cecilton	8%	0.240	North East	8%	0.480
Charlestown	8%	0.320	Perryville	8%	0.362
Chesapeake City	8%	0.462	Port Deposit	10%	0.551
Elkton	5%	0.544	Rising Sun	8%	0.360

Exhibit 3Revenue Loss Resulting from Capping the Homestead Tax Credit Percentage at 105%

	<u>FY 2008</u>	<u>FY 2009</u>	FY 2010	FY 2011
Cecil County	(\$1,963,182)	(\$4,020,998)	(\$6,065,528)	(\$7,582,985)
Cecilton	(1,421)	(2,658)	(3,747)	(4,493)
Charlestown	(9,407)	(19,910)	(30,908)	(39,392)
Chesapeake City	(3,083)	(5,514)	(7,472)	(8,741)
Elkton	0	0	0	0
North East	(19,886)	(41,993)	(65,023)	(82,716)
Perryville	(34,771)	(73,626)	(114,362)	(145,816)
Port Deposit	(8,028)	(16,983)	(26,237)	(33,294)
Rising Sun	(13,885)	(27,714)	(40,540)	(49,608)
Total Local Decrease	(\$2,053,664)	(\$4,209,397)	(\$6,353,816)	(\$7,947,045)

Additional Information

Prior Introductions: None.

Cross File: SB 752 (Senators Pipkin and Jacobs) – Budget and Taxation.

Information Source(s): State Department of Assessments and Taxation, Cecil County,

Department of Legislative Services

Fiscal Note History: First Reader - February 23, 2006

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