HOUSE BILL 909

M3, C8 7lr0878 CF SB 674

By: Delegates Bronrott, Ali, Barkley, Barnes, Barve, Beidle, Bobo, Burns, Cane, Cardin, V. Clagett, Dumais, Elmore, Feldman, Frush, Gaines, George, Gilchrist, Glenn, Goldwater, Gutierrez, Guzzone, Harrison, Healey, Hecht, Heller, Hixson, Holmes, Howard, Hubbard, Hucker, Kaiser, N. King, Kirk, Kramer, Krysiak, Lafferty, Lawton, Lee, Love, Manno, Mizeur, Montgomery, Morhaim, Niemann, Pena-Melnyk, Pendergrass, Riley, Rosenberg, Shewell, Stein, Taylor, F. Turner, Vaughn, and Waldstreicher

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Assigned to: Environmental Matters

Committee Report: Favorable with amendments

House action: Adopted

Read second time: April 3, 2007

CHAPTER _____

1 AN ACT concerning

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Maryland Energy Efficiency Standards Act of 2007

FOR the purpose of requiring the Public Service Commission to adopt certain regulations concerning the purchase of certain equipment by certain electric companies; authorizing the Commission to consider certain costs of certain electric companies as costs to be included in a certain life-cycle cost methodology for certain purposes; requiring the Maryland Energy Administration to adopt regulations by a certain date to establish certain minimum energy efficiency standards for certain new products sold in the State; prohibiting certain new products from being sold or offered for sale in the State on or after certain dates unless the products meet the minimum energy efficiency standards; authorizing the Administration to adopt regulations to exempt compliance with certain standards; requiring the Administration, in consultation with the Attorney General, to make certain determinations;

EXPLANATION: CAPITALS INDICATE MATTER ADDED TO EXISTING LAW.

[Brackets] indicate matter deleted from existing law.

<u>Underlining</u> indicates amendments to bill.

Strike out indicates matter stricken from the bill by amendment or deleted from the law by amendment.

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1	requiring the Administration to apply for certain waivers of federal preemption
2	under certain circumstances; authorizing the presiding officers of the General
3	Assembly to direct certain committees to hold a hearing on a certain application
4	by the Administration for a certain waiver of federal preemption; authorizing
5	the Administration to adopt certain test methods under certain circumstances;
6	prohibiting certain new products from being installed in the State on or after a
7	certain date unless the products meet or exceed the minimum energy efficiency
8	standards; authorizing the Administration to adopt regulations to establish
9	increased energy efficiency standards for certain new products sold in the State
10 11	under certain circumstances; authorizing the Administration to adopt regulations to establish energy efficiency standards for certain other products
12	under certain circumstances requiring the Administration to consider and
13	propose to the General Assembly every 2 years certain new or revised standards
14	for certain products; defining certain terms; providing for the application of this
15	Act; and generally relating to energy efficiency standards for certain products.
16	BY repealing and reenacting, without amendments,
17	Article – Public Utility Companies
18	Section 1–101(a)
19	Annotated Code of Maryland
20	(1998 Volume and 2006 Supplement)
21	BY repealing and reenacting, with amendments,
22	Article – Public Utility Companies
23	Section 1–101(p) through (pp)
24	Annotated Code of Maryland
25	(1998 Volume and 2006 Supplement)
26	BY adding to
27	Article – Public Utility Companies
28	Section 1–101(p) and (oo) and 7–212
29	Annotated Code of Maryland
30	(1998 Volume and 2006 Supplement)
31	BY repealing and reenacting, with amendments,
32	Article – State Government
33	Section 9–2006
34	Annotated Code of Maryland
35	(2004 Replacement Volume and 2006 Supplement)
36	SECTION 1. BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF

MARYLAND, That the Laws of Maryland read as follows:

1	Article - Public Utility Companies
2	1–101.
3	(a) In this article the following words have the meanings indicated.
4 5	(P) "LIQUID-IMMERSED DISTRIBUTION TRANSFORMER" MEANS A TRANSFORMER THAT:
6	(1) HAS AN INPUT VOLTAGE OF 34,500 VOLTS OR LESS;
7	(2) HAS AN OUTPUT VOLTAGE OF 600 VOLTS OR LESS;
8	(3) USES OIL OR OTHER LIQUID AS A COOLANT; AND
9	(4) IS RATED FOR OPERATION AT A FREQUENCY OF 60 HERTZ.
10 11	[(p)] (Q) "Marketer" means a person who purchases and takes title to electricity or gas as an intermediary for sale to a customer.
12 13 14	[(q)] (R) "Municipal electric utility" means a municipal corporation, or a division of a municipal corporation, that is in the business of transmitting or distributing electricity for purposes other than end use by the municipal corporation.
15	[(r)] (S) "On-site generated electricity" means electricity that:
16 17	(1) is not transmitted or distributed over an electric company's transmission or distribution system; or
18 19 20	(2) is generated at a facility owned or operated by an electric customer or operated by a designee of the owner who, with the other tenants of the facility, consumes at least 80% of the power generated by the facility each year.
21	[(s)] (T) "Own" includes own, operate, lease to or from, manage, or control.
22 23 24	[(t)] (U) "Person" means an individual, receiver, trustee, guardian, personal representative, fiduciary, or representative of any kind and any partnership, firm, association, corporation, or other entity.
25 26 27	[(u)] (V) "Plant" includes all material, equipment, and property owned by a public service company and used or to be used for or in connection with a public utility service.

1 2 3	[(v)] (W) trial, appeal, order body.		eeding" includes an action, complaint, hearing, investigation, milar matter pending before, made, or conducted by an official					
4 5 6	electric company,	, gas	lic service company" means a common carrier company, company, sewage disposal company, telegraph company, er company, or any combination of public service companies.					
7 8	[(x)] (Y) manner.	(1)	"Railroad" means a common carrier by rail powered in any					
9 10	(2) in connection with		road" includes material, equipment, and property used on or road.					
11 12	[(y)] (Z) a combination of t		"Rate" means a toll, fare, tariff, fee, price, or other charge, or ems, by a public service company for public utility service.					
13 14	(2) "Rate" includes a schedule, regulation, classification, or practice of a public service company that affects:							
15		(i)	the amount of a charge; or					
16		(ii)	the nature and value of the service rendered for the charge.					
17 18	[(z)] (AA) material.	(1)	"Record" means the original or a copy of any documentary					
19 20	(2) map, paper, profile		ord" includes an account, book, chart, contract, document, file, rt, or schedule.					
21 22			ewable energy resource" means one or more of the following technology, or related credit:					
23	(1)	solar	;					
24	(2)	wind	;					
25	(3)	tidal;						
26	(4)	geoth	nermal;					

1	(5)	biomass, including waste-to-energy and landfill gas recovery;					
2	(6)	hydroelectric facilities;					
3	(7)	digester gas; and					
4	(8)	a manufacturing or commercial waste-to-energy system or facility.					
5 6	[(bb)] (CC) for end use in the						
7	(2)	"Retail electric customer" excludes:					
8 9 10 11	-	(i) an occupant of a building in which the owner/operator or anages the internal distribution system serving the building and y and electricity supply services solely to occupants of the building apants; and					
12 13	extent the on–site	(ii) a person who generates on-site generated electricity, to the generated electricity is consumed by that person or its tenants.					
14 15	[(cc)] (DD) in the State.	(1) "Retail gas customer" means a purchaser of gas for end use					
16 17 18 19	serving the buildi	"Retail gas customer" excludes an occupant of a building in which or or lessee/operator manages the internal distribution systeming and supplies gas and gas supply services solely to occupants of se by the occupants.					
20 21		"Sewage disposal company" means a privately—owned public hat owns or maintains facilities for the disposal of sewage.					
22	[(ee)] (FF)	"Small rural electric cooperative" means an electric company that:					
23 24	company;	serves only the consumers that exclusively own and control the					
25	(2)	conducts its business on a not-for-profit basis; and					
26	(3)	supplies electricity to less than 1,000 electric meters in the State.					
27	[(ff)] (GG)	"State" means:					

States; or	a state, possession, territory, or commonwealth of the United
(2)	the District of Columbia.
[(gg)] (HH)	"Street railroad" means a railroad:
(1)	that is not part of a trunk line railway system; and
(2) corporation with a	whose routes are mainly within Baltimore City or a municipal population of at least 2,000.
[(hh)] (II)	(1) "Taxicab" means a motor vehicle for hire that:
driver; and	(i) is designed to carry seven or fewer individuals, including the
between points alo	(ii) is used to accept or solicit passengers for transportation ong public streets as the passengers request.
	"Taxicab" does not include a motor vehicle operated on a regular veen fixed points with the approval of the Commission as defined in insportation Article.
[(ii)] (JJ)	"Telegraph company" means a public service company that:
(1) telegraphic commu	owns telegraph lines to receive, transmit, or communicate inications; or
(2)	leases, licenses, or sells telegraphic communications.
[(jj)] (KK) owned by a teleg telegraph service.	"Telegraph lines" means the material, equipment, and property raph company and used or to be used for or in connection with
[(kk)] (LL)	(1) "Telephone company" means a public service company that:
telephone or telety	(i) owns telephone lines to receive, transmit, or communicate type communications; or
	(2) [(gg)] (HH) (1) (2) corporation with a [(hh)] (II) driver; and between points alo (2) schedule and betw Title 11 of the Tra [(ii)] (JJ) (1) telegraphic community (2) [(jj)] (KK) owned by a telegitelegraph service. [(kk)] (LL)

1 2	(11) leases, licenses, or sells telephone or teletype communications.
3 4	(2) "Telephone company" does not include a cellular telephone company.
5 6 7	[(ll)] (MM) "Telephone lines" means the material, equipment, and property owned by a telephone company and used or to be used for or in connection with telephone service.
8 9	[(mm)] (NN) "Toll bridge" means a bridge operated by a person authorized by the Commission to charge and collect toll from traffic using the bridge.
10 11 12 13	(00) "TRANSFORMER" MEANS A DEVICE CONSISTING OF TWO OR MORE COILS OF INSULATED WIRE THAT IS DESIGNED TO TRANSFER ALTERNATING CURRENT BY ELECTROMAGNETIC INDUCTION FROM ONE COIL TO ANOTHER TO CHANGE THE ORIGINAL VOLTAGE OR CURRENT VALUE.
14 15	[(nn)] (PP) (1) "Transportation of persons for hire" means the transportation of persons by:
16	(i) regularly scheduled operations;
17	(ii) charter or contract operations; or
18	(iii) tour or sightseeing operations.
19 20 21 22	(2) "Transportation of persons for hire" includes the transportation of persons, whether on the cooperative plan, carried by a corporation, group, or association engaged in the transportation of its stockholders, shareholders, or members.
23 24	[(00)] (QQ) "Water company" means a public service company that owns a water plant and sells or distributes water for gain.
25 26	[(pp)] (RR) "Water plant" means the material, equipment, and property owned by a water company and used or to be used for or in connection with water service.
27	7–212.

- 1 (A) ON OR BEFORE JULY 1, 2008, THE COMMISSION SHALL ADOPT 2 REGULATIONS GOVERNING THE PURCHASE OF LIQUID-IMMERSED 3 DISTRIBUTION TRANSFORMERS BY ELECTRIC COMPANIES.
- 4 (B) THE EXCEPT AS PROVIDED IN SUBSECTION (C) OF THIS SECTION,
 5 THE REGULATIONS SHALL BE CONSISTENT WITH THE REGULATIONS ADOPTED
 6 BY THE U.S. DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY.
- 7 (C) (1) SUBJECT TO PARAGRAPH (2) OF THIS SUBSECTION, THE
 8 REGULATIONS SHALL ENSURE THAT, SUBJECT TO AVAILABILITY, PURCHASES OF
 9 LIQUID-IMMERSED DISTRIBUTION TRANSFORMERS BY ELECTRIC COMPANIES
 10 OCCURRING ON OR AFTER JANUARY 1, 2009, ARE BASED ON THE LIFE-CYCLE
 11 COST METHODOLOGY CONTAINED IN SECTION 2 OF STANDARD TP-1-2002
 12 PUBLISHED BY THE NATIONAL ELECTRICAL MANUFACTURERS ASSOCIATION.
- 13 (2) THE REGULATIONS ADOPTED UNDER THIS SECTION MAY NOT
 14 APPLY TO AN ELECTRIC COOPERATIVE THAT SUPPLIES ELECTRICITY TO LESS
 15 THAN 60,000 ELECTRIC METERS IN THE STATE.
- 16 (D) FOR ELECTRIC COMPANIES THAT MAINTAIN INVENTORIES OF
 17 DISTRIBUTION TRANSFORMERS IN THE STATE FOR INSTALLATION IN ADJACENT
 18 SERVICE AREAS OUTSIDE OF THE STATE, THE COMMISSION MAY ALSO
 19 CONSIDER ADDITIONAL INVENTORY MANAGEMENT COSTS AS COSTS FOR
 20 INCLUSION WITHIN THE LIFE-CYCLE COST METHODOLOGY TO BE USED BY
 21 ELECTRIC COMPANIES FOR PURPOSES OF THIS SECTION.
- 22 Article State Government
- 23 9–2006.
- 24 (a) (1) In this section the following words have the meanings indicated.
- 25 (2) "BALLAST" MEANS A DEVICE USED WITH AN ELECTRIC
 26 DISCHARGE LAMP TO OBTAIN NECESSARY CIRCUIT CONDITIONS, INCLUDING
 27 VOLTAGE, CURRENT, AND WAVEFORM, FOR STARTING AND OPERATING THE
 28 LAMP.

(3) "BOTTLE-TYPE WATER DISPENSER" MEANS A WATER
DISPENSER THAT USES A BOTTLE OR RESERVOIR AS THE SOURCE OF POTABLE
WATER.
[(2)] (4) "Ceiling fan" means a nonportable device that is suspended
[(2)] (4) "Ceiling fan" means a nonportable device that is suspended from a ceiling for the purpose of circulating air via the rotation of fan blades.
from a centing for the purpose of circulating air via the rotation of fair blades.
[(3)] (5) "Ceiling fan light kit" means equipment designed to provide
light from a ceiling fan, which can be:
(i) integral, such that the equipment is hardwired to the ceiling
fan; or
(ii) attachable, such that at the time of sale the equipment is
not physically attached to the ceiling fan but may be included inside the ceiling fan
package at the time of sale or sold separately for subsequent attachment to the fan.
[(4)] (6) "Commercial clothes washer" means a soft mount
front-loading or soft mount top-loading clothes washer that is designed for use in:
(i) applications where the occupants of more than one
household will be using it, including multifamily housing common areas and coin
laundries; or
(ii) other commencial applications if the elether container
(ii) other commercial applications, if the clothes container compartment is not greater than:
compartment is not greater than.
1. 3.5 cubic feet for horizontal–axis clothes washers; or
2. 4.0 cubic feet for vertical—axis clothes washers.
(7) (I) "COMMERCIAL HOT FOOD HOLDING CABINET" MEANS A
HEATED, FULLY ENCLOSED COMPARTMENT WITH ONE OR MORE SOLID OR
GLASS DOORS THAT IS DESIGNED TO MAINTAIN THE TEMPERATURE OF HOT
FOOD THAT HAS BEEN COOKED IN A SEPARATE APPLIANCE.
(II) "COMMERCIAL HOT FOOD HOLDING CABINET" DOES
NOT INCLUDE A HEATED GLASS MERCHANDIZING CABINET, DRAWER WARMER,
OR COOK-AND-HOLD APPLIANCE.

1 2 3 4 5	refrigerator, freezer, or institutional facilities for	the pi	"Commercial refrigeration cabinet" means a gerator–freezer designed for use by commercial or urpose of storing food products, ice, or other perishable es and that may be configured with either solid or
6		1.	reach–in cabinet;
7		2.	pass-through cabinet;
8		3.	roll–in cabinet; or
9		4.	roll–through cabinet.
10	(ii)	"Com	mercial refrigeration cabinet" does not include:
11 12	volume;	1.	a product with 85 cubic feet or more of internal
13		2.	a walk-in refrigerator or walk-in freezer;
14 15	Appliance Energy Conser	3. vation	a consumer product regulated under the National Act of 1987 (Public Law 100–12); or
16 17	designed and marketed ex	4. kclusiv	any refrigerator, freezer, or refrigerator–freezer vely for medical, scientific, or research purposes.
18	(9) (1)	"Co n	IPACT AUDIO PRODUCT", ALSO KNOWN AS A MINI,
19	·		O SYSTEM, MEANS AN INTEGRATED AUDIO SYSTEM
20	ENCASED IN A SINGLE	HOU	SING THAT INCLUDES AN AMPLIFIER AND RADIO
21	TUNER AND ATTACHE	OR	SEPARABLE SPEAKERS, THAT CAN REPRODUCE
22	AUDIO FROM ONE OR MO	ORE 0	F THE FOLLOWING MEDIA:
23		1.	MAGNETIC TAPE;
24		2.	COMPACT DISC (CD);
25		3.	DIGITAL VERSATILE DISC (DVD); OR
26		4.	FLASH MEMORY.

1	(II) <u>"</u>	COMPACT AUDIO PRODUCT" DOES NOT INCLUDE A
2	PRODUCT THAT:	
3	1	- CAN BE INDEPENDENTLY POWERED BY INTERNAL
4	BATTERIES;	
5	<u>2</u>	+ HAS A POWERED EXTERNAL SATELLITE ANTENNA;
6	OR	·
7	9	CAN PROVIDE A VIDEO OUTPUT SIGNAL.
8	(10) "Digit	AL VERSATILE DISC" OR "DVD" MEANS A
9	LASER-ENCODED PLASTI	C MEDIUM CAPABLE OF STORING A LARGE AMOUNT OF
10	DIGITAL AUDIO, VIDEO, A	ND COMPUTER DATA.
11	(11) (1) "	DIGITAL VERSATILE DISC PLAYER" AND "DIGITAL
12	VERSATILE DISC RECOR	DER" MEAN COMMERCIALLY AVAILABLE ELECTRONIC
13	PRODUCTS ENCASED IN	A SINGLE HOUSING THAT INCLUDE AN INTEGRAL
14	POWER SUPPLY AND FO	R WHICH THE SOLE PURPOSE IS THE DECODING AND
15	PRODUCTION OR RECORD	DING OF DIGITIZED VIDEO SIGNAL ON A DVD.
16	(II) <u>"</u>	DIGITAL VERSATILE DISC RECORDER" DOES NOT
17	INCLUDE A MODEL THAT	HAS AN ELECTRONIC PROGRAMMING GUIDE FUNCTION
18	THAT PROVIDES AN INTE	RACTIVE, ON-SCREEN MENU OF TELEVISION LISTINGS,
19		S PROGRAM INFORMATION FROM THE VERTICAL
20	BLANKING INTERVAL OF	A REGULAR TELEVISION SIGNAL.
21	(12) (9) (1	(i) "ELECTRICITY RATIO" IS THE RATIO OF FURNACE
22	ELECTRICITY USE TO TOT	'AL FURNACE ENERGY USE.
23	(II) "	ELECTRICITY RATIO" IS EQUAL TO A FRACTION:
24	1	. THE NUMERATOR OF WHICH IS 3.412 TIMES THE
25	_	ILIARY ELECTRICAL CONSUMPTION AS DEFINED IN
26		RT B OF PART 430 OF TITLE 10 OF THE CODE OF
27		
28	2	. THE DENOMINATOR OF WHICH IS THE SUM OF:

1	A. 1,000 TIMES THE AVERAGE ANNUAL FUEL ENERGY
2	CONSUMPTION AS DEFINED IN APPENDIX N TO SUBPART B OF PART 430 OF
3	TITLE 10 OF THE CODE OF FEDERAL REGULATIONS, EXPRESSED IN MILLIONS
4	OF B.T.U. PER YEAR; AND
5	B. THE AMOUNT CALCULATED FOR THE
6	NUMERATOR.
7	(13) (10) "High-intensity discharge Lamp" means a lamp in
8	WHICH:
9	(I) LIGHT IS PRODUCED BY THE PASSAGE OF AN ELECTRIC
10	CURRENT THROUGH A VAPOR OR GAS;
11	(II) THE LIGHT-PRODUCING ARC IS STABILIZED BY BULB
12	WALL TEMPERATURE; AND
10	
13	(III) THE ARC TUBE HAS A BULB WALL LOADING IN EXCESS
14	OF 3 WATTS PER SQUARE CENTIMETER.
15	[(6)] (14) (11) "Illuminated exit sign" means an internally
16	illuminated sign that is designed to be permanently fixed in place to identify an exit
17	and the background of which is not transparent.
17	and the sacing out which is not transparent.
18	[(7)] (12) "Large packaged air-conditioning equipment" means
19	packaged air-conditioning equipment with at least 20 tons but not more than 80 tons
20	of cooling capacity.
21	[(8)] (13) (i) "Low-voltage dry-type distribution transformer"
22	means a distribution transformer that:
23	1. has an input voltage of 600 volts or less;
24	
24	2. is air–cooled; and
25	3. does not use oil as a coolant.
23	o. Goes not use on as a coording.
26	(ii) "Low-voltage dry-type distribution transformer" does not
27	include any of the following transformers:

28	(17) (14)	"ME	ГAL	HALIDE	LAMP	" ME	ANS A	HIGH	I INTE	NSITY
26 27	to welding equipment.	12.	a w	elding tra	ansform	er des	signed o	only to	provide	power
24 25	of an uninterruptible pow	11. ver sys		PS trans	former	design	ned only	y as an	integra	ıl part
22 23	supply power to, electrica			esting tra pment;	nsforme	er des	igned o	only as	part of	, or to
20 21	prevent airflow through t	9. the tra		ealed and rmer;	l nonve	ntilati	ng trar	nsforme	er desig	ned to
18 19	changers;	8.	a	regulatin	ıg traı	nsform	ner wi	ith au	ıtomatic	e tap
15 16 17	to a rectifier circuit an frequency power rating a		t has		eplate 1		_	-	-	
13 14	power to machine tool eq	6. uipme		nachine to	ool tran	sform	er desi	gned o	nly to p	rovide
11 12	impedance of less than 4	5. % or g		impedar r than 8%		nsforn	ner tha	at has	s a spo	ecified
8 9 10	with a higher than norm greater;	4. nal hai		armonic ic curren			_			
6 7	system ground reference	3. point;	a g	rounding	transfo	ormer	designe	ed only	to pro	vide a
4 5	operate an electronic var	2. iable s		rive trans motor dr		design	ned only	y to pro	ovide po	wer to
1 2 3	secondary windings are secondary voltage is deriv		electi	-	isolated	d and				

DISCHARGE LAMP IN WHICH THE MAJOR PORTION OF THE LIGHT IS PRODUCED

1	BY RADIATION OF METAL HALIDES AND THEIR PRODUCTS OF DISSOCIATION,
2	AND POSSIBLY IN COMBINATION WITH METALLIC VAPORS.
3 4	(18) (15) "METAL HALIDE LAMP FIXTURE" MEANS A LIGHT FIXTURE DESIGNED TO BE OPERATED WITH A METAL HALIDE LAMP AND A
5	BALLAST FOR A METAL HALIDE LAMP.
6 7 8	[(9)] (19) (16) "Packaged air—conditioning equipment" means air—conditioning equipment that is built as a package and shipped as a whole to end—user sites.
9 10 11	[(10)] (20) (17) "Pass-through cabinet" means a commercial refrigerator or commercial freezer with hinged or sliding doors on both the front and rear of the refrigerator or freezer.
12 13	(21) (18) "Probe-start metal halide ballast" means a ballast used to operate metal halide lamps, that:
14	(I) DOES NOT CONTAIN AN IGNITER; AND
15 16	(II) STARTS LAMPS BY USING A THIRD STARTING ELECTRODE PROBE IN THE ARC TUBE.
17 18 19	[(11)] (22) (19) (i) "Reach—in cabinet" means a commercial refrigerator, commercial freezer, or commercial refrigerator—freezer with hinged or sliding doors or lids.
20 21	(ii) "Reach-in cabinet" does not include a roll-in or roll-through cabinet or a pass-through cabinet.
22 23	$\frac{(23)}{(20)}$ "RESIDENTIAL FURNACE" MEANS A SELF-CONTAINED SPACE HEATER THAT:
24 25	(I) IS DESIGNED TO SUPPLY HEATED AIR THROUGH DUCTS OF MORE THAN 10 INCHES IN LENGTH;
26 27	(II) USES SINGLE-PHASE ELECTRIC CURRENT OR DC CURRENT IN CONJUNCTION WITH NATURAL GAS OR PROPANE; AND
28	(III) 1. IS DESIGNED TO BE THE PRINCIPAL HEATING

SOURCE FOR THE LIVING SPACE OF ONE OR MORE RESIDENCES;

1 2 3	2. IS NOT CONTAINED WITHIN THE SAME CABINET WITH A CENTRAL AIR CONDITIONER WHOSE RATED COOLING CAPACITY IS ABOVE 65,000 B.T.U. PER HOUR; AND
4 5	3. HAS A HEAT INPUT RATE OF LESS THAN 225,000 B.T.U. PER HOUR.
6 7	[(12)] (24) (21) "Retailer" means a person engaged in the business of making retail sales within the State.
8 9 10	[(13)] (25) (22) "Roll-in cabinet" means a commercial refrigerator or commercial freezer with hinged or sliding doors that allow wheeled racks of product to be rolled into the refrigerator or freezer.
11 12 13	[(14)] (26) (23) "Roll-through cabinet" means a commercial refrigerator or commercial freezer with hinged or sliding doors that allow wheeled racks of product to be rolled through the refrigerator or freezer.
14 15	$\frac{(27)}{(24)}$ "Single-voltage external AC to DC power supply" means a device that:
16 17	(I) IS DESIGNED TO CONVERT LINE VOLTAGE AC INPUT INTO LOWER VOLTAGE DC OUTPUT;
18 19	(II) IS ABLE TO CONVERT TO ONLY ONE DC OUTPUT VOLTAGE AT A TIME;
20 21	(III) IS SOLD WITH, OR INTENDED TO BE USED WITH, A SEPARATE END-USE PRODUCT THAT CONSTITUTES THE PRIMARY POWER LOAD;
22 23	(IV) IS CONTAINED WITHIN A SEPARATE PHYSICAL ENCLOSURE FROM THE END-USE PRODUCT;
24 25 26	(V) IS CONNECTED TO THE END-USE PRODUCT THROUGH A REMOVABLE OR HARD-WIRED MALE/FEMALE ELECTRICAL CONNECTION, CABLE, CORD, OR OTHER WIRING;
27 28 29	(VI) DOES NOT HAVE A BATTERY OR BATTERY PACK, REMOVABLE OR OTHERWISE, THAT PHYSICALLY ATTACH DIRECTLY TO THE POWER SUPPLY UNIT;

1	(VII) DOES NOT HAVE A BATTERY CHEMISTRY OR TYPE
2	SELECTOR SWITCH AND INDICATOR LIGHT OR DOES NOT HAVE A BATTERY
3	CHEMISTRY OR TYPE SELECTOR SWITCH AND A STATE-OF-CHARGE METER; AND
4	(VIII) HAS A NAMEPLATE OUTPUT POWER NOT EXCEEDING 250
5	WATTS.
6	(28) (25) "STATE-REGULATED INCANDESCENT REFLECTOR
7	LAMP" MEANS A LAMP, NOT COLORED OR DESIGNED FOR ROUGH OR VIBRATION
8	SERVICE APPLICATIONS:
9	(I) WITH AN INNER REFLECTIVE COATING ON THE OUTER
10	BULB TO DIRECT THE LIGHT;
11	(II) WITH AN E26 MEDIUM SCREW BASE;
12	(III) WITH A RATED VOLTAGE OR VOLTAGE RANGE THAT LIES
13	AT LEAST PARTIALLY WITHIN 115 TO 130 VOLTS; AND
14	(IV) THAT IS:
15	1. A BLOWN PAR (BPAR);
16	2. A BULGED REFLECTOR (BR);
17	3. AN ELLIPTICAL REFLECTOR (ER) OR SIMILAR
18	BULB SHAPE WITH A DIAMETER EQUAL TO OR GREATER THAN 2.25 INCHES; OR
19	4. A REFLECTOR (R), PARABOLIC ALUMINIZED
20	REFLECTOR (PAR), OR SIMILAR BULB SHAPE WITH A DIAMETER OF 2.25 TO 2.75
21	INCHES, INCLUSIVE.
22	[(15)] (29) (26) "Torchiere lighting fixture" means a portable electric
23	lighting fixture with a reflector bowl giving light directed upward so as to give indirect
24	illumination.
25	[(16)] (30) (27) "Traffic signal" means a device consisting of a set of
26	signal lights operating in sequence and placed at intersections to regulate traffic.

1 2	[(17)] (28) "Traffic signal module" means a standard 8-inch (200mm) or 12-inch (300mm) round traffic signal indication that:
3 4	(i) consists of a light source, lens, full-color ball, and all parts necessary for operation; and
5 6	(ii) communicates movement messages to drivers through red amber, and green colors.
7 8 9 10	[(18)] (32) (29) "Transformer" means a device consisting essentially of two or more coils of insulated wire that transfers alternating current by electromagnetic induction from one coil to another in order to change the original voltage or current value.
11 12	[(19)] (33) (i) "Unit heater" means a self–contained fan–type heater that:
13 14	1. is designed to be installed within the heated space and
15 16	2. includes an apparatus or appliance to supply heat and a fan for circulating air over a heat exchange surface, all enclosed in a common casing.
17 18	(ii) "Unit heater" does not include a "warm air furnace" as defined under the federal Energy Policy Act of 1992.
19 20	$\frac{(34)}{(31)}$ (I) "WALK-IN REFRIGERATOR AND FREEZER" MEANS A REFRIGERATED SPACE THAT:
21	1. CAN BE WALKED INTO;
22 23	2. HAS A TOTAL CHILLED AND FROZEN STORAGE AREA OF LESS THAN 3,000 SQUARE FEET;
242526	3. OPERATES AT CHILLED (ABOVE 32 DEGREES FAHRENHEIT) OR FROZEN (AT OR BELOW 32 DEGREES FAHRENHEIT) TEMPERATURE; AND
27 28	4. IS CONNECTED TO A SELF-CONTAINED OR REMOTE CONDENSING UNIT.

1 2	INCLUDE:	(II)	"WALK-IN REFRIGERATOR AND FREEZER" DOES NOT
3 4		R MED	1. A PRODUCT DESIGNED AND MARKETED DICAL, SCIENTIFIC, OR RESEARCH PURPOSES; AND
5			2. A REFRIGERATED WAREHOUSE.
6 7	(35) (ASSEMBLY THAT:	<u>32)</u>	"WATER DISPENSER" MEANS A FACTORY-MADE
8 9	AND	(I)	MECHANICALLY COOLS AND HEATS POTABLE WATER;
10 11	INTEGRAL OR REI	(II) MOTE	DISPENSES THE COOLED OR HEATED WATER BY MEANS.
12 13		_	(33) "Widely available in Maryland" means a conforming State from three or more manufacturers.
14 15 16	(b) (1) efficiency standard installed in the Sta	ls for	section applies to the testing, certification, and enforcement of the following types of new products sold, offered for sale, or
17		(i)	torchiere lighting fixtures;
18		(ii)	unit heaters;
19		(iii)	low-voltage dry-type distribution transformers;
20		(iv)	ceiling fan light kits;
21		(v)	red and green traffic signal modules;
22		(vi)	illuminated exit signs;
23		(vii)	commercial refrigeration cabinets;
24		(viii)	large packaged air-conditioning equipment; [and]
25		(ix)	commercial clothes washers;

1		(X) BOTTLE-TYPE WATER DISPENSERS;
2		(XI) COMMERCIAL HOT FOOD HOLDING CABINETS;
3		(XII) COMPACT AUDIO PRODUCTS;
4 5	VERSATILE DISC	(XIII) DIGITAL VERSATILE DISC PLAYERS AND DIGITAL RECORDERS;
6		(XIV) (XII) METAL HALIDE LAMP FIXTURES;
7		(XV) (XIII) RESIDENTIAL FURNACES;
8 9	SUPPLIES;	(XVI) (XIV) SINGLE-VOLTAGE EXTERNAL AC TO DC POWER
10 11	LAMPS; AND	(XVII) (XV) STATE-REGULATED INCANDESCENT REFLECTOR
12 13	AND	(XVIII) (XVI) WALK-IN REFRIGERATORS AND FREEZERS;
14 15	MAY DESIGNATE	(XIX) ANY OTHER PRODUCTS THAT THE ADMINISTRATION IN ACCORDANCE WITH SUBSECTION (II) OF THIS SECTION.
16	(2)	This section does not apply to:
17 18	the State;	(i) new products manufactured in the State and sold outside
19 20	wholesale inside the	(ii) new products manufactured outside the State and sold at he State for final retail sale and installation outside the State;
21 22	time of construction	(iii) products installed in mobile manufactured homes at the on; er
23 24	recreational vehic	(iv) products designed expressly for installation and use in les ; OR

1	(V) RESIDENTIAL FURNACES THAT USE NATURAL GAS OR
2	PROPANE AND THAT ARE INSTALLED AS A REPLACEMENT FOR A PREVIOUSLY
3	INSTALLED FURNACE.
4 5 6	(c) (1) On or before January 1, 2004, the Administration shall adopt regulations establishing minimum efficiency standards for the types of new products set forth in subsection (b)(1)(I) THROUGH (IX) of this section.
7 8	(2) The regulations shall provide for the following minimum efficiency standards:
9 10	(i) torchiere fixtures may not consume more than 190 watts and may not be capable of operating with lamps that total more than 190 watts;
11 12	(ii) unit heaters shall be equipped with an intermittent ignition device and shall have either power venting or an automatic flue damper;
13 14 15	(iii) the efficiency of all low-voltage dry-type distribution transformers may not be less than the values shown in Table 4–2 of National Electrical Manufacturers Association Standard TP–1–2002;
16	(iv) ceiling fan light kits:
17 18 19 20	1. shall meet the Tier 1 lighting criteria of version 1.1 of the product specification contained in the "Energy Star Program Requirements for Residential Ceiling Fans", developed by the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency that took effect on January 1, 2002; and
21 22 23 24	2. may contain light sources that are not compact fluorescent lamps but that have lumen-per-watt performance at least equivalent to comparably configured compact fluorescent lamps meeting "Energy Star Program Requirements for CFLS: Energy Efficiency Criteria – Version 3.0";
25	(v) red and green traffic signal modules shall:
26 27 28	1. meet the requirements of the "Energy Star Program Requirements for Traffic Signals" developed by the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency that took effect in February 2001; and
29 30	2. be installed with compatible, electrically–connected signal control interface devices and conflict monitoring systems;

1 (vi) illuminated exit signs shall meet the requirements of the 2 "Energy Star Program Requirements for Exit Signs – Version 2.0" developed by the 3 U.S. Environmental Protection Agency that took effect on January 1, 1999;

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(vii) commercial refrigeration cabinets shall meet the requirements shown in the following Table in which "V" means total volume in cubic feet and "AV" means adjusted volume which is the sum of the volume of refrigerated space and 1.63 times the volume of freezer space:

Equipment Type	Maximum Daily
	Energy Consumption
	(kilowatt hours)
Reach-in cabinets, pass-through	0.125V + 2.76
cabinets, and roll-in or roll-through	
cabinets that are refrigerators with	
solid doors	
Reach-in cabinets, pass-through	0.172V + 4.77
cabinets, and roll-in or roll-through	
cabinets that are refrigerators with	
transparent doors	
Reach-in cabinets, pass-through	0.398V + 2.28
cabinets, and roll-in or roll-through	
cabinets that are freezers with solid	
doors	
Reach-in cabinets, pass-through	0.940V + 5.10
cabinets, and roll-in or roll-through	
cabinets that are freezers with	
transparent doors	
	Reach—in cabinets, pass—through cabinets that are refrigerators with solid doors Reach—in cabinets, pass—through cabinets, and roll—in or roll—through cabinets that are refrigerators with transparent doors Reach—in cabinets, pass—through cabinets, and roll—in or roll—through cabinets, and roll—in or roll—through cabinets that are freezers with solid doors Reach—in cabinets, pass—through cabinets that are freezers with solid doors Reach—in cabinets, pass—through cabinets, and roll—in or roll—through cabinets, and roll—in or roll—through cabinets that are freezers with

1	Reach—in cabinets that are 0.273AV + 1.65
2	refrigerator-freezers with solid doors
3	(viii) large packaged air-conditioning equipment shall meet the
4 5	Tier II requirements of the "Minimum Equipment Efficiencies for Unitary Commercial Air Conditioners" or "Minimum Equipment Efficiencies for Heat Pumps", as
6	appropriate, developed by the Consortium for Energy Efficiency, Boston,
7	Massachusetts, as in effect on January 1, 2002; and
8	(ix) commercial clothes washers shall have a minimum modified
9	energy factor of 1.26 and a maximum water consumption factor of 9.5, as measured in
10	accordance with the federal test method for clothes washers as defined in 10 C.F.R.
11	Section 430.23(j) (Appendix J1 to Subpart B of Part 430) (2001).
12	(D) (1) ON OR BEFORE JANUARY 1, 2008, THE ADMINISTRATION
13	SHALL ADOPT REGULATIONS ESTABLISHING MINIMUM EFFICIENCY STANDARDS
14	FOR THE TYPES OF NEW PRODUCTS SET FORTH IN SUBSECTION (B)(1)(X)
15	THROUGH (XVII) OF THIS SECTION.
16	(2) THE REGULATIONS SHALL PROVIDE FOR THE FOLLOWING
17	MINIMUM EFFICIENCY STANDARDS:
18	(I) EXCEPT AS PROVIDED IN SUBSUBPARAGRAPH 2 OF THIS
19	SUBPARAGRAPH:
20	1. BOTTLE-TYPE WATER DISPENSERS DESIGNED
21	FOR DISPENSING BOTH HOT AND COLD WATER MAY NOT HAVE STANDBY ENERGY
22	CONSUMPTION GREATER THAN 1.2 KILOWATT-HOURS PER DAY, AS MEASURED
23	IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE TEST CRITERIA CONTAINED IN VERSION 1.1 OF THE
24	U.S. ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY'S "ENERGY STAR PROGRAM
25	REQUIREMENTS FOR BOTTLED WATER COOLERS"; AND
26	2. BOTTLE-TYPE WATER DISPENSER UNITS WITH AN
27	INTEGRAL, AUTOMATIC TIMER MAY NOT BE TESTED USING SECTION D, "TIMER
28	USAGE" OF THE TEST CRITERIA;
29	(II) COMMERCIAL HOT FOOD HOLDING CABINETS SHALL
30	HAVE A MAXIMUM IDLE ENERGY RATE NOT EXCEEDING 40 WATTS PER CURIO

1	FOOT OF INTERIOR VOLUME, AS DETERMINED BY THE "IDLE ENERGY RATE-DRY
2	TEST" IN ASTM F2140-01, "STANDARD TEST METHOD FOR PERFORMANCE OF
3	HOT FOOD HOLDING CABINETS" PUBLISHED BY ASTM INTERNATIONAL, AND
4	INTERIOR VOLUME SHALL BE MEASURED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE METHOD
5	SHOWN IN THE U.S. ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY'S "ENERGY STAR
6	PROGRAM REQUIREMENTS FOR COMMERCIAL HOT FOOD HOLDING CABINETS'
7	EFFECTIVE AUGUST 15, 2003;
8	(III) COMPACT AUDIO PRODUCTS:
9	1. WITHOUT A PERMANENTLY ILLUMINATED CLOCK
10	DISPLAY MAY NOT USE MORE THAN 2 WATTS IN STANDBY-PASSIVE MODE;
11	2. WITH A PERMANENTLY ILLUMINATED CLOCK
12	DISPLAY MAY NOT USE MORE THAN 4 WATTS IN STANDBY-PASSIVE MODE; AND
13	3. SHALL BE MEASURED IN ACCORDANCE WITH
14	INTERNATIONAL ELECTROTECHNICAL COMMISSION (IEC) TEST METHOD
15	62087:2002(E), "METHODS OF MEASUREMENT FOR THE POWER CONSUMPTION
16	OF AUDIO, VIDEO, AND RELATED EQUIPMENT";
17	(IV) DIGITAL VERSATILE DISC PLAYERS AND DIGITAL
18	VERSATILE DISC RECORDERS MAY NOT USE MORE THAN 3 WATTS IN
19	STANDBY-PASSIVE MODE, AS MEASURED IN ACCORDANCE WITH
20	INTERNATIONAL ELECTROTECHNICAL COMMISSION (IEC) TEST METHOD
21	62087:2002(E), "METHODS OF MEASUREMENT FOR THE POWER CONSUMPTION
22	OF AUDIO, VIDEO, AND RELATED EQUIPMENT";
23	(V) (III) METAL HALIDE LAMP FIXTURES DESIGNED TO BE
24	OPERATED WITH LAMPS RATED AT LEAST 150 WATTS BUT NOT EXCEEDING 500
25	WATTS MAY NOT CONTAIN A PROBE-START METAL HALIDE BALLAST;
26	(VI) (IV) RESIDENTIAL FURNACES THAT USE NATURAL GAS
27	OR PROPANE AND THAT ARE INSTALLED AS THE ORIGINAL FURNACE IN NEWLY
28	CONSTRUCTED RESIDENTIAL BUILDINGS SHALL:

EFFICIENCY (AFUE) OF 90% AND A MAXIMUM ELECTRICITY RATIO OF 2%; AND

1.

29

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HAVE A MINIMUM ANNUAL FUEL UTILIZATION

1	2. BE MEASURED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE
2	FEDERAL TEST METHOD FOR MEASURING THE ENERGY CONSUMPTION OF
3	FURNACES AND BOILERS CONTAINED IN 10 C.F.R. PART 430 (APPENDIX N TO
4	SUBPART B);
~	(YYY) (YY) WYYD CWAND ADD DOD CHNGYD YYOL WA CH DWWDDNAA
5	(VII) (V) THE STANDARD FOR SINGLE-VOLTAGE EXTERNAL AC TO DC POWER SUPPLIES:
6	AC TO DC POWER SUPPLIES:
7	1. SHALL APPLY TO SINGLE VOLTAGE AC TO DC
8	POWER SUPPLIES THAT ARE SOLD INDIVIDUALLY AND TO THOSE THAT ARE
9	SOLD AS A COMPONENT OF OR IN CONJUNCTION WITH ANOTHER PRODUCT;
	, and the second se
10	2. DOES NOT APPLY TO SINGLE VOLTAGE EXTERNAL
11	AC TO DC POWER SUPPLIES THAT REQUIRE U.S. FOOD AND DRUG
12	ADMINISTRATION LISTING AND APPROVAL AS A MEDICAL DEVICE;
10	
13	3. SHALL MEET THE ENERGY EFFICIENCY
14	REQUIREMENTS IN THE FOLLOWING TABLE:
15	NAMEPLATE OUTPUT POWER MINIMUM EFFICIENCY IN ACTIVE
1.6	
16	Mode
17	From 0 to less than 1 watt 0.49 times the nameplate output
18	FROM 1 WATT TO NOT MORE THE SUM 0.09 TIMES THE NATURAL
19	THAN 49 WATTS LOGARITHM OF THE NAMEPLATE
20	OUTPUT POWER (EXPRESSED IN
	OUIFUI FOWER (EXPRESSED IN
21	WATTS) AND 0.49

0.84

GREATER THAN 49 WATTS

HOUSE BILL 909

1	NAMEPLATE OUTPUT POWER	MAXIMUM		ENERGY						
2		CONSUMPTION	IN	No-Load						
3		MODE								
4	FROM 0 TO LESS THAN 10 WATTS	0.5 WATTS								
5	FROM 10 WATTS TO NOT MORE	$0.75 \mathrm{WATTS}$								
6	THAN 250 WATTS									
7 8	TEST METHODOLOGY SPECIFIED BY THE U.S.		L PRO	OTECTION						
9 10	AGENCY'S ENERGY STAR PROGRAM, "TEST IN ENERGY EFFICIENCY OF SINGLE-VOLTAGE I									
11	POWER SUPPLIES (AUGUST 11, 2004)", E									
12	CONDUCTED AT 115 VOLTS ONLY;									
13 14	(VIII) (VI) THE STANDAR INCANDESCENT REFLECTOR LAMPS:	RD FOR STAT	re–Re	GULATED						
15	1. SHALL MEET T	THE MINIMUM A	VERAC	GE LAMP						
16	EFFICACY REQUIREMENTS FOR FEDERALL	Y REGULATED	INCAN	DESCENT						
17	REFLECTOR LAMPS CONTAINED IN 42 U.S.C. § 6295 (I)(1)(A); AND									
18	2. DOES NOT APPL	Y TO THE FOLLOV	VING '	TYPES OF						
19	INCANDESCENT REFLECTOR LAMPS:									
20	A. LAMPS RATED A	AT 50 WATTS OR	LESS	S OF THE						
21	FOLLOWING TYPES: BR30, ER30, BR40, AND I			or the						
		• • •								
22		T 65 WATTS OF T	HE FO	LLOWING						
23	TYPES: BR30, BR40, AND ER40; AND									
24	C. R20 LAMPS OF 4	5 WATTS OR LESS;	AND							
25	(IX) (VII) WALK-IN REFRIC	GERATORS AND FR	EEZER	RS:						

- 1. SHALL HAVE AUTOMATIC DOOR CLOSERS THAT
- 2 FIRMLY CLOSE ALL REACH-IN DOORS AND THAT FIRMLY CLOSE WALK-IN DOORS
- 3 NO WIDER THAN 3 FEET 9 INCHES AND NO HIGHER THAN 6 FEET 11 INCHES
- 4 THAT HAVE BEEN CLOSED TO WITHIN 1 INCH OF FULL CLOSURE;
- 5 2. SHALL HAVE WALL, CEILING, AND DOOR
- 6 INSULATION OF AT LEAST R-28 FOR REFRIGERATORS (DOOR INSULATION
- 7 REQUIREMENTS DO NOT APPLY TO GLAZED PORTIONS OF DOORS, NOR TO
- 8 STRUCTURAL MEMBERS):
- 9 3. SHALL HAVE WALL, CEILING, AND DOOR
- 10 INSULATION OF AT LEAST R-32 FOR FREEZERS (DOOR INSULATION
- 11 REQUIREMENTS DO NOT APPLY TO GLAZED PORTIONS OF DOORS, OR TO
- 12 STRUCTURAL MEMBERS);
- 4. SHALL HAVE FLOOR INSULATION OF AT LEAST
- 14 **R-28 FOR FREEZERS**;
- 5. SHALL HAVE, FOR SINGLE-PHASE EVAPORATOR
- 16 FAN MOTORS OF UNDER ONE HORSEPOWER AND LESS THAN 460 VOLTS,
- 17 ELECTRONICALLY COMMUTATED MOTORS;
- 6. SHALL HAVE, FOR CONDENSER FAN MOTORS OF
- 19 UNDER ONE HORSEPOWER EITHER ELECTRONICALLY COMMUTATED MOTORS,
- 20 PERMANENT SPLIT CAPACITOR-TYPE MOTORS, OR POLYPHASE MOTORS OF AT
- 21 LEAST ONE-HALF HORSEPOWER;
- 7. SHALL HAVE LIGHT SOURCES WITH AN EFFICACY
- 23 OF AT LEAST 40 LUMENS PER WATT, INCLUDING ANY BALLAST LOSSES, EXCEPT
- 24 THAT LIGHT SOURCES WITH AN EFFICACY OF 40 LUMENS PER WATT OR LESS,
- 25 INCLUDING ANY BALLAST LOSSES, MAY BE USED IN CONJUNCTION WITH A
- 26 TIMER OR DEVICE THAT TURNS OFF THE LIGHTS WITHIN 15 MINUTES AFTER
- 27 THE WALK-IN CEASES TO BE OCCUPIED; AND
- 8. WITH TRANSPARENT REACH-IN DOORS AND
- 29 WALK-IN DOOR WINDOWS SHALL MEET THE FOLLOWING ADDITIONAL
- 30 **REQUIREMENTS:**

- A. TRANSPARENT REACH-IN DOORS AND WINDOWS
 IN WALK-IN DOORS FOR WALK-IN FREEZERS SHALL BE OF TRIPLE-PANE GLASS
 WITH EITHER HEAT-REFLECTIVE TREATED GLASS OR GAS FILL;
- B. TRANSPARENT REACH-IN DOORS AND WINDOWS
 IN WALK-IN DOORS FOR WALK-IN REFRIGERATORS SHALL BE EITHER
 DOUBLE-PANE GLASS WITH HEAT-REFLECTIVE TREATED GLASS AND GAS FILL,
 OR TRIPLE PANE GLASS WITH EITHER HEAT-REFLECTIVE TREATED GLASS OR
 GAS FILL;
- C. FOR APPLIANCES WITH AN ANTI-SWEAT HEATER
 WITHOUT ANTI-SWEAT HEAT CONTROLS, THE APPLIANCE SHALL HAVE A TOTAL
 DOOR RAIL, GLASS, AND FRAME HEATER POWER DRAW NOT EXCEEDING 7.1
 WATTS PER SQUARE FOOT OF DOOR OPENING (FREEZERS) AND NOT EXCEEDING
 3.0 WATTS PER SQUARE FOOT OF DOOR OPENING (REFRIGERATORS); AND
- D. 14 FOR APPLIANCES WITH AN ANTI-SWEAT HEATER WITH ANTI-SWEAT HEAT CONTROLS, AND A TOTAL DOOR RAIL, GLASS, AND 15 FRAME HEATER POWER DRAW EXCEEDING 7.1 WATTS PER SQUARE FOOT OF 16 DOOR OPENING (FREEZERS) AND 3.0 WATTS PER SQUARE FOOT OF DOOR 17 18 OPENING (REFRIGERATORS), THE ANTI-SWEAT HEAT CONTROLS SHALL REDUCE 19 THE ENERGY USE OF THE ANTI-SWEAT HEATER IN AN AMOUNT CORRESPONDING 20 TO THE RELATIVE HUMIDITY IN THE AIR OUTSIDE THE DOOR OR TO THE CONDENSATION ON THE INNER GLASS PANE. 21
- [(d)] (E) (1) (i) Except as provided in subparagraphs (ii) and (iii) of this paragraph, on or after March 1, 2005, a new product of any type set forth in subsection (b)(1)(I) THROUGH (IX) of this section may not be sold or offered for sale in the State unless the efficiency of the new product meets or exceeds the efficiency standards set forth in the regulations adopted under subsection (c) of this section.
- 27 (ii) With respect to ceiling fan light kits, energy efficiency 28 standards may not take effect until March 1, 2007.
- 29 (iii) With respect to commercial clothes washers, efficiency 30 standards may not take effect until March 1, 2007.
- 31 (2) (i) This paragraph does not apply to a product that is sold 32 before the applicable date under paragraph (1) of this subsection.

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- 1 (ii) Except as provided in subparagraphs (iii) and (iv) of this 2 paragraph, on or after January 1, 2006, a new product of a type set forth in subsection (b)(1)(I) THROUGH (IX) of this section may not be installed in the State unless the efficiency of the new product meets or exceeds the efficiency standards set forth in the regulations adopted under subsection (c) of this section.
- 6 (iii) Ceiling fan light kits that do not meet the energy efficiency 7 standards may be installed in the State until January 1, 2008.
- 8 (iv) Commercial clothes washers that do not meet the efficiency 9 standards under subsection (c)(2)(ix) of this section may be installed in the State until 10 January 1, 2008.
- **(F) (1)** ON OR AFTER JANUARY 1, 2009, NO NEW BOTTLE-TYPE 11 WATER DISPENSER, COMMERCIAL HOT FOOD HOLDING CABINET, METAL HALIDE 12 13 LAMP FIXTURE, STATE-REGULATED INCANDESCENT REFLECTOR LAMP, OR WALK-IN REFRIGERATOR OR WALK-IN FREEZER MAY BE SOLD OR OFFERED FOR 14 SALE IN THE STATE UNLESS THE EFFICIENCY OF THE NEW PRODUCT MEETS OR 15 EXCEEDS THE EFFICIENCY STANDARDS SET FORTH IN THE REGULATIONS 16 17 ADOPTED UNDER SUBSECTION (D) OF THIS SECTION.
- 18 (2) ON OR AFTER MARCH 1, 2009 2012, NO NEW COMPACT AUDIO
 19 PRODUCT, DIGITAL VERSATILE DISC PLAYER OR DIGITAL VERSATILE DISC
 20 RECORDER, OR SINGLE-VOLTAGE EXTERNAL AC TO DC POWER SUPPLY MAY BE
 21 SOLD OR OFFERED FOR SALE IN THE STATE UNLESS THE EFFICIENCY OF THE
 22 NEW PRODUCT MEETS OR EXCEEDS THE EFFICIENCY STANDARDS SET FORTH IN
 23 THE REGULATIONS ADOPTED UNDER SUBSECTION (D) OF THIS SECTION.
 - (3) (I) THE ADMINISTRATION MAY ADOPT REGULATIONS TO EXEMPT COMPLIANCE WITH THE RESIDENTIAL FURNACE AFUE STANDARDS UNDER SUBSECTION (D)(2)(VI) (IV) OF THIS SECTION AT ANY BUILDING, SITE, OR LOCATION WHERE COMPLYING WITH THE STANDARDS WOULD CONFLICT WITH ANY LOCAL ZONING ORDINANCE, BUILDING OR PLUMBING CODE, OR OTHER RULE REGARDING INSTALLATION AND VENTING OF RESIDENTIAL FURNACES OR RESIDENTIAL BOILERS.
- 31 (II) ON OR BEFORE JANUARY 1, 2008, THE 32 ADMINISTRATION, IN CONSULTATION WITH THE ATTORNEY GENERAL, SHALL 33 DETERMINE IF FEDERAL LAW PREEMPTS STATE IMPLEMENTATION OF THE 34 RESIDENTIAL FURNACE STANDARDS.

- 1 (III) THE ADMINISTRATION SHALL MAKE SEPARATE
 2 DETERMINATIONS WITH RESPECT TO MINIMUM AFUE AND MAXIMUM
 3 ELECTRICITY RATIO STANDARDS.
- 4 (IV) IF THE ADMINISTRATION DETERMINES THAT A WAIVER
 5 FROM FEDERAL PREEMPTION IS NOT NEEDED, THEN ON THE LATER OF
 6 JANUARY 1, 2009, OR 1 YEAR AFTER THE DATE OF THAT DETERMINATION, A
 7 NEW RESIDENTIAL FURNACE MAY NOT BE SOLD OR OFFERED FOR SALE IN THE
 8 STATE UNLESS THE EFFICIENCY OF THE NEW PRODUCT MEETS OR EXCEEDS
 9 THE APPLICABLE NONPREEMPTED EFFICIENCY STANDARDS SET FORTH IN THE
 10 REGULATIONS ADOPTED UNDER SUBSECTION (D) OF THIS SECTION.
- 11 (V) IF THE ADMINISTRATION DETERMINES THAT A WAIVER
 12 FROM FEDERAL PREEMPTION IS REQUIRED, THEN THE ADMINISTRATION SHALL
 13 APPLY FOR THE WAIVER WITHIN 1 YEAR AFTER THAT DETERMINATION. ON
 14 APPROVAL OF THE WAIVER APPLICATION, THE APPLICABLE STATE STANDARDS
 15 SHALL TAKE EFFECT AT THE EARLIEST DATE ALLOWED BY FEDERAL LAW.
- 16 (4) SINGLE-VOLTAGE EXTERNAL AC TO DC POWER SUPPLIES
 17 MADE AVAILABLE BY A MANUFACTURER DIRECTLY TO A CONSUMER OR TO A
 18 SERVICE OR REPAIR FACILITY AFTER AND SEPARATE FROM THE ORIGINAL SALE
 19 OF THE PRODUCT REQUIRING THE POWER SUPPLY AS A SERVICE PART OR
 20 SPARE PART MAY NOT BE REQUIRED TO MEET THE STANDARDS OF THIS
 21 SECTION BEFORE JANUARY 1, 2013.
- 22 (5) THE ADMINISTRATION MAY DELAY IMPLEMENTATION OF 23 SUBSECTION (D)(2)(IX)5 OF THIS SECTION ON A DETERMINATION THAT THE 24 MOTORS ARE ONLY AVAILABLE FROM ONE MANUFACTURER OR IN INSUFFICIENT 25 QUANTITIES TO SERVE THE NEEDS OF THE WALK-IN INDUSTRY FOR 26 EVAPORATOR-FAN APPLICATIONS.
- 27 (6) ONE YEAR AFTER THE SALE OR OFFERING FOR SALE OF A
 28 PRODUCT BECOMES SUBJECT TO THE REQUIREMENTS OF PARAGRAPHS (1), (2),
 29 AND (3) OF THIS SUBSECTION, THE PRODUCT MAY NOT BE INSTALLED FOR
 30 COMPENSATION IN THE STATE UNLESS THE EFFICIENCY OF THE NEW PRODUCT
 31 MEETS OR EXCEEDS THE EFFICIENCY STANDARDS SET FORTH IN THE
 32 REGULATIONS ADOPTED UNDER SUBSECTION (D) OF THIS SECTION.

1	[(e)] (G)	(1)	$\mathbf{B}\mathbf{y}$	regulation,	the	Administrat	tion 1	may	clarify	but	not
2	expand the scope	of the	device	es defined u	nder	[subsection (a)] S U	BSE	CTIONS	(A) A	AND
3	(B) of this section	.•									

- On request of a Maryland business or consumer and after public notice and comment, the Administration may delay the effective date of any standard under this section by not more than 1 year if the Administration determines that products conforming to the standard will not be widely available in Maryland by the applicable date stated in [subsection (d)(1)] SUBSECTIONS (E)(1) AND (F)(1), (2), AND (3) of this section.
- 10 (3) The Administration may limit a delay under paragraph (2) of this subsection to identifiable subcategories of any category of covered products.
- 12 (H) (1) THE ADMINISTRATION MAY ADOPT REGULATIONS TO
 13 INCREASE THE EFFICIENCY STANDARDS FOR THE PRODUCTS LISTED IN
 14 SUBSECTION (B)(1)(X) THROUGH (XVIII) (XVI) OF THIS SECTION.
- 15 (2) THE ADMINISTRATION MAY ALSO ADOPT REGULATIONS TO
 16 ESTABLISH STANDARDS FOR PRODUCTS NOT SPECIFICALLY LISTED IN
 17 SUBSECTION (B)(1)(I) THROUGH (XVIII) OF THIS SECTION EVERY 2 YEARS, THE
 18 ADMINISTRATION SHALL CONSIDER AND PROPOSE TO THE GENERAL
 19 ASSEMBLY:
- 20 <u>(I) NEW STANDARDS FOR PRODUCTS NOT SPECIFICALLY</u> 21 LISTED IN SUBSECTION (B)(1) OF THIS SECTION; AND
- 22 <u>(II) REVISED, MORE STRINGENT STANDARDS FOR</u> 23 PRODUCTS LISTED IN SUBSECTION (B)(1) OF THIS SECTION.
- 24 (3) IN CONSIDERING THE NEW OR AMENDED STANDARDS, THE
 25 ADMINISTRATION SHALL ADOPT THE PROPOSE NEW OR AMENDED EFFICIENCY
 26 STANDARDS IF IT DETERMINES THAT ANY NEW OR INCREASED EFFICIENCY
 27 STANDARDS WOULD:
- 28 <u>(I)</u> SERVE TO PROMOTE ENERGY CONSERVATION IN THE 29 STATE; AND WOULD
- 30 <u>(II)</u> BE LIFE-CYCLE COST EFFECTIVE FOR CONSUMERS WHO 31 PURCHASE AND USE THE NEW PRODUCTS; AND

1	(III) BE TECHNOLOGICALLY FEASIBLE AND ECONOMICALLY
2	JUSTIFIED.
3	(4) A NEW OR INCREASED EFFICIENCY STANDARD MAY NOT
4	BECOME EFFECTIVE LESS THAN 1 YEAR AFTER THE ADOPTION OF THAT
5	STANDARD.
6	(5) THE SUBJECT TO PARAGRAPHS (6) AND (7) OF THIS
7	SUBSECTION, THE ADMINISTRATION MAY APPLY FOR A WAIVER OF FEDERAL
8	PREEMPTION IN ACCORDANCE WITH FEDERAL PROCEDURES
9	(42 U.S.C. § 6297 (D)) FOR STATE EFFICIENCY STANDARDS FOR ANY PRODUCT
10	REGULATED BY THE FEDERAL GOVERNMENT.
11	(6) THE ADMINISTRATION MAY APPLY FOR A WAIVER UNDER
12	PARAGRAPH (5) OF THIS SUBSECTION, IF:
13	(I) AT LEAST 90 DAYS BEFORE THE DAY ON WHICH THE
14	APPLICATION FOR THE WAIVER IS SUBMITTED TO THE FEDERAL GOVERNMENT,
15	THE ADMINISTRATION ANNOUNCES ITS INTENTION TO SUBMIT THE
16	APPLICATION BY PUBLICATION IN THE MARYLAND REGISTER AND WRITING TO
17	THE PRESIDING OFFICERS OF THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY; AND
18	(II) AT LEAST 60 DAYS BEFORE THE DAY ON WHICH THE
19	APPLICATION FOR THE WAIVER IS SUBMITTED TO THE FEDERAL GOVERNMENT,
20	THE ADMINISTRATION, AFTER REASONABLE NOTICE OTHER THAN PUBLICATION
21	IN THE MARYLAND REGISTER, SHALL HOLD A PUBLIC HEARING ON THE
22	PROPOSED APPLICATION TO RECEIVE PUBLIC COMMENT.
•	(E) The Description of the Court of the Cour
23	(7) THE PRESIDENT OF THE SENATE AND THE SPEAKER OF THE
24	HOUSE OF DELEGATES MAY DIRECT THAT THE APPROPRIATE STANDING
25	COMMITTEES OF THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY HOLD HEARINGS ON THE PROPOSED
26	APPLICATION FOR THE WAIVER AND PROVIDE COMMENTS TO THE
27	ADMINISTRATION.
20	$\Gamma(\mathcal{E})\Gamma(\mathbf{T}) \qquad (1) \qquad \Lambda \mathcal{E}_{\mathbf{T}} = \mathbf{T} = T$
28 29	[(f)] (I) (1) After public notice and comment, the Administration shall
30	adopt procedures by rule for testing the energy efficiency of the new products listed in subsection (b)(1) of this section if testing procedures are not provided for in the
31	Maryland Building Performance Standards.
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13 14

1	(2) THE ADMINISTRATION MAY ADOPT UPDATED TEST METHODS
2	BY REGULATION WHEN NEW VERSIONS OF TEST METHODS BECOME AVAILABLE
3	OR WHEN AN ALTERNATIVE TEST METHOD HAS BEEN ADOPTED BY ANOTHER
4	STATE OR THE FEDERAL GOVERNMENT.

- [(2)] (3) The Administration shall use appropriate nationally recognized test methods such as those approved by the United States Department of Energy.
- 8 [(3)] (4) The manufacturers of new products listed in subsection 9 (b)(1) of this section shall cause samples of their products to be tested in accordance 10 with the test procedures adopted under this subsection or those specified in the 11 Maryland Building Performance Standards.
 - [(g)] (J) (1) [Manufacturers] **EXCEPT FOR THOSE PRODUCTS LISTED** IN SUBSECTION (B)(1)(XVI) AND (XVIII) OF THIS SECTION, MANUFACTURERS of new products listed in subsection (b)(1) of this section shall certify to the Administration that the products are in compliance with the provisions of this section.
- 16 (2) (i) The Administration shall adopt regulations governing the 17 certification of new products and may coordinate with the certification programs of 18 other states with similar standards.
- 19 (ii) Any manufacturer that has certified a product to another 20 state or to the Federal Energy Star Program may provide the Administration with a 21 copy of the certification that the manufacturer made to the other state or agency in 22 place of a separate certification to the State of Maryland, provided that:
- 23 1. the other state's standards or the Energy Star 24 specifications are equivalent to or more stringent than the standards of the State of 25 Maryland; and
- 26 2. all information required by the regulations adopted under subparagraph (i) of this paragraph is included in the certification.
- [(h)] (K) (1) Manufacturers of new products listed in subsection (b)(1) of this section shall identify each product offered through retailers for sale or installation in the State as in compliance with the minimum efficiency standards established under subsection (c) of this section by means of a mark, label, or tag on the product or packaging at the time of sale or installation.

- 1 (2) (i) The Administration shall adopt regulations governing the 2 identification of such products or packaging which shall be coordinated to the greatest 3 practical extent with the labeling programs and requirements of other states and 4 federal agencies with equivalent efficiency standards.
- 5 (ii) If a national efficiency standard is established by federal law 6 or regulation for a product listed in subsection (b) of this section, the labeling 7 requirements set forth in COMAR 14.26.03.10 do not apply to that product.
- 8 (iii) In accordance with COMAR 14.26.03.10, all display models of products shall be displayed with a mark, label, or tag on the product.
- [(i)] (L) (1) The Administration may test products listed in subsection (b)(1) of this section using an accredited testing facility.
- 12 (2) If products tested are found not to be in compliance with the 13 minimum efficiency standards established under [subsection (c)] **SUBSECTIONS (C)** 14 **AND (D)** of this section, the Administration shall:
- 15 (i) charge the manufacturer of the product for the cost of 16 product purchase and testing; and
- 17 (ii) make information available to the public on products found 18 not to be in compliance with the standards.
- [(j)] **(M)** (1) With prior notice and at reasonable and convenient hours, the Administration may make periodic inspections of distributors or retailers of new products listed in subsection (b)(1) of this section in order to determine compliance with the provisions of this section.
- 23 (2) The Administration shall coordinate with the Department of 24 Housing and Community Development regarding inspections, prior to occupancy, of 25 newly constructed buildings containing new products that are also covered by the 26 Maryland Building Performance Standards.
- [(k)] (N) (1) The Administration may investigate complaints received concerning violations of this section and shall report the results of an investigation to the Attorney General.
- 30 (2) The Attorney General may institute proceedings to enforce the provisions of this section.

1 2 3	(3) A manufacturer, distributor, or retailer of new products listed in subsection (b)(1) of this section that violates any provision of this section shall be issued a warning by the Administration for a first violation.
4 5	(4) Repeat violators shall be subject to a civil penalty of not more than \$250.
6 7	(5) Each violation of this section shall constitute a separate offense and each day that a violation continues shall constitute a separate offense.
8 9	(6) Penalties assessed under this subsection are in addition to costs assessed under subsection $[(i)(2)(i)]$ (L)(2)(I) of this section.
10 11	(7) Penalties assessed under this subsection shall be paid into the General Fund of the State.
12 13	SECTION 2. AND BE IT FURTHER ENACTED, That this Act shall take effect July 1, 2007.
	Approved:
	Governor.
	Speaker of the House of Delegates.
	President of the Senate.