Department of Legislative Services

Maryland General Assembly 2006 Session

FISCAL AND POLICY NOTE

Senate Bill 1052 Finance (Senator Middleton, et al.)

Electric Industry Restructuring - Extension of Obligation to Provide Standard Offer Service

This bill extends the obligation of an electric company to provide standard offer service (SOS) to residential and small commercial customers by repealing the expiration of that requirement.

The bill takes effect July 1, 2006.

Fiscal Summary

State Effect: The bill's requirements could be handled with existing budgeted resources.

Local Effect: None.

Small Business Effect: Potential minimal.

Analysis

Current Law: As of July 1, 2000, all customers of electric companies have the opportunity for choice of electric suppliers. However, a customer has the option to remain with the supplier of the electric utility under SOS. Any obligation of the electric company to continue to offer SOS expired on July 1, 2003 unless PSC found that the market was not competitive. Then PSC could extend the requirement to provide SOS to residential and small commercial customers at a market price that permits recovery of the verifiable, prudently incurred costs to procure or produce the electricity plus a reasonable return. PSC is to reexamine whether the market is competitive annually. An electric

company may procure the electricity needed to meet its SOS from any electricity supplier, including an affiliate of the electric company.

Background: In settlement agreements with each of the State's investor-owned utilities, PSC has extended the obligation to provide SOS. The Electric Customer Choice and Competition Act of 1999 required price caps with statewide rate reductions for four years which could be extended by settlement agreement. Under the final settlement agreements, the price caps required under the Electric Utility Restructuring Act of 1999 expired in the PEPCO and Delmarva service territories on July 1, 2004, and are scheduled to expire in the BGE service territory on July 1, 2006, and in the Allegheny service territory on January 1, 2009. Because there continues to be little competition in residential electric service in the State, PSC has extended the obligation to provide SOS in the PEPCO, Delmarva, and BGE service territories by four years after the expiration of the price caps.

Included in the settlement agreements, SOS rates after the rate caps expire include a component for an administrative charge. The total administrative charge for residential customers is \$0.004 per kilowatt hour. The components of the total administrative charge are: (1) \$0.0015 for the utility reasonable rate of return; (2) \$0.0005 for incremental costs; and (3) \$0.002 for administrative adjustment. The administrative charge for commercial customers is the same except the profit component is different. For small and medium commercial customers it is \$0.002 and for large commercial customers it is \$0.0025. The incremental charge allows for uncollectible costs such as consultants, auction and procurement costs, and public educational materials that *cannot* be recovered in a utility's distribution rate. The administrative adjustment is used to adjust the cost of SOS while holding harmless customers through a commensurate credit. It increases the price competitors must outbid, which the settling parties assert will assist the development of a competitive generation market.

Additional Information

Prior Introductions: None.

Cross File: None.

Information Source(s): Public Service Commission, Office of People's Counsel, Department of Legislative Services

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